*	Case 2:15-cr-00161-KJM Dpcume	nt 24 Filed 08/06/15 Page 1 of 24					
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7	United States of America						
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT						
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
10							
11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 2:15 - CR - 0161 KJM					
12	Plaintiff,	VIOLATIONS: 18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy to Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud (3					
13	V.	counts); 18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(1)(B) – Bribery Concerning Programs Receiving Federal Funds (1					
14	ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH,	count); 18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(2) – Bribery Concerning Programs Receiving Federal Funds (1 count); 18					
15	aka "Peter Singh," aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh,"	U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) – Fraud in Connection with Identification Documents (12 counts); 18 U.S.C. §§					
16	MANGAL GILL, and ROBERT TURCHIN,	981(a)(1)(C), 982(a)(2)(B) and 1028(b)(5) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) – Criminal Forfeiture					
17	Defendants.						
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19 20	INDICTMENT						
20	COUNT ONE: [18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy to	Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud]					
21	The Grand Jury charges						
22 23		EW KIMURA, DOSANGH SINGH,					
23	aka "	Peter Singh," Dosanjh Singh," and					
25	MA1	NGAL GILL					
26	defendants herein, as follows:						
27		and continuing through in or about March 2015, in the					
28		quin, State and Eastern District of California, and					
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	Indictment	1					

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elsewhere, defendants ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, aka "Peter Singh" aka
"Pavitar Dosanjh Singh," and MANGAL GILL did knowingly and intentionally conspire with each
other, and with Emma Klem and Kulwinder Dosanjh Singh aka "Sandhu" aka "Sodhi," both charged
elsewhere, and with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit bribery concerning
programs receiving federal funds, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 666(a)(1)(B) and
666(a)(2), and to commit identity fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1028(a)(1).

I. <u>PARTIES AND RELEVANT ENTITIES</u>

At all relevant times:

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9 2. The California Department of Motor Vehicles ("DMV") was a political subdivision and
agency of the State of California that registered vehicles in California and licensed California drivers.
The DMV also issued identification cards for individuals in California. The DMV was funded by
vehicle registration and licensing fees paid by residents and licensees of the State of California. The
DMV also received federal grants, including the following grant money:

Total Approximate Amount of Federal Funds
\$2,500,000
\$726,000
\$4,000,000
\$800,000

3. The DMV issued various classes of California driver's licenses ("CDLs") based primarily
on the type of vehicle to be operated, including Class A and Class B, which were commercial CDLs, and
Class C, which was a general CDL.

4. A Class A commercial CDL licensed a driver to operate motor vehicles weighing more
than 26,001 pounds, including vehicles that tow trailers or more than one vehicle, and vehicles that
transport hazardous waste.

5. A Class B commercial CDL also licensed a driver to operate vehicles that weigh more
than 26,001 pounds, but because of the towing capacity requirements, only drivers with a Class A CDL
were permitted to drive an 18-wheel tractor trailer. In contrast, a Class B CDL licensed a driver to
operate a straight truck or bus, but did not allow the driver to pull a tractor trailer.

6. A Class C CDL licensed a driver to operate a motor vehicle weighing less than 26,000 pounds, including ordinary passenger cars.

7. The issuance of a Class A, Class B, or Class C CDL affected interstate commerce in that, among other effects, the licenses enabled recipients to drive passenger cars and commercial vehicles in other states and on interstate highways.

8. To obtain a CDL, an applicant was required to pay an application fee and, for Class A or Class B CDLs, a medical certification. After submission of the fee and, if necessary, medical certification, an electronic record was generated in the DMV's computer database for the applicant.

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9. Thereafter, the applicant was required to pass one or more written examinations based on
10 the type of license. The DMV administered written examinations at most DMV locations.

11 10. After an individual passed the necessary written examinations for a Class A, Class B, or
12 Class C CDL, a DMV employee would access the DMV's computer database for the applicant's
13 electronic DMV record and input the results. Passing the written examination would typically result in a
14 permit being issued for the applicant allowing the applicant to operate the vehicle under defined
15 conditions.

16 11. The behind-the-wheel driving test was administered by a Licensing-Registration
17 Examiner ("LRE") for the DMV. The DMV administered the behind-the-wheel driving examinations
18 for Class A and Class B commercial CDLs at select DMV locations in California, including Salinas,
19 California. In contrast, the DMV typically administered behind-the-wheel driving examinations for a
20 Class C general CDL at most DMV locations.

12. After the applicant passed the requisite behind-the-wheel driving examination
administered by the LRE for the Class A, Class B, or Class C CDL, an employee of the DMV would
access the DMV's computer database for the applicant's electronic record and input the results. The
DMV would then issue the licensee a temporary license from the office where the behind-the-wheel
driving examination was administered.

13. Thereafter, an official, hard plastic CDL was printed in Sacramento, California, and was
then mailed to the licensee through the United States mail to an address identified in the licensee's
application.

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1 14. ANDREW KIMURA was an employee of the DMV, and worked as an LRE in the
 DMV's office in Sacramento, California. KIMURA's job duties as an LRE included, but were not
 limited to, administering the written examinations for Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs;
 administering the behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class C CDLs; processing driver's license
 applications for Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs; and processing applications for identification
 cards.

