

(12:00 a.m.)

Herring: Walker was still around at midnight.

Mrs. Joslin
Kerciu's Troops coming in at 12:30.
At 12:30 army trucks coming in.

Mrs. Silver: Saw a press car, and Professor Stewart's
car, wrecked.

Lynch: Fires started after 12:00 in grove.
Buckshot was fired.

Jackson
(Conner &
Petty): 12:30 saw 6 or 7 marshals beating two
handcuffed prisoners with bullet clubs;
big Union Building victims had been
cursing and throwing things. Hit them
on the legs. Did not beat them after
they took them off.

Doar: Midnight--Lt. Gov. Johnson came in, said
marshals had caused riot. Doar suggested
putting patrolmen back on duty and
Johnson agreed and went to armory.

Dolan: 12:30 - Dr. Hopkins runs out of medical
supplies. Molotov cocktail thrown, hits
two car lengths away.

Boe: 12:00 - People with bags come on campus;
give them out - no troopers.

DICK

Fire truck comes second time - 20-25 mph -
being driven to run us down. Someone saw
a shot (to the end?) Driver covered. Removed driver
Then, driverless car (Cherry) speeds - the
truck used to shot it

Taylor

Explains earlier "no gun" taken
CTaylor shot '357 into base of fire truck & 38 into Cherry

(1:00 a.m.)

Savell: 1:00 - 1:30 the National Guard comes in
Students try to attack them. Two soldiers
in a jeep forced back. Savell arrested
by marshals.

Prof. Hahn: Hahn says 1:00 a.m. is the turning point.

Silver, Jr: 1:30 or so, returns to campus, cars
burning all over. Stoned Red Cross truck.
Used cars as barricade against tear gas.

Conner,
(campus cop
and also)
Jackson: Saw Ott shot out light in front of Ricks
Dormitory. Officer Petty got the weapon.
Told him to come in next day or there
would be a warrant. He came in to see
Chief Tatum. He denied shooting, said he
couldn't stand Negro at Ole Miss. Saw man
with him.

(2:00 a.m.)

Savell: By then, shotguns and few students.

Silver, Jr.: Troops arrive.

Blakeway: At 2:30 showers of bricks changed to buckshot.

(3:00 a.m.)

Prof. Grant 3:30, saw soldiers, who awakened him,
drive on campus with bayonets.

Shepherd: 3:00 am. a crowd of 300 near 400.

Atcock: Between 3:00 and 4:00 the MP's arrive.

Blakeway: At 3:00, someone hit by a '22 blast.
(Inspector Donnelly). Very low on gas.
Infantry company comes at 3:00, then
convoy of MP's. Heavy agitators captured
then.

Brower: Army came at 3:00 or 4:00.

Major
Callecot Co. of 108th Cavalry arrived 3:15; drove
mob back with tear gas.

Embry: Mess and rock throwing at back of Lyceum
stopped 3:30 or 4:00.

(4:00 a.m.)

Mrs. Gareau: 4:15 Mrs. Gareau woke up and saw soldiers.

Prof. Gareau: 4:30 Federalized Miss. National Guard.

Prof. Herndon: Still rioting, 4:00 - 5:00 a.m., but situation begins to be brought under control.

Shepard: 4:00 or 4:15 troops came in. Marshals checked trees.

Marshals

Alexander: First army units came to help 4:00 a.m.

Aycock: Was with MP's - 1st arrest was of Summerville at 4:15 - 40 years old. MP's moved the riot back to a "being constructed" building. Later group knew all about teargas, etc.; brought teargas and grenades with them. 4:50 a.m. arrested Jim McMerry, George N. Sanderson, Bill Boyd, Lawrence Y. Mellen, all from out of town - all claim they were "observing".

Garner: Riot lasted till 4:00 a.m. when army arrived broke up Molotov cocktail group.

OCT 9 1962

T. 10/5/62

BM:SJB:arg 9782

144-100-40-1

Mr. Harry M. Ayers
The Anniston Star
Anniston, Alabama

Dear Mr. Ayers:

I appreciate, very much, receiving your thoughtful letter regarding the situation in Mississippi.

