

T. 7-17-63  
BM:MWH:iwd 13,873  
144-35-243

D.A.K.

20530

JUL 19 1963

Honorable Hillard J. Tawes  
Governor of Maryland  
Annapolis, Maryland

Dear Governor Tawes:

I have the honor to enclose a copy of a telegram from the Reverend Robert T. Newbold, Civic Committee Interdenominational Ministers Alliance, Mr. Edward Chance, Chairman, Baltimore Congress of Racial Equality and Mr. Clarence Logan, Chairman, Civic Interest Group.

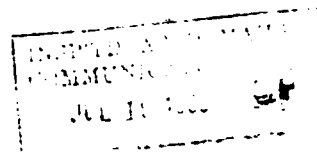
The telegram refers to situations which have arisen at Cambridge, Maryland, at the Northwood Theatre and the Gwynn Oak Amusement Park in Baltimore. It is being referred to you in view of the request therein for your attention and consideration.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL  
Assistant Attorney General  
Civil Rights Division

Enclosure

cc: Records ✓  
Chrono  
Mr. Murphy  
Mr. Hubbard  
Deputy Attorney General



Form No. G-11  
(Ed. 3-9-61)

From

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

*Dockets*

Deputy Attorney General.....	
Solicitor General .....	
Executive Assistant to the Attorney General .....	
Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust .....	
Assistant Attorney General, Tax .....	
Assistant Attorney General, Civil .....	
Assistant Attorney General, Lands .....	
Assistant Attorney General, Criminal.....	
Assistant Attorney General, Legal Counsel.....	
Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security.....	
Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights .....	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Administrative Assistant Attorney General.....	
Director, FBI.....	
Director, Bureau of Prisons.....	
Director, Office of Alien Property.....	
Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization...	
Pardon Attorney .....	
Parole Board .....	
Board of Immigration Appeals .....	
Special Assistant for Public Information .....	
Records Administration Office .....	

For the attention of

*Burke Marshall*

REMARKS:

# TELEGRAM SPECIAL

#13,873

RECEIVED  
JUL 12 1963  
FBI

WUB066 PA117

P BREOZU AL PD BALTIMORE MD 11

ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT KENNEDY

DEPT OF JUSTICE WASHDC

FOLLOWING MESSAGE ALSO SENT TO ASST. U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL  
BRYCE MARSHALL AND MR WACEO HUBBARD. "RACE RELATIONS IN MARYLAND  
ARE RAPIDLY REACHING A STAGE WHERE A REAL EXPLOSION SEEMS LIKELY.  
IN THE PAST SIX MONTHS THERE HAS BEEN THREE MAJOR CRISIS, AT  
THE NORTHWOOD THEATRE IN BALTIMORE, AT CAMBRIDGE AND AT THE  
GAYNE PARK AND SEVENT PARK. THE ONLY SOLUTION TO THE SITUATION  
AND THE ONLY WAY TO PREVENT FUTURE OUTBREAKS AND THE POSSIBLE  
SERIOUS VIOLENCE IS TO SECURE THE PASSAGE OF AN ADEQUATE STATEWIDE  
LAW THAT WOULD GUARANTEE EQUAL SERVICES TO ALL PERSONS IN  
ALL PLACES LICENSED TO SERVE THE PUBLIC. WE THEREFORE URGENTLY  
REQUEST THAT YOU IMMEDIATELY USE THE GOOD OFFICES OF YOUR DEPARTMENT  
TO PREVAIL UPON GOVERNOR TAMEL TO CALL A SPECIAL SESSION OF THE

JUL 16 1963

10 JUL 12

M.K.

ATTORNEY GENERAL  
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.  
Gen. Inv. Sec.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE TO PASS SUCH A LAW. WE ALSO REQUEST THAT  
YOU ARRANGE A CONFERENCE WITH US TO DISCUSS THE MATTER AT YOUR  
EARLIEST CONVENIENCE. REPLY TO REV ROBERT T NEWBOLD, 829 NORTH

- FREMONT AVENUE, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND, TELEPHONE NUMBER LAFAYETTE  
3-0274"

REV ROBERT T NEWBOLD CIVIC COMMITTEE INTER-DENOMINATIONAL  
MINISTERS ALLIANCE EDWARD CHANCE, CHAIRMAN BALTIMORE CORE CLARENCE  
LOGAN, CHAIRMAN CIVIC INTEREST GROUP.

907A EDT JUL 12 69

# TELEGRAM SPECIAL

#13,873

RECEIVED IN MI 9:47

WUE068 PAT20

P BR022 NL PD BALTIMORE MD 11

NACEO HUBBARD

DEPT OF JUSTICE WASHDC

FOLLOWING MESSAGE ALSO SENT TO ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT KENNEDY  
AND ASST. U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL MURKE MARSHALL

"RACE RELATIONS IN MARYLAND ARE RAPIDLY REACHING A STAGE  
WHERE A REAL EXPLOSION SEEMS LIKELY. IN THE PAST SIX MONTHS  
THERE HAS BEEN THREE MAJOR CHILLS, AT THE WATWOOD THEATRE  
IN BALTIMORE, AT CAMBRIDGE AND AT THE DAYTON AMUSEMENT PARK.  
THE ONLY SOLUTION TO THE SITUATION AND THE ONLY WAY TO PREVENT  
FUTURE OUTBREAKS AND THE POSSIBLE SERIOUS VIOLENCE IS TO SECURE  
THE PASSAGE OF AN ADEQUATE STATEWIDE LAW THAT WOULD GUARANTEE  
EQUAL SERVICES TO ALL PERSONS IN ALL PLACES LICENSED TO SERVE  
THE PUBLIC. WE THEREFORE URGENTLY REQUEST THAT YOU IMMEDIATELY  
USE THE GOOD SERVICES OF YOUR DEPARTMENT TO REEVALUATE

*Telephone Rep Newbold. He  
agreed that in view of the Cambridge  
situation + attention of the other two  
Matter mentioned above, conference  
not necessary now*  
MAY (7/11/63)

JUL 12 1963

10 JUL 12 E.B.  
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.  
Gen. Inv. Sec.

TAKEN TO CALL A SPECIAL SESSION OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE TO  
PASS SUCH A LAW. WE ALSO REQUEST THAT YOU ARRANGE A CONFERENCE  
WITH US TO DISCUSS THE MATTER AT YOUR EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.  
REPLY TO REV ROBERT T NEWELL, 529 NORTH FRENCH AVE BALTIMORE  
MARYLAND, TELEPHONE WINTER LAFAYETTE 3-0274"

REV ROBERT T NEWELL OF IS COMMITTEE INTERDENOMINATIONAL  
MINISTERS ALLIANCE ELVA D CPA OF CHAPMAN BALTIMORE CORE CLARENCE  
EDWIN CHAIRMAN OF THE A. T. B. UNION.

