# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND ADMINISTRATOR, NEW JERSEY SPILL COMPENSATION FUND,

Civil Action No. 2:23-cv-20769

Plaintiffs,

v.

Stepan Company,

Defendant.

**CONSENT DECREE** 

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#### I. BACKGROUND

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs United States of America ("United States"), on behalf of the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, and the Administrator of the New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund (collectively referred to as "NJDEP"), filed a complaint in this matter under sections 106 and 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended ("CERCLA") and the New Jersey Spill Compensation and Control ("Spill Act"), N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11 through 23.24.

WHEREAS, the Plaintiffs in their complaint seek, *inter alia*: (1) reimbursement of costs incurred by EPA and the Department of Justice ("DOJ"), NJDEP, and the New Jersey Division of Law for certain response actions at the Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site in Maywood, Lodi, and Rochelle Park, Bergen County, New Jersey ("Site"), together with accrued interest; and (2) performance by the defendant of a response action at the Site consistent with the National Contingency Plan, 40 C.F.R. part 300 ("NCP") and state laws and regulations, as identified in this Decree.

WHEREAS, in accordance with the NCP and section 121(f)(1)(F) of CERCLA, EPA notified NJDEP on May 10, 2022, of negotiations with a potentially responsible party ("PRP") regarding the implementation of the remedial action ("RA") for the Site, and EPA has provided NJDEP with an opportunity to participate in such negotiations and to be a party to this Consent Decree ("Decree").

WHEREAS, in accordance with section 122(j)(1) of CERCLA, EPA notified the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, New Jersey Field Office on September 23, 2022, and New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection on May 10, 2022, and September 23, 2022, of negotiations with a PRP regarding the release of hazardous substances that may have resulted in injury to the natural resources under federal trusteeship and encouraged the trustee(s) to participate in the negotiation of this Decree.

WHEREAS, the defendant that has entered into this Decree ("Settling Defendant") does not admit any liability to Plaintiffs arising out of the transactions or occurrences alleged in the complaints, nor does it acknowledge that the release or threatened release of hazardous substance(s) at or from the Site constitutes an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health or welfare or the environment.

WHEREAS, in accordance with section 105 of CERCLA, EPA listed the Site on the National Priorities List ("NPL"), set forth at 40 C.F.R. part 300, Appendix B, by publication in the Federal Register on September 8, 1983, 48 Fed. Reg.40,658, due to risks posed by radioactive and chemical contamination at the Site.

WHEREAS, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers ("Corps") is remediating the radioactive contamination, and comingled chemical and radioactive contamination, with continuing

Congressional appropriations under the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program ("FUSRAP").

WHEREAS, site cleanup work has been divided into four operable units ("OUs"): OU1 for non-FUSRAP soil and source areas; OU2 for FUSRAP soil and buildings; OU3 for FUSRAP groundwater; and OU4 for non-FUSRAP groundwater.

WHEREAS, in 1987, Settling Defendant entered into an Administrative Order on Consent with EPA, Index No. 11-CERCLA-70104 dated September 21, 1987 ("RI/FS AOC"), to perform a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study on eight commercial properties, focusing on chemical, non-radiological contamination.

WHEREAS, EPA required Settling Defendant to expand the scope of the investigation described in the RI/FS AOC to include an investigation on its own property through a May 2, 1991, EPA Unilateral Administrative Order, Index No. 11-CERCLA-1 0105.

WHEREAS, on May 7, 2009, NJDEP filed a Consent Judgment in the matter NJDEP v. Dixo Company, Inc., Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division – Bergen County, Docket No. BER-L-5317-04, in which NJDEP fully and forever released, covenanted not to sue and not to take other judicial or administrative action against Settling Defendant for reimbursement of cleanup and removal costs and natural resource damages incurred prior to the effective date of the Consent Judgment.

WHEREAS, in order to proceed sequentially, separate tracks for soil and groundwater cleanups were designated, so that chemically-contaminated soil and buried waste impacting groundwater would be addressed initially as OU1. Settling Defendant completed a Remedial Investigation for OU1 in November 1994. EPA completed a final Feasibility Study for OU1, addressing soil and source area contamination, in August 2013, in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 300.430.

WHEREAS, in accordance with section 117 of CERCLA and 40 C.F.R § 300.430(f), EPA published notice of the completion of the Feasibility Study and of the proposed plan for remedial action for OU1 of the Site on August 23, 2013, in a major local newspaper of general circulation. EPA provided an opportunity for written and oral comments from the public on the proposed plan for remedial action. A copy of the transcript of the public meeting and comments received are available to the public as part of the administrative record upon which the Director of the Superfund & Emergency Management Division, 1 EPA Region 2, based the selection of the response action.

WHEREAS, EPA selected a remedial action to be implemented at OU1 of the Site, which is embodied in a final Record of Decision ("Record of Decision"), executed on September 23, 2014, on which NJDEP has given its concurrence. The Record of Decision includes a summary of responses to the public comments. Notice of the final plan was published in accordance with section 117(b) of CERCLA. In January 2021, EPA issued an Explanation of Significant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> At the time the Record of Decision was signed, the Superfund & Emergency Management Division was called the Emergency and Remedial Response Division.

Differences, documenting the inclusion of residential properties in the OU1 remedy. The State concurred with the Explanation of Significant Differences.

WHEREAS, as described in the Record of Decision, inaccessible areas of the Sears and DeSaussure properties were known to contain radiologically-contaminated soil. The Record of Decision provides that, as the radiologically contaminated soils under currently occupied buildings becomes accessible in the future (e.g., due to renovation or demolition activities), EPA anticipates that the radiologically-contaminated soil will be remediated as part of the OU2 FUSRAP. Once remediation is complete under OU2, confirmatory sampling will be conducted to determine if non-FUSRAP chemical contamination remains in the newly accessible locations, and if so, the Record of Decision requires that this non-FUSRAP chemical contamination will be addressed as part of the OU1 remedy, and included in the OU1 Remedial Design and Remedial Action.

WHEREAS, in 2019 and 2020, Stepan Company completed two interim measures at the Sears property consistent with the remedy selected in the Record of Decision, consisting of excavation, transport, and off-Site disposal of contaminated soil because the then-owner of the Sears property was preparing the property for redevelopment.

WHEREAS, additional remedial design work may be required to address currently inaccessible soils on the DeSaussure property that become accessible in the future if non-FUSRAP chemical contamination remains after FUSRAP cleanup.

WHEREAS, the Army Corps has also identified areas on the Sears and Stepan Company properties that are currently inaccessible, known to contain radiologically-contaminated soil, and could also contain non-FUSRAP contaminated soil, but were not identified in the Record of Decision such as an area along Route 17 by the high-pressure gas line and certain areas on the Stepan property that are not currently accessible due to Stepan Company's ongoing operations.

WHEREAS, Settling Defendant has been performing the preliminary design investigation and remedial design work under an Administrative Settlement Agreement and Order on Consent, Index No. CERCLA-02-2015-2017, issued on April 23, 2015, and amended on September 1, 2021 ("RD AOC") to expand the work to include the remedial design for an additional 12 residential properties as described in the Explanation of Significant Differences.

WHEREAS, on July 14, 2021, to expedite the cleanup of residential properties prior to negotiation of this Consent Decree, EPA issued an Administrative Order pursuant to CERCLA Section 106, Index No. 02-2021-2028, to Settling Defendant for the remedial action required by the Explanation of Significant Differences ("Residential Property Order"). Settling Defendant submitted a Notice of Intent to Comply on July 22, 2021.

WHEREAS, based on the information currently available, EPA and NJDEP each has determined that the Work will be properly and promptly conducted by Settling Defendant if conducted in accordance with this Decree.

WHEREAS, the Parties recognize, and the Court by entering this Decree finds, that this Decree has been negotiated by the Parties in good faith, that implementation of this Decree will expedite the cleanup of the Site and will avoid prolonged and complicated litigation between the

Parties, and that this Decree is fair, reasonable, in the public interest, and consistent with CERCLA.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby **ORDERED** and **DECREED** as follows:

#### II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1367, and 1345, and sections 106, 107 and 113(b) of CERCLA, and personal jurisdiction over the Parties. Venue lies in this District under section 113(b) of CERCLA and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), and 1395(a), because the Site is located in this judicial district. This Court retains jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action and over the Parties for the purpose of resolving disputes arising under this Decree, entering orders modifying this Decree, or effectuating or enforcing compliance with this Decree. Settling Defendant may not challenge the terms of this Decree or this Court's jurisdiction to enter and enforce this Decree.

#### III. PARTIES BOUND

- 2. This Decree is binding upon the United States and NJDEP and upon Settling Defendant and its successors. Unless the United States otherwise consents, (a) any change in ownership or corporate or other legal status of Settling Defendant, including any transfer of assets, or (b) any Transfer of the Site or any portion thereof, does not alter any of Settling Defendant's obligations under this Decree. Settling Defendant's responsibilities under this Decree cannot be assigned except under a modification executed in accordance with ¶ 66.
- 3. In any action to enforce this Decree, Settling Defendant may not raise as a defense the failure of any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, contractors, subcontractors, or any person representing Settling Defendant to take any action necessary to comply with this Decree. Settling Defendant shall provide notice of this Decree to each person representing Settling Defendant with respect to the Site or the Work. Settling Defendant shall provide notice of this Decree to each contractor performing any Work and shall ensure that notice of the Decree is provided to each subcontractor performing any Work.

## IV. DEFINITIONS

4. Subject to the next sentence, terms used in this Decree that are defined in CERCLA or the regulations promulgated under CERCLA have the meanings assigned to them in CERCLA and the regulations promulgated under CERCLA. Whenever the terms set forth below are used in this Decree, the following definitions apply:

"CERCLA" means the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601-9675.

"Consent Decree" or "Decree" means this consent decree, all appendixes attached hereto (listed in Section XIX), and all deliverables incorporated into the Decree under ¶ 7.6 of the SOW. If there is a conflict between a provision in Sections I through XXIV and a provision in any appendix or deliverable, the provision in Sections I through XXIV controls.

"Day" or "day" means a calendar day. In computing any period under this Decree, the day of the event that triggers the period is not counted and, where the last day is not a working day, the period runs until the close of business of the next working day. "Working day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or State holiday.

