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7	Attorneys for the United States	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION	
11		
12	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) No. CR 06-0159 MMC
13 14	v. SOLVAY S.A.,	 MOTION TO ESTABLISH PROCEDURE FOR CRIME VICTIM NOTIFICATION
15	Defendant.) PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. § 3771
16 17	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)) No. CR 06-0160 MMC
18 19	v. AKZO NOBEL CHEMICALS INTERNATIONAL B.V.,	
20 21	Defendant.	
22	1. Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3771(d)(2), the United States Department of Justice,	
23	Antitrust Division makes a motion requesting that this Court adopt a "reasonable procedure" for	
24	providing notice to "crime victims" as provided for under the Crime Victims' Rights Act, 18	
25	U.S.C. § 3771 (the "Act").	
26	2. The Act, as amended in 2004, requires that the Department of Justice use its "best	
27	efforts" to see that "crime victims" are notified of and accorded rights as described in 18 U.S.C.	
28	§ 3771(a). 18 U.S.C. § 3771(c)(1). The Act defines "crime victim" as a "person directly and	
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proximately harmed as a result of the commission of a Federal offense or an offense in the
 District of Columbia." 18 U.S.C. § 3771(e).

3 3. The rights of a crime victim under the Act include the "right to reasonable,
4 accurate, and timely notice of any public court proceeding, or any parole proceeding, involving
5 the crime or of any release or escape of the accused." 18 U.S.C. § 3771(a)(2).

4. Where, however, the court finds that the number of crime victims makes it
"impracticable" to accord all of the crime victims the rights in § 3771(a), the court "shall fashion
a reasonable procedure" to give effect to the Act that does not "unduly complicate or prolong the
proceedings." 18 U.S.C. § 3771(d)(2).

10 5. In the antitrust cases before this Court entitled United States v. Solvay S.A. and 11 United States v. Akzo Nobel Chemicals International B.V., the government submits that the 12 number of "crime victims" directly and proximately harmed by the hydrogen peroxide 13 conspiracy would make it impracticable for the government to provide to each victim individual 14 notices about every public court proceeding or any parole proceeding involving the crime, or of 15 any release or escape of the accused. Furthermore, victims harmed by the hydrogen peroxide 16 conspiracy are already on notice because several civil antitrust class action cases were filed on 17 behalf of the alleged victims. In re Hydrogen Peroxide Antitrust Litigation, Civil Action No. 05-18 666, MDL No. 1682, is pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of 19 Pennsylvania.

20 6. Accordingly, the government asks that the Court adopt a "reasonable procedure" 21 for providing notices to crime victims in the two criminal cases before the Court. 18 U.S.C. § 22 3771(d)(2). Specifically, the government proposes that for any proceeding requiring victim 23 notice under 18 U.S.C. § 3771(a)(2), the government will provide reasonable notice of the 24 proceeding on the internet, at the publicly accessible web site for the Antitrust Division, 25 http://www.usdoj.gov/atr. The government has already issued a widely distributed press release 26 which indicates that significant pleadings will be available on the Antitrust Division's web site 27 and directs people to that web site. The government will also directly notify lead counsel for the 28 direct purchaser plaintiffs in the class action entitled In re Hydrogen Peroxide Antitrust

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1	Litigation. Providing notice on the internet and direct notice to lead counsel for the direct		
2	purchaser plaintiffs in the class action would accomplish the purpose of the Act with respect to		
3	reasonable notice without unduly complicating or prolonging the proceedings. 18 U.S.C. §		
4	3771(d)(2).		
5	7. With respect to the sodium perborates conspiracy, charged in Count Two of		
6	United States v. Solvay S.A., there is a single victim, Procter & Gamble. The government will,		
7	in compliance with 18 U.S.C. § 3771, notify the "crime victim," Procter & Gamble, directly by		
8	letter.		
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10	Dated: March <u>22</u> , 2006	Respectfully submitted,	
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12		/s/ Niall E. Lynch	
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