Since the day of your letter the federal government has been compelled to use the Armed Forces to uphold the orders of the federal court requiring admission of James M. Meredith to the University of Mississippi. Until the last hour the President and I had hoped that this could be avoided. The actions of the governor, however, left no alternative. I can assure you that as soon as state and local officials display their willingness and ability to preserve law and order while refraining from interference with the implementation of the orders of the federal courts, the federal Armed Forces will be withdrawn.

Sincerely,

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

Attorney General

CC: Records
Chron.
Mr. Barrett
Mrs. Werdegas
✓ Trial File (Rm. 1140)
The Attorney General

Typed 10/12/62

To Mr Goldin

OCT 12 1962

BM:HJG:ms
144-100-40-1
9782

AIR MAIL - SPECIAL DELIVERY

Honorable Norbert A. Schlei
c/o The United States Attorney
Oxford, Mississippi

Dear Mr. Schlei:

I enclose the outline of the F.B.I. report
that I made while I was in Oxford earlier this
week. If there is anything further that I can
do to be of help, please let me know.

Best regards, Sir.

Sincerely yours,

HARRISON J. GOLDIN
Attorney

Enc.

cc:
Rec.
Chrono.
Mr. Doer
Mr. Putzel
Trial File ✓

T. 10/16/62

BM:SJB:arg 9782
144-100-40-1

Honorable J. Frank Wilson
Mayor, City of Martinsville
Martinsville, Virginia

Dear Mayor Wilson:

OCT 17 1962

The Attorney General has asked that I reply, on his behalf, to your letter regarding the Department's participation in the recent events at the University of Mississippi.

The fundamental issue in the Meredith case - and the sole issue in which this Department is involved - is not whether one person shall attend a particular school. The basic issue is whether the orders of our courts need be obeyed. In the face of open and avowed defiance of the clear orders of the Nation's courts the federal government had no choice but to take such steps as were necessary to effect the compliance which the law requires.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

CC: Records
Chron.
Mr. Barrett
✓ Trial File (Rm. 1140)

OCT 24 1962

Typed: 10/22/62

BM:FES:seh
144-100-40-1
9782

Lawrence W. Rabb, Esq.
Attorney At Law
411 Dixie Towers
Meridian, Mississippi

Re: Oxford, Mississippi Riot

Dear Mr. Rabb:

Thank you for your letter of October 3, 1962, enclosing Mr. Dearman's article in the October 1, 1962 issue of the Meridian Star. We are investigating the entire matter of the Oxford riot to determine what further legal action, if any, is warranted. If you have any more information which would be helpful to our investigation, I would greatly appreciate your letting me have it.

Very truly yours,

BURKH MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

cc: Records
Chreno
Dear
Putzel
Trial File (1140) ✓

OCT 25 1962

Typed: 10/24/62

BM:FES:sch
144-100-40-1
9782

Thomas L. Robinson, Esq.
United States Attorney
Western District of Tenn.
Memphis, Tennessee

Attention: Mr. William McTighe, Jr.

Re: Meredith v. Fair

Dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter of October 15, 1962, advising that you had taken the statements of William S. Whiteman, et al. Please forward these statements to the undersigned.

Sincerely yours,

BURKE MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

By:

FRANK E. SCHWELB
Attorney

cc: Records
Chrono
Dear
Putzel
Trial File (1140) ✓

T. 10/25/62

BM:SJB:arg 9782

144-100-40-1

OCT 26 1962

**MEMORANDUM TO LAURENCE F. O'BRIEN, SPECIAL
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT**

In accordance with your request of October 10, 1962 to Mr. Andrew Oehmann, of this Department, I am enclosing a suggested draft reply, for your signature, to the letter of Congressman John Dowdy dated October 8, 1962, and addressed to the President.

**BURKE MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division**

**CC: Records
Chron.
Mr. Barrett
Mr. Marshall
Miss Blair
Trial File (Rm. 1140)
Mr. Andrew F. Oehmann,
Executive Assistant to the
Attorney General**

T. 11/1/62

SM:SJB:arg 11,801
144-40-254

NOV 1 1962

Honorable John Dowdy
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Congressman Dowdy:

The President has referred to this Department your letter of October 8 regarding events surrounding the admission of James H. Meredith to the University of Mississippi.

