# FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

VACILLA N. KARLIN

Claim No.CU-3274

Decision No.CU-1623

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Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

## AMENDED PROPOSED DECISION

By Proposed Decision issued April 10, 1968, the Commission denied this claim for failure of claimant to sustain the burden of proof. Claimant has since submitted acceptable evidence and the matter having been considered, the Proposed Decision is now amended.

The Commission finds that Alexander Karlin, the now deceased husband of the claimant, was the owner of 15 shares of stock of Compania Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba, which he had purchased on January 15, 1960; that he died on August 30, 1960 and that claimant inherited the interest in the aforementioned 15 shares of stock which were reissued in her name.

In our decision entitled the <u>Claim of Ruth Anna Haskew</u> (Claim No. CU-0849 which we incorporate herein by reference), we held that the properties owned by the Company were nationalized or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba on August 6, 1960, and that this type of claim is compensable to an American national under the facts and conditions set forth therein. We need not again detail here the reasons or the method used in determining the value per share of \$46.3946.

On the basis of evidence in the record in the instant case, the Commission finds that claimant comes within the terms of the Haskew decision; that claimant and her late husband were American nationals at the requisite times; that claimant's husband suffered a loss in the amount of \$695.92 within the meaning of Title V of the Act; and that claimant has succeeded to this claim. Further the Commission finds that the amount of the loss sustained shall be increased by interest theremone at the rate of 6% per annum from August 6, 1960, the date of the loss to the

date on which provisions are made for the settlement thereof (See <u>Haskew</u>, <u>supra</u>).

Accordingly, the following certification of loss will be entered and in all other respects the Proposed Decision is affirmed.

#### CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that VACILLA N. KARLIN succeeded to and suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Six Hundred Ninety-Five Dollars and Ninety-Two Cents (\$695.92) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from August 6, 1960 to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Amended Proposed Decision of the Commission

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NOTICE TO TREASURY: The above-referenced securities may not have been submitted to the Commission or if submitted, may have been returned; accordingly, no payment should be made until claimant establishes rentention of the securities or the loss here certified.

The statute <u>does not provide for the payment of claims</u> against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Amended Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 31.5(e) and (g), as amended (1970).)

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Claim No.CU -3274

Decision No.CU 1623

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

### PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, filed under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of \$150.00, was presented by VACILIA N. KARLIN and is based upon the asserted loss of a shareholder's interest in Vertientes-Cameguay Sugar Company. Claimant stated that she has been a national of the United States since her birth in the United States.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949

[78 Stat. 1110 (1964) 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat.

988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States. Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

The Regulations of the Commission provide:

The claimant shall be the moving party and shall have the burden of proof on all issues involved in the determination of his claim. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. §531.6(d) (Supp. 1967).)

No evidence in support of this claim was submitted. By Commission letter of June 22, 1967, claimant was advised as to the type of evidence proper for submission to establish this claim under the Act. However, no evidence in response to this correspondence has been received to date.

On September 11, 1967, claimant was invited to submit any evidence available to her within 45 days from that date, and she was informed, that, absent such evidence, it might become necessary to determine the claim on the basis of the existing record. No evidence has since been submitted.

The Commission finds that claimant has not met the burden of proof in that she has failed to establish ownership, by a national of the United States, of rights and interests in property which was nationalized, expropriated or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba. Thus, the Commission is constrained to deny this claim and it is hereby denied. The Commission deems it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of the claim.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

APR 10 1968

Leonard v. B. Newston

Leonard v. B. Sutton, Chairman

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)