Richard P. Howard 1 Dennis R. Bunker 2 Antitrust Division Department of Justice 1315 United States Court House 3 312 North Spring Street Los Angeles, California 9 Telephone: (213) 688-2505 90012 4 5 Attorneys for the Plaintiff 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 9 10 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 11 71-1473-FW Plaintiff, Civil Action No. 12 June 23, 1971 Filed: 13 v. BAKER COMMODITIES, INC., and (Sherman Act and Clayton Act 14 Violations, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1, 4, 18 and 25) PETERSON MANUFACTURING CO., INC., 15 16 Defendants. 17 COMPLAINT The United States of America, plaintiff, by its attorneys, 18 19 acting under the direction of the Attorney General of the United States, brings this civil action to obtain equitable relief against 20 the above-named defendants and complains and alleges as follows: 21 22 FIRST OFFENSE 23 Ι 24 JURISDICTION AND VENUE 25 1. This complaint is filed and these proceedings are instituted against the above-named defendants under Section 4 of 26 27 the Act of Congress of July 2, 1890, as amended (15 U.S.C. § 4), commonly known as the Sherman Act, in order to prevent and restrain 28 the continuing violation by the defendants, as hereinafter alleged, 29 of Section 1 of the Sherman Act (15 U.S.C. § 1). 30 31 32

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1.	2. Each of the defendants transacts business and is found		
2	within the Central District of California.		
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4	- ·	DEFINITIONS	
5	3. As used herein:		
6	(a) "r	enderer" means a person or company which	
7	pu	rchases a variety of generally animal-	
8	de	rived raw materials, such as inedible fat	
9	an	d bones, offal, suet, blood and waste grease,	
10	an	d converts these raw materials into various	
11	fi	nished products including tallow, meat and	
12	Ъо	ne meal, refined grease, feed fat and blood	
13	me	al;	
14	(b) "a	ccount" means a person or company, or a sub-	
15	di	vision thereof, which supplies a renderer with	
16	so	me or all of his raw materials;	
17	(c) "n	on-bulk street accounts" means a class of	
18	ra	w material accounts which supply renderers	
19	wi	th primarily fat and bones. This class of	
20	ac	counts comprises the largest-number group of	
21	ra	w material suppliers to the defendant renderers	
22	an	d covers a wide variety of stores which deal	
23	in	meat and, accordingly, generate trimmed fat	
24	an	d bones. It includes supermarket retail out-	
25	le	ts, retail outlets of smaller market chains,	
26	in	dependent markets, meat markets, butcher shops	
27	an	d the so-called "mom and pop" stores. Non-bulk	
28	st	reet accounts are distinguished from so-called	
29	"Ъ	ulk" sources of raw materials to renderers,	
30	ទប	ch as packing houses, supermarket breaking/meat	
31	pl	ants and jobbers, each of which characteristically	
32	ge	nerates a comparatively large volume of rendering	

raw materials compared to the individual retail outlets of the non-bulk street accounts; and

(d) "Los Angeles area" is comprised of the following six California counties: (1) Los Angeles,
(2) Orange, (3) Riverside, (4) San Bernardino,
(5) Ventura, and (6) Santa Barbara.

III

THE DEFENDANTS

4. Baker Commodities, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "Baker") is hereby made a defendant herein. Baker is a California corporation, incorporated on May 14, 1956. Its principal place of business is in Los Angeles, California. Baker has a number of other rendering plants in Arizona and New Mexico, and during the period of time covered by this complaint was engaged in the rendering business in the Los Angeles area.

Peterson Manufacturing Co., Inc. (hereinafter referred 17 5. 18 , to as "Peterson") is hereby made a defendant herein. Peterson 19 is a California corporation, incorporated on December 8, 1947. 20 Its principal place of business is in Los Angeles, California. 21 In 1970, Peterson was acquired by Kane-Miller Company of New 22 York State and presently operates under the Peterson name as 23 a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kane-Miller. During the period 24 of time covered by this complaint, Peterson was engaged in the rendering business in the Los Angeles area. 25

IV

CO-CONSPIRATORS

6. California Rendering Company, Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "California Rendering") and various other corporations,

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firms and persons (some of them being unknown to the plaintiff) 1 not made defendants in this complaint participated as co-2 conspirators in the first offense alleged in this complaint and 3 performed acts and made statements in furtherance thereof. 4 On or about March 20, 1970, Baker acquired substantially all of the 5 outstanding stock of California Rendering and, on or about March 6 25, 1970, California Rendering was merged into Baker under the 7 8 provisions of Section 4124 of the California Corporations Code.

