# FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

BURLINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

Claim No.CU -0731

Decision No.CU 3374

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949. as amended

#### PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, was presented by BURLINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC., in the amount of \$495,979.26 based upon the asserted loss of payment for merchandise shipped to certain Cuban consignees. Of this amount, \$363,036.80 represents the debts claimed and \$132,942.46 represents interest thereon at 6% to July 15, 1965.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

> losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 502(1)(B) of the Act defines the term "national of the United States" as a corporation or other legal entity which is organized under the laws of the United States, or of any State, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, if natural persons who are citizens of the United States own, directly or indirectly, 50 per centum or more of the outstanding capital stock or other beneficial interest of such corporation or entity.

An officer of claimant has certified that claimant was organized under the laws of Delaware and that at all pertinent times more than 50% of claimant's outstanding capital stock was owned by nationals of the United States. That officer has also certified that as of February 3, 1967, 1.7% of claimant's outstanding capital stock was owned by nonnationals of the United States. The Commission holds that claimant is a national of the United States within the meaning of Section 502(1)(B) of the Act.

The record includes copies of invoices, air waybills, bills of lading, correspondence with consignees in Cuba and banks, extracts from claimant's records and statements from officials of claimant concerning the debts for which claim is made. The evidence discloses that in some instances the consignees paid for their purchases from claimant by deposits in local banks and that dollar reimbursement to claimant was denied by Cuban officials. Claimant states that it has received neither the funds representing payments made to local banks by consignees nor any payments for the outstanding debts due from the other Cuban consignees.

The following information concerning the shipments made to the Cuban consignees, supported by the evidence of record, shows the paid and unpaid accounts; the dates on which payments were made or acknowledged by the banks; and with respect to the unpaid accounts the invoice or shipment dates, and the dates on which the accounts were due and payable, if known. In those cases in which payments were made by the consignees but where the dates of payment or acknowledgment are unknown, the accounts are recorded below in the same manner as the unpaid accounts. One of claimant's officials has

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stated that deductions, evidenced by claimant's records, from amounts due, as indicated hereafter, constitute ordinary or customary credits and allowances in the normal course of business, for which no claim is being made. All of the consignees in question had their places of business in Havana, Cuba.

## PAID ACCOUNTS

Consignee	Date Paid or Acknowledged	Amount
F. Martin & Cia.	September 21, 1960	\$ 1,064.02 (\$100.00 deducted)
Kaba Hnos S. en C.	August 16, 1960	\$ 2,985.32

It is noted that claimant's records indicate with respect to Kaba Hnos S. en C. that two other shipments were made to this consignee in the aggregate amount of \$429.92. However, it appears that this consignee had a credit (deduction) in the amount of \$426.14. In view of the insignificant difference, \$3.78, and the fact that copies of invoices for these two shipments were not submitted by claimant, whereas all others relating to this consignee are of record, no amount is being certified for these two items.

Consignee	Date Paid or Acknowledged	Amount
Distribuidora Ro-Ri, S.A.	February 19, 1960	\$ 131.26
Luis Tuchman	September 9, 1959	\$ 1,728.78
Angel Martinez & Cia.	January 27, 1960	\$ 1,91 <b>1.8</b> 0
Fabrica De Medias Every, S.A.	September 17, 1959	\$ 5,047.38 (\$103.55 deducted)

#### UNPAID ACCOUNTS

Gelman & Cia.:

<u>Invoice or Shipmen</u>	t Date	Due Date	Amount
September 17, 1959			\$ 219 <b>.</b> 71
September 18, 1959			10.31
September 22, 1959			10.31
September 23, 1959			37.73
September 24, 1959			7.20
September 29, 1959	(5 shipments)		804.77
September 30, 1959	(3 shipments)		147.57
October 1, 1959	(2 shipments)		830.47
October 3, 1959			11.39
October 7, 1959	(2 shipments)		1,197.28
November 18, 1959	(2 shipments)		407.86
- <b>y</b>	(		\$ 3,684.60
		Deductions	· •
		Deductions	29,92

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\$ 3,654.68

It appears from the record that this consignee made two payments to local banks on account of the foregoing shipments, one in the amount of \$390.25, and the other in the amount of \$3,294.35, for a total of \$3,684.60. However, neither the dates when these payments were made nor the dates when they were acknowledged by the local recipient banks are known.

## Distribuidora Ro-Ri, S.A.:

Invoice or Shipment Date	Due Date	Amount
September 21, 1959 September 22, 1959 September 28, 1959 October 7, 1959 November 9, 1959 November 17, 1959	December 1, 1960 December 2, 1960	\$ 447.81 1,196.47 116.38 6.98 4,075.12 <u>17.48</u> \$ 5,860.24
	Deductions	<u>15.75</u> \$ <b>5,844.4</b> 9

It appears from the record that this consignee made two payments to local banks on account of the foregoing shipments, one in the amount of \$4,194.03, and the other in the amount of \$1,542.85, for a total of \$5,736.88. However, neither the dates when these payments were made nor the dates when they were acknowledged by the local recipient banks are known.