You inquire, first, whether General Edwin A. Walker has been accorded his rights under the Constitution. General Walker has been fully accorded all of his rights. Within an hour of his arrest he was taken before United States Commissioner Omar Craig, in Oxford, for a preliminary hearing. The commissioner advised him of his rights. General Walker waived counsel. After consulting with a companion, he also waived preliminary hearing. Commissioner Craig then ordered him held for the United States District Court in \$100,000 bond. In view of the fact that General Walker was charged with four separate violations of the criminal code, including rebellion and insurrection (18 U.S.C. 2383), and seditious conspiracy (18 U.S.C. 2384), carrying a maximum aggregate penalty of 39 years' imprisonment, the amount of the bond was entirely reasonable. In any event, it has since been reduced to \$50,000 by stipulation between the Government and General Walker's counsel, and he has been released on posting a bond in that amount.

With respect to the presence of Negro troops among those sent to Oxford pursuant to the President's Proclamation, these troops were regular members of their units. Racial segregation in the armed forces was abolished by executive order over a decade ago. The racial composition of the units sent to Oxford played no part in designating them for such duty.

You say some believe that the conduct of the United States Marshals touched off the rioting in Oxford. There is no basis for so believing. Crowds had collected

cc: Records
Chron.
Mr. Marshall
Mr. Barrett
Mr. Gehmann, Executive Asst. to AG
Laurence F. O'Brien, Special Asst. to the President
✓ Trial File (Rm. 1140)

- 2 -

and disorder commenced long before the marshals were forced to use tear gas to control the situation. The gas was used only after a number of marshals had been injured and it was clear that no other means could prevent the crowd from forcibly storming the lyceum building at the University.

You also refer to reports that a University co-ed had been shot and was in serious condition. While it is true that such reports were published in the press, they were later retracted when it was found that the co-ed in question had not been harmed in any way.

The President and this Department join with you and your constituents in your concern over the effect of the events in Oxford. It is our hope that responsible citizens will join with us in urging state and local officials to secure the discharge of their responsibility for the maintenance of law and order, to the end that the orders of the federal courts may be effective without unlawful and violent interference.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

Typed 11/31/62

114-40-254
11,801

NOV 1 1962

Mrs. Bill Hall
P. O. Box 427
Greeneville, Tennessee

Dear Mrs. Hall:

Thank you for your letter of October 16, 1962. I appreciate your interest in writing. I am sure that you realize that the use of troops at Oxford was made necessary by the unusually high degree of violence and the uncontrolled rioting. No troops were called in until the violence made this action imperative.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

ROBERT F. KENNEDY
Attorney General

cc: Rec.
Chrono.
Mr. Doar
Mr. Barrett
Mr. Schwab
Trial File (Rm. 1140) ✓

NOV 1962

Carroll

St. John Barrett
Second Assistant
Civil Rights Division

November 1, 1962

FES:ax
111-10-254
11,801

Frank E. Schweb
Attorney

Oxford Riot

A review of our newspaper and other files relating to the desegregation of the University of Mississippi fails to disclose any newspaper reports suggesting that United States Marshals prevented students from leaving classrooms which James Meredith had entered. The closest thing to such a statement is a remark in the Jackson, Mississippi Clarion Ledger that the Army had assumed the responsibility for students leaving and entering the school. This security precaution is a far cry from restricting the movement of students from a class. Several students were, of course, arrested during and after the riot, and many of them have been disciplined by the University. None of these arrests was for leaving a classroom in which Mr. Meredith was present.

I have spoken with Chief Marshal McShane and shown him the letter from C. C. Salvage of Birmingham, Alabama. Mr. McShane advises that no action such as that described in the letter was taken by United States Marshals or other armed personnel.

Attached is a proposed letter to Senator Sparkman on this matter.

