

FY 2021 APPROPRIATIONS LANGUAGE CHANGES

U.S. Department of Justice

Table 1 describes substantive changes to Department of Justice appropriations language, using the FY 2020 enacted budget as the starting point. New language is *italicized and underlined*, and language proposed for deletion noted with brackets. Changes such as new funding levels, changes in references to fiscal years, minor program name changes, deletion of references to emergency funding designations and prior year rescissions are not discussed.

Table 1
FY 2021 PROPOSED APPROPRIATION LANGUAGE CHANGES

Program	Language Changes
<p align="center">EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW</p>	<p>For expenses necessary for the administration of immigration-related activities of the Executive Office for Immigration Review, [\$672,966,000] <u><i>\$882,872,000</i></u>, of which \$4,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Executive Office for Immigration Review fees deposited in the "Immigration Examinations Fee" account, [and of which not less than \$18,000,000 shall be available for services and activities provided by the Legal Orientation Program:]<i>-Provided</i>, That not to exceed \$35,000,000 of the total amount made available under this heading shall remain available until expended.</p> <p>EXPLANATION: The FY 2021 budget removes language contained in the FY 2020 enacted appropriation providing not less than \$18,000,000 for the Legal Orientation Program.</p>
<p align="center">GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES</p>	<p>For expenses necessary for the legal activities of the Department of Justice, not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed \$20,000 for expenses of collecting evidence, to be expended under the direction of, and to be accounted for solely under the certificate of, the Attorney General; the administration of pardon and clemency petitions; and rent of private or Government-owned space in the District of Columbia, [\$920,000,000] <u><i>\$971,429,000</i></u>, of which not to exceed \$20,000,000 for litigation support contracts shall remain available until expended: <i>Provided</i>, That of the amount provided for INTERPOL Washington dues payments, not to exceed \$685,000 shall remain available until expended: <i>Provided further</i>, That of the total amount appropriated, not to exceed \$9,000 shall be available to INTERPOL Washington for official reception and representation expenses: <i>Provided further</i>, <u><i>That of the total amount appropriated, not to exceed \$9,000 shall be available to the Criminal Division for official reception and representation expenses: Provided further</i></u>, That notwithstanding section 205 of this Act, upon a determination by the Attorney General that emergent circumstances require additional funding for litigation activities of the Civil Division, the Attorney General may transfer such amounts to "Salaries and Expenses, General Legal Activities" from available appropriations for the current fiscal year for the Department of Justice, as may be necessary to respond to such circumstances: <i>Provided further</i>, That any transfer pursuant to the preceding proviso shall be treated as a reprogramming under section [505] <u><i>504</i></u> of this Act and shall not be available for obligation or expenditure except in compliance with the procedures set forth in that section: <i>Provided further</i>, That of the amount appropriated, such sums as may be necessary shall be available to</p>

Program	Language Changes
	<p>the Civil Rights Division for salaries and expenses associated with the election monitoring program under section 8 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10305) and to reimburse the Office of Personnel Management for such salaries and expenses: <i>Provided further</i>, That of the amounts provided under this heading for the election monitoring program, \$3,390,000 shall remain available until expended[: <i>Provided further</i>, That of the amount appropriated, not less than \$193,715,000 shall be available for the Criminal Division, including related expenses for the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty Program].</p> <p>In addition, for [reimbursement of] expenses of the Department of Justice associated with processing cases under the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, [not to exceed \$13,000,000] <u>\$19,000,000</u>, to be appropriated from the Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund <u>and to remain available until expended</u>.</p> <p>EXPLANATION: The FY 2021 Budget includes the FY 2020 request for \$9,000 in reception and representation funds for Criminal Division. The FY 2021 Budget also removes the FY 2020 enacted proviso giving a carveout to the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty Program. Additionally, the FY 2021 Budget includes language to allow for funds appropriated from the Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund to remain available until expended.</p>
<p align="center">ANTITRUST</p>	<p>For expenses necessary for the enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws, [\$166,755,000] <u>\$188,524,000</u>, to remain available until expended, <u>of which not to exceed \$2,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses</u>: Provided, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, fees collected for pre-merger notification filings under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 18a), regardless of the year of collection (and estimated to be [\$141,000,000] \$136,000,000 in fiscal year [2020] <u>2021</u>), shall be retained and used for necessary expenses in this appropriation, and shall remain available until expended: Provided further, That the sum herein appropriated from the general fund shall be reduced as such offsetting collections are received during fiscal year [2020] <u>2021</u>, so as to result in a final fiscal year [2020] <u>2021</u> appropriation from the general fund estimated at [\$25,755,000]<u>\$52,524,000</u>.</p> <p>EXPLANATION: In support of the Antitrust Division’s international efforts, reception and representation fund authority is requested in the amount of \$2,000 to continue building and maintaining important international relationships.</p>
<p align="center">COMMUNITY RELATIONS SERVICE</p>	<p>[For necessary expenses of the Community Relations Service, \$16,000,000: <i>Provided</i>, That notwithstanding section 205 of this Act, upon a determination by the Attorney General that emergent circumstances require additional funding for conflict resolution and violence prevention activities of the Community Relations Service, the Attorney General may transfer such amounts to the Community Relations Service, from available appropriations for the current fiscal year for the Department of Justice, as may be necessary to respond to such circumstances: <i>Provided further</i>, That any transfer pursuant to the preceding proviso shall be treated as a reprogramming under section 505 of this Act and shall not be</p>