# TELEGRAM SPECIAL

#13,873

*[Handwritten signature]*  
JUL 13 1963

BUAAGG NGA152

NS HVA155 PD FAX HUNTSVILLE ALA 12 121P COT

ROBERT F KENNEDY ATTORNEY GENERAL

JUSTICE DEPT WASHDC

PLEASE EXPLAIN ABSENCE OF FEDERAL TROOPS IN RIOT TORN CAMBRIDGE,  
MA. YOU WERE READY TO PUT THEM IN BIRMINGHAM AFTER A FEW NEGROES  
WENT WILD AND ATTACKED POLICE OFFICERS. BIRMINGHAM WAS FREE  
OF CLASHES BETWEEN WHITES & BLACKS AS OPPOSED TO MARYLAND AND  
THE SPOLX

[REDACTED] INGL 111 MOTOR HOTEL HUNTSVILLE ALA  
(27).

557P EDT JUL 12 63

144-35-243

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	RECORD M.K.
22 JUL 12 1963	
RECORDS BRANCH	
CTV. RIGHTS DIV.	
Gen. Inv. Sec.	

JUL 15 1963

TELEGRAM  
SPECIAL

#13,813

ROUTE 15 AT 9:15

WUT076 SAUHO38 PA223

[REDACTED] BALTIMORE MD 14

ROBERT KENNEDY, ATTORNEY GENERAL

WASHDC

RIOTING AND TRESPASSING ARE ILLEGAL. DO NOT PERMIT LAW BREAKERS  
WITH ANY CIVIL RIGHTS CONCESSIONS  
[REDACTED]

*File  
9/1/63*

904A EDT JUL 15 63

1-10-35-243	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	RECORDED
22 JUL 15 1963	
RECORDS BRANCH	
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.	
Gen. Lit. Sec.	

JUL 15 1963



# TELEGRAM SPECIAL

WUT077 UNB002 SAT87

ALEXANDRIA LA 14

#13,873

BOBBY KENNEDY

SUPPOSED TO BE ATTORNEY GENERAL WACHDO

DEAR SO CALLED ATTORNEY

GENERAL EVERYBODY KNOWS YOUR TOO DUMB TO BE ATTORNEY GENERAL

DID YOU ADVISE YOUR BROTHER THAT HE WAS DERELICT IN HIS DUTY

WHEN HE DIDNT SEND TROOP INTO MARYLAND DID YOU ENCOURAGE DEMONSTRATION

BY NEGRO AND CONFLICT INSPIRED ANIGATORS TO CREATE TROUBLE

DID YOU OR DID YOU NOT. DID YOU GET THROUGH HARVARD WITHOUT

YOUR DAILY MILLION WE KNOW THAT TEDDY YOUR BROTHER TRIED

TO GOY HIS WAY THROUGH HOW DO WE KNOW THAT YOU DIDNT BUY YOUR

WAY THROUGH. CAN YOU SO MUCH AS ANSWER THE


603A ENT JUL 15 63

144-35-247

22	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	RE
	JUL 15 1963	CH.
	RECORDS DIVISION	D
	CIV. RIGHTS DIV.	
	Gen. Lit. Sec.	

JUL 15 1963

*McIntire*

  
CAMBRIDGE, MARYLAND

Telephone XXXX AC 8-1780

July 23, 1963

*July 9th*

The Honorable Burke Marshall  
Assistant Attorney General  
Civil Rights Division  
Washington, D.C.

Re: BM:INT:iwd  
144-35-243

Dear Mr. Marshall:

On June 18<sup>th</sup>, 1963, I directed a letter to the Attorney General relating to the several criminal acts which had been committed in Cambridge, Maryland, arising directly out of and relating to demonstrations by negroes, and suggested that your department volunteer its services to assist in the investigation of the numerous crimes committed. On July 15<sup>th</sup>, 1963, I received a letter, over the signature of John L. Murphy, acknowledging my communication but which was not responsive, in anyway, to the letter which I had written.

I want you to know that it is a matter of disappointment and concern to me that your office would respond as you did.

Sincerely,


144-35-243

48	JUL 20 1963	RECORDS SECTION
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# TELEGRAM SPECIAL

#13,873

WU080 WUB331 EB546

[REDACTED] DAYTONA BTACH FLO 23

AMERICAN AND MARYLAND BAR ASSOCIATIONS, CARE ATTORNEY ROBERT KENNEDY  
OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL WASHDC

GENTLEMEN THE TROOPS HAVE BEEN LEFT IN CAMBRIDGE HAVE YOU  
MADE SURE THERE IS A PERMANENT LEGAL BODY THERE AS A BALANCE  
AND FOR FURTHER REFERRAL I FEEL CAMBRIDGE IMPORTANT TO SET  
PATTERN AND WORK ON COMPLETE REVIEW OF ALL YOUR PROBLEMS ON  
THE BOOKS BEFORE UNDERScoreD CIVIL RIGHT BILL IS PASSED PERHAPS  
WE CAN GET OTHER STATES TO START IF YOU DO. IT WOULD BE A MOMENTOUS  
ANNOUNCEMENT. MARYLAND BOOKS CLEARED UP LEGALLY COMPLETELY  
BEFORE CIVIL RIGHT BILL IS PASSED WOULD BE INVALUABLE INTERNATIONALLY  
SINCERELY

[REDACTED]  
1029A EDT JUL 24 63

FILED  
JUL 24 1963

144-35-243	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	RECORDS SECTION
22 JUL 24 1963	D. B.
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.	
Gen. Lit. Sec.	

# COLONIAL ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION



#13873

U.S. ROUTE 50 EASTON, MARYLAND TELEPHONE TA 15-1 2-1660

July 25, 1963

The Honorable Robert F. Kennedy  
The Attorney General of the United States  
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

I have enclosed for your consideration, or laughing,  
however the matter may strike you, a copy of my reply  
to a special memo circulated by the addressee.

