

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION
OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

RUDOLPH RUBERT

Under the International Claims Settlement
Act of 1949, as amended

Claim No. CU -8283

Decision No. CU 3419

PROPOSED DECISION

Claimant, RUDOLPH RUBERT, who owned 4-1/2% Bonds of the External Debt of the Republic of Cuba, asserts a claim under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, against the Government of Cuba because of its non-payment of interest on said bonds.

In our decision entitled the Claim of Clemens R. Maise (Claim No. CU-3191 which we incorporate herein by reference), we held that the non-payment of the obligation constituted a taking of the property of the bondholders on December 31, 1960, and that this type of claim is compensable to an American national under the facts and conditions set forth therein. We need not again detail here the reasons or the method used in determining the value per \$1,000 bond of \$1,022.50 including interest to December 31, 1960.

On the basis of evidence in the record in the instant case, the Commission finds that this claimant comes within the terms of the Maise decision and that he was an American national at the requisite times.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

Section 507 of the Act provides, as to assignment of claims, that

(b) The amount determined to be due on any claim of an assignee who acquires the same by purchase shall not exceed (or, in the case of any such acquisition subsequent to the date of the determination, shall not be deemed to have exceeded) the amount of the actual consideration paid by such assignee, or in case of successive assignments of a claim by any assignee.

On the basis of the evidence of record, the Commission finds that claimant acquired the above-described bonds, in the face amount of \$32,000 by purchase as follows:

<u>Face Value</u>	<u>Purchase Date</u>	<u>Consideration Paid</u>
\$10,000	October 7, 1965	\$2,327.65
2,000	April 15, 1966	475.00
10,000	April 19, 1966	2,550.00
8,000	April 20, 1966	1,900.00
2,000	May 13, 1966	<u>465.00</u>
		\$7,717.65

Under the provisions of Section 504(a) of the Act, a claimant is required to establish that the claim for any loss has been continuously owned by a national or nationals of the United States from the date of loss to the date of filing with the Commission. The loss occurred on December 31, 1960. In similar cases claimants have been unable to obtain information or evidence to establish the nationality of the owner of the securities on the date of loss, and to establish continuous United States ownership of the securities until the date on which claimant acquired them.

Evidence of record before the Commission discloses that securities of the type subject of this claim were almost entirely owned and traded

by persons or firms having addresses in the United States. The Commission has considered whether an inference may be justified that the claimed securities were continuously owned by a national or nationals of the United States from the date of loss to the date on which purchased by the claimant, and, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, has concluded that the securities were continuously so owned. (See Claim of the Executors of the Estate of Julius S. Wikler, Deceased, Claim No. CU-2571.)

The claim with respect to these bonds having arisen on December 31, 1960, and claimant having succeeded to the claim as an assignee by purchase, the certification of loss is limited to the actual consideration paid.

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement. (See Claim of Lisle Corporation, Claim No. CU-0644.)

The Commission concludes, however, that the amount of loss sustained by claimant herein shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from the dates below, on which claimant acquired these claims, to the date on which provisions are made for the settlement thereof:

<u>FROM</u>	<u>ON</u>
October 7, 1965	\$2,327.65
April 15, 1966	475.00
April 19, 1966	2,550.00
April 20, 1966	1,900.00
May 13, 1966	<u>465.00</u>
	\$7,717.65

CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that RUDOLPH RUBERT succeeded to a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Seven Thousand Seven Hundred Seventeen Dollars and Sixty-five Cents (\$7,717.65) with interest at 6% per annum from the aforesaid dates to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,
and entered as the Proposed
Decision of the Commission

JAN 8 1969

Leonard v. B. Sutton
Leonard v. B. Sutton, Chairman

Theodore Jaffe
Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

Sidney Feidberg
Sidney Feidberg, Commissioner

NOTICE TO TREASURY: The above-referenced securities may not have been submitted to the Commission or if submitted, may have been returned; accordingly, no payment should be made until claimant establishes retention of the securities for the loss here certified.

The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g), as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)