7 15. Emma Klem, charged elsewhere, was an employee of the DMV, and worked as a motor
8 vehicle representative ("MVR") in the DMV's office in Salinas, California. Klem's job duties as an
9 MVR included, but were not limited to processing driver's license applications for Class A, Class B, and
10 Class C CDLs; and processing applications for identifications cards.

PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, aka "Peter," aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh" ("PAVITAR
 DOSANGH"), was a resident of Sacramento, California, and owned and operated a truck driving school
 in Sacramento, California. PAVITAR DOSANGH also acted as a broker to assist individuals in
 obtaining Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs.

15 17. Kulwinder Dosanjh Singh, aka "Sandhu," aka "Sodhi" ("Kulwinder Dosanjh"), charged
16 elsewhere, was a resident of Turlock, California, and owned and operated a truck driving school in
17 Turlock, California. Kulwinder Dosanjh also acted as a broker to assist individuals in obtaining Class
18 A, Class B, and Class C CDLs.

MANGAL GILL was a resident of San Ramon, California, and owned and operated the
 Central Truck Driving School, which had branches in Union City, Lathrop, and Fresno, California.
 GILL also owned the Salinas Valley Truck School, in Salinas, California. GILL also acted as a broker
 to assist individuals in obtaining Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs and acted as an intermediary
 between Kulwinder Dosanjh and Emma Klem.

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II. <u>OBJECTS OF THE CONSPIRACY</u>

19. The objects of the conspiracy were to obtain Class A CDLs for individuals who had not
taken or passed the necessary DMV examinations in return for the payment of money to employees of
the DMV, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 666(a)(1)(B) and 666(a)(2), and to

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produce identification documents without lawful authority, in violation of Title 18, United States Code,
 Section 1028(a)(1).

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III. THE MANNERS AND MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY

The objects of the conspiracy were carried out, in substance, as follows:

In summary, defendant PAVITAR DOSANGH and Kulwinder Dosanjh offered to 5 20. 6 individuals that, in exchange for the payment of money, they could obtain for the individuals Class A 7 commercial CDLs without the individuals taking or passing the requisite DMV examinations. 8 PAVITAR DOSANGH and Kulwinder Dosanjh then paid or caused to be paid, through MANGAL 9 GILL and others, money to defendant ANDREW KIMURA, Emma Klem, and others in return for 10 KIMURA, Klem, and others accessing the DMV's computer database and altering individuals' electronic DMV records to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that the individuals had passed 11 12 examinations that, in truth and in fact, the individuals had not taken or passed. These incorrect and 13 fraudulent entries into the DMV database caused the DMV to issue Class A CDLs to individuals who were not qualified to receive such licenses. 14

15 21. Beginning in or about June 2011, PAVITAR DOSANGH solicited and recruited
individuals, many of whom were students of PAVITAR DOSANGH's truck driving school, to pay
\$1,500 or more to PAVITAR DOSANGH in return for PAVITAR DOSANGH having a contact at the
DMV access the DMV database and alter the individual's record to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate
that the individual had passed the written examination for Class A CDLs, without the individual having
to take the written examination.

21 22. Based on these solicitations, individuals paid money to PAVITAR DOSANGH for the
22 purpose of obtaining Class A CDLs without having to take or pass the written examination.

23 23. PAVITAR DOSANGH, through an intermediary, paid ANDREW KIMURA money for
24 accessing the DMV computer database and altering individuals' electronic DMV records to fraudulently
25 and incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed the written examinations for Class A CDLs.

26 24. ANDREW KIMURA, in return for these payments and without authorization, repeatedly
27 accessed the DMV's computer database and altered electronic DMV records to fraudulently and
28 incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed the written examinations for Class A CDLs, when, in

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truth and in fact, the individuals had not taken or passed the written examinations. 1

25. PAVITAR DOSANGH further solicited and recruited individuals to pay Kulwinder Dosanjh in return for Kulwinder Dosanjh arranging to have a DMV contact access the DMV database and fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that the individual had passed the behind-the-wheel driving examination necessary for Class A CDLs, without the individual taking that examination.

26. At PAVITAR DOSANGH's instruction, individuals paid money to Kulwinder Dosanjh, typically \$5,000 or more, for the purpose of obtaining Class A CDLs without having to take or pass the behind-the-wheel examination.

27. Kulwinder Dosanjh, through MANGAL GILL, paid Emma Klem money for accessing 9 the DMV computer database and altering individuals' electronic DMV records to fraudulently and 10 incorrectly indicate that the individuals had passed the behind-the-wheel driving examination for Class 11 12 A CDLs.

28. Emma Klem, in return for these payments and without authorization, repeatedly accessed 13 the DMV computer database and altered electronic DMV records to fraudulently and incorrectly 14 indicate that individuals had passed the behind-the-wheel driving examination for Class A CDLs when, 15 in truth and in fact, the individuals had not taken or passed the behind-the-wheel driving examination for 16 the CDLs. 17

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IV. THE OVERT ACTS IN FUTHERANCE OF THE CONSPIRACY

29. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to accomplish its objects, ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH, MANGAL GILL, Kulwinder Dosanjh, and Emma Klem, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, committed and caused to be committed the following overt acts, among 21 others, in the State and Eastern District of California and elsewhere: 22

30. On or about September 23, 2011, PAVITAR DOSANGH met with an individual 23 (hereinafter "Person A") and received \$1,200 from Person A in exchange for PAVITAR DOSANGH 24 having ANDREW KIMURA access the DMV database and fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that 25 Person A had passed the written examination for a Class A CDL without Person A having to take or 26 27 pass the examination.