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	<p>available for obligation or expenditure except in compliance with the procedures set forth in that section.]</p> <p>EXPLANATION: The 2021 Budget is not requesting an appropriation for the Community Relations Service (CRS), and instead proposes to consolidate those functions within the Civil Rights Division (CRT). This consolidation would appropriately rightsize the Federal role in local conflict resolutions, while eliminating duplicative functions and improving efficiency. The Budget provides \$5 million and 15 positions to CRT to support this proposal.</p>
<p align="center">DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION</p>	<p>For necessary expenses of the Drug Enforcement Administration, including not to exceed \$70,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character pursuant to section 530C of title 28, United States Code; and expenses for conducting drug education and training programs, including travel and related expenses for participants in such programs and the distribution of items of token value that promote the goals of such programs, [\$2,279,153,000] <u>\$2,398,805,000</u>, of which not to exceed \$75,000,000 shall remain available until expended and not to exceed \$90,000 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses: <i>Provided, That, notwithstanding section 3672 of Public Law 106-310, up to \$10,000,000 may be used to reimburse States, units of local government, Indian tribal governments, other public entities, and multi-jurisdictional or regional consortia thereof for expenses incurred to clean up and safely dispose of substances associated with clandestine methamphetamine laboratories, conversion and extraction operations, tableting operations, or laboratories and processing operations for fentanyl and fentanyl-related substances which may present a danger to public health or the environment.</i></p> <p>EXPLANATION: DEA's current authorities allow it to use State and local cleanup funding for clandestine methamphetamine laboratory cleanups. State and local agencies have requested DEA's support for other illicit hazardous environments. The proposed proviso will grant DEA the authority it needs to use funds for these additional illicit hazardous environments, and will not negatively impact DEA's ability to support state and local meth lab cleanups.</p>
<p align="center"><u>HIGH INTENSITY DRUG TRAFFICKING AREAS PROGRAM (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)</u></p>	<p><u>For necessary expenses of the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program, as authorized by the Office of National Drug Control Policy Reauthorization Act of 1998 ("the Act"), \$254,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, for drug control activities consistent with the approved strategy for each of the designated High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas ("HIDTAs"), of which not less than 51 percent shall be transferred to State and local entities for drug control activities and shall be obligated not later than 120 days after enactment of this Act: Provided, That up to 49 percent may be transferred to Federal agencies and departments in amounts determined by the Attorney General, of which up to \$2,700,000 may be used for auditing services and associated activities: Provided further, That, notwithstanding the requirements of Public Law 106-58, any unexpended funds obligated prior to fiscal year 2019 may be used for any other approved activities of that HIDTA, subject to reprogramming requirements: Provided further, That upon a determination that all or part of the funds so transferred from this appropriation are not necessary for the purposes provided herein, such amounts may be transferred back to this appropriation: Provided further, That section 707 of the Act shall be applied by substituting "Attorney General" for "Director" and "Department of Justice" for "Office", respectively, in</u></p>

Program	Language Changes
	<p><u>each place they appear: Provided further, That unexpended balances in the "High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program, Federal Drug Control Programs, Executive Office of the President" account may be transferred to this appropriation.</u></p> <p>EXPLANATION: For 2021 the Budget proposes to transfer management of the HIDTA program from the Office of National Drug Control Policy to the Drug Enforcement Administration to improve coordination with the Department of Justice's other drug enforcement efforts.</p>
<p>ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES</p>	<p>For necessary expenses of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, for training of State and local law enforcement agencies with or without reimbursement, including training in connection with the training and acquisition of canines for explosives and fire accelerants detection; and for provision of laboratory assistance to State and local law enforcement agencies, with or without reimbursement, [\$1,400,000,000] <u>\$1,637,574,000</u>, of which not to exceed [\$36,000] <u>\$30,000</u> shall be for official reception and representation expenses, not to exceed \$1,000,000 shall be available for the payment of attorneys' fees as provided by section 924(d)(2) of title 18, United States Code, and not to exceed \$25,000,000 shall remain available until expended: <i>Provided</i>, That none of the funds appropriated herein shall be available to investigate or act upon applications for relief from Federal firearms disabilities under section 925(c) of title 18, United States Code: <i>Provided further</i>, That such funds shall be available to investigate and act upon applications filed by corporations for relief from Federal firearms disabilities under section 925(c) of title 18, United States Code: <i>Provided further</i>, That, <u>except to the extent necessary to effectuate the transfer of alcohol and tobacco enforcement and administration functions of the Bureau to the Department of the Treasury, as authorized by law</u>, no funds made available by this or any other Act may be used to transfer the functions, missions, or activities of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives to other agencies or Departments.</p> <p>EXPLANATION: The Budget proposes legislation to transfer primary jurisdiction over Federal tobacco and alcohol anti-smuggling laws from the Department of Justice and the ATF to the Department of the Treasury and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau. The amendment to the proviso would allow for funds to be spent on such a transfer.</p>
<p><u>ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES CONSTRUCTION</u></p>	<p><u>For necessary expenses related to construction of laboratory facilities, to include the cost of equipment, furniture, and information technology requirements; construction or acquisition of buildings, facilities and sites by purchase, or as otherwise authorized by law; conversion, modification and extension of federally owned buildings; and preliminary planning and design of projects; \$28,685,000, to remain available until expended.</u></p> <p>EXPLANATION: Adds a construction appropriation for ATF that authorizes ATF to build new laboratory facilities.</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p>BUREAU OF PRISONS, BUILDING AND FACILITIES</p>	<p>For planning, acquisition of sites, and construction of new facilities; purchase and acquisition of facilities and remodeling, and equipping of such facilities for penal and correctional use, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account; and constructing, remodeling, and equipping necessary buildings and facilities at existing penal and correctional institutions, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account, [\$308,000,000] <u>\$99,453,000</u>, to remain available until expended, [of which \$181,000,000 shall be available only for costs related to construction of new facilities:] <i>Provided</i>, That labor of United States prisoners may be used for work performed under this appropriation.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>(CANCELLATION)</u></p> <p><u>Of the unobligated balances available under this heading, \$505,000,000 are hereby permanently cancelled:</u> <u>Provided, That no amounts may be cancelled from amounts that were designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to the concurrent resolution on the budget or the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.</u></p> <p>EXPLANATION: The FY 2021 President’s Budget request eliminates the carveout for the construction of new facilities and cancels \$505 million in unobligated new construction funds.</p>
<p>RESEARCH, EVALUATION AND STATISTICS</p>	<p>For grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (<u>Public Law 90–351</u>) ("<u>title I of the 1968 Act</u>"); <u>the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–322) ("the 1994 Act")</u>; the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (<u>Public Law 93–415</u>) ("the 1974 Act"); [the Missing Children's Assistance Act (34 U.S.C. 11291 et seq.);]the [Prosecutorial Remedies and Other Tools to end the Exploitation of Children Today]<u>PROTECT Act</u>[of 2003] (Public Law 108–21); the Justice for All Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–405); the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–162) ("the 2005 Act"); the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (<u>title II of Public Law 101–647</u>); the Second Chance Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–199); the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (<u>chapter XIV of title II of Public Law 98–473</u>); the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–248) ("the Adam Walsh Act"); the PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–401); subtitle [D]<u>C</u> of title II of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296) ("the 2002 Act"); <u>the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–79) ("PREA")</u>; the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–180); the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (Public Law 113–4) ("the <u>VAW 2013 Act</u>"); <u>the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–198)</u>; <u>the First Step Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–391)</u>; and 28 U.S.C. 530C; and other programs, [\$79,000,000]<u>\$86,500,000</u>, to remain available until expended of which–</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p style="text-align: center;">RESEARCH, EVALUATION AND STATISTICS</p>	<p>(1) \$43,000,000 is for criminal justice statistics programs, and other activities, as authorized by part C of title I of the 1968 Act; and</p> <p>(2) [\$36,000,000]<u>\$43,500,000</u> is for research, development, and evaluation programs, and other activities as authorized by part B of title I of the 1968 Act and subtitle [D]<u>C</u> of title II of the 2002 Act, <u>and for activities authorized or consistent with the First Step Act of 2018</u>, of which [\$5,000,000] is for research targeted toward developing a better understanding of the domestic radicalization phenomenon, and advancing evidence-based strategies for effective intervention and prevention; \$1,000,000 is for research to study the root causes of school violence to include the impact and effectiveness of grants made under the STOP School Violence Act; \$1,000,000 is for a national study to understand the responses of law enforcement to sex trafficking of minors; and \$2,000,000 is for a national center on forensics]<u>not less than \$3,000,000 is for research and activities to better understand and counter human trafficking, and not less than \$1,000,000 is for research and activities to better understand and counter mass and other targeted violence, such as violence likely to kill or cause serious bodily harm to three or more individuals in public places.</u></p> <p>EXPLANATION:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clarifies legal citations and adopts appropriate formats (followed in all OJP appropriations) for such citations in a formal document such as this. Updates listed authorities and deletes certain legally-redundant citations. 2. Reflects statutory change that re-designated the former subtitle D of title II of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 as the current subtitle C of that title. 3. Within the NIJ carveout from the RES appropriation, adds a reference to the First Step Act of 2018, to ensure that amounts designated for use by NIJ are available for NIJ activities in connection with its statutory role in implementing various aspects of that Act, including its role under title I of that Act (related to an independent review committee). 4. Within the NIJ carveout, deletes existing language (FY 2020 enacted) that designated specific dollar amounts for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - research regarding the domestic radicalization phenomenon (see the SLLEA appropriation for a provision concerning funds for such research), - research regarding root causes of school violence, - study of law enforcement responses to sex trafficking of minors, and - a national center on forensics. 5. As second-tier carveouts within the NIJ carveout, designates minimum amounts of the RES appropriation to be available for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - research on human trafficking, and

