

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

ORIGINAL FILED
JAN - 8 2009
WILLIAM [unclear], CLERK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA :
v. : CRIMINAL COMPLAINT
LARRY REDDICK : Magistrate No. 09-2001 (JS)

I, the undersigned complainant being duly sworn state the following is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. On or about January 5, 2000, in Camden County, in the District of New Jersey and elsewhere, defendant did:

SEE ATTACHMENT A

in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section(s) 924(c)(1), 924(j), and 2.

I further state that I am a Special Agent for the Federal Bureau of Investigation and that this complaint is based on the following facts:

SEE ATTACHMENT B



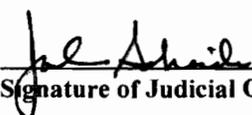
Signature of Complainant
ROBERT J. SWEENEY
Special Agent, FBI

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence,

January 8, 2009
Date

at Camden, New Jersey
City and State

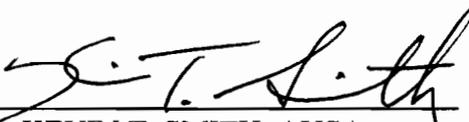
HONORABLE JOEL SCHNEIDER
United States Magistrate Judge
Name & Title of Judicial Officer



Signature of Judicial Officer

CONTENTS APPROVED

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

By: 

KEVIN T. SMITH, AUSA

Date: January 8, 2009

ATTACHMENT A

On or about January 5, 2000, at Camden, in the District of New Jersey, defendant

LARRY REDDICK

did knowingly and willfully use and carry a firearm, that is, a 9mm handgun, during and in relation to a drug trafficking crime for which the defendant may be prosecuted in a court of the United States. That drug trafficking crime is the conspiracy to distribute and to possess with intent to distribute a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine base, commonly known as crack cocaine, a Schedule II controlled substance, and maintaining a place for the purpose of distributing a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine base, commonly known as crack cocaine, a Schedule II controlled substance, contrary to the provisions of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1), 846, 856, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(c)(1). In the course of that violation, the defendant LARRY REDDICK did cause the death of a person, namely, Brian Parker through the use of a firearm, that is a 9mm handgun. That killing was a murder as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111, in that the defendant, with malice aforethought, did unlawfully kill Brian Parker by shooting him with the firearm willfully, deliberately, maliciously, and with premeditation.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1), 924(j), and 2.

ATTACHMENT B

AFFIDAVIT

1. I, Robert J. Sweeney, am a Special Agent with the Federal Bureau of Investigation and have been so employed since April, 1981. I am assigned to the Violent Crimes Task Force of the South Jersey Resident Agency, Philadelphia Division, which is investigating homicides and violent crimes related to drug trafficking organizations in the City of Camden, New Jersey. I have personally participated in this investigation and am aware of the facts contained herein based upon my own investigation as well as my discussions with other law enforcement officers having knowledge of the case from their participation in the investigation as well. I have not included all of the facts known to me in this affidavit, just those facts which I believe necessary to establish probable cause to support this complaint.
2. Investigation revealed that at approximately 1:05 am, January 5, 2000, Brian "Pepe" Parker was chased into the Tioga Bar, located at the corner of Tioga and Central Street, Camden, New Jersey, by two individuals and shot and killed.
3. Crime Scene Technicians discovered at the crime scene inside of the Tioga Bar ten 9mm shell casings. The presence of shell casings suggests that automatic or semi-automatic weapons, as compared to revolvers, were used to commit the murder. Additionally, two projectiles were recovered inside of the bar. However, no weapons were recovered.
4. Recovered from the victim during the autopsy were six projectiles
5. Ballistics testing on the recovered 9mm shell casings revealed that of the ten shell casings recovered, one was discharged (extracted) from a weapon different than the other nine shell casings.
6. Ballistics testing on the recovered projectiles revealed that all eight (two from the crime scene and six from the victim) were fired from the same weapon.
7. Based upon the number of recovered shell casings and the number of recovered projectiles, two projectiles are presently unaccounted for.
8. The autopsy concluded that Parker died as a result of multiple gunshot wounds to the body and extremities. There were various wounds, some determined to be entry and exit wounds.
9. Recent investigation developed two confidential informants. Confidential Informant #1

(hereinafter "CI-1"), furnished information directly to law enforcement officers involved in this investigation. The information provided by CI-1 relative to this investigation, as well as other investigations, has been corroborated by other investigation, intelligence files, and information from other informants and sources of information. CI-1 has a criminal record, and is currently cooperating with law enforcement in connection with a pending criminal charge.