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31. On or about January 14, 2013, KIMURA, without authorization, altered the electronic
 DMV record for Person A to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person A had taken and passed
 the written examination for a Class A CDL.

32. On or about January 14, 2013, KIMURA met with Person A at the Sacramento DMV and
issued to Person A a Class A permit indicating that Person A had passed the written examination for a
Class A CDL.

33. On or about January 14, 2013, PAVITAR DOSANGH met with Person A and received
an additional \$1,200 from Person A in exchange for having PAVITAR DOSANGH's contact at DMV
access the DMV database and fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person A had passed the behindthe-wheel driving examination for a Class A CDL without Person A having to take or pass the
examination.

34. On or about April 10, 2013, Kulwinder Dosanjh met with Person A and received \$5,000
from Person A in exchange for having a DMV employee access the DMV database and fraudulently and
incorrectly indicate that Person A had passed the behind-the-wheel driving examination for a Class A
CDL without Person A having to take the examination.

35. On or about May 31, 2013, Kulwinder Dosanjh met with Person A and returned \$5,000 to
Person A because of the delay in obtaining a Class A CDL for Person A. Kulwinder Dosanjh
represented to Person A that he (Dosanjh) would continue to work to get a Class A CDL for Person A
and that Person A would pay Kulwinder Dosanjh \$5,000 when the license was issued.

36. On or about June 18, 2013, Emma Klem, without authorization, altered the electronic
DMV record for Person A to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person A had taken and passed
the behind-the-wheel driving examination.

37. On or about June 26, 2013, Kulwinder Dosanjh met with Person A and received \$5,000
from Person A in exchange for Person A's receipt of the Class A CDL.

38. In or about July 2013, PAVITAR DOSANGH met with Person A and received \$1,500
from Person A to have the written examination for a Class A CDL passed for Person A's brother
(hereinafter "Person B") without Person B having to take or pass the written examination for a Class A
CDL.

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39. On or about August 7, 2013, ANDREW KIMURA, without authorization, altered the
 electronic DMV record for Person B to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person B had taken and
 passed the written examination for a Class A CDL.

4 40. On or about November 25, 2013, Emma Klem, without authorization, altered the
5 electronic DMV record for Person B to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person B had taken and
6 passed the behind-the-wheel driving examination.

7 41. On or about December 11, 2013, Kulwinder Dosanjh met with Person A and received
8 \$5,000 from Person A in exchange for Person B's receipt of the Class A CDL.

9 42. In or about May 2014, PAVITAR DOSANGH met with Person A and instructed Person
10 A to pay \$1,500 to have the written examination for a Class A CDL passed for Person A's associate
11 (hereinafter "Person C").

43. On or about May 22, 2014, ANDREW KIMURA, without authorization, altered the
electronic DMV record for Person C to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person C had taken and
passed the written examination for a Class A CDL.

44. On or about June 3, 2014, Kulwinder Dosanjh met with Person A and received \$5,500
from Person A to obtain a Class A CDL for Person C without Person C having to take or pass the
behind-the-wheel driving examination for a Class A CDL.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.

<u>COUNT TWO</u>: [18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy to Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud] The Grand Jury further charges

ROBERT TURCHIN, and MANGAL GILL

24 defendants herein, as follows:

Beginning in or about July 2012, and continuing through in or about April 2015, in the
 County of San Joaquin, State and Eastern District of California, and elsewhere, defendants ROBERT
 TURCHIN and MANGAL GILL did knowingly and intentionally conspire with each other, and with
 Emma Klem, charged elsewhere, and with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit

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1 bribery concerning programs receiving federal funds, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, 2 Sections 666(a)(1)(B) and 666(a)(2), and to commit identity fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States 3 Code, Section 1028(a)(1).

I.

PARTIES AND RELEVANT ENTITIES

2. Paragraphs 2 through 13, 15, and 18 of Count 1 are hereby incorporated by reference. 3. At all relevant times, ROBERT TURCHIN was an employee of the California DMV and was as an LRE at the DMV office in Salinas, California. TURCHIN's job duties as an LRE included. but were not limited to, administering the written and behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class A and Class B CDLs; the processing of driver's license and identification card applications including Class A and Class B commercial CDLs and Class C general CDLs; and other duties as assigned.

II. **OBJECTS OF THE CONSPIRACY**

4. The objects of the conspiracy were to obtain Class A and Class B CDLs for individuals who had not taken or passed the necessary DMV examinations in return for payment of money to employees of the DMV, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 666(a)(1)(B) and 666(a)(2), and to produce identification documents without lawful authority, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1028(a)(1).