Many thanks from one citizen for your efforts in  
the past, present, and I hope, the future.

Sincerely yours,

[Redacted Signature]  
Easton, Maryland

FILE - GWA  
1117-55-243

AUG 1 1963

A. C. R.

TIME SALES FINANCING

July 25, 1963

The Honorable Rogers C. S. Morton  
319 House Office Building  
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Congressman Morton;

Please excuse the delay in replying to your memo of July 11, however, the delay was not caused by lack of concern, but rather by my own spiritual wrestling match, so to speak.

I'm afraid I must honestly admit to as much personal prejudice as the next person. In that light, I have probably said the word "nigger" in a disrespectful manner as much as anyone in the country; for this I have no excuses or apologies - what's done is done. However, the basic fact still remains that a Negro is a human being, not an animal; created by and from God and as such, entitled to equal rights and opportunities.

A successful business, or country for that matter, cannot have a double standard and expect to survive. However, the United States has well over 200 years of racial and religious prejudice, miseducation and misconception to overcome, and it can not be done in 5 minutes, or probably even five years. Those forces which press for forced integration through the use or threat of violence are equally guilty of mis-use of the public trust as are those who entrench themselves in misguided concepts of forced segregation.

I wish to take this opportunity to say that Mrs. Gloria Richardson, the perpetrator and agitator of the Cambridge crisis, should be roundly and publicly condemned for her militant attitude and unrelenting position by all free thinking men. I honestly feel that the Cambridge situation could have been solved amicably months ago had she not been involved. I also honestly feel that she has, all by herself, set the Negro cause in Maryland back ten years. A lot of hate and evil has been stirred up by this person, and it will take a long time to cool down. In the same light, people such as "Gull" Connor, Ross Barnett and Governor Wallace, to name a few of thousands, should be equally condemned. Although I am sure that all of the aforementioned have acted honestly as their hearts directed, their stand is antiquated and irrelevant. The continual perpetration of violence and misuse of the law by these people can only lead to more violence, not any tenable or satisfactory solution. One closing thought - the last time violence was used as a solution to the Negro situation was in 1861, and although it partially worked, after a fashion, we still suffer the aftereffects.

The Honorable Rogers C. B. Morton (Cont'd)

One short word about demonstrations - I am in favor of parades, meetings and peaceful picketing as an educational and thought provoking measure. Also, these devices are useful in providing court tests of laws so designed to sponsor or foster state or locally supported segregation policies. However, in this line, one person should be adequate for a court test - all that a mass of 300 or 3,000 people do is tie up local and state police forces unnecessarily, clog already overtaxed jails and courts, and cause extreme wastage of public monies - and after all, Negroes are also taxpayers. Also, this kind a mass mob scene can, and usually does, lead to violence and brutality. Also, I am irrevocably against sit-ins, etc for the above reasons plus the fact that this type of demonstration does not accomplish anything. It is a tried and true fact that progressive negotiations can not take place in an atmosphere of violence, bad tempers and tension. Although the proposed Civil Rights Program will be of invaluable help, it is my opinion that this entire matter will finally be settled around the conference table by men of good will, not in the courts, in the streets with dogs and fire-hoses or on drug store lunch counter stools with fists and Catsup.

As for the program itself, I have taken the liberty of reproducing your memo and added some thoughts and changes of my own, for what they may be worth.

1. VOTING - Appoint federal referees to register Negroes in areas where suits are pending charging discrimination in registration (YES); prohibit, in federal elections, discriminatory voting standards (YES); assume voter is literate if he has sixth grade education (NO - Justice Department should establish Supreme Court tested voting standards for all people, regardless of race, creed or religion and apply these. One possibility is a Federal Voting Test, to be administered upon registration.)

2. PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION - I fully support the entire prospectus of this section of the program.

3. DESEGREGATION - I fully support the entire prospectus of this section of the program with the inclusion of the unspoken part, that is: withholding of federal support and funds to those school districts which show no evidence of satisfactory desegregation after January 1, 1965.

4. FEDERAL PROGRAMS - I fully support the entire prospectus of this section of the program with the possible inclusion of a statement to the effect that discrimination will be completely driven from the federal government and that Negroes will be considered, if qualified, for the Peace Corps and the Diplomatic Corps. Although, discrimination, if any is minor, I feel a statement to the above effect, if properly implemented, will ease a lot of tension and prevent some future quarrels. As for the Peace Corps, I feel Negroes should be given extensive opportunities here if properly qualified, both for duty at home and abroad. If a Negro machine-gunner can guard the Berlin Wall, why can't a Negro Peace Corpman build roads in India.

The Honorable Rogers C. B. Morton (Cont'd)

5. PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT - I do not feel that the establishment of a FEPC will actually accomplish much, the matter will finally resolve itself in the courts if negotiations fail, so why not make this a section of the Justice Department with the same procedures as outlined in your parts 3 and 4. I honestly feel we can well do without another gov't agency if same is not absolutely essential.

6. TRAINING - I fully support all provisions of this section, however, I do feel that your main emphasis should be on federal retraining of unskilled labor, I think I would support, although it would be somewhat expensive, a CCC or WPA type program to have its efforts directed towards things such as slum clearance, forest rebuilding, roads and water resources, etc.

In conclusion, I want to say that far from being willing to give the Negro his life on a silver platter; and I don't think any really honest person, be he Negro or white wants it this way; make him work for it, just like a white man does. As I said before, I have just as much personal prejudice as anybody, however, they do deserve a chance, and once given same, I feel the final benefactors will be America in general, as a whole.

Thank you very much for taking the time to read this, and hoping this finds you in good spirits, I remain;

Sincerely yours,

  
Easton, Maryland

[REDACTED]  
#13,813 Orangeburg, S.C.  
25 July 1963.

Hon Robert Kennedy, Attorney General.  
Justice Dept.  
Washington, D.C.

144-35-242	
DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
JUL 26 1963	
RECEIVED	
COMM. DIV.	

Dear Mr. Attorney General,

"It's not a victory or defeat for anybody", believe this part of your statement over the so called agreement signed in your office over the Racial Situation in Cambridge, Maryland. In my opinion the white cause was in for defeat before such discussions were started.