10. Confidential Informant #2 (hereinafter "CI-2"), furnished information directly to law enforcement officers involved in this investigation. The information provided by CI-2 relative to this investigation, as well as other investigations, has been corroborated by other investigation, intelligence files, and information from other informants and sources of information. CI-2 has a criminal record, and is currently cooperating with law enforcement in connection with a pending criminal charge.
11. CI-1 advised that on the night of the 4th and into the morning of the 5th of January, 2000, he/she was at the Tioga Bar in Camden, NJ, with another individual. CI-1 recalled that Larry Reddick and Kareem James were playing pool in the back of the bar. H.S. was at the bar with his girlfriend, T.I. CI-1 said that Parker came into the bar with a large amount of cash. CI-1 further advised that Parker seemed very nervous when he saw Reddick.
12. Later, Reddick approached CI-1 and asked if he could borrow CI-1's black Army fatigue jacket, as he had to go outside for a minute. CI-1 let Reddick take the jacket. CI-1 said that Reddick left the sweater he was wearing with CI-1 and then Reddick left the bar wearing CI-1's black Army fatigue jacket.
13. When CI-1 and his/her associate were ready to leave the bar, CI-1 was looking for Reddick to obtain his/her jacket. CI-1 advised that CI-1 and his/her associate just left the bar and were going to CI-1's car when Parker exited the bar. CI-1 further advised that he/she observed, among other things, the following: (a) while outside of the Tioga Bar, Reddick approach Parker and attempted to shoot Parker but the handgun misfired; (b) Parker then ran back into the bar with Reddick and Kareem James chasing after him; (c) Reddick had a white cloth, possibly a shirt, wrapped around the lower part of his face and was wearing CI-1's coat; (d) CI-1 said that he/she recognized James from the clothing he was wearing in the bar and that he/she had known James for several years prior to the incident; (e) CI-1 said that he/she did not see a weapon in James's hand; (f) As soon as they (Parker followed by Reddick then James) ran into the bar, CI-1 heard several shots from inside the bar; (g) CI-1 then observed H.S. come out of the bar and fire two shots from a hand gun in the air and then fall in the street. CI-1, now in his/her car with his/her associate, tried to get H.S. to leave the area with him/her, but H.S. said he was okay and was going to stay.
14. CI-1 later learned that H.S.'s shooting into the air was a ploy and that H.S. was involved

in the murder of Parker.

15. CI-1 advised that the next day, Reddick came to Morton Street with H.J. and tried to return CI-1's jacket but CI-1 told Reddick CI-1 did not want it back. CI-1 challenged Reddick saying that the murder did not have to happen that way. Reddick responded saying Parker stole and he had to go.
16. CI-1 said he/she learned that Parker was killed because he robbed a drug stash house called "The Honeycomb," which was an apartment above the Quality Cut barber shop located at Mt. Ephraim and Jackson Streets in Camden, New Jersey. The owner of the drugs in the stash house was H.J. and H.J. had hired Reddick to kill Parker.
17. Lastly, CI-1 advised that Reddick was associated with others, including H.J., in the sale of crack cocaine in and around Camden, New Jersey, at the time of the theft of drugs from The Honeycomb and at the time of Parker's murder.
18. CI-2 provided the following information to law enforcement regarding the homicide of Brian "Pepe" Parker. CI-2 advised that the motive for the murder of Parker was two-fold: first, Parker was suspected of stealing two ounces of crack cocaine from H.J.'s stash location; and second that Parker had beaten up his girlfriend, L.B., who was the daughter of H.S. (the same H.S. referred to above). CI-2 further advised that Parker was suspected of stealing the crack cocaine from a second story apartment connected to the Quality Cut barbershop on Mt Ephraim Avenue in Camden, New Jersey. CI-2 advised that the apartment was a stash house for H.J. and Larry Reddick. CI-2 said he/she stayed at this apartment, which was nicknamed "The Honeycomb," from in or about September, 1999 until approximately Thanksgiving of 1999. CI-2 said the theft of cocaine occurred while he/she was residing at The Honeycomb.
19. Regarding the events surrounding the murder of Parker, CI-2 advised that during the day of January 4, 2000, he was at the residence of H.S. located at the Stockton Station Apartments. Present at the residence along with CI-2 were H.S., T.I., who was H.S.'s girlfriend, H.J., who was H.S.'s nephew, and Reddick. CI-2 advised that H.S. was upset with Parker for putting his hands on L.B. At the apartment and in CI-2's presence, H.S. told Reddick that H.S. wanted Reddick "to get at that nigga." CI-2 said at this time, he/she did not know if H.S. was asking Reddick to kill Parker or just to beat Parker up. Additionally, during this meeting at H.S.'s apartment, Reddick said that Parker was always into something. Reddick said that Parker was observed sitting in a car outside of The Honeycomb around the time the cocaine was stolen.
20. CI-2 said he/she left H.S.'s apartment with H.J. to conduct drug transactions. Sometime during the day, exact time not recalled, CI-2 met up with Reddick. Reddick produced two handguns. Reddick gave CI-2 a 9 mm black semi-automatic pistol and kept the other weapon, which CI-2 believed to be a .45 caliber semi-automatic pistol. Later that night,