"DOJ" means the United States Department of Justice.

"Effective Date" means the date upon which the Court's approval of this Decree is recorded on its docket.

"EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"Fund" means the Hazardous Substance Superfund established under section 9507 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 I.R.C. § 9507.

"Future Response Costs" means all costs related to OU1 (including direct, indirect, payroll, contractor, travel, laboratory, and enforcement costs) that the United States: (a) pays or has paid between October 1, 2021, and the Effective Date, including but not limited to all costs in connection with the Residential Property Order, that have not been reimbursed as of the Effective Date and that Settling Defendant is not obligated to pay pursuant to the RI/FS AOC and the RD AOC; and (b) pays after the Effective Date in implementing, overseeing, or enforcing this Decree and the Residential Property Order, including: (i) in developing, reviewing and approving deliverables generated under this Decree and the Residential Property Order; (ii) in overseeing Settling Defendant's performance of the Work and the Residential Property Work; (iii) in assisting or taking action to obtain access or use restrictions under ¶ 11.e of this Decree and/or ¶ 39 of the Residential Property Order; (iv) in securing, implementing, monitoring, maintaining, or enforcing Institutional Controls, including any compensation paid; (v) in taking action under ¶ 21 (Access to Financial Assurance) of this Decree and/or ¶ 49 of the Residential Property Order; (vi) in taking response action described in ¶ 50 of this Decree because of Settling Defendant's failure to take emergency action under ¶ 5.4 of the SOW and/or under ¶ 3.3 of the statement of work attached to the Residential Property Order ("Residential Property Order SOW"); (vii) in implementing a Work Takeover under ¶ 10 of this Decree and/or ¶ 49.a of the Residential Property Order; (viii) in implementing community involvement activities including the cost of any technical assistance grant provided under section 117(e) of CERCLA; (ix) in enforcing this Decree and/or the Residential Property Order, including all costs paid under Section XII (Dispute Resolution) and all litigation costs; and (x) in conducting periodic reviews in accordance with section 121(c) of CERCLA.

"Including" or "including" means "including but not limited to."

"Institutional Controls" means Proprietary Controls (*i.e.*, easements or covenants running with the land that (i) limit land, water, or other resource use, provide access rights, or both and (ii) are created under common law or statutory law by an instrument that is recorded, or for which notice is recorded, in the appropriate land records office) and state or local laws, regulations, ordinances, zoning restrictions, or other governmental controls or notices that:
(a) limit land, water, or other resource use to minimize the potential for human exposure to Waste Material at or in connection with the Site; (b) limit land, water, or other resource use to

implement, ensure noninterference with, or ensure the protectiveness of the remedy selected in the Record of Decision as modified by the Explanation of Significant Differences for OU1; (c) provide information intended to modify or guide human behavior at or in connection with the Site; or (d) any combination thereof.

"Interest" means interest at the rate specified for interest on investments of the Fund, as provided under section 107(a) of CERCLA, compounded annually on October 1 of each year. The applicable rate of interest will be the rate in effect at the time the interest accrues. The rate of interest is subject to change on October 1 of each year. As of the date of lodging of this Decree, rates are available online at https://www.epa.gov/superfund/superfund-interest-rates.

"National Contingency Plan" or "NCP" means the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan promulgated under section 105 of CERCLA, codified at 40 C.F.R. part 300, and any amendments thereto.

"NJDEP" shall mean the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and any successor departments or agencies of the State of New Jersey.

"NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs" shall mean all costs, including direct and indirect costs, and State Interest on such costs, that NJDEP will incur after the Effective Date of the Consent Decree in connection with the Work and the Residential Property Work.

"NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs" shall mean all costs, including direct and indirect costs that NJDEP incurred on or before the Effective Date of this Consent Decree in connection with OU1 at the Site that are not subject to the 2009 *NJDEP v. Dixo Company, Inc.* Consent Judgment, and, as applicable, State Interest on such costs.

"Operable Unit One" or "OU1" shall mean those actions taken to address chemically-contaminated soil and areas of buried waste, potentially impacting groundwater at the Site, which are not FUSRAP Waste.

"Operation and Maintenance" or "O&M" shall mean all activities required to operate, maintain, and monitor the effectiveness of the RA as specified in the SOW or in accordance with any EPA-approved O&M Plan.

"Paragraph" or "¶" means a portion of this Decree identified by an Arabic numeral or an upper- or lower-case letter.

"Parties" means the United States, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, and the Administrator of the New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund (collectively "NJDEP"), and Settling Defendant.

"Past Interest" means the Interest that had accrued through February 28, 2015, on all past response costs recovered in the RD AOC but that was not paid by Settling Defendant under the RD AOC. This unpaid Interest was reserved as "Past Interest" in the Paragraph 100.b. of the RD AOC, attached hereto as Appendix D.

"Past Response Costs" means Past Interest and all costs that the United States paid in connection with OU1 between March 1, 2015, and September 30, 2021, except as follows: Past Response Costs does not include any costs that Settling Defendant is obligated to pay under the RI/FS AOC or RD AOC, which Settling Defendant is to pay under the RI/FS AOC and RD AOC.

"Performance Standards" means the cleanup levels and other measures of achievement of the remedial action objectives, as set forth in the Record of Decision.

"Plaintiffs" means the United States and NJDEP.

"RCRA" means the Solid Waste Disposal Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6901-6992k, (also known as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act).

"Record of Decision" means the EPA decision document that memorializes the selection of the remedial action relating to OU1 of the Site signed on September 23, 2014, by the Director of the Superfund & Emergency Management Division, EPA Region 2, all attachments thereto, and the Explanation of Significant Differences issued in January 2021, documenting the inclusion of residential properties in the OU1 remedy. The Record of Decision, including the Explanation of Significant Differences and excluding the attachments to the Record of Decision, is attached as Appendix A. The complete September 23, 2014, decision document, including the attachments, can be found at <a href="https://semspub.epa.gov/work/02/282476.pdf">https://semspub.epa.gov/work/02/282476.pdf</a>. The January 2021 Explanation of Significant Differences can be found at <a href="https://semspub.epa.gov/work/02/616867.pdf">https://semspub.epa.gov/work/02/616867.pdf</a>.

"Remedial Action" means the remedial action selected in the Record of Decision, but not the work that is required by the January 2021 Explanation of Significant Differences under the Residential Property Order.

"Remedial Design" means those activities to be undertaken by Settling Defendant to develop plans and specifications for implementing the Remedial Action as set forth in the SOW.

"Residential Property Order" means the Administrative Order pursuant to CERCLA Section 106, Index No. 02-2021-2028, that EPA issued to Settling Defendant on July 14, 2021, requiring that it perform the remedial action added to the OU1 remedy by the January 2021 Explanation of Significant Differences for the residential properties. The Residential Property Order is attached as Appendix E.

"Residential Property Work" means that work and obligations required pursuant to the Residential Property Order to implement the remedial action on residential properties that is the subject of the January 2021 Explanation of Significant Differences.

"Scope of the Remedy" means the scope of the remedy set forth in ¶ 1.3 of the SOW.

"Section" means a portion of this Decree identified by a Roman numeral.

"Settling Defendant" means Stepan Company.

"Site" means the Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site, located on more than 88 properties in Maywood, Lodi, and Rochelle Park, Bergen County, New Jersey, and depicted generally on the map attached as Appendix C. The Site includes at least 63 acres. The Site includes property formerly owned by Maywood Chemical Company, some of which was transferred to Stepan Company in 1959. Currently, the Site includes property owned by Stepan Company, the government-owned Maywood Interim Storage Site ("MISS"), and other commercial/industrial and residential properties owned by other entities.

"Special Account" means the special account, within the Fund, established for the Site by EPA under section 122(b)(3) of CERCLA.

"State" means the State of New Jersey.

"State Interest" shall mean the interest rate established by R. 4:42 of the then-current edition of the New Jersey Court Rules.

"Statement of Work" or "SOW" means the document attached as Appendix B, which describes the activities Settling Defendant must perform to implement and maintain the effectiveness of the Remedial Action.

"Transfer" means to sell, assign, convey, lease, mortgage, or grant a security interest in, or where used as a noun, a sale, assignment, conveyance, or other disposition of any interest by operation of law or otherwise.

"United States" means the United States of America and each department, agency, and instrumentality of the United States, including EPA.

"Waste Material" means (a) any "hazardous substance" under Section 101(14) of CERCLA; (b) any pollutant or contaminant under section 101(33) of CERCLA; (c) any "solid waste" under section 1004(27) of RCRA; and (d) any "hazardous waste" under N.J.A.C. § 7:26G-5.

"Work" means all obligations of Settling Defendant under Sections VI (Performance of the Work) through IX (Indemnification and Insurance) with respect to the non-residential properties that are the subject of the Record of Decision and includes response actions Stepan Company performed on the Sears property as interim measures in 2019 and 2020.

"Work Takeover" means EPA's assumption of the performance of any of the Work in accordance with  $\P$  10.

#### V. OBJECTIVES

5. The objectives of the Parties in entering into this Decree are to protect public health, welfare, and the environment through the design, implementation, and maintenance of a response action at the Site by Settling Defendant, to pay response costs of Plaintiffs, and to resolve and settle the claims of Plaintiffs against Settling Defendant as provided in this Decree.

#### VI. PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK

- 6. Settling Defendant shall implement the remedy selected in the Record of Decision. Settling Defendant shall perform the Work and shall conduct the Residential Property Work pursuant to the Residential Property Order. Settling Defendant shall finance, develop, implement, operate, maintain, and monitor the effectiveness of the Remedial Action and any additional Remedial Design and Remedial Action that may be needed all in accordance with the SOW, any modified SOW and all EPA-approved, conditionally approved, or modified deliverables as required by the SOW or modified SOW.
- 7. Nothing in this Decree and no EPA approval of any deliverable required under this Decree constitutes a warranty or representation by EPA or NJDEP that completion of the Work will achieve the Performance Standards.

