

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION  
OF THE UNITED STATES  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

PRICE Y CIA, INCORPORATED

Under the International Claims Settlement  
Act of 1949, as amended

Claim No. CU -3950

Decision No. CU

3151

PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, was presented by PRICE Y CIA, INCORPORATED in the amount of \$74,904.08 based upon the asserted loss of payment for merchandise shipped to Cuba.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are

a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 502(1)(B) of the Act defines the term "national of the United States" as a corporation or other legal entity which is organized under the laws of the United States, or of any State, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, if natural persons who are citizens of the United States own, directly or indirectly, 50 per centum or more of the outstanding capital stock or other beneficial interest of such corporation or entity.

A copy of the Articles of Incorporation of the claimant has been submitted which verify that the claimant was organized in the State of Ohio in 1946. Evidence has also been submitted to establish that at all times between December 24, 1946 and presentation of this claim 100% of the outstanding capital stock of the claimant has been owned by United States nationals. The Commission holds that claimant is a national of the United States within the meaning of Section 502(1)(B) of the Act.

The record contains copies of bank correspondence and copies of claimant's invoices reflecting the shipment of merchandise to various Cuban business firms, listed hereafter as the consignees. This evidence discloses that the purchase price of the goods and the accompanying charges for such shipments were, in many instances, paid by the consignees to local Cuban banks; and that dollar reimbursement releases were never granted by Cuban Government officials. Other drafts for shipments made by the claimant were not paid to the collecting banks by the consignee. Claimant states that it has not received any of the funds due for such shipments.

There follows hereafter data concerning the shipments made to Cuban consignees, including information on paid and unpaid drafts, with the dates on which payments were acknowledged or dates when the unpaid drafts were due and payable:

<u>Consignee</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Due date, Date paid or Acknowledged</u>
Productos Quimicos West de Cuba	\$ 1,372.23	November 20, 1959
"	3,211.52	December 10, 1959
"	3,838.55	December 23, 1959
"	3,405.07	December 30, 1959
"	1,408.33	December 30, 1959
"	3,651.12	January 13, 1960
"	3,235.32	January 20, 1960
"	3,591.90	February 2, 1960
"	1,488.43	February 10, 1960
"	1,548.83	March 17, 1960
Fosforos Acebos, S.A.	918.53 *	July 4, 1960
Productos Quimicos West de Cuba	3,464.39	August 29, 1960
Universal Can, S.A.	8,073.68	December 17, 1960

(\* The amount of \$918.53 is net after deduction of \$28.14 for agent's commission.)

Universal Can, S.A.	10,429.00	December 8, 1958
"	5,760.15	July 20, 1959
"	7,715.57	July 20, 1959
"	<u>10,885.42</u>	August 10, 1959
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$73,998.04</b>	

The Government of Cuba, on September 29, 1959, published its Law 568, concerning foreign exchange. Thereafter the Cuban Government effectively precluded not only transfers of funds to creditors abroad, but also payment to creditors within Cuba, by numerous, unreasonable and costly demands upon the consignees, who were thus deterred from complying with the demands of the Cuban Government. The Commission holds that Cuban Law 568 and the Cuban Government's implementation thereof, with respect to the rights of the claimant herein, was not in reality a legitimate exercise of sovereign authority to regulate foreign exchange, but constituted an intervention by the Government of Cuba in the contractual rights of the claimant, which resulted in the taking of American-owned property within the meaning of Section 503(a) of the Act. (See Claim of The Schwarzenbach Huber Company, Claim No. CU-0019, 25 FCSC Semiann. Rep. 58 [July-Dec. 1966]; and Claim of Etna Pozzolana Corporation, Claim No. CU-0049, 1967 FCSC Ann. Rep. 46.)

Accordingly, in the instant case the Commission finds that claimant's property was lost as a result of intervention by the Government of Cuba and that, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the losses occurred on the dates hereinafter shown.

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement. (See Claim of Lisle Corporation, Claim No. CU-0644.)

<u>FROM</u>	<u>ON</u>
September 29, 1959	\$ 34,790.14
November 20, 1959	1,372.23
December 10, 1959	3,211.52
December 23, 1959	3,838.55
December 30, 1959	3,405.07
December 30, 1959	1,408.33
January 13, 1960	3,651.12
January 20, 1960	3,235.32
February 2, 1960	3,591.90
February 10, 1960	1,488.43
March 13, 1960	1,548.83
July 4, 1960	918.53
August 29, 1960	3,464.39
December 17, 1960	<u>8,073.68</u>
Total	\$ 73,998.04

Accordingly, the Commission concludes that the amount of the loss sustained by claimant shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from the dates on which the loss occurred, to the date on which provisions are made for the settlement thereof.

CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that PRICE Y CIA, INCORPORATED suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Seventy-Three Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety-Eight Dollars and Four Cents (\$73,998.04) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the respective dates of loss to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,  
and entered as the Proposed  
Decision of the Commission

2 JUN 1968

*Leonard v. B. Sutton*

Leonard v. B. Sutton, Chairman

*Theodore Jaffe*

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

*Sidney Freidberg*

Sidney Freidberg, Commissioner

The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

Notice: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)

CU-3050