Program	Language Changes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - research to better understand and counter mass and other targeted violence.
<p>STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)</p>	<p>For grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–322) ("the 1994 Act"); <u>title I</u> of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (<u>Public Law 90–351</u>) ("<u>title I</u> of the 1968 Act"); the Justice for All Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–405); the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (<u>title II</u> of Public Law 101–647) ("the 1990 Act"); the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–164) ("<u>the TVPRA of 2005</u>"); the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–162) ("the 2005 Act"); the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–248) ("the Adam Walsh Act"); the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–386) ("<u>the Victims of Trafficking Act</u>"); the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–180); subtitle [D]C of title II of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–296) ("the 2002 Act"); <u>the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–79) ("PREA"); the Public Safety Officer Medal of Valor Act of 2001 (Public Law 107–12)</u>; the Second Chance Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–199); the Prioritizing Resources and Organization for Intellectual Property Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–403) ("<u>the PRO-IP Act</u>"); the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (<u>chapter XIV of title II of Public Law 98–473</u>) ("<u>the 1984 Act</u>");[the Mentally Ill Offender Treatment and Crime Reduction Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–416);] the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (Public Law 113–4) ("the <u>VAW</u> 2013 Act"); the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–198) ("CARA");[the Justice for All Reauthorization Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–324); Kevin and Avonte's Law (division Q of Public Law 115–141) ("Kevin and Avonte's Law"); the Keep Young Athletes Safe Act of 2018 (title III of division S of Public Law 115–141) ("the Keep Young Athletes Safe Act"); the STOP School Violence Act of 2018 (title V of division S of Public Law 115–141) ("the STOP School Violence Act"); the Fix NICS Act of 2018 (title VI of division S of Public Law 115–141);] the Project Safe Neighborhoods Grant Program Authorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–185) ("<u>the PSN Grant Act of 2018</u>");[the SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act (Public Law 115–271); and the Second Chance Reauthorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–391)]; <u>28 U.S.C. 530C</u>; and <u>36 U.S.C. 220531 (Keep Young Athletes Safe Act)</u>; and other programs, [\$1,892,000,000]<u>\$1,511,200,000</u>, to remain available until expended as follows--</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p>STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)</p>	<p>(1) [\$547,210,000]\$411,700,000 for the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant program as authorized by <u>title I of the 1968 Act, including</u> subpart 1 of part E of <u>such</u> title[I of the 1968 Act] (except that section 1001(c), and the special rules for Puerto Rico under section 505(g), of <u>such</u> title[I of the 1968 Act] shall not apply for purposes of this Act), of which, notwithstanding such subpart 1[,]—</p> <p>(A) [\$12,000,000]\$15,000,000 is for [the]an Officer Robert Wilson III [Memorial Initiative]memorial initiative on Preventing Violence Against Law Enforcement <u>and Ensuring</u> Officer Resilience and Survivability (VALOR)[,];</p> <p>(B) \$7,500,000 is for an initiative to support evidence-based policing[,];</p> <p>(C) [\$8,000,000]\$5,000,000 is for an initiative to enhance prosecutorial decision-making[,];</p> <p>(D) [\$2,400,000]\$5,000,000 is for the operationalization, maintenance and expansion of the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System[,];</p> <p>(E) \$2,500,000 is for [an]a [academic based]training initiative to improve police-based responses to people with mental illness or developmental disabilities;</p> <p>[, \$2,000,000 is for a student loan repayment assistance program pursuant to section 952 of Public Law 110–315,]</p> <p>(F) \$15,500,000 is for prison rape prevention and prosecution grants to States and units of local government, and other programs, as authorized by [the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–79),]PREA;</p> <p>(G) \$2,000,000 is for [a grant program authorized]the Missing Americans Alert Program (title XXIV of the 1994 Act, amended by Kevin and Avonte's Law <u>of 2018</u>);</p> <p>[, \$3,000,000 is for a regional law enforcement technology initiative,]</p> <p>(H) [\$20,000,000]\$40,000,000 is for[grants authorized under] the[Project Safe Neighborhoods] <u>project safe neighborhoods program, including as authorized by the PSN</u> Grant[Authorization] Act of 2018[(Public Law 115–185)];</p> <p>[, \$2,000,000 is for a grant to provide a drug field testing and training initiative,]</p> <p>(I) [\$5,500,000]\$3,000,000 is for the Capital Litigation Improvement Grant Program, as authorized by [section 426 of Public Law 108–405]title IV of the Justice for All Act of 2004, [and]or for grants for wrongful conviction review;</p> <p>[, \$2,000,000 is for grants to States and units of local government to deploy managed access systems to combat contraband cell phone use in prison, \$1,000,000 is for a collaborative mental</p>