#### 8. Modifications to the Remedial Action and Further Response Actions

- a. Nothing in this Decree limits EPA's authority to modify the Remedial Action or to select further response actions for the Site in accordance with the requirements of CERCLA and the NCP. Nothing in this Decree limits Settling Defendant's rights, under sections 113(k)(2) or 117 of CERCLA, to comment on any modified or further response actions proposed by EPA.
- b. If EPA modifies the Remedial Action in order to achieve or maintain the Performance Standards, or both, or to carry out and maintain the effectiveness of the Remedial Action, and such modification is consistent with the Scope of the Remedy, then Settling Defendant shall implement the modification as provided in ¶ 8.c.
- c. Upon receipt of notice from EPA that it has modified the Remedial Action as provided in ¶ 8.b and requesting that Settling Defendant implement the modified Remedial Action, Settling Defendant shall implement the modification, subject to their right to initiate dispute resolution under Section XII within 30 days after receipt of EPA's notice. Settling Defendant shall modify the SOW, or related work plans, or both in accordance with the Remedial Action modification or, if Settling Defendant invokes dispute resolution, in accordance with the final resolution of the dispute. The Remedial Action modification, the approved modified SOW, and any related work plans will be deemed to be incorporated into and enforceable under this Decree.
- 9. Compliance with Applicable Law. Nothing in this Decree affects Settling Defendant's obligations to comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations. Settling Defendant must also comply with all applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements of all federal and state environmental laws as set forth in the Record of Decision and the SOW. The activities conducted in accordance with this Decree, if approved by EPA, will be deemed to be consistent with the NCP as provided under section 300.700(c)(3)(ii).

#### 10. Work Takeover

a. If EPA determines that Settling Defendant (i) has ceased to perform any of the Work required under this Section; (ii) is seriously or repeatedly deficient or late in

performing the Work required under this Section; or (iii) is performing the Work required under this Section in a manner that may cause an endangerment to human health or the environment, EPA may issue a notice of Work Takeover to Settling Defendant, including a description of the grounds for the notice and a period of time ("Remedy Period") within which Settling Defendant must remedy the circumstances giving rise to the notice. The Remedy Period will be 20 days, unless EPA determines in its unreviewable discretion that there may be an endangerment, in which case the Remedy Period will be 10 days.

- b. If, by the end of the Remedy Period, Settling Defendant does not remedy to EPA's satisfaction the circumstances giving rise to the notice of Work Takeover, EPA may notify Settling Defendant and, as it deems necessary, commence a Work Takeover.
- c. EPA may conduct the Work Takeover during the pendency of any dispute under Section XII but shall terminate the Work Takeover if and when: (i) Settling Defendant remedies, to EPA's satisfaction, the circumstances giving rise to the notice of Work Takeover; or (ii) upon the issuance of a final determination under Section XII (Dispute Resolution) that EPA is required to terminate the Work Takeover.
- d. In addition, the provisions of Paragraphs 49 and 61 of the Residential Property Order shall apply to the Residential Property Work.

## VII. PROPERTY REQUIREMENTS

#### 11. Agreements Regarding Access and Noninterference

- a. As used in this Section, "Affected Property" means any real property, including the Site, where EPA determines, at any time, that access; land, water, or other resource use restrictions; Institutional Controls; or any combination thereof, are needed to implement the Remedial Action.
- b. Settling Defendant shall use best efforts to secure from the owner(s) of all Affected Property, an agreement, enforceable by Settling Defendant and by Plaintiffs, requiring such owner to provide Plaintiffs and Settling Defendant, and their respective representatives, contractors, and subcontractors with access at all reasonable times to such owner's property to conduct any activity regarding the Decree, including the following:
  - (1) implementing the Work and overseeing compliance with the Decree;
  - (2) conducting investigations of contamination at or near the Site;
  - (3) assessing the need for, planning, or implementing additional response actions at or near the Site;
  - (4) determining whether the Site is being used in a manner that is prohibited or restricted, or that may need to be prohibited or restricted under the Decree; and

- (5) implementing, monitoring, maintaining, reporting on, and enforcing any land, water, or other resource use restrictions and Institutional Controls.
- c. Further, each agreement required under ¶ 11.b must commit the owner to refrain from using its property in any manner that EPA or NJDEP determines will pose an unacceptable risk to human health or to the environment as a result of exposure to Waste Material, or will interfere with or adversely affect the implementation, integrity, or protectiveness of the Remedial Action, including the following:
  - (1) engaging in the following activities that could interfere with the Remedial Action: excavation or disturbance of soil in areas that have yet to be remediated, and disturbance of existing groundwater monitoring wells;
  - (2) using contaminated groundwater;
  - (3) engaging in the following activities that could result in human exposure to contaminants in soils and groundwater: excavation or disturbance of soils in areas where contamination will remain in place;
  - (4) constructing new structures that may interfere with the Remedial Action; and
  - (5) constructing new structures that may cause an increased risk of inhalation of contaminants.
- d. As used in this Section, "best efforts" means the efforts that a reasonable person in the position of Settling Defendant would use to achieve the goal in a timely manner, including the cost of employing professional assistance and the payment of reasonable sums of money to secure access and/or use restriction agreements.
- e. Settling Defendant shall provide to EPA and NJDEP a copy of each agreement required under ¶ 11.b. If Settling Defendant cannot accomplish what is required through best efforts in a timely manner, it shall notify EPA and NJDEP, and include a description of the steps taken to achieve the requirements. If the United States deems it appropriate, it may assist Settling Defendant, or take independent action, to obtain such access or use restrictions.
- 12. Access and Noninterference by Settling Defendant. The Settling Defendant shall: (a) provide Plaintiffs and their representatives, contractors, and subcontractors with access at all reasonable times to the Site to conduct any activity regarding the Decree, including those listed in ¶ 11.b; and (b) refrain from using the Site in any manner that EPA determines will pose an unacceptable risk to human health or to the environment because of exposure to Waste Material, or will interfere with or adversely affect the implementation, integrity, or protectiveness of the Remedial Action, including the restrictions listed in ¶ 11.c.
- 13. If EPA determines in a decision document prepared in accordance with the NCP that Institutional Controls in the form of state or local laws, regulations, ordinances, zoning restrictions, or other governmental controls or notices are appropriate, Settling Defendant shall

cooperate with EPA's and NJDEP's efforts to secure and ensure compliance with such Institutional Controls.

#### 14. Notice to Successors-in-Title

- a. Owner Settling Defendant shall, within 30 days after the Effective Date, submit for EPA approval a notice to be recorded regarding its property at the Site in the appropriate land records. The notice must: (1) include a proper legal description of the property; (2) provide notice to all successors-in-title: (i) that the property is part of, or affected by, the Site; (ii) that EPA has selected a remedy for the Site; and (iii) that potentially responsible parties have entered into a Decree requiring implementation of such remedy; and (3) identify the U.S. District Court in which the Decree was filed, the name and civil action number of this case, and the Effective Date of the Decree. Owner Settling Defendant shall record the notice within 20 days after EPA's approval of the notice and submit to EPA, within 30 days thereafter, a certified copy of the recorded notice.
- b. Owner Settling Defendant shall, prior to entering into a contract to Transfer any of its property that is part of the Site, or 60 days prior to a Transfer of such property, whichever is earlier:
  - (1) notify the proposed transferee that EPA has selected a remedy regarding the Site, that potentially responsible parties have entered into a Consent Decree requiring implementation of such remedy, and that the United States District Court has entered the Decree (identifying the name and civil action number of this case and the date the Court entered the Decree); and
  - (2) notify EPA and NJDEP of the name and address of the proposed transferee and provide EPA and NJDEP with a copy of the notice that it provided to the proposed transferee.
- 15. Notwithstanding any provision of the Decree, EPA and NJDEP retain all of their access authorities and rights, as well as all of their rights to require land, water, or other resource use restrictions and Institutional Controls, including related enforcement authorities, under CERCLA, RCRA, and any other applicable statute or regulations. Settling Defendant shall submit to NJDEP biennially, a remedial action protectiveness certification form, as described in N.J.A.C. 7:26C-7.7(a)1.

#### VIII. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE

16. To ensure completion of the Work required under Section VI, Settling Defendant shall secure financial assurance, initially in the amount of \$8,694,000 ("Estimated Cost of the Work"), for the benefit of EPA. If the currently inaccessible OU1 soil contamination becomes accessible and Settling Defendant is required to perform Remedial Action associated with that newly accessible soil, Settling Defendant shall secure additional financial assurance for the estimated cost of that newly-identified Work. In addition to the financial assurance for the Work, Section XII of the Residential Property Order requires Settling Defendant to maintain financial

assurance for the Residential Property Work. The financial assurance must: (i) be one or more of the mechanisms listed below, in a form substantially similar to the relevant sample documents available from EPA; and (ii) be satisfactory to EPA. As of the date of lodging of this Decree, the sample documents can be found under the "Financial Assurance - Settlements" category on the Cleanup Enforcement Model Language and Sample Documents Database at <a href="https://cfpub.epa.gov/compliance/models/">https://cfpub.epa.gov/compliance/models/</a>. Settling Defendant may use multiple mechanisms if they are limited to surety bonds guaranteeing payment, letters of credit, trust funds, insurance policies, or some combination thereof. The following are acceptable mechanisms:

- a. a surety bond guaranteeing payment to EPA of the Estimated Cost of the Work, performance of the Work, or both.
- b. an irrevocable letter of credit for the Estimated Cost of the Work , payable to EPA or at the direction of EPA, that is issued by an entity that has the authority to issue letters of credit and whose letter-of-credit operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.
- c. a trust fund for the Estimated Cost of the Work established for the benefit of EPA that is administered by a trustee that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.
- d. a policy of insurance for the Estimated Cost of the Work that provides EPA with acceptable rights as a beneficiary thereof and that is issued by an insurance carrier that has the authority to issue insurance policies in the applicable jurisdiction(s) and whose insurance operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.
- e. a demonstration by Settling Defendant that it meets the relevant test criteria of ¶ 17, accompanied by a standby funding commitment that requires Settling Defendant to pay funds to or at the direction of EPA, up to the amount financially assured through the use of this demonstration in the event of a Work Takeover.
- f. a guarantee to fund or perform the Work executed in favor of EPA by a company: (1) that is a direct or indirect parent company of Settling Defendant or has a "substantial business relationship" (as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 264.141(h)) with Settling Defendant; and (2) demonstrates to EPA's satisfaction that it meets the financial test criteria of ¶ 17.
- 17. Settling Defendant seeking to provide financial assurance for the Estimated Cost of the Work by means of a demonstration or guarantee under ¶ 16.e or 16.f must, within 30 days after the Effective Date:
  - a. demonstrate that:
  - (1) the affected Settling Defendant or guarantor has:
    - i. two of the following three ratios: a ratio of total liabilities to net worth less than 2.0; a ratio of the sum of net income plus depreciation, depletion, and amortization to total liabilities greater