Reddick, in the presence of CI-2, received a telephone call from H.S. advising Reddick that H.S. was in the Tioga Bar and that Parker was there as well. CI-2 and Reddick traveled to the Tioga Bar but, upon their arrival at the bar, learned from H.S. that Parker had left. According to CI-2, H.S. said that Parker left the bar to do a drug deal but would be right back.

21. CI-2 advised that when Parker returned to the Tioga Bar, present in the bar with CI-2 were Larry Reddick, R.P., the bartender, H.S., his girlfriend, T.I., T.C., C.LNU (Last Name Unknown) and approximately three other unknown individuals. CI-2 recalled Reddick speaking to T.C. and borrowing a piece of clothing from CI-1 which he/she believed may have been a scarf.
22. CI-2 stated that he/she and Reddick exited the bar but stayed on the side of the bar. CI-2 advised that the following events occurred, among others: (a) While still outside of the bar, Reddick covered his face with what CI-2 believed was the piece of clothing Reddick got from T.C., and pulled out his handgun; (b) CI-2 pulled the hood of his/her coat over his/her head; (c) As Reddick and CI-2 were doing this, T.C. and C.LNU exited the bar with Parker just behind them; (d) CI-2 advised that Parker saw Reddick with his face covered which caused Parker to turn and run back into the bar; (e) Reddick, with CI-2 a few steps behind Reddick, both chased Parker back into the bar and to the area of bathroom in the back of the bar; (f) CI-2 advised that while chasing Parker, Reddick had his gun out but that CI-2 did not have his/her gun in his/her hand; (g) CI-2 observed Reddick shoot Parker numerous times in the bathroom area then run out of the bar; (h) As Reddick was leaving the bar, CI-2 went into one of Parker's pockets and removed \$900.00; (i) CI-2 then shot Parker one time and exited the bar.
23. CI-2 further advised that as he/she was leaving the bar, he/she heard a shot coming from outside the bar. As CI-2 exited the bar he/she observed H.S. lying in the street with his/her revolver next to him/her. CI-2 advised that he/she asked H.S. if he/she was alright to which H.S. responded that he/she was okay, and then grabbed H.S.'s gun and ran with Reddick. Also, CI-2 said he/she saw T.C. and C.LNU in a automobile and that C.LNU looked right at him.
24. CI-2 further advised that he/she and Reddick ran to the Chelton Terrace Apartments, also in Camden, stopping only once to get Black and Mild cigars at a Chinese restaurant.
25. CI-2 further advised that the next day, Reddick and CI-2 were at H.S.'s residence and H.S. was also present. CI-2 said that he/she told Reddick and H.S. that CI-2 took \$900.00 from Parker's pocket and thereafter, evenly split the \$900.00 three ways between CI-2, Reddick and H.S. CI-2 said that Reddick commented that he did not know that CI-2 had taken money from Parker.
26. CI-2 further advised that the weapons used in the Parker shooting were given to H.S. for

disposal.

27. Lastly, CI-2 advised that Reddick was associated with others, including H.J. and CI-2, in the sale of crack cocaine in and around Camden, New Jersey, at the time of the theft of drugs from The Honeycomb and at the time of Parker's murder.
28. Based upon the foregoing, I believe that there exists probable cause that Larry Reddick, among others, carried and used a firearm during in relation to Reddick's drug trafficking activities, a crime punishable under one or more federal statutes, including but not limited to 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a), 846 and 856, and in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c)(1), 924(j) and 2. In the course of that violation, there is probable cause to believe that Larry Reddick, willfully, deliberately, maliciously and with premeditation, caused the death of Brian "Pepe" Parker through the use a 9mm handgun to shoot and kill Brian Parker, to and for, among other reasons, retaliate against Parker for his suspected theft of drugs from Reddick's drug operation.