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<p>STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)</p>	<p>health and anti-recidivism initiative, \$100,000,000 is for grants for law enforcement activities associated with the presidential nominating conventions, \$2,000,000 is for a program to improve juvenile indigent defense, \$8,000,000 is for community-based violence prevention initiatives, and \$3,000,000 is for a national center for restorative justice;]</p> <p><i>(J) \$4,000,000 is for research to develop a better understanding of the <u>domestic radicalization phenomenon, and to advance related evidence-based strategies for effective intervention and prevention;</u></i></p> <p><i>(K) \$25,000,000 is for the matching grant program for law enforcement armor vests, as authorized by section 2501 of title I of the 1968 Act: <u>Provided, That \$1,500,000 is transferred directly to the National Institute of Standards and Technology's Office of Law Enforcement Standards for research, testing and evaluation programs; and</u></i></p> <p><i>(L) \$11,000,000 is for a rural violent crime initiative, including assistance for <u>law enforcement:</u></i></p> <p>[(2) \$244,000,000 for the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program, as authorized by section 241(i)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1231(i)(5)): <i>Provided, That no jurisdiction shall request compensation for any cost greater than the actual cost for Federal immigration and other detainees housed in State and local detention facilities;</i>]</p> <p>[(3)](2) [\$85,000,000]<u>\$120,000,000</u> for victim services programs for victims of trafficking, as authorized by section 107(b)(2) of [Public Law 106–386] <u>the Victims of Trafficking Act,</u> [for programs authorized under Public Law 109–164] <u>by the TVPRA of 2005,</u> or [programs authorized under Public Law 113–4] <u>by the VAW 2013 Act, and related activities such as investigations and prosecutions;</u></p> <p>[(4)](3) [\$14,000,000]<u>\$11,000,000</u> for <u>a grant program to prevent and address</u> economic, high technology, white collar, and Internet crime [prevention grants], including as authorized by section 401 of [Public Law 110–403] <u>the PRO-IP Act,</u> of which <u>not more than</u> \$2,500,000 is for [competitive grants that help State and local law enforcement tackle] intellectual property [thefts] <u>enforcement grants, (including as authorized by such section 401)</u> [, and \$2,000,000 for a competitive grant program for training students in computer forensics and digital investigation];</p> <p>[(5)](4) \$20,000,000 for sex offender management assistance, as authorized by the Adam Walsh Act, and related activities;</p> <p>[(6) \$27,500,000 for the Patrick Leahy Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant Program, as authorized by section 2501 of title I of the 1968 Act: <i>Provided, That \$1,500,000 is transferred directly to the National Institute of Standards and Technology's Office of Law Enforcement Standards for research, testing and evaluation programs;</i>]</p>