Attachment

cc: Rec.
Chrono.
Mr. Doar
~~Mr. Futral~~
Trial File (En. 111c) ✓

Typed 11/2/62

BM:FES:wm
114-40-254
11,801

Honorable John Sparkman
United States Senate
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Senator Sparkman:

Thank you for forwarding to us a copy of the letter of Mr. Charles C. Salvage of Birmingham, Alabama, relating to the Meredith case. This communication has been referred to the undersigned for reply.

Please be assured that no United States Marshal or other officer of the Federal Government has made any attempts to prevent any student from leaving a classroom in which Mr. Meredith was present. While several students were arrested in connection with the rioting which took place on the evening of September 30, and early morning of October 1, 1962, no action of any kind has been taken against a student under the circumstances described in Mr. Salvage's inquiry.

Sincerely yours,

BURKE MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

cc: Rec.
Chrono.
Mr. Barrett
Mr. DeLoach
~~Mr. [redacted]~~
Trial File (Rm. 1140) ✓
Deputy Attorney General

*File
Off. & Dist. - General
Correspondence*

Typed: December 6, 1962

DEC 11 1962

**Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attention: Mr. Fred Woodcock

Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division**

**RM:WJG:ach
144-40-254
11,801**

Prints from World Wide Photo

Relative to your memorandum of October 19, 1962 to Assistant Attorney General Herbert J. Miller, Jr., I would like to request that you obtain for our pictorial chronology prints in the following five of the categories specified in that memorandum:

- 1) Views of downtown Oxford Courthouse Square (if these pictures fall within the relevant time period);
- 2) Guards at campus entrances (if these pictures fall within the relevant time period);
- 3) View of marshals arriving, assembling, arming, etc.;
- 4) Aerial view of the campus area; and
- 5) Views of burnt automobiles and the rubble strewn campus after the rioting (if these fall within the relevant time period).

This memorandum confirms the previous telephone discussion of this matter on Thursday, 6 December 1962, between Mr. Goldin of this Division and Mr. Woodcock of your Bureau.

cc Records
Chrono
Mr. Dear
Mr. Putzel
Trial File ✓
U.S. Attorney

December 5, 1962

✓
EM:HJG:ash
144-~~20~~-254
11801

Donald H. McGannon, President
Westinghouse Broadcasting Company
122 East Forty-Second Street
New York, New York

Dear Mr. McGannon:

As I mentioned on the telephone yesterday, we are anxious to view again the film taken by Reginald Smith, of your Cleveland television outlet, at the University of Mississippi on September 30, 1962. In conjunction with the Government's defense of several different pieces of litigation emanating from the Oxford riot, this Department is interested in examining all available photographs of what transpired on the University campus on September 30. Reginald Smith has indicated that he was the second photographer to gain access to the campus on that date, and the 100 feet of film he took could be extremely useful to us. We may wish to make still shots of some of the frames.

We hope that your Company will see its way clear to permitting us to borrow this film. While some of your officials have explained that your established policy requires the service of a subpoena duces tecum, I wish to point out that under Rule 45(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure it would be necessary for us to notice the deposition of an appropriate corporate official before we could compel the production of the film. I am sure that you appreciate the delay, and the inconvenience to all concerned, attendant upon such a procedure.

cc: Records
Chrono
Dear
Trial File(Rm.- 1140) ✓

- 2 -

Thank you for your consideration of this
request.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

By: HARRISON J. GOLDIN
Attorney

William J. Holleran
Executive Assistant
Civil Rights Division

December 7, 1962

JD:HJG:ash
144-40-254
11801

John Dear
First Assistant

**Purchase of Film Re Desegregation of the University
of Mississippi**

In connection with our attempt to assemble a detailed and complete pictorial chronology of the situation on the campus of the University of Mississippi on September 30, 1962, the Federal Bureau of Investigation has learned that the Columbia Broadcasting System in New York has 3200 feet of motion picture film which it is prepared to make available to us. The CBS film is a negative, not suitable for viewing in that form. In order to be inspected it must be developed into positive movie film; it can then be shown on a standard film projector in the manner of ordinary motion pictures. Once the negative has been developed into positive film it will become our property to do with as we choose; we will be able to develop any suitable frames into prints.