- than 0.1; and a ratio of current assets to current liabilities greater than 1.5; and
- ii. net working capital and tangible net worth each at least six times the sum of the Estimated Cost of the Work and the amounts, if any, of other federal, state, or tribal environmental obligations financially assured through the use of a financial test or guarantee; and
- iii. tangible net worth of at least \$10 million; and
- iv. assets located in the United States amounting to at least 90 percent of total assets or at least six times the sum of the Estimated Cost of the Work and the amounts, if any, of other federal, state, or tribal environmental obligations financially assured through the use of a financial test or guarantee; or
- (2) the Settling Defendant or guarantor has:
  - i. a current rating for its senior unsecured debt of AAA, AA, A, or BBB as issued by Standard and Poor's or Aaa, Aa, A or Baa as issued by Moody's; and
  - ii. tangible net worth at least six times the sum of the Estimated Cost of the Work and the amounts, if any, of other federal, state, or tribal environmental obligations financially assured through the use of a financial test or guarantee; and
  - iii. tangible net worth of at least \$10 million; and
  - iv. assets located in the United States amounting to at least 90 percent of total assets or at least six times the sum of the Estimated Cost of the Work and the amounts, if any, of other federal, state, or tribal environmental obligations financially assured through the use of a financial test or guarantee; and
- b. submit to EPA for the Settling Defendant or guarantor: (1) a copy of an independent certified public accountant's report of the entity's financial statements for the latest completed fiscal year, which must not express an adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion; and (2) a letter from its chief financial officer and a report from an independent certified public accountant substantially identical to the sample letter and reports available from EPA. As of the date of lodging of this Decree, a sample letter and report is available under the "Financial Assurance Settlements" subject list category on the Cleanup Enforcement Model Language and Sample Documents Database at <a href="https://cfpub.epa.gov/compliance/models/">https://cfpub.epa.gov/compliance/models/</a>.
- 18. Settling Defendant providing financial assurance by means of a demonstration or guarantee under ¶ 16.e or 16.f must also:

- a. annually resubmit the documents described in ¶ 17.b within 90 days after the close of the affected Settling Defendant's or guarantor's fiscal year;
- b. notify EPA within 30 days after the affected Settling Defendant or guarantor determines that it no longer satisfies the relevant financial test criteria and requirements set forth in this Section; and
- c. provide to EPA, within 30 days of EPA's request, reports of the financial condition of the affected Settling Defendant or guarantor in addition to those specified in ¶ 17.b; EPA may make such a request at any time based on a belief that the affected Settling Defendant or guarantor may no longer meet the financial test requirements of this Section.
- 19. Settling Defendant has selected, and EPA has found satisfactory, a demonstration under ¶ 16.e, accompanied by a standby funding commitment, as an initial form of financial assurance for the Estimated Cost of the Work. Within 30 days after the Effective Date, Settling Defendant shall secure all executed or otherwise finalized mechanisms or other documents consistent with the EPA-approved form of financial assurance for the Estimated Cost of the Work and shall submit such mechanisms and documents to the Regional Financial Management Officer, to DOJ, and to EPA.

# 20. Adequacy of Financial Assurance

Settling Defendant shall diligently monitor the adequacy of the financial assurance. If Settling Defendant becomes aware of any information indicating that the financial assurance provided under this Section is inadequate or otherwise no longer satisfies the requirements of this Section, Settling Defendant shall notify EPA of such information within fourteen days. If EPA determines that the financial assurance for the Estimated Cost of the Work provided under this Section is inadequate or otherwise no longer satisfies the requirements of this Section, EPA will notify Settling Defendant of such determination. Settling Defendant shall, within 25 days after notifying EPA or receiving notice from EPA under this Paragraph, secure and submit to EPA for approval a proposal for a revised or alternative financial assurance mechanism that satisfies the requirements of this Section. EPA may extend this deadline for such time as is reasonably necessary for Settling Defendant, in the exercise of due diligence, to secure and submit to EPA a proposal for a revised or alternative financial assurance mechanism, not to exceed 60 days. Settling Defendant shall follow the procedures of ¶ 22 in seeking approval of, and submitting documentation for, the revised or alternative financial assurance mechanism. Settling Defendant's inability to secure financial assurance in accordance with this Section does not excuse performance of any other requirement of this Decree.

#### 21. Access to Financial Assurance

- a. If EPA issues a notice of a Work Takeover under  $\P$  10.b, then, in accordance with any applicable financial assurance mechanism, including any applicable standby funding commitment, EPA may require that any funds guaranteed be paid in accordance with  $\P$  21.d.
- b. If EPA is notified that the issuer of a financial assurance mechanism intends to cancel the mechanism, and Settling Defendant fails to provide an alternative financial

assurance mechanism in accordance with this Section at least 30 days prior to the cancellation date, the funds guaranteed under such mechanism must be paid prior to cancellation in accordance with ¶ 21.d.

- c. If, upon issuance of a notice of a Work Takeover under ¶ 10.b, either: (1) EPA is unable for any reason to promptly secure the resources guaranteed under any applicable financial assurance mechanism including any applicable standby funding commitment, whether in cash or in kind, to continue and complete the Work; or (2) the financial assurance is a demonstration or guarantee under ¶ 16.e or 16.f, then EPA is entitled to demand an amount, as determined by EPA, sufficient to cover the cost of the remaining Work to be performed. Settling Defendant shall, within seven (7) days after such demand, pay the amount demanded as directed by EPA.
- d. Any amounts required to be paid under this ¶ 21 must be, as directed by EPA: (i) paid to EPA in order to facilitate the completion of the Work by EPA or by another person; or (ii) deposited into an interest-bearing account, established at a duly chartered bank or trust company that is insured by the FDIC, in order to facilitate the completion of the Work by another person. If payment is made to EPA, EPA may deposit the payment into the Fund or into the Special Account to be retained and used to conduct or finance response actions at or in connection with the Site, or to be transferred by EPA to the Fund.
- Modification of Amount, Form, or Terms of Financial Assurance. Beginning 22. after the first anniversary of the Effective Date, and no more than once per calendar year, Settling Defendant may submit a request to change the form, terms, or amount of the financial assurance mechanism or mechanisms. Any such request must be submitted to EPA in accordance with ¶ 19, and must include an estimate of the cost of the remaining Work, an explanation of the bases for the cost calculation, and a description of the proposed changes, if any, to the form or terms of the financial assurance. EPA will notify Settling Defendant of its decision regarding the request. Settling Defendant may initiate dispute resolution under Section XII regarding EPA's decision by the earlier of 30 days after receipt of EPA's decision or 180 days after EPA's receipt of the request. Settling Defendant may modify the form, terms, or amount of the financial assurance mechanism only: (a) in accordance with EPA's approval; or (b) in accordance with any resolution of a dispute under Section XII. Settling Defendant shall submit to EPA, within 30 days after receipt of EPA's approval or consistent with the terms of the resolution of the dispute, documentation of the change to the form, terms, or amount of the financial assurance instrument.
- 23. **Release, Cancellation, or Discontinuation of Financial Assurance**. Settling Defendant may release, cancel, or discontinue any financial assurance provided under this Section only: (a) for the amount of financial assurance for the currently accessible OU1 soil contamination, if EPA, in consultation with NJDEP, issues a Certification of Remedial Action Completion for the currently accessible OU1 soil contamination under ¶ 5.6(a)(1) of the SOW; (b) for any additional financial assurance required for newly-identified Work in Paragraph 16, if EPA, in consultation with NJDEP, issues a Certification of Remedial Action Completion for any later Remedial Action for newly accessible OU1 soil contamination under ¶ 5.6(a)(2) of the SOW; (c) in accordance with EPA's approval in consultation with NJDEP, of such release, cancellation, or discontinuation of financial assurance for the Estimated Cost of the Work; or

(d) if there is a dispute regarding the release, cancellation or discontinuance of any financial assurance, in accordance with the agreement, final administrative decision, or final judicial decision resolving such dispute under Section XII.

#### IX. INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE

#### 24. Indemnification

- Plaintiffs do not assume any liability by entering into this Decree or by virtue of any designation of Settling Defendant as EPA's and NJDEP's authorized representatives under section 104(e)(1) of CERCLA. Settling Defendant shall indemnify and save and hold harmless Plaintiffs and their officials, agents, employees, contractors, subcontractors, and representatives for or from any claims or causes of action arising from, or on account of, negligent or other wrongful acts or omissions of Settling Defendant, its officers, directors, employees, agents, contractors, subcontractors, and any persons acting on Settling Defendant's behalf or under its control, in carrying out activities under this Decree, including any claims arising from any designation of Settling Defendant as EPA's and NJDEP's authorized representative under section 104(e)(1) of CERCLA. Further, Settling Defendant agrees to pay Plaintiffs all costs they incur including attorneys' fees and other expenses of litigation and settlement arising from, or on account of, claims made against Plaintiffs based on negligent or other wrongful acts or omissions of Settling Defendant, its officers, directors, employees, agents, contractors, subcontractors, and any persons acting on its behalf or under its control in carrying out activities under with this Decree. Plaintiffs may not be held out as parties to any contract entered into by or on behalf of Settling Defendant in carrying out activities under this Decree. Settling Defendant and any such contractor may not be considered an agent of Plaintiffs.
- b. Each Plaintiff shall give Settling Defendant notice of any claim for which such Plaintiff plans to seek indemnification in accordance with this ¶ 24, and shall consult with Settling Defendant prior to settling such claim.
- 25. Settling Defendant covenants not to sue and shall not assert any claim or cause of action against Plaintiffs for damages or reimbursement or for set-off of any payments made or to be made to Plaintiffs, arising from or on account of any contract, agreement, or arrangement between Settling Defendant and any person for performance of Work or other activities on or relating to the Site, including claims on account of construction delays. In addition, Settling Defendant shall indemnify and save and hold Plaintiffs harmless with respect to any claims for damages or reimbursement arising from or on account of any contract, agreement, or arrangement between Settling Defendant and any person for performance of work at or relating to the Site, including claims on account of construction delays.
- 26. **Insurance**. Settling Defendant shall secure, by no later than 15 days before commencing any on-site Work, the following insurance: (a) commercial general liability insurance with limits of liability of \$1 million per occurrence; (b) automobile liability insurance with limits of liability of \$1 million per accident; and (c) umbrella liability insurance with limits of liability of \$5 million in excess of the required commercial general liability and automobile liability limits. The insurance policy must name Plaintiffs as additional insureds with respect to all liability arising out of the activities performed by or on behalf of Settling Defendant under