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<p>STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)</p>	<p>[(7)](5) \$1,000,000 for the National Sex Offender Public Website;</p> <p>[(8)](6) [\$78,290,000]<u>\$85,000,000</u> for grants to States to upgrade criminal and mental health records for the National Instant Criminal Background Check System: <i>Provided, That, to the extent warranted by meritorious applications, priority shall be given to applications for awards under the authority of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–180), [of which] and no less than \$25,000,000 shall be [for grants made]awarded under [the authorities of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–180) and Fix NICS Act of 2018]such authority;</i></p> <p>[(9)](7) [\$30,000,000]<u>\$10,000,000</u> for Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grants under part BB of title I of the 1968 Act;</p> <p>[(10)](8) [\$132,000,000]<u>\$105,000,000</u> for DNA-related and forensic programs and activities, of which—</p> <p>(A) [\$102,000,000]<u>\$97,000,000</u> is for the purposes authorized under section 2 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–546) (the Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program) <i>and for forensic activities, notwithstanding the foregoing: Provided, That up to 4 percent of funds made available under this paragraph may be used for the purposes described in section 303 of the Justice for All Act (the DNA Training and Education for Law Enforcement, Correctional Personnel, and Court Officers program)[(Public Law 108–405, section 303)];</i></p> <p>[(B) \$19,000,000 for other local, State, and Federal forensic activities;]</p> <p>(C) [\$7,000,000]<u>\$4,000,000</u> is for the purposes described in <u>section 412 of the Justice for All Act (the Kirk Bloodsworth Post-Conviction DNA Testing Grant Program)[(Public Law 108–405, section 412)];</u> and</p> <p>(D) \$4,000,000 is for Sexual Assault Forensic Exam Program grants, including as authorized by section 304 of [Public Law 108–405]<u>the Justice for All Act;</u></p> <p>[(11)](9) [\$48,000,000]<u>\$47,500,000</u> for a [grant]<u>community-based</u> program[for community-based] <u>to improve the response to sexual assault [response re- form], including assistance for investigation and prosecution of related cold cases;</u></p> <p>[(12)](10) [\$12,000,000]<u>\$9,000,000</u> for the court-appointed special advocate program, as authorized by section 217 of the 1990 Act;</p> <p>[(13) \$38,000,000 for assistance to Indian tribes;]</p> <p>[(14)](11) [\$90,000,000]<u>\$87,500,000</u> for offender reentry programs and research, <i>including</i> as authorized by the Second Chance Act of 2007[(Public Law 110–199) and by the Second Chance Reauthorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–391), without regard to the time limitations specified at section 6(1) of such Act], of which, <u>notwithstanding such Act of 2007,</u> not to exceed—</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p>STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)</p>	<p><u>(A)</u> \$6,000,000 is for a program to improve State, local, and tribal probation or parole supervision efforts and strategies[.]; <u>and</u></p> <p><u>(B)</u> \$5,000,000 is for [Children]<u>children</u> of [Incarcerated Parents Demonstrations]<u>incarcerated parents demonstration programs</u> to enhance and maintain parental and family relationships for incarcerated parents as a reentry or recidivism reduction strategy[, and \$4,500,000 is for additional replication sites employing the Project HOPE Opportunity Probation with Enforcement model implementing swift and certain sanctions in probation, and for a research project on the effectiveness of the model: <i>Provided</i>, That up to \$7,500,000 of funds made available in this paragraph may be used for performance-based awards for Pay for Success projects, of which up to \$5,000,000 shall be for Pay for Success programs implementing the Permanent Supportive Housing Model];</p> <p>[(15) \$67,500,000 for initiatives to improve police-community relations, of which \$22,500,000 is for a competitive matching grant program for purchases of body-worn cameras for State, local and Tribal law enforcement, \$28,000,000 is for a justice reinvestment initiative, for activities related to criminal justice reform and recidivism reduction, and \$17,000,000 is for an Edward Byrne Memorial criminal justice innovation program;]</p> <p>[(16)]<u>(12)</u> [\$378,000,000]<u>\$352,000,000</u> for comprehensive opioid abuse reduction activities, including as authorized by CARA, and for the following programs, which shall address opioid, stimulant, and substance abuse reduction consistent with underlying program authorities—</p> <p>(A) [\$80,000,000]<u>\$77,000,000</u> for Drug Courts, as authorized by [section 1001(a)(25)(A)]<u>part EE</u> of title I of the 1968 Act;</p> <p>(B) \$33,000,000 for mental health courts and adult and juvenile collaboration program grants, as authorized by parts V and HH of title I of the 1968 Act, [and the Mentally Ill Offender Treatment and Crime Reduction Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–416)]<u>notwithstanding section 2991(e) of such title</u>;</p> <p>(C) [\$31,000,000]<u>\$30,000,000</u> for grants for Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners, as authorized by part S of title I of the 1968 Act;</p> <p>(D) [\$23,000,000]<u>\$22,000,000</u> for a veterans treatment courts program;</p> <p>(E) [\$31,000,000]<u>\$30,000,000</u> for a program to monitor prescription drugs and scheduled listed chemical products; and</p> <p>(F) [\$180,000,000]<u>\$160,000,000</u> for a comprehensive opioid, stimulant, and substance abuse program;</p> <p>[(17)]<u>(13)</u> \$2,500,000 for a competitive grant program <u>as</u> authorized by the Keep Young Athletes Safe Act, <u>36 U.S.C. 220531</u>;</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p>STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)</p>	<p>[(18)](14) [\$75,000,000]<u>\$150,000,000</u> for[grants to be administered by the Bureau of Justice Assistance for purposes] <u>school safety programs, including as</u> authorized[under] <u>by</u> the STOP School Violence Act <u>of 2018 (part AA of title I of the 1968 Act)</u>; and</p> <p>[(19) \$2,000,000 for grants to state and local law enforcement agencies for the expenses associated with the investigation and prosecution of criminal offenses, involving civil rights, authorized by the Emmett Till Unsolved Civil Rights Crimes Reauthorization Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–325);]</p> <p><u>(15) \$99,000,000 is for grants under section 1701 of title I of the 1968 Act for the hiring and rehiring of additional career law enforcement officers under part Q of such title notwithstanding subsection (i) of such section: Provided, That notwithstanding section 1704(c) of such title, funding for hiring or rehiring a career law enforcement officer may not exceed \$125,000 unless the Attorney General grants a waiver from this limitation: Provided further, That section 210(3) of this Act shall not apply to any funds specified under this paragraph (15); Provided further, That notwithstanding such section 1701, of the amount specified at the beginning of this paragraph—</u></p> <p><u>(A) \$13,000,000 is for activities authorized by section 1701(b)(17) (added by the POLICE Act of 2016);</u></p> <p><u>(B) \$10,000,000 is for regional information sharing activities, as authorized by part M of title I of the 1968 Act;</u></p> <p><u>(C) \$8,000,000 is for improving tribal law enforcement, including hiring, equipment, training, anti-methamphetamine activities, and anti-opioid activities;</u></p> <p><u>(D) \$7,000,000 is for community policing development activities in furtherance of the purposes in section 1701;</u></p> <p><u>(E) \$3,000,000 is for tribal access program (TAP) activities; and</u></p> <p><u>(F) \$2,000,000 is for mental health and wellness activities for law enforcement, including as authorized by section 1701(b)(23) (added by the Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act of 2017):</u></p> <p><u>Provided, That balances from any fiscal year for these or any other programs that may have been administered by the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services account to this account</u>[Provided, That, if a unit of local government uses any of the funds made available under this heading to increase the number of law enforcement officers, the unit of local government will achieve a net gain in the number of law enforcement officers who perform non-administrative public sector safety service].</p> <p>EXPLANATION:</p>

Program	Language Changes
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clarifies legal citations and adopts appropriate formats (followed in all OJP appropriations) for such citations in a formal document such as this. Updates listed authorities and deletes certain legally-redundant citations. 2. Reflects statutory change that re-designated the former subtitle D of title II of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 as the current subtitle C of that title. 3. As second-tier carveouts from the Byrne JAG carveout: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - designates an amount for research in connection with the domestic radicalization phenomenon (similar to language previously included in the RES appropriation), - designates an amount for the bulletproof vest program (previously a first-tier carveout within the SLLEA appropriation), and provides for transfer of a portion of that amount to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, and - designates an amount to be used to address violent crime in rural areas. 4. Within existing (FY 2020 enacted) second-tier carveouts from the Byrne JAG carveout: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - adds language such that amounts designated for the project safe neighborhoods program might be used for successful or promising efforts that may not fall precisely within the scope of the recent PSN Grant Act of 2018, AND - adds language such that amounts designated for training to improve police-based responses to mentally-ill individuals might be used in connection with a training program being developed under an OJP award with prior-year funds. 5. Deletes the following existing (FY 2020 enacted) second-tier carveouts from the Byrne JAG carveout: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - John R. Justice Program, - regional law enforcement technology initiative, - drug field testing and training initiative, - managed access systems to combat contraband in prisons, - collaborative mental health and anti-recidivism initiative, - law enforcement activities in connection with presidential nominating conventions, - juvenile indigent defense (see the JJ appropriation for a provision concerning funds for a similar program), - community-based violence prevention, and - a national center for restorative justice. 6. Deletes an existing carveout for the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program. 7. Clarifies and simplifies the existing citations in the carveout that designates an amount for victim services programs for victims of trafficking; explicitly permits use for related activities such as investigations and prosecutions. 8. Clarifies and simplifies the language of the carveout that designates an