III. THE MANNERS AND MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY

The objects of the conspiracy were carried out, in substance, as follows:

5. In summary, defendant MANGAL GILL offered to individuals that, in exchange for the payment of money, he could obtain for the individuals Class A or Class B CDLs without the individuals taking or passing the requisite DMV examinations. GILL then paid money to defendant ROBERT TURCHIN; Emma Klem, who is charged elsewhere; and others in return for Klem, TURCHIN, and others accessing the DMV's computer database and altering individuals' electronic DMV records to 23 fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed examinations that, in truth and in fact, 24 25 the individuals had not taken or passed. The incorrect and fraudulent entries into the DMV database 26 caused the DMV to issue Class A and Class B CDLs to individuals who were not qualified to receive such licenses. 27

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6. Beginning in at least July 2012, GILL solicited and recruited individuals, many of whom were students of GILL's truck driving school, to pay money to GILL in return for GILL providing the individuals with the answers to the written examinations used by the DMV or to have a contact at the DMV access the DMV database and alter the individual's record to fraudulently indicate that the individual had passed the written examination for Class A and Class B CDLs without the individual having to take the written examination.

7 7. Beginning in at least July 2012, GILL further solicited and recruited individuals to pay
8 him more money, up to \$5,000, in return for GILL arranging to have contacts at the DMV access the
9 DMV database and alter the individual's record to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that the
10 individual passed both the written and the behind-the-wheel driving examinations necessary for Class A
11 and Class B CDLs without the individuals taking any examinations.

8. GILL instructed individuals to intentionally fail the DMV written examination so that an
electronic record would be generated for the individual. GILL further instructed individuals to submit
medical certifications.

9. Individuals paid money to GILL for the purpose of obtaining Class A or Class B CDLs,
including at times \$5,000, without having to pass the written or behind-the-wheel driving examinations
for issuance of Class A or Class B CDLs.

18 10. GILL paid TURCHIN, Klem and others money in exchange for them accessing the DMV
19 computer database and altering individuals' electronic DMV records to fraudulently and incorrectly
20 indicate that individuals had passed the written and the behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class
21 A CDLs and Class B CDLs.

11. ROBERT TURCHIN, in return for these payments and without authorization, repeatedly
accessed the DMV computer database and altered electronic DMV records to fraudulently and
incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed the written examinations for Class A and Class B CDLs
when, in truth and in fact, individuals had not taken or passed the written examinations for Class A or
Class B CDLs.

27 12. Emma Klem, charged elsewhere, in return for these payments without authorization,
28 repeatedly accessed the DMV computer database and altered electronic DMV records to fraudulently

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and incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed the behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class 1 2 A and Class B CDLs when, in truth and in fact, individuals had not taken or passed the behind-the-wheel 3 driving examinations for Class A or Class B CDLs.

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IV. THE OVERT ACTS IN FUTHERANCE OF THE CONSPIRACY

5 13. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to accomplish its objects, defendants MANGAL GILL, ROBERT TURCHIN, Emma Klem, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, committed and caused to be committed the following overt acts, among others, in the State and Eastern District of California and elsewhere:

9 14. On or about May 29, 2013, GILL met with an individual (hereinafter "Person D") at 10 which time GILL instructed Person D that, if Person D paid GILL \$2,800, GILL would arrange for 11 Person D to obtain a Class A CDL without having to take or pass the behind-the-wheel driving 12 examination.

15. On or about August 23, 2013, Person D deposited \$2,800 into a bank account specified 13 by GILL. 14

15 16. On or about December 2, 2013, Klem, without authorization, altered the electronic DMV record for Person D to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person D had taken and passed the 16 17 behind-the-wheel driving examination for a Class A CDL.

17. On or about December 13, 2013, Person D met with GILL and GILL provided Person D 18 19 with an interim Class A CDL.

20 18. At the same meeting on or about December 13, 2013, GILL offered to obtain a Class A 21 CDL for an associate of Person D (hereinafter "Person E") if Person D paid GILL \$5,000.

19. 22 On or about December 17, 2013, Person D deposited \$2,500 into the same bank account 23 for GILL to obtain a Class A CDL for Person E.

20. 24 Thereafter, on or about December 18, 2013, Person D met with GILL and paid GILL an additional \$2,500 for a total of \$5,000 to pass the written and the behind-the-wheel driving examinations 25 26 for a Class A CDL for Person E without Person E having to take the examinations.

27 21. On or about December 18, 2013, TURCHIN, without authorization, altered the electronic DMV record for Person E to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person E had taken and passed 28

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1 || the written examination for a Class A CDL.

2 22. On or about January 22, 2014, Klem, without authorization, altered the electronic DMV
3 record for Person E to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person E had taken and passed the
4 behind-the-wheel driving examination for a Class A CDL.

5 23. On or about March 13, 2014, Person D deposited \$3,500 into the same bank account for
6 GILL in order to obtain a Class B CDL for another associate of Person D (hereinafter "Person F").

7 24. On or about March 14, 2014, TURCHIN, without authorization, altered the electronic
8 DMV record for Person F to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person F had taken and passed the
9 written examination for a Class B CDL.