It appears that the Administration of your Brother John F. are in for crucifying the Good white people in this Country, in Opinion using the so called, poor down trodden minority as pawns in the deal.

FILE - **END** In my opinion we of the South have done more for the Negro Race than any other Body of people in the whole wide world, and think and feel more for them and their Good.

AUG 1 1963

This help and Credit toward the Negro Race has, for been at the



Why are all these people in Wash., D.C. Raising some Born  
there. Great Majority there to try to put on welfare rolls, and  
other Cities too. Reason - welfare, Socialistic, Trends our Govt.  
People should be on Soil producing living.

deprivation of whites Benefits etc. 1. (2)  
I was Born and Raised with Negros.  
an fair size farm. worked with them.  
Served with them in world war II. Commanded  
them. attend classes with them at Officer  
Schools etc, so did I with Jews, Poles,  
Mexicans, (The Irish descent) and what  
have you.

I believe I know something of  
the Negro Race. In my opinion, some  
of you in north, north west, west &  
south and south west don't understand them  
and never will, for that matter. you can't  
read and learn them, you have to live  
and work ~~not~~ with them as I do, and  
others for that matter. I had dealings  
with the Educated Negro in Army,  
So don't say, well he's a fool and has  
had no experience, with the Educated  
Negro.

In my opinion, if you wanted  
to learn little of Negro Race you could, so  
learn, by studying more than you have  
so far, their history, Resigning as  
a Army General, get out of the Negro  
business Wash., D.C., and try to help these  
poor down trodden people. A Great  
Service performed, which I am sure they  
would appreciate and would give the  
a Lasting knowledge of the Race.

That Ballot Box our only Salvation

T. 7/30/63  
BM:SJB:arg  
144-35-243

JUL 31 1963

Mr. John Robert Zellner  
Student Non-Violent Coordinating  
Committee  
226 North Union Street  
Danville, Virginia

Dear Mr. Zellner:

The President has requested this Department to reply to your recent telegram asking that he prevent the Maryland National Guard from denying the constitutional rights of civil rights advocates in Cambridge, Maryland.

Information which is available to this Department does not indicate any violation of the constitutional rights by the units of the National Guard that have been stationed in Cambridge, Maryland. Any specific information which you have regarding such violations should be furnished at once to this Department.

Sincerely,

cc: Records  
Chron.  
Barrett  
Murphy

*[Handwritten signature]*  
7/31  
D.  
L. [unclear]  
7/31

Burke Marshall  
Assistant Attorney General  
Civil Rights Division

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Mr. Burke Marshall  
Dept. of Justice

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.  
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED  
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST  
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN  
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS  
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE  
OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL COUNSEL.

July 24, 1963

Date

FROM THE SPECIAL COUNSEL

ACTION:

Comment

Draft reply

For direct reply xxx

For your information

For necessary action

For appropriate handling

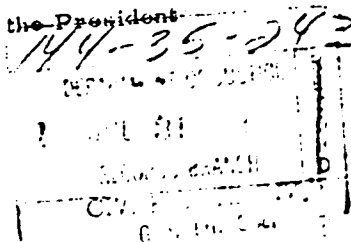
See below

Remarks:

2 telgrams, re: Civil Rights (con) troops in Cambridge --  
John Zellner, Student Non-Violent Coordinating Comm, Danville, Va. 7/16  
in Little Rock and Oxford, Nella B. Pascoe, Houston, Tex 7/14

By direction of the President:

Lee C. White, Assistant Special Counsel to the President



WA010 NL PD

DANVILLE VIR 15

APR 31 5 22

THE PRESIDENT

THE WHITE HOUSE

SNCC URGES YOU TO MOVE IMMEDIATELY TO BLOCK THE NATIONAL GUARD  
FROM DENYING CIVIL RIGHTS ADVOCATES IN CAMBRIDGE MD. THEIR  
CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS

JOHN ROBERT ZELLNER STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE  
226 NORTH UNION STREET.

144-35-243  
APR 31 1968 M. M. P.  
REC'D CIVIL RIGHTS DIV.  
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.  
Gen. Lit. Sec.

S. P.

August 9, 1963

144 35 243

FILE  
N. 2

Dear Mr. Logan:

Many thanks for your letter of July 26 regarding the Humphrey proposal to relieve unemployment on the Eastern Shore.

I have forwarded copies of your letter and the proposal to the Secretary of Labor, the Commissioner of Education and the Director of the Office of Manpower, Automation and Training, and I know that this matter will receive prompt and serious consideration in each office.

I have asked the officials concerned to correspond with you directly regarding this and to keep me informed.

I was glad to hear from you and if we can be of any further assistance, I hope you will contact me directly.

Sincerely,

Attorney General

Mr. Clarence Logan  
3713 Chesholm Avenue  
Baltimore 16, Maryland

RFK:kd

3713 Chesholm Avenue  
Baltimore 16, Maryland  
July 26, 1962

Mr. Robert Kennedy  
Attorney General of the U. S.  
Justice Department  
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

This letter and the enclosure is a follow-up to our conference of Tuesday 23 July 62 concerning the Cambridge crisis and specifically to your remarks relative to the high rate of unemployment existing in Cambridge and elsewhere on the eastern shore of Maryland.

We believe the enclosed proposal, which was forwarded to OMAT for consideration and approval, will help solve that situation.

The idea for the proposal grew out a series of meetings held by those who signed the Cambridge truce agreement and officials from various state and federal agencies. Dr. Melvin Humphrey, economist and chairman of the Division of Social Sciences at Morgan State College also attended these meetings and formulated and prepared the proposal. The proposal has been reviewed by the President and Dean of Morgan State College. Both have indicated that the college could participate in this project and carry out the specific functions outlined in the project.

The Maryland State Department of Employment Security has reviewed the proposal. The department has shown a great deal of interest in the project and feels that it would be worthwhile to the state of Maryland and especially the eastern shore section.

Representatives of the Office of Manpower, Automation, and Training have stated that this experimental-action type program can benefit not only the eastern shore of Maryland, but will have implications for solving a part of the unemployment problem and especially problems of minority groups which contain a high percentage of unemployed unskilled functional illiterates.

As you well know, the situation on the eastern shore, both the chronic unemployment problem and the civil rights problem, demand extraordinary measures. We feel that Professor Humphrey's proposal is one step in the right direction. For this reason, his proposal should be given as much consideration as has been given other proposals submitted to OMAT by similar agencies.