this Decree. Settling Defendant shall maintain this insurance until the first anniversary after issuance of EPA's Certification of Remedial Action Completion under ¶ 5.6 of the SOW. In addition, for the duration of this Decree, Settling Defendant shall satisfy, or shall ensure that their contractors or subcontractors satisfy, all applicable laws and regulations regarding the provision of worker's compensation insurance for all persons performing the Work on behalf of Settling Defendant in furtherance of this Decree. Prior to commencement of the Work, Settling Defendant shall provide to EPA certificates of such insurance and a copy of each insurance policy. Settling Defendant shall resubmit such certificates and copies of policies each year on the anniversary of the Effective Date. If Settling Defendant demonstrates by evidence satisfactory to EPA that any contractor or subcontractor maintains insurance equivalent to that described above, or insurance covering the same risks but in a lesser amount, then, with respect to that contractor or subcontractor, Settling Defendant need provide only that portion of the insurance described above that is not maintained by the contractor or subcontractor. Settling Defendant shall ensure that all submittals to EPA under this Paragraph identify the Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site in Maywood, Lodi, and Rochelle Park, Bergen County, New Jersey and the civil action number of this case.

#### X. PAYMENTS FOR RESPONSE COSTS

# 27. Payment for Past Response Costs and NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs.

- a. Within 30 days after the Effective Date, Settling Defendant shall pay EPA, in reimbursement of Past Response Costs in connection with the Site, \$362,853.28. The Financial Litigation Unit ("FLU") of the United States Attorney's Office for the District of New Jersey shall provide to Settling Defendant within 14 days after the Effective Date instructions for making this payment, including a Consolidated Debt Collection System ("CDCS") reference number. Settling Defendant shall make such payment at <a href="https://www.pay.gov">https://www.pay.gov</a> in accordance with the FLU's instructions, including references to the CDCS Number. Settling Defendant shall send notices of this payment to DOJ and EPA. If the payment required under this Paragraph is late, Settling Defendant shall pay, in addition to any stipulated penalties owed under Section XIII, an additional amount for Interest accrued from the Effective Date until the date of payment.
- b. Within 30 days after the Effective Date, Settling Defendant shall pay to the State \$15,593.62 in reimbursement of NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs. Payment shall be made in accordance with ¶28.c (Payment of NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs).

# 28. Payments by Settling Defendant for Future Response Costs and NJDEP's Future Cleanup and Removal Costs and Stipulated Penalties

a. **Periodic Bills**. On a periodic basis, EPA will send Settling Defendant a bill for Future Response Costs, including a cost summary report generated by the E-Recovery system listing direct and indirect costs paid by EPA, its contractors, subcontractors, and DOJ. Settling Defendant may initiate a dispute under Section XII regarding a Future Response Cost billing, but only if the dispute relates to one or more of the following issues: (i) whether EPA has made an arithmetical error; (ii) whether EPA has included a cost item that is not within the

definition of Future Response Costs; or (iii) whether EPA has paid excess costs as a direct result of an EPA action that was inconsistent with a specific provision or provisions of the NCP. Settling Defendant must specify in the Notice of Dispute the contested costs and the basis for the objection.

- b. **Payment of Bill**. Settling Defendant shall pay the bill, or if it initiates dispute resolution, the uncontested portion of the bill, if any, within 30 days after receipt of the bill. Settling Defendant shall pay the contested portion of the bill determined to be owed, if any, within 30 days after the determination regarding the dispute. Each payment for: (i) the uncontested bill or portion of bill, if late, and; (ii) the contested portion of the bill determined to be owed, if any, must include an additional amount for Interest accrued from the date of receipt of the bill through the date of payment. Settling Defendant shall make payment at <a href="https://www.pay.gov">https://www.pay.gov</a> using the "EPA Miscellaneous Payments Cincinnati Finance Center" link, and including references to the Site/Spill ID and DJ numbers listed in ¶ 64 and the purpose of the payment. Settling Defendant shall send notices of this payment to DOJ and EPA.
- c. Payment of NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs and Stipulated Penalties. Settling Defendant shall reimburse NJDEP for all NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs. NJDEP will periodically bill Setting Defendant for these costs. Settling Defendant shall pay such amounts, and any stipulated penalties, to NJDEP by check made payable to the "Treasurer, State of New Jersey" and remitted with the applicable invoice furnished by NJDEP to the Division of Revenue and Enterprise Services at the address stated on said invoice or otherwise provided by Plaintiffs.
  - d. Contesting NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs.
  - (1) Settling Defendant may contest NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs by submitting a written request to NJDEP, within forty-five (45) days after the billing date indicated on the cost invoice Settling Defendant received from NJDEP. Settling Defendant shall include the following information in a request for an oversight cost review:
    - i. A copy of the invoice;
    - ii. Payment of all uncontested charges; and
    - iii. A list of the specific cost charges contested.
  - (2) Settling Defendant shall send to NJDEP, as provided in Section XVIII (Notices and Submissions):
    - i. a copy of the transmittal letter and check paying the uncontested NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs;
    - ii. The factual questions at issue in each of the contested charges;
    - iii. The name, mailing address, email address, and telephone number of the person making the request; and

- iv. Information supporting the request or other written documents relied upon to support the request.
- (3) If any information required by the above or the payment required by 28.d(1)ii is not included in the request for a cost review, NJDEP shall deny the request.
- (4) Upon NJDEP's receipt of a request for a cost review, NJDEP shall attempt to resolve any of the factual issues in dispute. If NJDEP determines that a billed cost was incorrect, NJDEP shall adjust the cost and issue a corrected invoice, which shall be due and payable according to the corrected invoice.
- (5) NJDEP's decision shall be binding on Settling Defendant unless, within ten (10) days after receipt of the decision, Settling Defendant files with the Court and serves on the parties a motion for judicial review of the decision setting forth the matter in dispute, the efforts made by the parties to resolve it, the relief requested, and the schedule, if any, within which the dispute must be resolved to ensure orderly implementation of the Decree.
- If NJDEP prevails in the dispute, Settling Defendant shall pay the sums (6) due (with accrued State Interest) to NJDEP within fourteen (14) days after the resolution of the dispute. If Settling Defendant prevails concerning any aspect of the contested costs, Settling Defendant shall pay that portion of the costs (plus associated accrued State Interest) for which it did not prevail to NJDEP within fourteen (14) days after the resolution of the dispute. All payments to NJDEP under this Paragraph shall be made in accordance with ¶ 28.c (Payment of NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs). The dispute procedures set forth in this Paragraph shall be the exclusive mechanism for resolving disputes regarding Settling Defendant's obligation to reimburse NJDEP for NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs. If Settling Defendant does not file a request for a cost review within forty-five (45) days after the billing date shown on the invoice for NJDEP's costs, the full amount of the costs shall be due and owing. If the invoice is not paid, NJDEP may avail itself of such remedies or sanctions available to NJDEP by virtue of Settling Defendant's failure to make timely payments under this Section including, but not limited to, payment of stipulated penalties pursuant to ¶ 43.
- 29. **Deposit of Payments**. EPA may, in its unreviewable discretion, deposit the amounts paid under ¶¶ 27 and 28.b in the Fund, in the Special Account, or both. EPA may, in its unreviewable discretion, retain and use any amounts deposited in the Special Account to conduct or finance response actions at or in connection with the Site, or transfer those amounts to the Fund.

#### XI. FORCE MAJEURE

- 30. "Force majeure," for purposes of this Decree, means any event arising from causes beyond the control of Settling Defendant, of any entity controlled by Settling Defendant, or of Settling Defendant's contractors that delays or prevents the performance of any obligation under this Decree despite Settling Defendant's best efforts to fulfill the obligation. Given the need to protect public health and welfare and the environment, the requirement that Settling Defendant exercises "best efforts to fulfill the obligation" includes using best efforts to anticipate any potential force majeure and best efforts to address the effects of any potential force majeure (a) as it is occurring and (b) following the potential force majeure such that the delay and any adverse effects of the delay are minimized to the greatest extent possible. "Force majeure" does not include financial inability to complete the Work or a failure to achieve the Performance Standards.
- 31. If any event occurs for which Settling Defendant will or may claim a force majeure, Settling Defendant shall notify EPA's Project Coordinator by email. The deadline for the initial notice is 2 days after the date Settling Defendant first knew or should have known that the event would likely delay performance. Settling Defendant shall be deemed to know of any circumstance of which any contractor of, subcontractor of, or entity controlled by Settling Defendant knew or should have known. Within 5 days thereafter, Settling Defendant shall send a further notice to EPA and NJDEP that includes: (i) a description of the event and its effect on Settling Defendant's completion of the requirements of the Decree; (ii) a description of all actions taken or to be taken to prevent or minimize the adverse effects or delay; (iii) the proposed extension of time for Settling Defendant to complete the requirements of the Decree; (iv) a statement as to whether, in the opinion of Settling Defendant, such event may cause or contribute to an endangerment to public health or welfare, or the environment; and (v) all available proof supporting their claim of force majeure. Failure to comply with the notice requirements herein regarding an event precludes Settling Defendant from asserting any claim of force majeure regarding that event, provided, however, that if EPA, despite late or incomplete notice, is able to assess to its satisfaction whether the event is a force majeure under ¶ 30 and whether Settling Defendant has exercised its best efforts under ¶ 30, EPA may, in its unreviewable discretion, excuse in writing Settling Defendant's failure to submit timely or complete notices under this Paragraph.
- 32. EPA, after a reasonable opportunity for review and comment by NJDEP, will notify Settling Defendant of its determination whether Settling Defendant is entitled to relief under ¶ 30, and, if so, the duration of the extension of time for performance of the obligations affected by the force majeure. An extension of the time for performance of the obligations affected by the force majeure shall not, of itself, extend the time for performance of any other obligation. Settling Defendant may initiate dispute resolution under Section XII regarding EPA's determination within 15 days after receipt of the determination. In any such proceeding, Settling Defendant has the burden of proving that it is entitled to relief under ¶ 30 and that their proposed extension was or will be warranted under the circumstances.
- 33. The failure by EPA to timely complete any activity under the Decree or the SOW is not a violation of the Decree, provided, however, that if such failure prevents Settling

Defendant from timely completing a requirement of the Decree, Settling Defendant may seek relief under this Section.

