FOREIGN CLAMS SETTILEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES WASHIMSTON, D.C. 20079

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

STEPHEN J. KISS EMMA L. KISS Claim No.CU -4963 CU-4964

Decision No.CU

1772

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

PROPOSED DECISION

These claims against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, were presented by STEPHEN J. KISS and EMMA L. KISS and are based upon their asserted ownership and loss of interests in bonds and accrual certificates issued by the Consolidated Railroads of Cuba. Claim No. CU-4963, for asserted losses in the amount of \$3,209.51, is based upon interests which were jointly held by STEPHEN J. KISS and EMMA L. KISS. Claim No. CU-4964, for asserted losses in the amount of \$1,270.00, is based upon interests which were solely held by STEPHEN J. KISS. Claimants have been nationals of the United States since their births in the United States.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

On the basis of the evidence of record, the Commission finds that claimants are, and since prior to October 13, 1960, have been joint owners of 8 bonds in the original face amount of 1000 pesos each, issued by the Consolidated Railroads of Cuba, known as "3% Cumulative Income Debentures, due October 1, 2001", issued under an Indenture of February 1, 1953, with the United States Trust Company of New York as Trustee. The bonds in question are Nos. RM 1 through RM 3, RM 9284, RM 9877, RM 9878, RM 11913 and RM 16439.

The Commission further finds that claimants are, and since prior to October 13, 1960, have been the joint owners of 7 Accrual Certificates, in the face amount of 12,702 pesos, issued by the Consolidated Railroads of Cuba, pursuant to a corporate "Recapitalization Plan", effective February 11, 1953. The Accrual Certificates in question are Nos. NYRU 1, NYB 674, NYRU 1136, NYRU 1175, NYR 3700, NYR 3787, and NYR 4150.

Further, on the basis of the evidence of record, the Commission finds that claimant STEPHEN J. KISS is, and since prior to October 13, 1960, has been the sole owner of 5 bonds in the original face amount of 1,000 pesos each, issued by the Consolidated Railroads of Cuba, and known as "3% Cumulative Income Debentures, due October 1, 2001", issued under an Indenture of February 1, 1953, with the United States Trust Company of New York as Trustee. The bonds in question are Nos. RM 777 through RM 780, and RM 9285.

- 3 -

The Commission further finds that claimant STEPHEN J. KISS is, and since prior to October 13, 1960, has been the sole owner of one Accrual Certificate, in the face amount of 1160 pesos, issued by the Consolidated Railroads of Cuba, pursuant to a corporate "Recapitalization Plan", effective February 11, 1953. The Accrual Certificate in question is No. NYRU 12.

Consolidated Railroads of Cuba (Ferrocarriles Consolidados de Cuba), was a Cuban corporation. The Consolidated Railroads of Cuba thus would not qualify as a national of the United States under Section 502(1)(B) of the Act which defines the term "national of the United States" as including "(B) a corporation or other legal entity which is organized under the laws of the United States, or of any State, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, if natural persons who are citizens of the United States own, directly or indirectly, 50 per centum or more of the outstanding capital stock or other beneficial interest of such corporation or entity".

The corporate "Recapitalization Plan" of the Consolidated Rail-roads of Cuba, adopted by vote of the stockholders of that company on February 11, 1953, provided for the deposit of all shares of 6% Cumulative Preferred stock in the company. In exchange for each share of preferred stock so deposited, the stockholder received the following:

- (a) A 3% Cumulative Income Debenture, due in the year 2001, in the face amount of one hundred (100) pesos;
- (b) An accrual certificate, without specific maturity date, non-interest bearing, in the face amount of 29 pesos; and
- (c) Cash in the net amount of 5.91 pesos after deduction of Cuban taxes.

As of October 1, 1952, the company owed accrued and unpaid dividends on its 6% Cumulative Preferred stock, and the exchange described above was chosen as the method of recapitalization. The

time within which to deposit the preferred shares was extended from time to time, the final date for submission being June 15, 1954. As of that date, approximately 255,813 shares had been deposited out of a total of approximately 303,073 shares outstanding.

