

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION
OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

MORTON COHN
and
CLAIRE COHN

Claim No. CU-7275
Claim No. CU-7276

Decision No. CU 5717

Under the International Claims Settlement
Act of 1949, as amended

Represented by Cia. Azucarera Atlantica del Golfo

Counsel for Cia. Azucarera Atlantica del Golfo: Dewey, Ballantine, Bushby,
Palmer & Wood
By William C. Bush, Esquire

PROPOSED DECISION

These claims against the Government of Cuba, filed under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, were presented by MORTON COHN and CLAIRE COHN, and are based upon the asserted loss of stock interests. Claimant, MORTON COHN has been a national of the United States at all times pertinent to this claim. CLAIRE COHN has not established the date she acquired United States nationality.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

Section 507 of the Act provides, as to assignment of claims, that

(b) The amount determined to be due on any claim of an assignee who acquires the same by purchase shall not exceed (or, in the case of any such acquisition subsequent to the date of the determination, shall not be deemed to have exceeded) the amount of the actual consideration paid by such assignee, or in case of successive assignments of a claim by any assignee.

The Regulations of the Commission provide:

The claimant shall be the moving party and shall have the burden of proof on all issues involved in the determination of his claim. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. §531.6(d) (1969).)

These claims are based on a total of 200 shares of stock said to have been acquired subsequent to August 6, 1960, the date of loss.


By Commission letter of March 20, 1968, claimants were advised, through counsel, as to the type of evidence proper for submission to establish this claim under the Act. Thereafter, by letters of June 5, 1968 and February 5, 1969, the Commission made additional suggestions to claimants, concerning the submission of supporting evidence in this matter, including specifically for evidence of ownership of the stock interest, price paid and date of purchase.

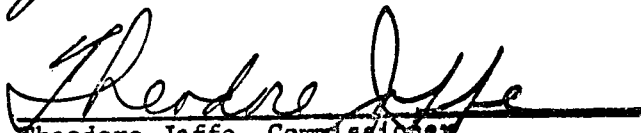
On October 14, 1969, claimants were invited to submit the suggested evidence within 45 days from that date, and were informed, that, absent such evidence, it might become necessary to determine the claims on the basis of the existing record. Another reminder was sent the claimants on June 8, 1970. No evidence has since been submitted.

The Commission finds that claimants have not met the burden of proof in that they have failed to establish date of acquisition and consideration paid for ownership of rights and interests in property which was nationalized, expropriated or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba from nationals of the United States. Thus, the Commission is constrained to deny this claim and it is hereby denied. The Commission deems it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of the claims.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,
and entered as the Proposed
Decision of the Commission

SEP 23 1970


Lyle S. Garlock, Chairman


Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)