25. On or about March 25, 2014, GILL instructed that Person F should submit a medical
certificate to the DMV.

26. On or about April 29, 2014, Klem, without authorization, altered the electronic DMV
record for Person F to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that Person F had taken and passed the
behind-the-wheel driving examination for a Class B CDL.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.

17 <u>COUNT THREE</u>: [18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy to Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud]
 18 The Grand Jury further charges

ANDREW KIMURA, and PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, aka "Peter Singh," aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh,"

22 defendants herein, as follows:

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Beginning in or about April 1, 2013, and continuing through at least July 2015, in the
 County of Sacramento, State and Eastern District of California, and elsewhere, defendants ANDREW
 KIMURA and PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH aka "Peter Singh" aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh"
 (hereinafter "PAVITAR DOSANGH") did knowingly and intentionally conspire with each other, and
 with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit bribery concerning programs receiving

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1	federal funds, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 666(a)(1)(B) and 666(a)(2), and to			
2	commit identity fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1028(a)(1).			
3	I. <u>PARTIES AND RELEVANT ENTITIES</u>			
4	2. Paragraphs 2 through 13, 14, 16, and 21 through 24 of Count One are hereby			
5	incorporated by reference.			
6	3. In most cases, after a licensee obtained a Class A or Class B CDL, the licensee was			
7	permitted to renew the license by submitting a medical examination every two years and taking and			
8	passing vision and written tests periodically.			
9	II. <u>OBJECTS OF THE CONSPIRACY</u>			
10	4. The objects of the conspiracy were to obtain Class C CDLs for individuals who had not			
11	taken or passed the necessary DMV examinations; to obtain Class A CDLs for individuals who had not			
12	taken or passed the written examination for Class A CDLs; and to obtain renewals for Class A and Class			
13	B CDLs without completing the necessary requirements in return for payment of money to employees of			
14	the DMV, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 666(a)(1)(B) and 666(a)(2), and to			
15	produce identification documents without lawful authority, in violation of Title 18, United States Code,			
16	Section 1028(a)(1).			
17	III. <u>THE MANNERS AND MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY</u>			
18	The objects of the conspiracy were carried out, in substance, as follows:			
19	5. In summary, defendant PAVITAR DOSANGH offered to individuals that, in exchange			
20	for payment of money, he could obtain for individuals Class C CDLs without the individuals taking or			
21	passing the requisite written or behind-the-wheel driving examinations, or could have the individuals'			
22	DMV records altered to indicate that they had passed the written examination for a Class A CDL			
23	without taking the examination, or have DMV records altered to indicate that existing Class A or Class			
24	B CDLs were renewed without completing the necessary requirements for renewal. PAVITAR			
25	DOSANGH then paid or caused to be paid money to defendant ANDREW KIMURA through an			
26	intermediary (hereinafter "Person G") for KIMURA to access the DMV's computer database and alter			
27	individuals' electronic DMV records to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that applicants had passed			
28	examinations for Class C CDLs, or had passed the written examination for Class A CDLs, or had			

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fulfilled the requirements for a Class A or Class B CDL renewal. These incorrect and fraudulent entries
 in the DMV database caused the DMV to issue CDLs to individuals who were not qualified to receive
 such licenses.

6. Beginning in or about April 2015, individuals paid money to PAVITAR DOSANGH for
the purpose of obtaining Class C CDLs without having to take the written and/or the behind-the-wheel
driving examinations for issuance of Class C CDLs, for having the written portion of the Class A
commercial CDL passed without having to take the test, and for obtaining renewals of their Class A and
Class B CDLs without completing the necessary requirements.

9 7. PAVITAR DOSANGH, through Person G, paid KIMURA money for accessing the
10 DMV computer database and altering individuals' electronic DMV records to fraudulently and
11 incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed the written examinations for Class A CDLs, to
12 fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed the written and behind-the-wheel
13 driving examinations for Class C CDLs, and to fraudulently and incorrectly renew Class A and Class B
14 CDLs without individuals having completed the necessary requirements.

8. ANDREW KIMURA, in return for these payments and without authorization, accessed
and altered electronic DMV records to fraudulently and incorrectly indicate that individuals had passed
the written and behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class C CDLs, or had completed the
necessary requirements for renewal of Class A or Class B CDLs when, in truth and in fact, individuals
had not taken or passed the behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class C CDLs or had not
completed the necessary requirements for renewal of Class A or Class B CDLs.

9. Between April 1, 2015, and July 16, 2015, KIMURA accessed and fraudulently altered
 DMV records for approximately 20 individuals at the request of and in return for payment or the
 promise of payment from PAVITAR DOSANGH.

24

IV. THE OVERT ACTS IN FUTHERANCE OF THE CONSPIRACY

10. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to accomplish its objects, defendants ANDREW
KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, committed and
caused to be committed the following overt acts, among others, in the State and Eastern District of
California and elsewhere:

INDICTMENT

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1 11. On or about June 3, 2015, PAVITAR DOSANGH met with Person G and provided
 \$2,300 to Person G, with \$1,100 of the \$2,300 to be paid to KIMURA for four CDLs for which
 KIMURA had accessed the DMV's database and fraudulently altered the individuals' records.