CBS' charge for this operation is .07 per foot (for a total charge of \$224.00), which apparently covers overtime costs of assembling, developing and splicing the film; \$28.00 for research; and \$25.00 for handling charges. The total cost is \$277.00.

cc: Records
Chrono
Dear
Trial File(Rn. 1140) ✓

File - Official - Ex. Comm.

United States Department of Justice

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI
OXFORD, MISSISSIPPI

December 27, 1962

AIR MAIL
SPECIAL DELIVERY

Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr.
Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

Attention: Mr. Carl W. Belcher, Chief
General Crimes Section

Re: Grand Jury
University of Mississippi Matters

Dear Mr. Miller:

This is to advise that our next grand jury is scheduled to convene here January 8, 1963. I expect that the cases involving defendants who are charged with incidents arising out of the University of Mississippi riots will be presented no sooner than Friday, January 11. I plan to call you in a few days to discuss with you your ideas as to these presentations.

Very truly yours,

H. M. RAY
United States Attorney

HR/abt

cc: Mr. John Doar ✓
First Assistant
Civil Rights Division

Will The Pictures be Ready?

Retyped 12/31/62
EM:ls
11,801
144-40-254

JAN 2 1963

Honorable John Bell Williams
Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Congressman Williams:

It is a matter of regret that in the rush of mail this month we temporarily misplaced your letter of December 6, asking for the names and addresses of the deputy marshals on duty at Oxford in connection with the enforcement of the court orders in the Meredith case.

The Department is most anxious to furnish full information in response to inquiries concerning the way in which it met its inescapable obligation to enforce the orders of the federal courts in the matter. A substantial number of regular deputy marshals and other employees of the Department deputized for the purpose were necessary to preserve order. At the direction of the Attorney General, these men were under my personal supervision on the campus at the time of the riot, and I am responsible for their conduct, within the scope of their orders.

Under the circumstances, I would like to take the liberty of suggesting that at least as a first step, it would be quicker and easier for you to obtain all the facts you are interested in by talking directly to me. Now that Congress is about to enter a new session, I am sure that this could be arranged conveniently to both of us. I would be glad to make myself available after the start of the New Year.

Very truly yours,

cc: Records
Chron
Messrs. Katzenbach
Marshall
Gutman
Barrett
Trial File

Nicholas deL. Katzenbach
Deputy Attorney General

Memorandum

TO : St. John Barrett
Second Assistant
Civil Rights Division

DATE: December 17, 1962

FROM ^{JD} John Doar
First Assistant

SUBJECT: Depositions in connection with University of Mississippi events

For the depositions with Carl Eardley read the following:

- (1) The memos of the telephone conversations. They are on Burke's desk.
- (2) The Look Magazine article.
- (3) The statements of the Justice Department personnel at Oxford.
- (4) The Chronology of the events.
- (5) Find out what information the Bureau has gotten on their investigation.

BM:ls
9782
Ret. 1/4/63
144-100-40-1

JAN 4 1963

Mr. George B. Beach
North Rutledge Road
Forest Hills Route 3
Greenwood, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Beach:

This is in reply to your letter to the
Attorney General regarding a recent article
in Look magazine.

The account of the events is in general
accurate, although the reporters of course did
not purport to set forth the entire course
of the efforts by the federal government to
enforce the court orders and at the same time
avoid violence.

Sincerely,

Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

cc: Records
Chrono
Ms. Barrett
Serial File (1140)

Correspondence

United States Department of Justice

IN REPLY PLEASE
REFER TO

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY
WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
P. O. Box 1701
San Antonio 6, Texas
January 14, 1963

#9782

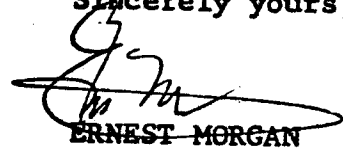
Honorable Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

DOCKETED.
JAN 21 1963

Dear Mr. Marshall:

The attached copy of letter from Judge Joe Greenhill, Associate Justice, Supreme Court of Texas, pertaining to your address in regard to the Mississippi situation is self-explanatory, as well as is the attached copy of my reply to Judge Greenhill.