#### Cia. De Confecciones Clermont, S.A.:

Invoice or Shipment Date	Due Date	Amount
November 9, 1959 November 20, 1959 November 25, 1959		\$ 8,483.17 2,245.92 <u>18.60</u> \$10,747.69
	Deductions	$\frac{243.95}{10,503.74}$

It appears from the record that this consignee made two payments to local banks on account of the foregoing shipments, one in the amount of \$8,483.17, and the other in the amount of \$2,264.52, for a total of \$10,747.69. However, neither the dates when these payments were made nor the dates when they were acknowledged by the local recipient banks are known.

Fermin Fernandez y Cia., S.E.N.C.:

Invoice or Shipment Date	<u>Due Date</u>	Amount
September 26, 1959	November 25, 1959	\$ 1,072.71
October 27, 1959	December 26, 1959	72.18
		\$ 1,144.89
	Deductions	137.26
		\$ 1,007.63

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Textilera Mayabeque, S.A.:

Invoice or Shipment Date	Due Date	Amount
October 22, 1958 to December 8, 1958 (72 invoices)	Six months later (180 days net)	\$315,300.78
Ribbon Fabrics of Cuba, S.A.:		

Invoice or Shipment Date	Due Date	Amount
April 11, 1958 April 25, 1958 April 28, 1958	June 11, 1958 June 25, 1958	\$ 9,059.47 8,963.08 501.31
May 12, 1958 June 13, 1958 June 27, 1958	August 13, 1958	496.41 7,006.72 390.84
	Deductions	\$ 26,417.83 15,567.50 \$ 10,850.33

Mario Kriuochey:

Invoice or Shipment Date	Due Date	Amount
November 28, 1958 December 4, 1958	January 27, 1959 February 12, 1959	\$ 440.73 1,793.39
December 4, 1958	February 12, 1959	299.14
December 16, 1958 December 26, 1958	February 14, 1959	51 <b>1</b> .02 43.15
	Deductions	\$ 3,087.43 1,191.42
	Deddet10ms	\$ 1,896.01

## Gabriel Sisto y Cia., S.A.:

Invoice or Shipment Date	Due Date	Amount
August 31, 1959	October 30, 1959	\$ 544.83
	Deductions	\$ <u>277.86</u> 266.97

## I. Leon & Cia.:

Invoice or Shipment Date	<u>Due Date</u>	Amount
June 9, 1959	August 18, 1959	\$ 490.50

The Government of Cuba, on September 29, 1959, published its Law 568, concerning foreign exchange. Thereafter the Cuban Government effectively precluded not only transfers of funds to creditors abroad, but also payment to creditors within Cuba, by numerous, unreasonable and costly demands upon the consignees, who were thus deterred from complying with the demands of the Cuban Government. The Commission holds that Cuban Law 568 and the Cuban Government's implementation thereof, with respect to the rights of the claimant herein, was not in reality a legitimate exercise of sovereign authority to regulate foreign exchange, but constituted an intervention by the Government of Cuba in the contractual rights of the claimant which resulted in the taking of American-owned property within the meaning of Section 503(a) of the Act. (See <u>Claim of The Schwarzenbach</u> <u>Huber Company</u>, Claim No. CU-0019, 25 FCSC Semiann. Rep. 58 [July-Dec. 1966]; and <u>Claim of Etna Pozzolana Corporation</u>, Claim No. CU-0049, 1967 FCSC Ann. Rep. 46.)

Accordingly, the Commission finds that claimant sustained a loss in the aggregate amount of \$362,683.69 as a result of intervention by the Government of Cuba. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the Commission finds that the losses occurred on the days after payment was received or acknowledgement by the local banks, or on the due dates where shown, or 30 days from the dates of invoice or shipment; except that with respect to those items that would otherwise be deemed lost prior to September 29, 1959, the effective date of Law 568, the loss is found to have occurred on September 29, 1959. Moreover, with respect to the deductions established by claimant's records and admissions, the Commission concludes, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that these deductions applied to the earliest invoices or shipments.

Claim has also been made for interest at 6% per annum to July 15, 1965 in the amount of \$132,942.46. The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the dates of loss to the date of settlement (see <u>Claim of Lisle Corporation</u>, Claim No. CU-0644), and in the instant case it is so ordered as follows:

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FROM	ON
FROM September 29, 1959 October 17, 1959 October 18, 1959 October 22, 1959 October 23, 1959 October 24, 1959 October 28, 1959 October 29, 1959 October 30, 1959 October 31, 1959 October 31, 1959 November 6, 1959 November 6, 1959 November 1, 1959 December 1, 1959 December 17, 1959 December 18, 1959 December 18, 1959 December 20, 1959	<u>ON</u> \$ 335,313.78 189.79 10.31 10.31 37.73 7.20 116.38 804.77 414.54 830.47 11.39 1,204.26 935.45 432.06 1,196.47 12,314.34 17.48 407.86 2,245.92 18.60
December 26, 1959 January 28, 1960 February 20, 1960 August 17, 1960	72.18 1,91 <b>1</b> .80 131.26 2,985.32
September 22, 1960	1,064.02

\$ 362,683.69

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#### CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that BURLINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC. suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Three Hundred Sixty-two Thousand Six Hundred Eighty-three Dollars and Sixty-nine Gents (\$362,683.69) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the respective dates of loss to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

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Boodere Jaffe, Commissioner

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The statute <u>does not provide for the payment of claims</u> against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g), as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)