4 12. At the same meeting on or about June 3, 2015, PAVITAR DOSANGH provided Person
5 G with the information of five additional individuals for KIMURA to access the DMV's database and to
6 fraudulently and incorrectly alter the individuals' records.

7 13. On or about June 3, 2015, KIMURA received \$1,100 from Person G in exchange for
8 KIMURA accessing the DMV's database and fraudulently and incorrectly altering the records for four
9 CDLs.

10 14. On or about June 10, 2015, PAVITAR DOSANGH met with Person G and provided
11 \$3,400 to Person G, with \$1,700 of the \$3,400 to be paid to KIMURA for five CDLs for which
12 KIMURA had accessed the DMV's database and fraudulently and incorrectly altered the individuals'
13 records.

14 15. At the same meeting on or about June 10, 2015, PAVITAR DOSANGH provided Person
15 G with the information of three additional individuals for KIMURA to access the DMV's database and
16 to fraudulently and incorrectly alter the individuals' records.

17 16. On or about June 11, 2015, KIMURA received \$1,400 from Person G in exchange for
18 KIMURA accessing the DMV's database and fraudulently and incorrectly altering the records for four
19 CDLs.

20 17. On or about July 2, 2015, PAVITAR DOSANGH provided Person G with the
21 information of three individuals for KIMURA to access the DMV's database and to fraudulently and
22 incorrectly alter the individuals' records.

18. On or about July 6, 2015, PAVITAR DOSANGH met with Person G and provided
\$1,800 to Person G, with \$900 of the \$1,800 to be paid to KIMURA for three CDLs for which
KIMURA had accessed the DMV's database and fraudulently and incorrectly altered the individuals'
records.

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1	19. At the same meeting on or about July 6, 2015, PAVITAR DOSANGH provided Person G				
2	with the information of nine additional individuals for KIMURA to access the DMV's database and to				
3	fraudulently and incorrectly alter the individuals' records.				
4	20. On or about July 6, 2015, KIMURA received \$300 from Person G for accessing the				
5	DMV's database and fraudulently and incorrectly altering the record for one CDL.				
6	21. On or about July 10, 2015, KIMURA received \$900 from Person G for accessing the				
7	DMV's database and fraudulently and incorrectly altering the records for three CDLs.				
8	22. On or about July 16, 2015, KIMURA received \$1,300 from Person G for accessing the				
9	DMV's database and fraudulently and incorrectly altering the records for five CDLs.				
10	All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.				
11					
12	COUNT FOUR: [18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(1)(B) – Bribery Concerning Programs Receiving Federal Funds]				
13	The Grand Jury further charges:				
14	ANDREW KIMURA				
15	defendant herein, as follows:				
16	1. Paragraphs 2 through 13, 14, 16, and 21 through 24 of Count One and Paragraphs 7				
17	through 10 and 12 through 22 of Count Three are hereby incorporated by reference.				
18	2. At all times material to this indictment, the California Department of Motor Vehicles was				
19	an agency of the State of California that received federal assistance in excess of \$10,000 during the one-				
20	year period beginning July 1, 2014, and ending June 30, 2015.				
21	3. Defendant ANDREW KIMURA was an agent of the DMV, whose duties included, but				
22	were not limited to, administering the written examinations for Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs;				
23	administering the behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class C CDLs; processing driver's license				
24	applications for Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs; and other duties as assigned.				
25	4. Between on or about May 6, 2015, and July 16, 2015, in the State and Eastern District of				
26	California, defendant KIMURA did corruptly accept and agree to accept a thing of value from a person,				
27	intending to be influenced and rewarded in connection with a transaction and series of transactions of				
28	the DMV valued at \$5,000 or more, in violation of Title 18, United States Code section 666(a)(1)(B).				

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1	<u>COUNT FIVE</u> : [18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(2) – Bribery Concerning Programs Receiving Federal Funds]				
2	The Grand Jury further charges:				
3	PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH,				
4	aka "Peter Singh," aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh,"				
5	defendant herein, as follows:				
6	1. Paragraphs 2 through 13, 14, 16, and 21 through 24 of Count One and Paragraphs 7				
7	through 10 and 12 through 22 of Count Three are hereby incorporated by reference.				
8	2. At all times material to this indictment, the California Department of Motor Vehicles was				
9	an agency of the State of California that received federal assistance in excess of \$10,000 during the one-				
10	year period beginning July 1, 2014, and ending June 30, 2015.				
11	3. Andrew Kimura was an agent of the DMV, whose duties included, but were not limited				
12	to, administering the written examinations for Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs; administering the				
13	behind-the-wheel driving examinations for Class C CDLs; processing driver's license applications				
14	including, Class A, Class B, and Class C CDLs; and other duties as assigned.				
15	4. Between on or about May 6, 2015, and July 16, 2015, in the State and Eastern District of				
16	California, defendant PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH did corruptly give, offer, and agree to give a thing				
17	of value to Andrew Kimura intending to influence and reward Kimura in connection with a transaction				
18	and series of transactions of DMV valued at \$5,000 or more, in violation of Title 18, United States Code				
19	Section 2 & Section 666(a)(2).				
20					
21	COUNTS SIX AND SEVEN: [18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) – Fraud Involving Identification Documents]				
22	The Grand Jury further charges: ANDREW KIMURA,				
23	PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, aka "Peter Singh,"				
24	aka "Peter Shigh," and aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh," and MANGAL GILL				
25					
26	defendants herein, as follows:				
27	1. Paragraphs 2 through 18, 20 through 28, and 30 through 44 of Count One are hereby				
28	incorporated by reference.				
	INDICTMENT 17				