144-35-243  
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
40 JUL 29 1963 A.C.L.  
RECORDS BRANCH  
ATTORNEY GENERAL  
2000 RECORDS DIV.

Gen. L. Sec.

Now, we have been informed that the Director of OMAT, Mr. Seymour Wolfbein is planning to curtail the practice of contracting with outside agencies for participation in projects of this nature. In addition, the State Director of Vocational Education for Maryland has indicated no interest whatsoever in this experimental project.

We strongly urge you to support this project and to use the goodwill of your office to urge the Secretary of Labor, the U. S. Commissioner of Education, and the Director of OMAT to consider this proposal and give it their fullest support.

Those of us who signed the Cambridge truce agreement feel that this project as proposed by Professor Humphrey and with the participation of Morgan State College as indicated therein will demonstrate to the people residing on the eastern shore and to the nation as a whole that it is possible for the culturally disadvantaged and underprivileged minority groups and even majority groups to become useful citizens in our democratic society.

In closing may we restate that we need your support in this matter as much as we did in the Cambridge affair.

Sincerely yours,

*Clarence Logan*  
Clarence Logan

Chairman-Civic Interest Group

cc: Mr. Burke Marshall  
Asst Attorney General  
Justice Department  
Washington 25, D. C.

EXPERIMENTAL AND DEVELOPMENTAL PROJECT FOR THE  
EASTERN SHORE OF MARYLAND

Proposed by  
Melvin Humphrey, Ph. D.  
Chairman, Division of Social Sciences  
Morgan State College  
Baltimore 12, Maryland

INTRODUCTION

The Manpower Development and Training Act of 1962 established a nationwide program to provide occupational training for unemployed and underemployed persons to equip them with new and improved skills needed in today's labor market.

This experimental and developmental project to train and retrain unemployed adults currently residing in counties on the eastern shore of Maryland is designed to:

- a) demonstrate that unskilled unemployed adults who are culturally deprived can master a new set of marketable occupational skills needed in today's job market.
- b) show that unskilled unemployed underprivileged adults can master sufficient labor efficiency skills and knowledge essential for qualifying for given trades and occupations when specially designed programs are applied.
- c) originate and evince ways of solving the disproportionately unemployment found among the culturally deprived and underprivileged groups.
- d) conceive, construct, test and utilize new or experimental techniques of recruiting, selecting, counseling, testing, training, and job placement definitely oriented to meet the peculiar economic and educational problems of this worker group.
- e) develop special services not customarily provided in manpower training projects.

177-35000-5A



#### NATURE OF THE PROBLEM AND PURPOSES OF THE PROJECT

Public officials recognize that each individual in our society should be given a chance to become all that he is capable of becoming. Only until such time as this ideal becomes a reality can we achieve the dual goals of full employment and a higher standard of living for all citizens. These socially desirable goals cannot be attained on the eastern shore of Maryland as long as individuals lack both skills and opportunities for job placement.

There exist on the eastern shore areas where minority groups have more unemployment, less education, and a lower family income than in other areas in Maryland. For example, in Cambridge, minority groups account for 67 per cent of those out of work while comprising only 35 per cent of the work force. Some 7.5 per cent of the majority group workers are jobless, but the proportion of unemployed minority group workers is nearly four times as much: 29.3 per cent of the minority group workers have no work. Many of the minority group workers and even some of the majority group workers are culturally disadvantaged and underprivileged. These workers lack the ability to compete successfully with others for gainful employment. The educational achievement of minority group workers has been exceptionally low. For instance, more than two thirds of Cambridge's minority adults have never been to high school. In many instances the education has equipped the minority group adult for little better than a job as an unskilled or a semi-skilled laborer. Nearly 83 per cent of the minority group workers out of work list their last occupation as either one of the other. In the matter of family income, minority group family income is the lowest of any Maryland city.

For these reasons, the minority group population is deeply dissatisfied and is frustrated.

Today there exist in the economy of the eastern shore-Baltimore metropolitan area unfilled employers' requests for qualified labor. Included in this backlog will be found job orders for trained auto mechanics, major appliances service workers, service station attendants, building maintenance workers, clerk-typists and general clerical workers. These occupational fields require labor efficiency skills, knowledge, and abilities not possessed currently by many of the culturally disadvantaged and underprivileged unemployed adults residing on the eastern shore. In addition, many of these adults lack the functional communicative skills, education, and job-seeking know-how to enable them to secure employment in these occupations. Moreover, they have special social problems and needs which make it difficult for them to compete in the labor market for the available job openings.

If these adults are to become gainfully employed at new and higher labor efficiency skill levels, a need exists to:

- a) develop special job developments to assist them in becoming placed in jobs and utilizing the skills acquired through the training program.
- b) follow up social and vocational counseling to assist them in re-orientating themselves to new socio-economic and vocational patterns.

Thus this experimental-action type program is designed to equip the jobless with marketable job skills and to reduce the rates of unemployment found among the culturally deprived majority and minority groups' workers. Especially is this program designed to reduce the disproportionately unemployment found among the culturally deprived and underprivileged minority group. This will be accomplished by reaching persons who are now presently being denied the opportunity to enter training because of certain existing criteria which seems to be invalidated. It is hypothesized that

many of the existing criteria being used to select persons for training programs may not be directly related to ultimate competency in the trade or occupation.

#### EXPERIMENTAL PROJECT PLAN

The overall experimental project plan anticipates the training and retraining during the next twelve months of 150 unskilled unemployed culturally deprived and underprivileged adults in more skilled trades and occupations.

The sample population for this project will be drawn from a basic population characterized as follows:

- a) unskilled unemployed adults;
- b) heads of households; and
- c) at least three years' experience in the labor force.

All applicants who meet the above basic requirements will be further screened in terms of requirements for specific training programs. Out of this additional screening process will be derived two groups of prospective trainees for each selected training program. One of the groups which will meet existing requirements for that program will be known as the control group. The other group will consist of persons who do not meet present requirements for that program<sup>and</sup> will be known as the experimental group.<sub>A</sub>

Thus, there will be two groups of trainees for each program. The control group will be subjected to the already established training program for that specific occupation. The experimental group will be subjected to a specially designed program to develop the competency expected of all persons in that particular trade or occupation.