#### XII. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 34. This Section does not apply to the Residential Property Work that Settling Defendant performs under the Residential Property Order. Unless otherwise provided in this Decree, Settling Defendant must use the dispute resolution procedures of this Section to resolve any dispute arising under this Decree. Settling Defendant shall not initiate a dispute challenging the Record of Decision. The United States may enforce any requirement of the Decree that is not the subject of a pending dispute under this Section.
- 35. A dispute will be considered to have arisen when one or more parties sends a written notice of dispute ("Notice of Dispute"). Disputes arising under this Decree must in the first instance be the subject of informal negotiations between the parties to the dispute. The period for informal negotiations may not exceed 20 days after the dispute arises, unless the parties to the dispute otherwise agree. If the parties cannot resolve the dispute by informal negotiations, the position advanced by EPA is binding unless Settling Defendant initiates formal dispute resolution under ¶ 36.

#### **36.** Formal Dispute Resolution

- a. **Statements of Position**. Settling Defendant may initiate formal dispute resolution by serving on the Plaintiffs, within 20 days after the conclusion of informal dispute resolution under ¶ 35, an initial Statement of Position regarding the matter in dispute. The Plaintiffs' responsive Statements of Position are due within 20 days after receipt of the initial Statement of Position. All Statements of Position must include supporting factual data, analysis, opinion, and other documentation. A reply, if any, is due within 10 days after receipt of the response. If appropriate, EPA may extend the deadlines for filing statements of position for up to 45 days and may allow the submission of supplemental statements of position.
- b. **Formal Decision**. An EPA management official at the level of the Deputy Director of the Superfund & Emergency Management Division, EPA Region 2, or, at the sole discretion of EPA, someone occupying a higher position, will issue a formal decision resolving the dispute ("Formal Decision") based on the statements of position and any replies and supplemental statements of position. The Formal Decision is binding on Settling Defendant unless it timely seeks judicial review under ¶ 37.
- c. Compilation of Administrative Record. EPA shall compile an administrative record regarding the dispute, which must include all statements of position, replies, supplemental statements of position, and the Formal Decision.
- d. NJDEP shall receive all Statements of Position served by the Parties under ¶ 36.a. NJDEP may elect, in its sole discretion, to participate in the dispute resolution procedures established in this Section.

#### 37. Judicial Review

- a. Settling Defendant may obtain judicial review of the Formal Decision by filing, within 20 days after receiving it, a motion with the Court and serving the motion on all Parties. The motion must describe the matter in dispute and the relief requested. The parties to the dispute shall brief the matter in accordance with local court rules.
- b. **Review on the Administrative Record**. Judicial review of disputes regarding the following issues must be on the administrative record: (i) the adequacy or appropriateness of deliverables required under the Decree; (ii) the adequacy of the performance of the Remedial Action; (iii) whether a Work Takeover is warranted under ¶ 10; (iv) determinations about financial assurance under Section VIII; (v) EPA's selection of modified or further response actions; (vi) any other items requiring EPA approval under the Decree; and (vii) any other disputes that the Court determines should be reviewed on the administrative record. For all of these disputes, Settling Defendant bears the burden of demonstrating that the Formal Decision was arbitrary and capricious or otherwise not in accordance with law.
- c. Judicial review of any dispute not governed by ¶ 37.b shall be governed by applicable principles of law.
- 38. **Escrow Account**. For disputes regarding a Future Response Cost or NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Cost billing, Settling Defendant shall: (a) establish, in a duly chartered bank or trust company, an interest-bearing escrow account that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"); (b) remit to that escrow account funds equal to the amount of the contested Future Response Costs or NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs; and (c) send to EPA and NJDEP copies of the correspondence and of the payment documentation (e.g., the check) that established and funded the escrow account, including the name of the bank, the bank account number, and a bank statement showing the initial balance in the account. EPA or NJDEP may, in its unreviewable discretion, waive the requirement to establish the escrow account. Settling Defendant shall cause the escrow agent to pay the amounts due to EPA and NJDEP under ¶ 28, if any, by the deadline for such payment in ¶ 28. Settling Defendant is responsible for any balance due under ¶ 28 after the payment by the escrow agent.
- 39. The initiation of dispute resolution procedures under this Section does not extend, postpone, or affect in any way any requirement of this Decree, except as EPA agrees, or as determined by the Court. Stipulated penalties with respect to the disputed matter will continue to accrue, but payment is stayed pending resolution of the dispute, as provided in ¶ 42.

#### XIII. STIPULATED PENALTIES

- 40. Unless the noncompliance is excused under Section XI (Force Majeure), Settling Defendant is liable to the United States and NJDEP, whichever party demands stipulated penalties as provided in Paragraph 43, for the following stipulated penalties:
  - a. for any failure:
    - i. to pay any amount due under Section X;

- ii. to establish and maintain financial assurance in accordance with Section VIII;
- iii. to submit timely or adequate deliverables under Section 8 of the SOW;
- iv. to timely initiate, perform, and complete the Remedial Action and Operation and Maintenance in accordance with the Record of Decision, the SOW, or this Consent Decree, and plans and schedules approved thereunder, including any deadline imposed by the SOW or by any plan which is prepared pursuant to the SOW and approved by EPA;
- v. to meet obligations imposed by the Emergency Response and Reporting Provisions of the SOW; and
- vi. to meet obligations imposed by Section VII (Property Requirements)

Period of Noncompliance	Penalty Per Noncompliance Per Day
1st through 14th day	\$2,500
15th through 30th day	\$3,500
31st day and beyond	\$7,500

b. for any failure to submit timely or adequate deliverables required by this Decree other than those specified in ¶ 40.a:

Period of Noncompliance	Penalty Per Noncompliance Per Day
1st through 14th day	\$1,500
15th through 30th day	\$2,000
31st day and beyond	\$3,500

- 41. **Work Takeover Penalty**. If EPA commences a Work Takeover, Settling Defendant is liable for a stipulated penalty in the amount of \$2,250,000. This stipulated penalty is in addition to the remedy available to EPA under ¶ 21 (Access to Financial Assurance) to fund the performance of the Work by EPA.
- 42. **Accrual of Penalties**. Stipulated penalties accrue from the date performance is due, or the day a noncompliance occurs, whichever is applicable, until the date the requirement is completed or the final day of the correction of the noncompliance. Nothing in this Decree prevents the simultaneous accrual of separate penalties for separate noncompliances with this Decree. Stipulated penalties accrue regardless of whether Settling Defendant has been notified of its noncompliance, and regardless of whether Settling Defendant has initiated dispute resolution under Section XII, provided, however, that no penalties will accrue as follows:

- a. with respect to a submission that EPA subsequently determines is deficient under ¶ 7.6 of the SOW, during the period, if any, beginning on the 31<sup>st</sup> day after EPA's receipt of such submission until the date that EPA notifies Settling Defendant of any deficiency;
- b. with respect to a matter that is the subject of dispute resolution under Section XII, during the period, if any, beginning on the 21st day after the later of the date that EPA's Statement of Position is received or the date that Settling Defendant's reply thereto (if any) is received until the date of the Formal Decision under ¶ 36.b; or
- c. with respect to a matter that is the subject of judicial review by the Court under ¶ 37, during the period, if any, beginning on the 31st day after the Court's receipt of the final submission regarding the dispute until the date that the Court issues a final decision regarding such dispute.
- Demand and Payment of Stipulated Penalties. Following EPA's determination that Settling Defendant has failed to comply with a requirement of this Consent Decree, or NJDEP's determination that Settling Defendant has failed to comply with ¶ 40.a(i), EPA or NJDEP may, as appropriate, send Settling Defendant a demand for stipulated penalties. The demand will include a description of the noncompliance and will specify the amount of the stipulated penalties owed. Settling Defendant may initiate dispute resolution under Section XII within 30 days after receipt of the demand or contest NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs under ¶ 28.d within the 45-day period. Settling Defendant shall pay the amount demanded or, if it initiates dispute resolution, the uncontested portion of the amount demanded, within 30 days after receipt of the demand. Settling Defendant shall pay the contested portion of the penalties determined to be owed, if any, within 30 days after the resolution of the dispute. Each payment for: (a) the uncontested penalty demand or uncontested portion, if late; and (b) the contested portion of the penalty demand determined to be owed, if any, must include an additional amount for Interest or State Interest, as appropriate, accrued from the date of receipt of the demand through the date of payment. Settling Defendant shall make payment at https://www.pay.gov using the link for "EPA Miscellaneous Payments Cincinnati Finance Center," including references to the Site/Spill ID and DJ numbers listed in ¶ 64, and the purpose of the payment. Settling Defendant shall send a notice of this payment to DOJ and EPA. All payments to NJDEP under this Section shall indicate that the payment is for stipulated penalties and shall be made in accordance with ¶ 28.c. The payment of stipulated penalties and Interest or State Interest, as appropriate, if any, does not alter any obligation by Settling Defendant under the Decree.
- 44. Nothing in this Decree limits the authority of the United States or NJDEP: (a) to seek any remedy otherwise provided by law for Settling Defendant's failure to pay stipulated penalties or interest; or (b) to seek any other remedies or sanctions available by virtue of Settling Defendant's noncompliance with this Decree or of the statutes and regulations upon which it is based, including penalties under section 122(*l*) of CERCLA, provided, however, that the United States may not seek civil penalties under section 122(*l*) of CERCLA for any noncompliance for which a stipulated penalty is provided for in this Decree, except in the case of a willful noncompliance with this Decree. Nothing in this Decree limits the authority of the United States to seek any remedies or sanctions available by virtue of Settling Defendant's noncompliance with the Residential Property Order as provided in Paragraph 61 of the Residential Property Order.

45. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the United States, or NJDEP, may, in its unreviewable discretion, waive any portion of stipulated penalties that have accrued under this Decree.

#### XIV. COVENANTS BY PLAINTIFFS

- 46. **Covenants for Settling Defendant by United States**. Subject to ¶ 49, the United States covenants not to sue or to take administrative action against Settling Defendant under sections 106 and 107(a) of CERCLA regarding the Work, Residential Property Work, Past Response Costs, and Future Response Costs.
- 47. The covenants under ¶ 46: (a) take effect upon the Effective Date; (b) are conditioned on the satisfactory performance by Settling Defendant of the requirements of this Decree and the Residential Property Order; (c) extend to the successors of Settling Defendant but only to the extent that the alleged liability of the successor of Settling Defendant is based solely on its status as a successor of Settling Defendant; and (d) do not extend to any other person.
- 48. Covenants for Settling Defendant by NJDEP. In consideration of the payment Settling Defendant is making pursuant to ¶ 27.b and ¶ 28.c, above, and except as otherwise provided in ¶ 49 (General Reservations), below, NJDEP covenants not to sue or take administrative action against Settling Defendant in connection with the Work and Residential Property Work and for reimbursement of NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs or NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs. These covenants shall take effect upon the Effective Date. These covenants are conditioned upon the satisfactory performance by Settling Defendant of its obligations under this Decree. These covenants extend only to Setting Defendant and do not extend to any other person.
- 49. **General Reservations**. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Decree, the United States and NJDEP reserve, and this Decree is without prejudice to, all rights against Settling Defendant regarding the following:
- a. liability for failure by Settling Defendant to meet a requirement of this Decree;
- b. liability arising from the past, present, or future disposal, release, or threat of release of Waste Material outside of the Site;
- c. liability based on Settling Defendant's ownership of the Site when such ownership commences after Settling Defendant's signature of this Decree;
- d. liability based on Settling Defendant's operation of the Site when such operation commences after Settling Defendant's signature of this Decree and does not arise solely from Settling Defendant's performance of the Work;
- e. liability based on Settling Defendant's transportation, treatment, storage, or disposal, or arrangement for transportation, treatment, storage, or disposal of Waste Material at or in connection with the Site, after signature of this Decree by Settling Defendant, other than as provided in the Record of Decision, under this Decree, or ordered by EPA;

- f. liability for additional operable units at the Site or the final response action;
- g. liability for failure by Settling Defendant to meet a requirement of the Residential Property Order;
- h. liability, prior to achievement of Performance Standards, for additional response actions that EPA determines are necessary to achieve and maintain Performance Standards or to carry out and maintain the effectiveness of the Remedial Action, but that are not covered by ¶ 8.b;
- i. liability with respect to contaminated soils in areas on the Sears and Stepan Company properties that are currently inaccessible, known to contain radiologically-contaminated soil, and could also contain non-FUSRAP contaminated soil, but were not identified in the Record of Decision, such as an area along Route 17 by the high-pressure gas line and certain areas on the Stepan property that are not currently accessible due to Stepan Company's ongoing operations;
- j. liability to the United States for damages for injury to, destruction of, or loss of natural resources, and for the costs of any natural resource damage assessments;
- k. liability for failure to comply with applicable State laws, regulations, guidance, and rules for new releases or violations arising from actions taken subsequent to the Site being deleted by EPA from the National Priorities List, including but not limited to, the Spill Act, the Site Remediation Reform Act, N.J.S.A. 58:10C-1 to -29, the Brownfield and Contaminated Site Remediation Act, N.J.S.A. 58:10B-1 et. seq., the Administrative Requirements for the Remediation of Contaminated Sites, N.J.A.C. 7:26C, the Technical Requirements for Site Remediation, N.J.A.C. 7:26E, and the Remediation Standards, N.J.A.C. 7:26D; for the avoidance of confusion, this reservation does not extend to contamination and releases addressed in this Consent Decree; and
  - 1. criminal liability.
- 50. Subject to ¶¶ 46 and 48, nothing in this Decree limits any authority of Plaintiffs to take, direct, or order all appropriate action to protect human health and the environment or to prevent, abate, respond to, or minimize an actual or threatened release of Waste Material on, at, or from the Site, or to request a Court to order such action.

#### XV. COVENANTS BY SETTLING DEFENDANT

# 51. Covenants by Settling Defendant

a. Subject to ¶ 52, Settling Defendant covenants not to sue and shall not assert any claim or cause of action against the United States or NJDEP under CERCLA, section 7002(a) of RCRA, the United States Constitution, the Tucker Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1491, the Equal Access to Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2412, the New Jersey State Constitution, the New Jersey Spill Act, or at common law regarding the Work, Residental Property Work, past response

actions relating to the Site, Past Response Costs, Future Response Costs, NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs, and NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs.

- b. Subject to ¶ 52, Settling Defendant covenants not to seek reimbursement from the Fund through CERCLA or any other law for costs of the Work, Residential Property Work, and past response actions regarding the Site, Past Response Costs, Future Response Costs, NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs, and NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs, or seek any direct or indirect claim for reimbursement from the Spill Compensation Fund within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11k or N.J.A.C. 7:11 or the Sanitary Landfill Facility Contingency Fund within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-107 or N.J.A.C. 7:11 concerning the Work, Residential Property Work, Past Response Costs, Future Response Costs, NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs, and NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs.
- 52. **Settling Defendant's Reservation**. The covenants in ¶ 51 do not apply to any claim or cause of action brought, or order issued, after the Effective Date by the United States or NJDEP to the extent such claim, cause of action, or order is within the scope of a reservation under ¶¶ 49.a through 49.h.

## XVI. EFFECT OF SETTLEMENT; CONTRIBUTION

- 53. The Parties agree and the Court finds that: (a) the complaint filed by the United States in this action is a civil action within the meaning of section 113(f)(1) of CERCLA; (b) this Decree constitutes a judicially approved settlement under which Settling Defendant has, as of the Effective Date, resolved its liability to the United States within the meaning of sections 113(f)(2) and 113(f)(3)(B) of CERCLA and to NJDEP within the meaning of Section 113(f)(2) of CERCLA and Section 7f.a.(2)(b) of the Spill Act, N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11f.a.(2)(b); and (c) Settling Defendant is entitled, as of the Effective Date, to protection from contribution actions or claims as provided by section 113(f)(2) of CERCLA and N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11f.a(2)(b), or as may be otherwise provided by law, for the "matters addressed" in this Decree. The "matters addressed" in this Decree are the Work, Residential Property Work, Past Response Costs, and Future Response Costs, NJDEP Past Cleanup and Removal Costs, and NJDEP Future Cleanup and Removal Costs, provided, however, that if the United States exercises rights under the reservations in ¶¶ 49.a, 49.f, 49.g. or 49.h, or if NJDEP exercises rights under the reservation in ¶ 49.k the "matters addressed" in this Decree do not include those response costs or response actions or natural resource damages that are within the scope of the exercised reservation.
- 54. Settling Defendant shall, with respect to any suit or claim brought by it for matters related to this Decree, notify DOJ, EPA, and NJDEP no later than 60 days prior to the initiation of such suit or claim. Settling Defendant shall, with respect to any suit or claim brought against it for matters related to this Decree, notify DOJ, EPA, and NJDEP within 10 days after service of the complaint on Settling Defendant. In addition, Settling Defendant shall notify DOJ, EPA, and NJDEP within 10 days after service or receipt of any Motion for Summary Judgment and within 10 days after receipt of any order from a court setting a case for trial.
- 55. **Res Judicata and Other Defenses**. In any subsequent administrative or judicial proceeding initiated against Settling Defendant by either Plaintiff for injunctive relief, recovery of response costs, or other appropriate relief relating to the Site, Settling Defendant shall not

assert, and may not maintain, any defense or claim based upon the principles of waiver, claim preclusion (res judicata), issue preclusion (collateral estoppel), claim-splitting, or other defenses based upon any contention that the claims raised by the United States or NJDEP in the subsequent proceeding were or should have been brought in the instant case.

56. Nothing in this Decree diminishes the right of the United States or NJDEP under section 113(f)(2) and (3) of CERCLA or the Spill Act to pursue any person not a party to this Decree to obtain additional response costs or response action or cleanup and removal costs, or natural resource damages, and to enter into settlements that give rise to contribution protection pursuant to section 113(f)(2) or the Spill Act.

#### XVII. RECORDS

57. **Settling Defendant Certification**. Settling Defendant certifies that: (a) to the best of its knowledge and belief, after thorough inquiry, it has not altered, mutilated, discarded, destroyed or otherwise disposed of any documents and electronically stored information relating to its potential liability under CERCLA or State law regarding the Site, since the earlier of notification of potential liability by the United States or the State or the filing of suit against it regarding the Site; and (b) it has fully complied with any and all EPA and NJDEP requests for information under sections 104(e) and 122(e) of CERCLA, and section 3007 of RCRA, and State law.

#### 58. Retention of Records and Information

- a. Settling Defendant shall retain, and instruct its contractors and agents to retain, the following documents and electronically stored data ("Records") until 10 years after the Certification of Completion of the Work under SOW ¶ 5.8 (the "Record Retention Period"):
  - (1) All records regarding Settling Defendant's liability under CERCLA or the Spill Act regarding the Site;
  - (2) All reports, plans, permits, and documents submitted to EPA in accordance with this Decree, including all underlying research and data; and
  - (3) All data developed by, or on behalf of, Settling Defendant in the course of performing the Remedial Action.
- b. Settling Defendant shall retain all Records regarding the liability of any person under CERCLA regarding the Site during the Record Retention Period.
- c. At the end of the Record Retention Period, Settling Defendant shall notify EPA and NJDEP that they have 90 days to request the Settling Defendant's Records subject to this Section. Settling Defendant shall retain and preserve its Records subject to this Section until 90 days after EPA's and NJDEP's receipt of the notice. These record retention requirements apply regardless of any corporate record retention policy.