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2. On or about the dates below, in the State and Eastern District of California and
 elsewhere, Emma Klem, charged elsewhere, and defendants ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR
 DOSANGH SINGH, and MANGAL GILL did knowingly and without lawful authority induce and
 cause the production of an identification document, to wit, a California driver's license, the production
 of which was in and affected interstate commerce, and the driver's license was transported in the United
 States mail in the course of the unauthorized production:

7							
8	Count	Type of Document	Identification Number	Date			
9	6	Class A CDL	Bxxxx385	June 20, 2013			
10	7	Class A CDL	Dxxxx534 November 27, 2				
11	In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2 and Section 1028(a)(1).						
12							
13	<u>COUNTS EIGHT THROUGH TEN</u> : [18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) – Fraud Involving Identification						
14	[Documents]						
15	The Grand Jury further charges:						
16	ROBERT TURCHIN, and MANGAL GILL						
17	defendants herein, as follows:						
18	1. Paragraphs 2 through 13, 15, and 18 of Count One and Paragraphs 3, 5 through 12, and						
19	14 through 26 of Count Two are hereby incorporated by reference.						
20	2. On or about the dates below, in the State and Eastern District of California and						
21	elsewhere, Emma Klem, charged elsewhere, and defendants ROBERT TURCHIN and MANGAL GILL						
22	did knowingly and without lawful authority induce and cause the production of an identification						
23	document, to wit, a California driver's license, the production of which was in and affected interstate						
24	commerce, and the driver's license was transported in the United States mail in the course of the						
25	unauthorized productio	n:					
26	Count	Type of Document	Identification Number	Date			
27	8	Class A CDL	Bxxxx542	December 11, 2013			
28	9 Class A CDL Fxxxx108 January 24, 2014						

	Class B CDL	Fxxxx493	May 1, 2014			
In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2 and Section 1028(a)(1).						
<u>COUNTS ELEVEN THROUGH SIXTEEN:</u> [18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) – Fraud Involving Identification Documents]						
Identification Documents						
The Grand	Jury further charges:					
ANDREW KIMURA, and PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, aka "Peter" Singh,						
defendants herein,	as follows:					
1. Paragraphs 2 through 13, 14 and 16, and 21 through 24 of Count One and Paragraphs 3,						
through 10, and 12	through 22 of Count Three are	e hereby incorporated by referer	nce.			
2. On	or about the dates below, in the	e State and Eastern District of C	alifornia and			
elsewhere, defenda	ants ANDREW KIMURA and	PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH	did knowingly and			
without lawful authority induce and cause the production of an identification document, to wit, a						
California driver's	license, the production of which	ch was in and affected interstate	commerce, and the			
driver's license	s transported in the United Stat	tes mail in the course of the una	uthorized productio			
		Identification Number	Date			
Count	Type of Document					
	Class C CDL	Yxxxx844	April 3, 2015			
Count			April 3, 2015 April 3, 2015			
Count 11	Class C CDL	Yxxxx844				
Count 11 12	Class C CDL Class C CDL	Yxxxx844 Dxxxx489	April 3, 2015			
Count 11 12 13	Class C CDL Class C CDL Class A Renewal	Yxxxx844 Dxxxx489 Dxxxx645	April 3, 2015 May 28, 2015			
Count 11 12 13 14	Class C CDL Class C CDL Class A Renewal Class B Renewal	Yxxxx844 Dxxxx489 Dxxxx645 Bxxxx550	April 3, 2015 May 28, 2015 May 28, 2015			
Count 11 12 13 14 15 16	Class C CDL Class C CDL Class A Renewal Class B Renewal Class C CDL	Yxxxx844 Dxxxx489 Dxxxx645 Bxxxx550 Yxxx656 Fxxxx245	April 3, 2015 May 28, 2015 May 28, 2015 June 10, 2015			