Program	Language Changes
	<p>amount to prevent and address economic, high technology, white collar, and Internet crime; deletes a second-tier carveout related to training students.</p> <p>9. Within the carveout concerning the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, clarifies (through a proviso) the priority to be given to meritorious applications for awards under the authority of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007.</p> <p>10. Within the carveout designating an amount for DNA-related and forensic programs and activities and its associated second-tier carveouts, uses citation format consistent with other citations in the document; adds language to remove potential ambiguity.</p> <p>11. Within the carveout pertaining to response to sexual assault and associated reform, adds language to remove any ambiguity as to whether the designated amount may be used for related cold cases.</p> <p>12. Within the SLLEA appropriation, deletes a first-tier carveout for the bulletproof vest program (an amount for that program is designated as a second-tier carveout from the Byrne JAG carveout).</p> <p>13. Deletes the carveout concerning assistance to Indian tribes within the SLLEA appropriation, in light of the funding to be made available through the proposed amendment of the existing DOJ general provision on OJP-wide set-asides (FY 2020 enacted, sec. 212). The amendment to the general provision adds a new subsection providing for a new set-aside for assistance to Indian tribes.</p> <p>14. Within the carveout for offender reentry programs, replaces “without regard to” language with “notwithstanding” language to provide a limited flexibility that encompasses the second-tier carveouts. Removes the second-tier carveouts concerning Pay for Success and Project HOPE Opportunity Probation with Enforcement to allow greater flexibility in allocating funding under the broader Second Chance Act and reentry programs.</p> <p>15. Deletes carveout regarding police-community relations, including its second-tier carveouts.</p> <p>16. Within the carveout (and second-tier carveouts) regarding opioid reduction and certain other activities and programs, clarifies citations and adds language to ensure that awards may be made without regard to certain administrative requirements.</p> <p>17. Within the carveout regarding school violence, adds language such that the amount designated might be used for promising school safety programs that may not fall precisely within the scope of the STOP School Violence Act of 2018. Also, clarifies the legal citation.</p> <p>18. Deletes the existing carveout regarding grants and the Emmett Till Unsolved Civil Rights Crimes Reauthorization Act of 2016.</p>

Program	Language Changes
	<p>19. Within the SLLEA appropriation, adds a carveout for grants under section 1701 of Part Q of title I of the 1968 Act ("Cops on the Beat"), with second-tier carveouts to designate amounts for various other activities. Includes provisos to ensure that certain administrative requirements and limitations do not apply to the grants under section 1701 or to the second-tier carveouts. Includes proviso that excludes the amounts designated in the carveout (including in the second-tier carveouts) from the new tribal set-aside being added to the existing DOJ general provision concerning OJP-wide set-asides (FY 2020 enacted, sec. 212).</p> <p><i>[Note: Because of a technical error in the Department of Justice General Provisions, section numbers are not amended correctly from the Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 2020. The section number cited in the language proposed here reflects the corrected amendment, and should be considered an accurate representation of the Budget's intentions.]</i></p> <p>20. At the end of the heading, adds a proviso regarding transfer to the SLLEA account of balances in the Community Oriented Policing Services account from any fiscal year, and use of such transferred balances.</p>
<p>JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS</p>	<p>For grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance authorized by the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (<u>Public Law 93-415</u>) ("the 1974 Act"); <u>title I</u> of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (<u>Public Law 90-351</u>) ("the 1968 Act"); <u>the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994</u> (<u>Public Law 103-322</u>) ("the 1994 Act"); the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-162) ("the 2005 Act"); [the Missing Children's Assistance Act (34 U.S.C. 11291 et seq.);] the [Prosecutorial Remedies and Other Tools to end the Exploitation of Children Today]<u>PROTECT</u> Act[of 2003] (Public Law 108-21); the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (<u>title II</u> of Public Law 101-647) ("the 1990 Act"); the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-248) ("the Adam Walsh Act"); the PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008 (Public Law 110-401) (<u>"the 2008 Act"</u>); the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (Public Law 113-4) ("the <u>VAW</u> 2013 Act"); [the Justice for All Reauthorization Act of 2016 (Public Law 114-324); the Juvenile Justice Reform Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-385);]<u>the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (chapter XIV of title II of Public Law 98-473)</u> ("the 1984 Act"); <u>the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (Public Law 114-198)</u>; and <u>28 U.S.C. 530C</u>; and other juvenile justice programs, [\$320,000,000] <u>\$227,500,000</u>, to remain available until expended as follows--</p> <p>(1) [\$63,000,000]<u>\$58,000,000</u> for programs authorized by section 221 of the 1974 Act[, and for training and technical assistance to assist small, nonprofit organizations with the Federal grants process]: <i>Provided</i>, That of the amounts provided under this paragraph, \$500,000 shall be for a competitive demonstration grant program to support emergency planning among State, local and tribal juvenile justice residential facilities;</p> <p>(2) [\$97,000,000]<u>\$43,000,000</u> for youth mentoring [grants]<u>programs</u>;</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p style="text-align: center;">JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS</p>	<p>(3) [\$42,000,000]<u>\$17,000,000</u> for delinquency prevention, of which, pursuant to sections 261 and 262 of the 1974 Act—</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">[(A) \$2,000,000 shall be for grants to prevent trafficking of girls;]</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">[(B) \$5,000,000 shall be for the Tribal Youth Program;]</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">[(C)](A) \$500,000 shall be for an Internet site providing information and resources on children of incarcerated parents;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">[(D)](B) \$2,000,000 shall be for competitive[grants] <u>grant programs</u> focusing on girls in the juvenile justice system;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">[(E)](C) [\$10,000,000]<u>\$9,000,000</u> shall be for an opioid-affected youth initiative; and</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">[(F) \$8,000,000 shall be for an initiative relating to children exposed to violence;]</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><u>(D) \$5,500,000 shall be for gang and youth violence education, prevention and intervention, and related activities;</u></p> <p>(4) [\$27,000,000]<u>\$20,000,000</u> for programs authorized by the [Victims of Child Abuse Act of]1990 <u>Act</u>;</p> <p>(5) [\$87,500,000]<u>\$85,000,000</u> for missing and exploited children programs, including as authorized by sections 404(b) and 405(a) of the 1974 Act (except that section 102(b)(4)(B) of the[PROTECT Our Children Act of] 2008 [(Public Law 110–401)]<u>Act</u> shall not apply for purposes of this Act); [and]</p> <p>(6) [\$3,500,000]<u>\$2,000,000</u> for child abuse training programs for judicial personnel and practitioners, as authorized by section 222 of the 1990 Act; <u>and</u></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><u>(7)\$2,500,000 for grants and training programs to improve juvenile justice prosecution and defense, of which \$1,250,000 shall be for programs related to juvenile justice prosecution and \$1,250,000 shall be for programs related to juvenile justice defense:</u></p> <p><i>Provided</i>, That not more than 10 percent of each amount may be used for research, evaluation, and statistics activities [designed to benefit the programs or activities authorized]<u>related to juvenile justice and delinquency prevention:</u></p> <p><i>Provided further</i>, That not more than 2 percent of [the amounts]<u>each amount</u> designated, <u>other than as expressly authorized by statute,</u>[under paragraphs (1) through (3) and (6)] may be used for training and technical assistance <u>related to juvenile justice and delinquency prevention: Provided further, That funds made available for juvenile justice and delinquency prevention activities pursuant to the two preceding provisos may be used without regard to the authorizations associated with the underlying sources of those funds:</u> <i>Provided further</i>, That the [two]<u>three</u> preceding provisos shall not apply to grants and projects administered pursuant to sections 261 and 262 of the 1974 Act,[and] to missing and exploited children programs.</p>