TRADE AND COMMERCE

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11 7. Each of the renderers named as defendants herein and 12 California Rendering purchase and collect inedible fat and bones 13 from a variety of raw material accounts, including non-bulk 14 street accounts. These fat and bone raw materials are processed 15 by these renderers into tallow and either meat and bone meal, 16 meat meal, or bone meal. Each of the defendant renderers and 17 California Rendering make substantial purchases of fat and bone 18 raw materials from accounts, including non-bulk street accounts, 19 located in the Los Angeles area. A substantial amount of meat 20 in carcass form is shipped to buyers, including non-bulk street 21 accounts, in the Los Angeles area from meat packers in the Mid-22 west. As these Los Angeles area buyers process such carcasses, 23 they generate trimmed fat and bones, a large proportion of which 24 is sold to each of the defendant renderers and to California 25 Rendering.

8. Tallow is the primary product produced by each of the defendant renderers and by California Rendering and is used in the manufacture of soap, glycerine and fatty acids. Substantial quantities of both tallow and other products produced by each of the defendant renderers and by California Rendering from raw

materials obtained from accounts, including non-bulk street accounts, in the Los Angeles area are sold throughout the United States. A large part of the tallow so produced by each of the defendant renderers and by California Rendering is exported to foreign countries, including Japan, India, Pakistan and Thailand.

9. During the period of time covered by this complaint, the defendant renderers and California Rendering were the principal renderers operating in the Los Angeles area and, during most of that period of time, were the only significant renderers of inedible fat and bones in the Los Angeles area.

10. In 1969, the combined dollar volume of raw materials purchased by the defendant renderers in the Los Angeles area was approximately \$6.5 million. The combined dollar volume of raw material purchases in the Los Angeles area by the two defendant renderers and by California Rendering, for the same period, amounted to approximately \$10 million. During the same year, the defendant renderers had total combined sales in excess of \$30 million. A large portion of these sales represented export sales.

VI

OFFENSE ALLEGED

11. Beginning at least as early as 1957 and continuing thereafter up until at least March 20, 1970, the exact dates being to the plaintiff unknown, the defendants and co-conspirators engaged in a combination and conspiracy in unreasonable restraint of the aforesaid trade and commerce in rendering, in violation of Section 1 of the Act of Congress of July 2, 1890, as amended (15 U.S.C. § 1), commonly known as the Sherman Act.

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1 12. The aforesaid combination and conspiracy consisted 2 of a continuing agreement, understanding and concert of action 3 among the defendants and co-conspirators to fix, reduce and 4 stabilize prices paid for inedible fat and bones to non-bulk 5 street accounts in the Los Angeles area.

13. For the purpose of forming and effectuating the aforesaid combination and conspiracy, the defendants and co-conspirators did those things which they combined and conspired to do.

VII

EFFECTS

14. The aforesaid combination and conspiracy has had the following effects, among others:

(a)	competition between and among the defendant		
.*	and co-conspirator renderers has been		
	restricted and suppressed;		

(b) prices paid to non-bulk street accounts by the defendant and co-conspirator renderers for inedible fat and bones have been artificially reduced and stabilized; and

(c) non-bulk street accounts in the Los Angeles area have been deprived of the opportunity to sell their inedible fat and bones in an open and competitive market.

SECOND OFFENSE

VIII

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

15. This complaint is filed and these proceedings are instituted against the defendant Baker under Section 15 of the Act of Congress of October 15, 1914, as amended (15 U.S.C.