Sincerely yours,



ERNEST MORGAN
United States Attorney

Enclosure

EM/gg

144-100-40-1		RECORDS
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
22	JAN 17 1963	
RECORDS BRANCH		
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.		
Gen. Lit. Sec.		

P. O. Box 1701
San Antonio 6, Texas
January 14, 1963

Honorable Joe Greenhill
Associate Justice
Supreme Court of Texas
Austin, Texas

Dear Joe:

Thank you very much for your letter of January 8, 1963, pertaining to the address of Honorable Burke Marshall on the handling of the Mississippi matter. Your comments are appreciated.

In view of the possibility that federal court proceedings could arise out of the activities of General Walker, it might not be appropriate at this time for the Department of Justice to issue a statement with respect to that matter. However, I will call your letter to the attention of Mr. Marshall.

Please call me at any time I may be of service to you.

Your friend,

ERNEST MORGAN
United States Attorney

EM/gg

The Supreme Court of Texas

January 8, 1963

320 H. TEMPLE
CLERK

The Honorable Ernest Morgan
United States Attorney
Box 1701
San Antonio 6, Texas

Dear Ernest:

Thank you for the copy of the address of Burke Marshall on the handling of the Meredith matter. I read it with great interest. It is always refreshing to get facts in a matter which is so greatly clouded with passion and

handling of the affair of General Walker, growing out of the Mississippi incidents. I have received large amounts of mail from different groups, most of which are strongly pro-Walker and anti-Robert Kennedy. I presume that these general mailings have gone to lots of people. None of it was solicited by me. I have discarded most of it. It might be helpful from the standpoint of the government for some statement, similar to the one you sent me about Meredith, to be issued about General Walker.

Kindest personal regards.

Sincerely yours,

DIVISION
CRIMINAL
JAN 10 3 35 PM '63
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
RECEIVED

Trial Staff
General Counsel

MAR 11 1963

144-40-254
11,801

Honorable Thomas G. Abernethy
Member of Congress
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Congressman Abernethy:

This is in response to your letters to the President and to me enclosing copies of resolutions adopted by the Campus Senate at the University of Mississippi requesting the removal of military forces from the Oxford area.

We are perfectly ready and willing to remove all military forces from that area. I have so informed the state officials. I am enclosing for your information a copy of a letter I sent recently to Governor Barnett on this subject.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

Attorney General

MAR 11 1969

Honorable Jamie L. Whitten
Member of Congress
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Congressman Whitten:

This is in response to your letters to the President and to me enclosing copies of resolutions adopted by the Campus Senate at the University of Mississippi requesting the removal of military forces from the Oxford area.

We are perfectly ready and willing to remove all military forces from that area. I have so informed the state officials. I am enclosing for your information a copy of a letter I sent recently to Governor Barnett on this subject.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

Attorney General

MAR 11 1963

Honorable William H. Collier
Member of Congress
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Congressman Williams:

This is in response to your letters to the President and to me enclosing copies of resolutions adopted by the Campus Senate at the University of Mississippi requesting the removal of military forces from the Oxford area.

We are perfectly ready and willing to remove all military forces from that area. I have so informed the state officials. I am enclosing for your information a copy of a letter I sent recently to Governor Barnett on this subject.

Very truly yours,

Attorney General

MAR 11 1963

**Honorable John Bell Williams
Member of Congress
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.**

Dear Congressman Williams:

This is in response to your letters to the President and to me enclosing copies of resolutions adopted by the Campus Senate at the University of Mississippi requesting the removal of military forces from the Oxford area.

We are perfectly ready and willing to remove all military forces from that area. I have so informed the state officials. I am enclosing for your information a copy of a letter I sent recently to Governor Barnett on this subject.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

Attorney General

MAR 11 1963

Honorable Arthur Winstead
Member of Congress
House of Representatives
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Congressman Winstead:

This is in response to your letters to the President and to me enclosing copies of resolutions adopted by the Campus Senate at the University of Mississippi requesting the removal of military forces from the Oxford area.

We are perfectly ready and willing to remove all military forces from that area. I have so informed the state officials. I am enclosing for your information a copy of a letter I sent recently to Governor Barnett on this subject.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT F. KENNEDY

Attorney General