Program	Language Changes
	<p>EXPLANATION:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clarifies legal citations and adopts appropriate formats (followed in all OJP appropriations) for such citations. Updates listed authorities and deletes certain legally-redundant citations. 2. Within the existing (FY 2020 enacted) carveout regarding programs authorized by section 221 of the JJDPA (the "1974 Act"), deletes a reference to training and technical assistance focused on specific types of organizations. 3. Within the carveout concerning youth mentoring, modifies language to reflect the more standard "\$XYZ for ... programs" (or "... activities") format generally used as a matter of course in most other carveouts. 4. Within the carveout concerning delinquency prevention— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - adds a second-tier carveout that designates an amount for gang and youth violence education, prevention and intervention, and related activities, - deletes a second-tier carveout for the Tribal Youth program, as funding would be made available through the proposed amendment of the existing DOJ general provision on OJP-wide set-asides (FY 2020 enacted, sec. 212), - deletes second-tier carveouts pertaining to trafficking of girls and an initiative relating to children exposed to violence, and - modifies language in the second-tier carveout regarding girls in the juvenile justice system to reflect the more standard format generally used as a matter of course in most other carveouts. 5. Within the JJ appropriation, adds a carveout for juvenile prosecution and juvenile defense improvement programs. 6. Clarifies provisos at the end of the heading that are pertinent to the use of funds for research and statistics related to juvenile justice and delinquency prevention, and for training and technical assistance related to juvenile justice and delinquency prevention.
<p align="center">COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING (COPS)</p>	<p>[For activities authorized by the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322); the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 ("the 1968 Act"); the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-162) ("the 2005 Act"); the American Law Enforcement Heroes Act of 2017 (Public Law 115-37); and the SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act (Public Law 115-271), \$343,000,000, to remain available until expended: <i>Provided</i> , That any balances made available through prior year deobligations shall only be available in accordance with section 505 of this Act: <i>Provided further</i> , That of the amount provided under this heading-</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p style="text-align: center;">COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING (COPS)</p>	<p>(1) \$235,000,000 is for grants under section 1701 of title I of the 1968 Act (34 U.S.C. 10381) for the hiring and rehiring of additional career law enforcement officers under part Q of such title notwithstanding subsection (i) of such section: <i>Provided</i> , That, notwithstanding section 1704(c) of such title (34 U.S.C. 10384(c)), funding for hiring or rehiring a career law enforcement officer may not exceed \$125,000 unless the Director of the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services grants a waiver from this limitation: <i>Provided further</i> , That within the amounts appropriated under this paragraph, \$27,000,000 is for improving tribal law enforcement, including hiring, equipment, training, anti-methamphetamine activities, and anti-opioid activities: <i>Provided further</i> , That of the amounts appropriated under this paragraph, \$6,500,000 is for community policing development activities in furtherance of the purposes in section 1701: <i>Provided further</i> , That of the amounts appropriated under this paragraph \$38,000,000 is for regional information sharing activities, as authorized by part M of title I of the 1968 Act, which shall be transferred to and merged with "Research, Evaluation, and Statistics" for administration by the Office of Justice Programs: <i>Provided further</i> , That within the amounts appropriated under this paragraph, no less than \$3,000,000 is to support the Tribal Access Program: <i>Provided further</i> , That within the amounts appropriated under this paragraph, \$5,000,000 is for training, peer mentoring, and mental health program activities as authorized under the Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act (Public Law 115-113);</p> <p>(2) \$10,000,000 is for activities authorized by the POLICE Act of 2016 (Public Law 114-199);</p> <p>(3) \$13,000,000 is for competitive grants to State law enforcement agencies in States with high seizures of precursor chemicals, finished methamphetamine, laboratories, and laboratory dump seizures: <i>Provided</i> , That funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be utilized for investigative purposes to locate or investigate illicit activities, including precursor diversion, laboratories, or methamphetamine traffickers;</p> <p>(4) \$35,000,000 is for competitive grants to statewide law enforcement agencies in States with high rates of primary treatment admissions for heroin and other opioids: <i>Provided</i>, That these funds shall be utilized for investigative purposes to locate or investigate illicit activities, including activities related to the distribution of heroin or unlawful distribution of prescription opioids, or unlawful heroin and prescription opioid traffickers through statewide collaboration; and</p> <p>(5) \$50,000,000 is for competitive grants to be administered by the Community Oriented Policing Services Office for purposes authorized under the STOP School Violence Act (title V of division S of Public Law 115-141).]</p> <p>EXPLANATION: In 2021 the President’s Budget proposes that the Community Oriented Policing Services heading be eliminated and that these community</p>