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§ 25), commonly known as the Clayton Act, in order to prevent and restrain the continuing violation by the defendant, as hereinafter alleged, of Section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. § 18).

16. The defendant Baker transacts business and is found within the Central District of California.

IX

DEFINITIONS

17. The allegations contained in paragraph 3 of this complaint are here realleged with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.

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THE DEFENDANT

18. Baker is hereby made the defendant herein. The allegations contained in paragraph 4 of this complaint are here realleged with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.

XI

TRADE AND COMMERCE

19. The allegations contained in paragraphs 7 and 8 of this complaint are here realleged with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.

20. Total raw materials purchases by renderers in the Los Angeles area in 1969 were approximately \$10 million. Baker, with purchases of about \$3.7 million, accounted for approximately 38 percent and California Rendering, with purchases of about \$3.1 million, accounted for approximately 31 percent of all such purchases in the Los Angeles area during that same year. Baker and California Rendering were the largest and the

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second largest purchasers, respectively, of rendering raw materials in the Los Angeles area in 1969. Additionally, these two companies accounted for substantially all purchases of rendering raw materials from packing house accounts in the Los Angeles area in 1969.

21. Total sales of products derived from rendering raw materials by renderers in the Los Angeles area in 1969 were approximately \$36 million. Baker, with sales of about \$18.1 million, accounted for approximately 50 percent and California Rendering, with sales of about \$5.3 million, accounted for approximately 15 percent of all such sales by Los Angeles area renderers during that same year. Baker and California Rendering were the largest and the third largest sellers, respectively, of products derived from rendering raw materials in the Los Angeles area in 1969.

XII

OFFENSE ALLEGED

22. On or about March 20, 1970, Baker acquired substantially all of the outstanding stock of California Rendering. On or about March 25, 1970, California Rendering was merged into Baker under the provisions of Section 4124 of the California Corporations Code. By means of this acquisition, Baker acquired the physical plant of California Rendering and all of the rendering raw material accounts of California Rendering in the Los Angeles area.

23. The effect of the aforesaid acquisition may be substantially to lessen competition or tend to create a monopoly in rendering in the Los Angeles area in violation of Section 7 of the Clayton Act in the following ways, among others:

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(a) actual and potential competition between Baker and California Rendering in the purchase and processing of rendering raw materials and in the sale of products derived therefrom has been eliminated; Baker has increased its relative size and (b) production capability in the purchase and processing of rendering raw materials and in the sale of products derived therefrom to such a point that its advantage over actual and potential competitors is decisive; and (c) concentration in the rendering industry in the Los Angeles area has been substantially increased, to the detriment of actual and potential competition.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, the plaintiff prays:

1. That the aforesaid combination and conspiracy, alleged as the first offense in this complaint, be adjudged and decreed to be unlawful and in violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Act.

2. That the aforesaid acquisition, alleged as the second offense in this complaint, be adjudged a violation of Section 7 of the Clayton Act.

3. That each of the defendants named in the first offense in this complaint, their successors, assignees and transferees, and the respective officers, directors, agents and employees thereof, be permanently enjoined and restrained from carrying out, directly or indirectly, the combination and conspiracy hereinbefore alleged, or from engaging in any other combination or conspiracy having a similar purpose or effect, or from

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adopting or following any practice, plan, program or device 1 having a similar purpose or effect. 2

That Baker be ordered to divest itself of all owner-4. ship interest in California Rendering, including the physical plant and all rendering raw material accounts it acquired as a result of the aforesaid acquisition.

5. That Baker be permanently enjoined from acquiring, directly or indirectly, any asset, share of stock or other 8 interest in any company directly or indirectly engaged in the 9 10 rendering business in the Los Angeles area.

That the plaintiff have such other and further relief 6. as the nature of the case may require and which the Court may deem just and proper.

7. That the plaintiff recover the costs of this suit.

15 16 Ν. JOHN MITCHELL 17 Artorney General 18 19 W.1 RICHARD MCLAREN Assistant Attorney General 20 a chi 21 BADDIA J. RASHID 22 23 JAMES J. COYLE 24 Attorneys, Department of Justice 25 26 27 28

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