Consolidated Railroads of Cuba was listed as nationalized by Cuban Law 890, effective October 13, 1960, the date of its publication in the Cuban Official Gazette. The bonds owned by claimants therefore represented a debt of a nationalized enterprise as defined in Section 502(3) of the Act (supra). (See Claim of Edward R. Smith, Claim No. CU-5001).

A different question is presented, however, with respect to claimants' accrual certificates, of which there are certificates in the total face amount of 12,702 pesos which are and were at the time of loss held jointly by STEPHEN J. KISS and EMMA L. KISS, and one certificate in the amount of 1160 pesos which is and was solely held by STEPHEN J. KISS.

Under the terms of the corporate Recapitalization Plan and of the accrual certificate itself, a new order of priority of payment was created, as to the obligations and preferred stock of the company. First in priority were the debts and other obligations of the company, including bonds. Second were the outstanding shares of preferred stock. Third in order, and on par with each other, were the accrual certificates and the accrued and unpaid dividends on the outstanding preferred stock. The holders of common stock were last in order of priority.

The Commission therefore finds that claimants' accrual certificates also represented a debt of a nationalized enterprise, and concludes that, as a result of the nationalization of the properties of Consolidated Railroads of Cuba, claimants sustained a loss in connection with both their certificates and their bonds within the meaning of Title V of the Act. (See Claim of Meyer Lobsenz, Claim No. CU-1005.)

Information available to the Commission establishes that the last payment of interest on the subject debenture was made on April 1, 1959;

however, as of that date, the nationalized enterprise owed a total of 14.3% of the face amount of the debenture for prior accumulation of unpaid interest. Claimants, therefore, sustained jointly the loss of the face amount of 8 - 1000 pesos bonds, the 14.3% prior accumulation of interest, the interest on the bonds from April 1, 1959 to 0ctober 13, 1960, the date of nationalization, and the face amount of their accrual certificates.

As to the dollar value of the bonds, the interest, and the accrual certificates, all expressed in pesos, the Commission finds that the peso was valued at par with the dollar on the date of loss.

The Commission further finds that the amount of unpaid indebtedness on claimants' jointly held bonds on October 13, 1960, the date of loss, was \$9,512.64, including the principal amount of \$8,000.00; and the interest due, to and including October 13, 1960 in the amount of \$1,512.64; additionally, the Commission finds that the value of their jointly held accrual certificates was \$12,702.00 on that date. Consequently, claimants' total joint loss was in the amount of \$22,214.64.

As to those interests which were solely owned by claimant STEPHEN J. KISS, the Commission finds that the amount of unpaid

indebtedness on his bonds on October 13, 1960, the date of loss, was \$5,945.40, including the principal amount of \$5,000.00; and interest due, to and including October 13, 1960 in the amount of \$945.40; additionally, the Commission finds that the value of the accrual certificate was \$1,160.00 on that date. Consequently, claimant's total loss on bonds and accrual certificates owned solely by him was in the amount of \$7,105.40.

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement. (See Claim of Lisle Corporation, Claim No. CU-0644.)

Accordingly, the Commission concludes that the amount of loss sustained by claimants shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from October 13, 1960, the date of loss, to the date on which provisions are made for settlement thereof.

It will be noted that the total amounts of loss found herein are in excess of the amounts asserted by claimants. However, in determining the amount of loss sustained, the Commission is not bound by any lesser or greater amounts which may be asserted by claimants as the extent thereof.

CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that STEPHEN J. KISS and EMMA L. KISS suffered jointly a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Twenty-Two Thousand Two Hundred Fourteen Dollars and Sixty-Four Cents (\$22,214.64) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement; and

The Commission certifies that STEPHEN J. KISS suffered singly a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Seven Thousand One Hundred Five Dollars and Forty Cents (\$7,105.40) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

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Leonard . B Mutton

Leonard v. B. Sutton, Chairman

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g), as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)

NOTICE TO TREASURY DEPARTMENT: The above listed bonds/certificates may have been returned to claimant and no payment should be made until they are resubmitted.

CU-4963