In the Matter of the Claim of

DUMITRU ALBU, M. D. 1359 West 64th Street Cleveland, Ohio

Against the Government of Rumania
Under Section 303 of the International
Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

Claim No. RUM-30,312

Decision No. RUM-380

Counsel for Claimant:

John Bucerzan, Esquire P.O. Box 483 Gary, Indiana

FINAL DECISION

on March 26, 1958 , a certified copy of which was duly served upon the claimant(s). No objections or request for a hearing having been filed within twenty days after such service and general notice of the Proposed Decision having been given by posting for thirty days, it is

ORDERED that such Proposed Decision be and the same is hereby entered as the Final Decision on this claim.

Dated at Washington, D. C.

MAY 14 1958

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COMMISSIONERS

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FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION
OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

DUMITRU ALBU, M. D. 1359 West 64th Street Cleveland, Ohio

Claim No. RUM-30,312

Decision No. RUM- 380

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

GPO 16-72126-1

Counsel for Claimant:

John Bucerzan, Esquire P. O. Box 483 Gary, Indiana

PROPOSED DECISION

This is a claim under the provisions of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, against the Government of Rumania, by DUMITRU ALBU, for the failure of the said government to pay effective compensation for the nationalization of certain corporations in which claimant had a stock interest. Part of the claim is based upon alleged bank accounts with Rumanian banks.

Claimant asserts that he owned the following shares of stock in companies organized under the laws of Rumania: 100 in "I.R.D.P.," 250 in "Vladeasa," 55 in "Romania," 60 in "Prima Ardeleana," 66 in "Resita," 265 in "Banca Cetatea," and an undisclosed number of shares in "Economul."

It is clear that in a claim based on ownership of a stock interest in a corporation, which itself is not a United States national and hence not a qualified claimant under the Act, one of the conditions which must be met before claimants can establish entitlement to an award under Section 303 of the Act, is that which is imposed by Section 311(b) of the Act, which provides as follows:

"A claim based upon an interest, direct or indirect, in a corporation or other legal entity which directly suffered the loss with respect to which the claim is asserted, but which was not a national of the United States at the time of the loss, shall be acted upon without regard to the nationality of such legal entity if at the time of the loss at least 25 per centum of the outstanding capital stock or other beneficial interest in such entity was owned, directly or indirectly by natural persons who were nationals of the United States."

The reports of the Committees of Congress which considered the legislation which, when enacted, incorporated 311(b) into the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, leave no doubt that Section 311(b) was intended to exclude from the scope of the Act those claims which are based on interests in non-national corporations or other legal entities which were not at least 25% owned by nationals of the United States. In describing the intended effect of Section 311(b), the Report of the House of Representatives' Committee on Foreign Affairs stated in part as follows:

"Accordingly, the bill provides that awards based on such indirect interests will be made only if, at the time of the loss at least 25 per cent of the stock or other beneficial interest in the corporation which suffered the loss was owned directly or indirectly by individual United States nationals."

Similarly, the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations expressed its understanding of the intent which was manifested by the inclusion of Section 311(b) in the Act in its report as follows:

"Its primary purpose, however, was to eliminate claims based upon a holding of 1 or 2 shares which would hardly justify the expense and effort of processing."

The shares held by the claimant represent but a small fraction of the total capitalization of the corporations in question. Claimant has not offered evidence of any ownership interests in the corporations other than his own in order to establish that at least 25% of the corporations was owned by natural persons

^{1/84}th Congress, 1st Session-House Report No. 624 @ P. 17 & 18.

^{2/84}th Congress, 1st Session-Senate Report No. 1050 @ P. 7.

who were nationals of the United States. Moreover, it does not appear, from information available to the Commission, that the ownership interests in the instant corporations of nationals of the United States approximated anywhere near 25% of the total capitalization of the corporations. Thus, it must be concluded that claimant has not established that at least 25% of the corporations in question was owned at the time of loss by natural persons who were nationals of the United States, and that, therefore, this claim is not compensable.

Accordingly, for the foregoing reasons, this part of the claim is denied.

That part of the claim which is based upon alleged bank accounts with Rumanian banks is denied for the reasons specified in the attached copy of the Proposed Decision, No. RUM-314, In the Matter of the Claim of Ilie Muresan (RUM-30,211).

The Commission finds it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of this claim.

Chilerin that the sward granted therein be certified to the

Dated at Washington, D. C.

MAR 26 1958

FOR THE COMMISSION:

Donald G. Benh, Director Balkan Claims Division

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