Program	Language Changes
	<p>policing activities will be merged into the Office of Justice Programs (OJP), which provides leadership to federal, state, local and tribal systems, by disseminating state-of-the-art knowledge and practices across America by providing grants for the implementation of crime fighting strategies.</p>
<p>OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN (OVW)</p>	<p>[For grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and other assistance for the prevention and prosecution of violence against women, as authorized by the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.) ("the 1968 Act"); the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322) ("the 1994 Act"); the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-647) ("the 1990 Act"); the Prosecutorial Remedies and Other Tools to end the Exploitation of Children Today Act of 2003 (Public Law 108-21); the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.) ("the 1974 Act"); the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-386) ("the 2000 Act"); the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-162) ("the 2005 Act"); the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (Public Law 113-4) ("the 2013 Act"); the Rape Survivor Child Custody Act of 2015 (Public Law 114-22) ("the 2015 Act"); and the Abolish Human Trafficking Act (Public Law 115-392); and for related victims services, \$502,500,000, to remain available until expended, of which \$435,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from amounts available for obligation in this Act from the Fund established by section 1402 of chapter XIV of title II of Public Law 98-473 (34 U.S.C. 20101), notwithstanding section 1402(d) of such Act of 1984, and merged with the amounts otherwise made available under this heading:</p> <p><i>Provided</i>, That except as otherwise provided by law, not to exceed 5 percent of funds made available under this heading may be used for expenses related to evaluation, training, and technical assistance:</p> <p><i>Provided further</i>, That of the amount provided-</p> <p>(1) \$215,000,000 is for grants to combat violence against women, as authorized by part T of the 1968 Act;</p> <p>(2) \$37,000,000 is for transitional housing assistance grants for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or sexual assault as authorized by section 40299 of the 1994 Act;</p> <p>(3) \$2,500,000 is for the National Institute of Justice and the Bureau of Justice Statistics for research, evaluation, and statistics of violence against women and related issues addressed by grant programs of the Office on Violence Against Women, which shall be transferred to "Research, Evaluation and Statistics" for administration by the Office of Justice Programs;</p> <p>(4) \$11,500,000 is for a grant program to provide services to advocate for and respond to youth victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking; assistance to children and youth exposed to such violence; programs to engage men and youth in preventing such violence; and assistance to middle and high school students through education and other services related to such violence:</p> <p><i>Provided</i>, That unobligated balances available for the programs authorized by</p>

Program	Language Changes
<p>OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN (OVW)</p>	<p>sections 41201, 41204, 41303, and 41305 of the 1994 Act, prior to its amendment by the 2013 Act, shall be available for this program: <i>Provided further</i>, That 10 percent of the total amount available for this grant program shall be available for grants under the program authorized by section 2015 of the 1968 Act: <i>Provided further</i>, That the definitions and grant conditions in section 40002 of the 1994 Act shall apply to this program; (5) \$53,000,000 is for grants to encourage arrest policies as authorized by part U of the 1968 Act, of which \$4,000,000 is for a homicide reduction initiative; (6) \$38,000,000 is for sexual assault victims assistance, as authorized by section 41601 of the 1994 Act; (7) \$43,500,000 is for rural domestic violence and child abuse enforcement assistance grants, as authorized by section 40295 of the 1994 Act; (8) \$20,000,000 is for grants to reduce violent crimes against women on campus, as authorized by section 304 of the 2005 Act; (9) \$46,000,000 is for legal assistance for victims, as authorized by section 1201 of the 2000 Act; (10) \$5,000,000 is for enhanced training and services to end violence against and abuse of women in later life, as authorized by section 40801 of the 1994 Act; (11) \$17,000,000 is for grants to support families in the justice system, as authorized by section 1301 of the 2000 Act: <i>Provided</i>, That unobligated balances available for the programs authorized by section 1301 of the 2000 Act and section 41002 of the 1994 Act, prior to their amendment by the 2013 Act, shall be available for this program; (12) \$6,000,000 is for education and training to end violence against and abuse of women with disabilities, as authorized by section 1402 of the 2000 Act; (13) \$1,000,000 is for the National Resource Center on Workplace Responses to assist victims of domestic violence, as authorized by section 41501 of the 1994 Act; (14) \$1,000,000 is for analysis and research on violence against Indian women, including as authorized by section 904 of the 2005 Act: <i>Provided</i>, That such funds may be transferred to "Research, Evaluation and Statistics" for administration by the Office of Justice Programs; (15) \$500,000 is for a national clearinghouse that provides training and technical assistance on issues relating to sexual assault of American Indian and Alaska Native women; (16) \$4,000,000 is for grants to assist tribal governments in exercising special domestic violence criminal jurisdiction, as authorized by section 904 of the 2013 Act: <i>Provided</i>, That the grant conditions in section 40002(b) of the 1994 Act shall apply to this program; and (17) \$1,500,000 is for the purposes authorized under the 2015 Act.]</p> <p>EXPLANATION: The FY 2021 Budget continues an amended version of the Crime Victims Fund (CVF) reform effort included in the FY 2020 President's Budget. The goal of the proposal is to protect CVF's long-term stability, and eliminate the use of the CVF balance to offset discretionary spending. Among other reforms, the legislative proposal would establish an annual mandatory transfer to OVW to support programs authorized by the Violence Against Women Act and subsequent related legislation. The FY 2021 request includes \$498,500,000 for programs administered by OVW.</p>

Program	Language Changes
FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES (FEW)	<p>For fees and expenses of witnesses, for expenses of contracts for the procurement and supervision of expert witnesses, for private counsel expenses, including advances, and for expenses of foreign counsel, \$270,000,000, to remain available until expended , of which not to exceed \$16,000,000 is for construction of buildings for protected witness safesites; not to exceed \$3,000,000 is for the purchase and maintenance of armored and other vehicles for witness security caravans; and not to exceed [\$18,000,000] <i>\$25,000,000</i> is for the purchase, installation, maintenance, and upgrade of secure telecommunications equipment and a secure automated information network to store and retrieve the identities and locations of protected witnesses: Provided, That amounts made available under this heading may not be transferred pursuant to section 205 of this Act.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>(Cancellation)</u></p> <p><u>Of the unobligated balances from prior year appropriations available under this heading, \$150,000,000 are hereby permanently cancelled.</u></p> <p>EXPLANATION: Under the Fees and Expenses of Witnesses (FEW) Appropriation language, the USMS requests to increase the information technology funding cap from \$18,000,000 to \$25,000,000, an increase of \$7,000,000. Below are the IT investments that consist of the request to increase the IT cap. Costs reflected are based on current year estimates.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insider Threat Reduction: Deploy select new technologies and tools to reduce risks associated with insider threats and maintain the protection of the Agency's most sensitive data, \$1,500,000. 2. Core System 2.0: Design and develop the next generation of core system to protect sensitive data, reduce maintenance costs, improve operational efficiency, and improve the user experience, \$3,500,000. 3. Bandwidth/Circuits: Increase bandwidth to improve reliability and improve efficiencies at Headquarters and a limited number of field offices, \$1,000,000. 4. Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI): Design a new enclave to support communication and collaboration with key external stakeholders and partners, resulting in more reliable and more efficient channels to control and share information with external partners, \$750,000 5. Cross Domain Information Sharing: Design an automated one-way solution to transfer data securely from unclassified to classified networks, reducing the likelihood of data spillage, \$250,000.