The nature of the training program for the experimental group will be determined after a thorough analysis of the characteristics of the persons composing this group. Data for this analysis will be gathered through the

use of standardized tests, study of case histories, personal interviews, etc. This analysis will be done by behavioral scientists and job training specialists working cooperatively.

Job placements will be obtained for all trainees completing a prescribed job training program. After a period of performance on the job evaluations will be made of the performance of both control and experimental trainees. The same set of evaluation standards will be applied to both types of trainees. These will consist of such procedures as standardized testing, supervisors' ratings on a specially designed scale, personal interviews, etc.

It is anticipated that Morgan State College, the Department of Employment Security of the State of Maryland, and the Maryland State Department of Vocational Education will work cooperatively in achieving the purpose of this experimental-action type program by each carrying out a set of responsibilities.

#### PROPOSED PLAN OF SERVICE -- MORGAN STATE COLLEGE

Morgan State College will be responsible for the non-vocational, and non-educational aspects of the project which includes:

- a) Morgan State College, through the Urban Studies Institute, will contract with the United States Department of Labor to employ a qualified person to act as coordinator-director of the project. The duties of the coordinator-director, but not wholly inclusive, are the following assignments:
  - 1) provide leadership and overall coordination of the project and the development of the final report.
  - 2) supervise the individual casework counseling and support to each potential trainee being considered for training.
  - 3) assist and determine with the Maryland State Employment Service the selection of trainees. This will be done by

- providing services and information required by the Selection and Referral Officers during the course of the interviewing, testing, and analyzing the potentials of the prospective trainee.
- 4) maintain a close relationship with educational authorities to detect as early as possible individuals with problems of attendance or progress during the training period and assisting the trainees through individual counseling in the solution of these problems.
  - 5) work cooperatively during the course of training with the Maryland State Department of Vocational Education in providing counseling for trainees having training problems related to vocational adjustments.
  - 6) assist the Maryland State Employment Services whenever requested in developing job opportunities at the completion of training.
  - 7) work with appropriate agencies, public and private in arranging services such as child care, transportation, health services, etc. for trainees.
  - 8) maintain close contact with trainees after placement to solve any difficulties encountered at work through casework counseling and keep the Maryland State Employment Service informed as to the need for vocational counseling or as to the need for other job placement where necessary.
  - 9) develop and maintain complete records on the methods used and observations made during the course of contact with the trainee and make these records available for use by educational authorities and vocational counselors, placement officers, selection and referral officers, and others of the staff of the Maryland State Employment Service and the staff of the Maryland State Department of Vocational Education, as needed, which includes bringing this

experience into the organization of subsequent programs.

- 10) assist the Maryland State Employment Service in preparing reports for the Secretary of Labor detailing and summarizing this project as it will be of value to others attempting to train the culturally deprived and underprivileged workers.
  - 11) assist the Maryland State Department of Vocational Education in training volunteer workers.
- b) Will assist the Maryland State Employment Service in recruiting trainees for this project. Included in this category will be pre-selection testing, vocational counseling, and other services to each applicant as may be needed.
  - c) Determine with the Maryland State Employment Service and the Maryland State Department of Vocational Education any functional educational deficiencies exhibited on the part of trainees.
  - d) will assist the Maryland State Employment Service in determining the types of training programs needed in order to enable the trainees to obtain skills needed in the labor market.
  - e) will develop and maintain complete records on its participation in the project including, but not wholly inclusive, accounting for the funds granted to it under project.

# ESTIMATED COSTS -- MORGAN STATE COLLEGE FUNCTIONS

This experimental-action type program will be totally financed through MDTA funds.

It is estimated that Morgan State College functions in this project will amount to \$53,210 apportioned as follows:

## Personal Services \$40,400.00

Coordinator-Director	
Full-time for 17 months	\$17,000.00
Assistant Coordinator-Counselor	
Half-time for 12 months	6,000.00
Casework Counselors and special Consultants	10,000.00
Clerk-typist	
Full-time for 17 months	6,400.00
Clerk-typist	
Part-time for 17 months	1,000.00

## Non-Personal Services \$ 5,000.00

Office equipment and supplies	\$1,600.00
Telephone and postage	1,000.00
Travel allowances for director-coordinator-counselors and consultants	3,000.00

## Other Costs \$ 7,810.00

Indirect overhead costs to Morgan State College for on-campus activities (15% of estimated costs above):

- Office rent
- Heat
- Light
- Maintenance service
- Accounting services
- Use of data processing equipment, supplies, and personnel
- Other miscellaneous items

3713 Chesholm Avenue  
Baltimore 16, Maryland  
July 26, 1963

Mr. Robert Kennedy  
Attorney General of the U. S.  
Justice Department  
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

This letter and the enclosure is a follow-up to our conference of Tuesday 23 July 63 concerning the Cambridge crisis and specifically to your remarks relative to the high rate of unemployment existing in Cambridge and elsewhere on the eastern shore of Maryland.

We believe the enclosed proposal, which was forwarded to OMAT for consideration and approval will help solve that situation.

The idea for the proposal grew out a series of meetings held by those who signed the Cambridge truce agreement and officials from various state and federal agencies. Dr. Melvin Humphrey, economist and chairman of the Division of Social Sciences at Morgan State College also attended these meetings and formulated and prepared the proposal. The proposal has been reviewed by the President and Dean of Morgan State College. Both have indicated that the college could participate in this project and carry out the specific functions outlined in the project.

The Maryland State Department of Employment Security has reviewed the proposal. The department has shown a great deal of interest in the project and feels that it would be worthwhile to the state of Maryland and especially the eastern shore section.

Representatives of the Office of Manpower, Automation, and Training have stated that this experimental-action type program can benefit not only the eastern shore of Maryland, but will have implications for solving a part of the unemployment problem and especially problems of minority groups which contain a high percentage of unemployed unskilled functional illiterates.

As you well know, the situation on the eastern shore, both the chronic unemployment problem and the civil rights problem, demand extraordinary measures. We feel that Professor Humphrey's proposal is one step in the right direction. For this reason, his proposal should be given as much consideration as has been given other proposals submitted to OMAT by similar agencies.



Now, we have been informed that the Director of OMAT, Mr. Seymour Wolfbein is planning to curtail the practice of contracting with outside agencies for participation in projects of this nature. In addition, the State Director of Vocational Education for Maryland has indicated no interest whatsoever in this experimental project.