59. Settling Defendant shall provide to EPA and NJDEP, upon request, copies of all Records and information required to be retained under this Section. Settling Defendant shall also make available to EPA and NJDEP, for purposes of investigation, information gathering, or testimony, its employees, agents, or representatives with knowledge of relevant facts concerning the performance of the Work.

#### 60. Privileged and Protected Claims

- a. Settling Defendant may assert that all or part of a record requested by Plaintiffs is privileged or protected as provided under federal law and/or State law, in lieu of providing the record, provided that Settling Defendant complies with ¶ 60.b, and except as provided in ¶ 60.c.
- b. If Settling Defendant asserts a claim of privilege or protection, it shall provide Plaintiffs with the following information regarding such record: its title; its date; the name, title, affiliation (e.g., company or firm), and address of the author, of each addressee, and of each recipient; a description of the record's contents; and the privilege or protection asserted. If a claim of privilege or protection applies only to a portion of a record, Settling Defendant shall provide the record to Plaintiffs in redacted form to mask the privileged or protected portion only. Settling Defendant shall retain all records that they claim to be privileged or protected until Plaintiffs have had a reasonable opportunity to dispute the privilege or protection claim and any such dispute has been resolved in Settling Defendant's favor.
- c. Settling Defendant shall not make any claim of privilege or protection regarding: (1) any data regarding the Site, including all sampling, analytical, monitoring, hydrogeologic, scientific, chemical, radiological or engineering data, or the portion of any other record that evidences conditions at or around the Site; or (2) the portion of any record that Settling Defendant is required to create or generate in accordance with this Decree.
- 61. Confidential Business Information (CBI) Claims. Settling Defendant may claim that all or part of a record provided to Plaintiffs under this Section is CBI to the extent permitted by and in accordance with section 104(e)(7) of CERCLA and 40 C.F.R. § 2.203(b). Settling Defendant shall segregate and shall clearly identify all records or parts thereof submitted under this Decree for which they claim is CBI by labeling each page or each electronic file "claimed as confidential business information" or "claimed as CBI." Records that Settling Defendant claims to be CBI will be afforded the protection specified in 40 C.F.R. part 2, subpart B. If no CBI claim accompanies records when they are submitted to EPA and NJDEP, or if EPA notifies Settling Defendant that the records are not entitled to confidential treatment under the standards of section 104(e)(7) of CERCLA or 40 C.F.R. part 2, subpart B, the public may be given access to such records without further notice to Settling Defendant.
- 62. In any proceeding under this Decree, validated sampling or monitoring data generated in accordance with the SOW and reviewed and approved by EPA, if relevant to the proceeding, is admissible as evidence, without objection.

63. Notwithstanding any provision of this Decree, Plaintiffs retain all of their information gathering and inspection authorities and rights, including enforcement actions related thereto, under CERCLA, RCRA, and any other applicable statutes or regulations.

#### XVIII. NOTICES AND SUBMISSIONS

64. All agreements, approvals, consents, deliverables, modifications, notices, notifications, objections, proposals, reports, waivers, and requests specified in this Decree must be in writing unless otherwise specified. Whenever a notice is required to be given or a report or other document is required to be sent by one Party to another under this Decree, it must be sent as specified below. All notices under this Section are effective upon receipt, unless otherwise specified. In the case of emailed notices, there is a rebuttable presumption that such notices are received on the same day that they are sent. Any Party may change the method, person, or address applicable to it by providing notice of such change to all Parties.

As to DOJ: *via email to*:

eescdcopy.enrd@usdoj.gov Re: DJ # 90-11-3-12439/1

As to EPA: *via email to*:

Director, Superfund and Emergency Management

Division And

Remedial Project Manager Re: Site/Spill ID #0219

As to the Regional Financial Management

cinwd\_acctsreceivable@epa.gov

Financial Management Re: Site/Spill ID #0219

Officer:

As to NJDEP: Section Chief

Environmental Enforcement and Environmental

**Justice Section** 

Department of Law and Public Safety, Division of Law, Richard J. Hughes Justice Complex. P.O. Box

093, Trenton, N.J. 08625-0093

609-633-8713

Director, Division of Remediation Management, Department of Environmental Protection, 401 East State Street Mail Code 401-406, P.O. Box 420

Trenton, N.J. 08625-0420

As to Settling General Counsel Defendant: Stepan Company

1101 Skokie Boulevard Northbrook, IL 60062

*via email to*:
Scott Compston

scott.compston@stepan.com

#### XIX. APPENDIXES

- 65. The following appendixes are attached to and incorporated into this Decree:
- "Appendix A" is the Record of Decision, including the Explanation of Significant Differences and excluding the attachments.
- "Appendix B" is the SOW.
- "Appendix C" is the map of the Site.
- "Appendix D" is the RD AOC.
- "Appendix E" is the Residential Property Order.

#### XX. MODIFICATIONS TO DECREE

66. Except as provided in ¶ 8 of the Decree and ¶ 7.6 of the SOW (Approval of Deliverables), nonmaterial modifications to Sections I through XXIV and the Appendixes must be in writing and are effective when signed (including electronically signed) by the Parties. Material modifications to Sections I through XXIV and the Appendixes must be in writing, signed (which may include electronically signed) by the Parties, and are effective upon approval by the Court. As to changes to the remedy, a modification to the Decree, including the SOW, to implement an amendment to the Record of Decision that "fundamentally alters the basic features" of the Remedial Action within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 300.435(c)(2)(ii) will be considered a material modification.

#### XXI. SIGNATORIES

67. The undersigned representative of the United States, the undersigned representatives of NJDEP, and the undersigned representative of Settling Defendant each certifies that he or she is fully authorized to enter into the terms and conditions of this Decree and to execute and legally bind such Party to this document.

#### XXII. PRE-ENTRY PROVISIONS

- 68. If for any reason the Court should decline to approve this Decree in the form presented, this agreement, except for ¶ 69, ¶ 71, and ¶ 72, is voidable at the sole discretion of any Party and its terms may not be used as evidence in any litigation between the Parties.
- 69. This Decree will be lodged with the Court for at least 60 days for public notice and comment in accordance with section 122(d)(2) of CERCLA and 28 C.F.R. § 50.7. The United States may withdraw or withhold its consent if the comments regarding the Decree disclose facts or considerations that indicate that the Decree is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate.
- 70. NJDEP, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11e.2, shall arrange for written notice of this Decree to all other potentially responsible parties of whom NJDEP had notice as of the date NJDEP published notice of the proposed settlement in this matter in the New Jersey Register. NJDEP shall publish notice of this Decree in the New Jersey Register and on NJDEP's web site for public comment for a period of sixty (60) days. In accordance with N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11e.2, such notice shall include the following information: a) the caption of this case; b) the name and location of the Site; c) the name of the Settling Defendant; d) a summary of the terms of this Decree; and e) that there are sixty (60) days to comment on the proposed Decree.
- 71. NJDEP reserves the right to withdraw or withhold its consent to this Decree if NJDEP receives information that discloses facts or considerations that indicate to NJDEP in its sole discretion, that the Decree is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate.
  - 72. Settling Defendant agrees not to oppose or appeal the entry of this Decree.

#### XXIII. INTEGRATION

73. This Decree constitutes the entire agreement among the Parties regarding the subject matter of the Decree and supersedes all prior representations, agreements, and understandings, whether oral or written, regarding the subject matter of the Decree.

#### XXIV. FINAL JUDGMENT

74. Upon en under Fed. R. Civ. P. 54	•	the Court, this Decree constitutes a final judgment Parties.
SO <b>ORDERED</b> this	_ day of	, 20
		United States District Judge

# FOR THE UNITED STATES:

9-29-23 Dated Todd Kim
Assistant Attorney General
U.S. Department of Justice
Environment and Natural Resources Division

Elizabeth Yu
Senior Counsel
U.S. Department of Justice
Environment and Natural Resources Division
Environmental Enforcement Section
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Philip R. Sellinger United States Attorney District of New Jersey

Alex Silagi Assistant United States Attorney District of New Jersey United States Attorney's Office 970 Broad Street, Ste. 700 Newark, New Jersey 07102

## FOR THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL **PROTECTION AGENCY:**

Pat

Digitally signed by Pat Evangelista

Evangelista

Date: 2023.09.25 18:17:57 -04'00'

Pat Evangelista Director, Superfund and Emergency Management Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Region 2

KATHRYN DELUCA DELUCA DELUCA

Date: 2023.09.25 18:26:49 -04'00'

Kathryn M. DeLuca **Assistant Regional Counsel** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 2 290 Broadway, 17th Floor New York, NY 10007

FOR THE NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION:

09/26/2023

Dated

David E. Haymes

Assistant Commissioner

Contaminated Site Remediation &

Redevelopment

FOR THE NEW JERSEY SPILL COMPENSATION FUND:

 $\underline{09/26/2023}$ 

Dated

David E. Haymes Administrator

New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund

FOR MATTHEW J. PLATKIN, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NEW JERSEY:

Attorney for the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Administrator of the New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund

Nell Hryshko

Deputy Attorney General

# Dated Name: David & Kabbes Title: Vice President and General Counsel Address: 110/ Skokie Boulevard North brook, IL 60062

If the Decree is not approved by the Court within 60 days after the date of lodging, and the United States requests, Settling Defendant agrees to accept service of the complaint by mail, and to execute a waiver of service of a summons under Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and any applicable local rules of this Court. This Settling Defendant hereby designates the agent below to accept service of the complaint by mail and to execute the Rule 4 waiver of service. Settling Defendant understands that it does not need to file an answer to the complaint until it has executed the waiver of service or otherwise has been served with the complaint.

Name:	
Title:	
Company:	THE CORPORATION TRUST COMPANY
Address:	1201 ORANGE STREET, Corporation Trust CENTER
	Wilmington, DE 19801
Phone:	5
email:	