case 2:16-cr-00325-RGK Document 1 Filed 05/10/16 Page 1 of 6 Page ID #:1

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

v.

Plaintiff,

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14 RYU GOEKU,

15 Defendant.

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INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS

At all times relevant to this Information:

Defendant RYU GOEKU ("defendant") was a resident of Los Angeles County, California, within the Central District of California.

COUNT ONE

From in or around January 2009 to in or around September 2013, defendant was employed at Owner Management Service, LLC, d/b/a Trust Holding Service Co., and OMS Global,

CR 16 00325

## INFORMATION

[18 U.S.C. § 1349: Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud; 26 U.S.C. § 7206(1): Subscribing to a False Tax Return

The United States charges:

- 3. The Companies purported to provide foreclosure relief to individual borrowers ("distressed borrowers") whose properties were facing foreclosure ("distressed properties").
- 4. Co-conspirator D.M., a resident of Los Angeles County, California, within the Central District of California, was a beneficial owner and controller of the Companies.
- 5. Co-conspirator T.M., a resident of Los Angeles County, California, within the Central District of California, was a beneficial owner, officer, and primary finance manager for the Companies.
- 6. Co-conspirator Jn.M., a resident of Los Angeles
  County, California, within the Central District of California,
  was an officer and the head of the short sale department for the
  Companies.
- 7. Co-conspirator Jm.M., a resident of Los Angeles
  County, California, within the Central District of California,
  was an officer and a primary property manager, among other
  roles, for the Companies.
- 8. Co-conspirator J.H., a resident of Los Angeles County, California, within the Central District of California, was employed in the short sale department of the Companies.

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A bankruptcy case is commenced by the filing of a

petition for bankruptcy under Title 11 of the United States

Code. An individual who files a petition for bankruptcy is known

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THE OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY

under federal bankruptcy law as a "debtor".

10. Beginning in or about January 2010 and continuing through at least in or about September 2013, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant RYU GOEKU, and others known and unknown to the United States, knowingly and willfully combined, conspired, and agreed to commit the following offense against the United States: wire fraud, that is, with intent to defraud, having devised and intending to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and to obtain money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing the scheme transmitted and caused to be transmitted wire communications in interstate commerce, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1343.

## C. THE MANNER AND MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY

- 11. The object of the conspiracy was carried out, and was to be carried out, in substance, as follows:
- a. Co-conspirator D.M. and other co-conspirators would identify distressed borrowers whose properties were facing foreclosure.
- b. Co-conspirator D.M. and other co-conspirators would misrepresent to the distressed borrowers that the Companies would perform a short sale and thus avoid foreclosure on the distressed properties; based on that misrepresentation,

the distressed borrowers would transfer title for the distressed properties to trusts controlled by the co-conspirators.

c. Instead of performing short sales as represented, the co-conspirators rented the distressed properties to third parties, collecting rent and not paying most mortgages on the

 d. At the direction of D.M. and other coconspirators, defendant GOEKU and other co-conspirators engaged
in various tactics designed by D.M. and other co-conspirators to
delay foreclosure on the distressed properties so the
conspirators could continue the collection of rent from these
properties. These tactics included: (1) fabricating short sale
offers for distressed properties using stolen and fictitious
identities and submitting those offers to lenders, including
financial institutions insured by the FDIC; (2) falsifying
financial and tax statements for distressed borrowers, including
by forging the signatures of distressed borrowers, and
submitting them, in most instances by wire, that is, facsimile

(3) filing bankruptcy petitions for distressed borrowers without their knowledge, including by forging the signatures of distressed borrowers on the petitions; and (4) fabricating liens on the distressed properties. As a result of those tactics, the lenders were exposed to new and increased risk of loss.

communication, through interstate commerce, to lenders;

e. One of the distressed properties for which these tactics were used was located at 13243 Bryson Street in Arleta, California ("Bryson Street Property"). Based on representations by the co-conspirators, including GOEKU, the distressed borrower

for the Bryson Street Property, J.V., transferred the Bryson Street Property's title to a trust controlled by the coconspirators. Thereafter, the co-conspirators leased the Bryson Street Property and collected the rent payments. While collecting rent, to delay foreclosure on the Bryson Street Property, the co-conspirators created fake short sale offer documents for the Bryson Street Property, including by using a stolen identity, S.M.L., as a purported short sale offeror and transmitted those falsified documents, through the use of interstate electronic wires, to the mortgage servicer. The conspirators also fabricated tax returns, authorization forms, and hardship letters for distressed borrower J.V., and submitted those fabricated documents to the servicer for the Bryson Street Property to delay foreclosure.

- f. The conspirators would cause payments to be made to themselves from the proceeds of the scheme, which included rental income from the distressed properties.
- g. During the course of a bankruptcy proceeding entitled In re Owner Management Service, LLC, Case No. 12-bk-10231, in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California, at the direction of D.M. and other coconspirators, GOEKU knowingly and fraudulently made false statements under penalty of perjury, including falsely stating that GOEKU, not D.M., was the owner and manager of debtor Owner Management Service, LLC, to hide its true ownership by coconspirator D.M.

COUNT TWO

[26 U.S.C. § 7206(1)]

12. On or about February 11, 2012, in Los Angeles County, in the Central District of California, defendant RYU GOEKU, a resident of Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, did willfully make and subscribe to a joint U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the tax year 2011, which defendant verified by a written declaration made under penalty of perjury was true, correct, and complete, and which was filed with the Internal Revenue Service. In truth and in fact, defendant GOEKU did not believe the tax return to be true and correct as to every material matter, in that the return reported adjusted gross income of \$45,206, whereas, as defendant GOEKU well knew and believed, he had earned approximately \$46,065 more than that for the 2011 tax year.

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