We strongly urge you to support this project and to use the goodwill of your office to urge the Secretary of Labor, the U. S. Commissioner of Education, and the Director of OMAT to consider this proposal and give it their fullest support.

Those of us who signed the Cambridge truce agreement feel that this project as proposed by Professor Humphrey and with the participation of Morgan State College as indicated therein will demonstrate to the people residing on the eastern shore and to the nation as a whole that it is possible for the culturally disadvantaged and underprivileged minority groups and even majority groups to become useful citizens in our democratic society.

In closing may we restate that we need your support in this matter as much as we did in the Cambridge affair.

Sincerely yours,

*Clarence Logan*  
Clarence Logan  
Chairman-Civic Interest Group

cc: Mr. Burke Marshall  
Asst Attorney General  
Justice Department  
Washington 25, D. C.

NOTE: Please call the Attorney General's attention  
to corrections in the budget figures on  
page 8.

144-35245

~~Miss Hyde~~  
Miss Hyde

Send to Public  
Information office,  
GHS

8 — 8

MR. ROBERT KENNEDY  
ATTORNEY GENERAL  
DEPT OF JUSTICE  
WASHINGTON 25 DC

JULY 2-, 1963

*File  
mem*

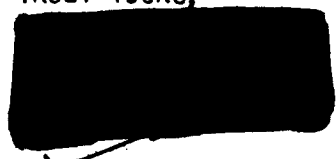
*#13873*

DEAR MR. KENNEDY:

PLEASE SEND ME A COMPLETE COPY OF THE AGREEMENT WHICH  
YOU SIGNED WITH THE NEGROES IN CAMBRIDGE, MARYLAND, SINCE  
THE LOCAL NEWSPAPERS APPEAR TO BE GARBLED WHAT YOU ARE  
SUPPOSED TO HAVE SIGNED.

YOUR PROMPT ATTENTION WILL BE APPRECIATED.

VERY TRULY YOURS,



*144-35-243*

22	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	RECORDED
	JUL 25 1963	INDEXED
	RECORDS BRANCH	
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.		
G. n. Lit. Sec.		

*ACL*

T. 8-27-63

20530

BM:SHR:rb 13,873  
144-35-243

P. W.

AUG 28 1963

[REDACTED]  
Berkeley 4, California

Dear [REDACTED]

This will acknowledge your recent communication to the Attorney General.

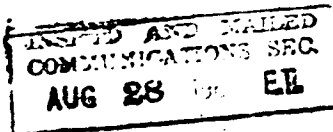
Your interest in writing to express your views is appreciated.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL  
Assistant Attorney General  
Civil Rights Division

By:  
JOHN L. MURPHY, Chief  
General Litigation Section

cc: Records  
Chrono  
Reis



#13,873

Berkeley 4, California  
July 26, 1967

The White House  
Office of the Attorney General  
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

I would like to express how pleased I am to know that a racial pact for Cambridge, Maryland, has been signed. I believe that through such governmental participation, all the first steps of integration will be definite ones, with us I believe, as you do, that the people of such places as Cambridge will learn the "effect, good judgment, confidence, and faith of Negro Americans."

I cannot fail to imagine the situation of the residents of Cambridge because I do belong to an integrated community; however, I believe that there is a serious attitude of "There's nothing I can do about it" but I sure hope it works out. If the endeavor and faith of these people and all people could only be brought up to its fullest, and I know that the initial hurdle will be more than jumped.

Again, I am glad for the steps taken in Maryland. I believe that the results that will prove to be true Americans. Thank you for your attention to this letter.

Sincerely,

44-35-243

10  
SEARCHED  
SERIALIZED  
INDEXED  
FILED  
JUL 27 1967  
FBI - WASH DC

T. 9/5/63  
BM:INT:cd  
144-35-245

G.M.G.

SEP 9 1963

Mr. William C. Rogers, Sr. Chairman  
Maryland Commission on Interracial  
Problems and Relations  
State Office Building  
301 West Preston Street  
Baltimore 1, Maryland

Dear Mr. Rogers:

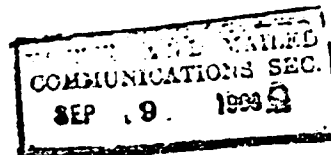
The Attorney General has requested that I answer  
your letter of July 29, 1963.

Thank you for your kind remarks. Your offer of  
assistance is greatly appreciated and I shall be glad  
to seek your aid should the occasion arise.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL  
Assistant Attorney General  
Civil Rights Division

cc: Records  
Chron  
Tranen



Form No. CVR-17  
Rev. 6-7-62 Civil Rights Division

FROM: MAIL AND DOCKET ROOM

- ( ) Assistant Attorney General
- ( ) First Assistant
- ( ) Second Assistant
- ( ) Trial Staff
- ( )
- ( / ) Chief, General Litigation Sec.
- ( ) Head, Const. Rts. Unit
- ( 2 ) Tramm
- ( ) Chief, Appeals and Research Sec.
- ( ) Federal Custody Unit
- ( )
- ( ) Chief, Voting and Election Sec.
- ( )
- ( )

REMARKS:

Draft Minkley as  
letter for Mr. Marshall  
tell him we'll be glad to  
see him and should be  
~~depressed~~  
C. L. Minkley arise.  
-7/11/68





MARYLAND COMMISSION ON INTERRACIAL  
PROBLEMS AND RELATIONS

OFFICERS  
WILLIAM C. ROGERS, SR.  
CHAIRMAN  
RABBI ISRAEL M. GOLDMAN  
VICE CHAIRMAN  
GARREN J. MITCHELL  
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

STATE OFFICE BUILDING  
301 WEST PRESTON STREET  
BALTIMORE 1, MARYLAND  
VERNON 7-9000

MEMBERS  
G. CHESTON CAREY, SR.  
MRS. HENRY E. CORNER  
FATHER ROBERT M. POWELL  
MRS. JOHN B. RAMSAY  
S. EDWARD SMITH  
RICHARD M. THOMAS  
DR. EDWARD N. WILSON

#13873

July 29, 1963

DOCKETED

AUG 1 1963

The Honorable Robert F. Kennedy  
Attorney General of the United States  
Justice Department  
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Attorney General:

The Maryland Commission on Interracial Problems and Relations wishes to express its sincere gratitude for the effective role you played in negotiating a settlement to the racial dispute in Cambridge. The State of Maryland was troubled and hurt by the prevailing mood of bitterness in Cambridge. The protracted period of racial hostility challenged and offended our moral, religious and civic traditions. Thanks to your splendid efforts, Cambridge now turns toward a period of progressive peace.