INDICTMENT

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	Case 2:15-cr-00161-KJM Document 24 Filed 08/06/15 Page 20 of 24
1	<u>COUNT SEVENTEEN</u> : [18 U.S.C. § 1028 – Fraud Involving Identification Documents]
2	The Grand Jury further charges: THAT
3	ANDREW KIMURA
4	defendant herein, on or about May 8, 2015, in the State and Eastern District of California and elsewhere,
5	did without lawful authority induce and cause the production of an identification document, to wit, a
6	Class C CDL with the identification number Dxxxx551, the production of which was in and affected
7	interstate commerce, and the driver's license was transported in the United States mail in the course of
8	the unauthorized production, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2 and Section
9	1028(a)(1).
10	
11	FORFEITURE ALLEGATION: [18 U.S.C. §§ 982(a)(2)(B), 981(a)(1)(C), 1028(b)(5), and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) – Criminal Forfeiture]
12	U.S.C. § 2461(c) – Criminal Forielturej
13	1. Upon conviction of one or more of the offenses alleged in Counts One through Five of
14	this indictment, defendants ANDREW KIMURA, ROBERT TURCHIN, PAVITAR DOSANGH
15	SINGH, and MANGAL GILL shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and
16	28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), all property, real and personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds
17	traceable to such violations, including but not limited to:
18	a. A sum of money equal to the amount of proceeds traceable to such offenses, for
19	which the defendants are convicted.
20	2. Upon conviction of one or more of the offenses alleged in Counts One through Three and
21	Six through Seventeen of this indictment, defendants ANDREW KIMURA, ROBERT TURCHIN,
22	PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, and MANGAL GILL shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18
23	U.S.C. § 982(a)(2)(B), any property constituting or derived from proceeds obtained directly or
24	indirectly, as the result of such violations, including but not limited to:
25	a. A sum of money equal to the total amount of proceeds obtained as the result of
26	the offenses, for which defendant is convicted.
27	3. Upon conviction of one or more of the offenses alleged in Counts One through Three and
28	Six through Seventeen of this Indictment, defendants ANDREW KIMURA, ROBERT TURCHIN,
	DIDICTN (TRUT) 20

INDICTMENT

,	Case 2:15-cr-00161-KJM Document 24 Filed 08/06/15 Page 21 of 24						
1	PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, and MANGAL GILL shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18						
2	U.S.C. § 1028(b)(5), any personal property used or intended to be used to commit the offenses.						
3	4. If any property subject to forfeiture, as a result of the offenses alleged in Counts One						
4	through Seventeen of this Indictment, for which the defendants are convicted:						
5	a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;						
6	b) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;						
7	c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;						
8	d) has been substantially diminished in value; or						
9	e) has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty;						
10	it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 982(b)(1), 1028(g), and 28 U.S.C.						
11	§ 2461(c), incorporating 21 U.S.C. § 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of defendants,	up to					
12	the value of the property subject to forfeiture.						
13	A TRUE BILL.						
14	FOREPERSON						
15	mil all rokerekson						
16	BENJAMIN B. WAGNER United States Attorney						
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	INDICTMENT 21						

No. _____

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Eastern District of California

Criminal Division

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VS.

ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, aka "Peter Singh," aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh," MANGAL GILL, and ROBERT TURCHIN

$\underline{I} \, \underline{N} \, \underline{D} \, \underline{I} \, \underline{C} \, \underline{T} \, \underline{M} \, \underline{E} \, \underline{N} \, \underline{T}$

VIOLATION(S): 18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy to Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud (3 counts); 18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(1)(B) – Bribery Concerning Programs Receiving Federal Funds (1 count); 18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(2) – Bribery Concerning Programs Receiving Federal Funds (1 count); 18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) – Fraud in Connection with Identification Documents (12 counts); 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C), 982(a)(2)(B) and 1028(b)(5) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) – Criminal Forfeiture

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United States v. Andrew Kimura, et al.

Penalties for

DEFENDANTS

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ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, aka "Peter Singh," aka "Pavitar Dosanjh Singh," MANGAL GILL, and ROBERT TURCHIN,

<u>COUNT 1:</u>	ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, and MANGAL GILL,
VIOLATION:	18 U.S.C. § 371 - Conspiracy to Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud
PENALTIES:	A maximum of 5 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to three years
<u>COUNT 2:</u>	ROBERT TURCHIN, MANGAL GILL
VIOLATION:	18 U.S.C. § 371 - Conspiracy to Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud
PENALTIES:	A maximum of 5 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to three years
COUNT 3:	ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH
VIOLATION:	18 U.S.C. § 371 - Conspiracy to Commit Bribery and to Commit Identity Fraud
PENALTIES:	A maximum of 5 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to three years
<u>COUNT 4</u> :	ANDREW KIMURA
VIOLATION:	18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(1)(B) – Bribery Involving Federal Funds
PENALTIES:	A maximum of 10 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to three years
<u>COUNT 5</u> :	PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH
VIOLATION:	18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(2) – Bribery Involving Federal Funds
PENALTIES:	A maximum of 10 years of imprisonment; or

Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to three years

<u>COUNTS 6-7:</u> ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH, and MANGAL GILL,

VIOLATION: 18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) & § 2 – Fraud Involving Identification Documents

PENALTIES: A maximum of 15 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to five years

COUNTS 8-10: ROBERT TURCHIN, MANGAL GILL

VIOLATION: 18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) & § 2 – Fraud Involving Identification Documents

PENALTIES: A maximum of 15 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to five years

COUNTS 11-16: ANDREW KIMURA, PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH

VIOLATION: 18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) & § 2 – Fraud Involving Identification Documents

PENALTIES: A maximum of 15 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to five years

COUNT 17: PAVITAR DOSANGH SINGH

VIOLATION: 18 U.S.C. § 1028(a)(1) & § 2 – Fraud Involving Identification Documents

PENALTIES: A maximum of 15 years of imprisonment; or Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment Supervised release of up to five years

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT: \$100 (mandatory on each count)

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION: ALL DEFENDANTS

VIOLATION: 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C), 982(a)(2)(B), 1028(b)(5), and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c)

PENALTIES: As stated in the charging document