As is true of most convalescents, Cambridge will require much added careful thought and mutual cooperation. In successfully negotiating the settlement, you have demonstrated that this needed thought and cooperation will be forthcoming.

It is our deepest hope that by your action, a summer of discontent will be changed to a summer of progress in which democracy is fully realized for all citizens.

Again our sincere thanks. We stand ready to serve in any capacity you deem helpful.

Sincerely yours,

William C. Rogers, Sr.  
Chairman

WCR:fms

144-35-243

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
40	AUG 1 1963
RECORDS BRANCH	
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.	
Gen. Inv. Sec.	



MARYLAND COMMISSION ON INTERRACIAL  
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DR. EDWARD N. WILSON

#13,873

July 29, 1963

DOCKETED

1963

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Attorney General of the United States  
Justice Department  
Washington, D. C.

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It is our deepest hope that by your action, a summer of discontent will be changed to a summer of progress in which democracy is fully realized for all citizens.

Again our sincere thanks. We stand ready to serve in any capacity you deem helpful.

Sincerely yours,

William C. Rogers, Sr.  
Chairman

WCR:fms

144-35-24	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
40	AUG 1 1963
RECORDS BRANCH	
CIV. RIGHTS DIV.	
Gen. Inv. Sec.	

BM:INT:mhs  
144-35-243 13,873

NOV 5 1963

9/11/63

[REDACTED]  
Crownsville, Maryland

Dear [REDACTED]

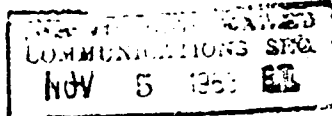
This will acknowledge your recent communication to this Department.

The views you expressed will receive our earnest consideration. Your interest in the matter referred to is very much appreciated.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL  
Assistant Attorney General  
Civil Rights Division

By:  
JOHN L. MURPHY, Chief  
General Litigation Section



#13,873

July 31 1963

Mr. Robert F. Kennedy,  
Attorney General of the United States,  
Washington 25, D.C.

144-35-243	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
46	AUG 2 1963
RECORDS SECTION	
CIV. DIV.	

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

I wanted to write to you in appreciation of the excellent manner in which you brought the situation in Cambridge, Md. on the road toward a successful solution. Governor Evans of Maryland was evasive and inactive, as usual; I wrote to him urging that he take a positive action if he wants to avoid a Republican landslide in this state in the next election; I told him I wished that there were Progressive Democrats in this state that could handle this "social revolution" that he talked about but did nothing in the way of resolving the social phenomena that face us. But the events outran my plans for writing; you got the responsible people together and did the right thing.

You are now tasting the bitter fruit of being ahead of your time and of your fellow citizens. I am against the type of questioning that you were forced to undergo before the various Congressional and Senate committees during the past few days. I admire your fortitude and your quick wit. It is a disgraceful spectacle and it should not have taken place; but we Americans often are poor losers. I would like to express every possible means that can be said here in appreciation of your position and your reactions; as a Naturalized American, I can see no other way of upholding our Constitution as my, and your oath requires it; as a Christian, I see no other way of living up to the ideals of my religion; as a Negro, I could see no other way of bringing about the brotherhood of man that we believe in. I myself know the "treatment" that is dispensed to the unwelcome strangers and to the men of vision and integrity in some of our communities. But I am glad that you are where you are- there could be no better man in your place; and both you, and your brother, the President, will be long remembered by some of us to whom the Americanism is more than the mere flag waving. Don't let those people hurt your feelings; bear no grudge against them- they are ghosts of the yesterday.

If I may be of any help, please call on me. And please accept my sincere thank for your state, words and actions.

Sincerely yours,

CROWNSVILLE, MD.

August 1, 1963

141-35-240

R 41

RECORD

Dear Senator:

I just want to thank you for your kind comments in the Senate July 24 about the participation of the Department of Justice in the Cambridge accord. As you know, this was an instance where the issues of the long-standing dispute had become tangled in generalized bitterness on both sides over charges of "lack of good faith" and "lack of tangible progress."

Actually, the basis of the agreement had been reached several weeks earlier, but what was needed was a realization of this and some faith on both sides that progress toward a peaceful solution of the problems could be made. We are becoming ever more hopeful that the accord may last, but what is done in the next few weeks to remove the bitterness and hatred will make the difference.

It certainly was helpful to have the positive accomplishments in Cambridge and Birmingham called to the Senate's attention.

Sincerely,

Robert F. Kennedy

Honorable Hubert H. Humphrey  
United States Senate  
Washington 25, D. C.

RG:ws

cc files.

RECEIVED  
AUG 1 1963

Ch

BM:INT:mhs  
144-35-243 13,873

NOV 5 1963

9/11/63  
11/5/63  
Mr. Maurice Rampo  
The Daily Banner  
Cambridge, Maryland

Dear Mr. Rampo:

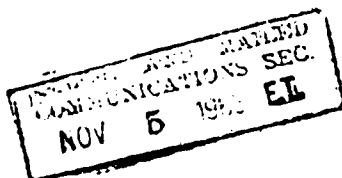
This will acknowledge your recent communication  
to this Department.

The views you expressed will receive our earnest  
consideration. Your interest in the matter referred  
to is very much appreciated.

Sincerely,

BURKE MARSHALL  
Assistant Attorney General  
Civil Rights Division

By:  
JOHN L. MURPHY, Chief  
General Litigation Section



Form No. CVR-17  
Rev. 6-7-62) Civil Rights Division

FROM: MAIL AND DOCKET ROOM

- ( ) Assistant Attorney General
- ( ) First Assistant
- ( ) Second Assistant
- ( ) Trial Staff
- ( )
- ( ) Chief, General Litigation Sec.
- ( ) Head, Const. Rts. Unit
- ( ) Chief, Appeals and Research Sec.
- ( ) Federal Custody Unit
- ( )
- ( ) Chief, Voting and Election Sec.
- ( )
- ( )

REMARKS:

1-4-11