

Current Actions: Extension.

*Type of Review:* Extension (without change).

Affected Public: Businesses.

Abstract: CBP Form 3311, Declaration for Free Entry of Returned American *Products,* which is authorized by, among others, 19 CFR 10.1, 10.66, 10.67, 12.41, 123.4, and 143.23, is used to collect information from the importer or authorized agent in order to claim dutyfree treatment for articles entered under certain provisions of Subchapter I of Chapter 98 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS, https://hts.usitc.gov/current). The form serves as a declaration that the articles are: (1) The growth, production, and manufacture of the United States; (2) are returned to the United States without having been advanced in value or improved in condition while abroad; (3) the goods were not previously entered under a temporary importation under bond provision; and (4) drawback was never claimed and/or paid.

This collection of information applies to members of the importing public and trade community who seek to claim duty-free treatment based on compliance with the aforementioned requirements. These members of the public and trade community are familiar with import procedures and with CBP regulations. Obligation to respond to this information collection is required to obtain benefits.

Type of Information Collection: CBP Form 3311, Declaration for Free Entry of Returned American Products.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 12,000.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent: 35.

Estimated Number of Total Annual Responses: 420,000.

Estimated Time per Response: 0.10 hours.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 42,000.

Dated: July 30, 2021.

#### Seth D. Renkema,

Branch Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection. [FR Doc. 2021–16606 Filed 8–3–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

[CIS No. 2695-21; DHS Docket No. USCIS-USCIS-2021-0014]

#### RIN 1615-ZB89

Extension of Initial Registration
Periods for New Temporary Protected
Status Applicants Under the
Designations for Venezuela, Syria, and
Burma; Correction to the Notice on the
Designation of Venezuela for
Temporary Protected Status and
Implementation of Employment
Authorization for Venezuelans Covered
by Deferred Enforced Departure

**AGENCY:** U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security.

**ACTION:** Notice of initial registration period extensions.

SUMMARY: Through this notice, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) announces extensions of the initial registration periods from 180 days to 18 months for initial (new) applicants under the Temporary Protected Status (TPS) designations for Venezuela, Syria, and Burma. This notice also provides certain specific corrections to the Federal Register notice regarding Venezuela at 86 FR 13574 (Mar. 9, 2021).

**DATES:** DHS is extending the initial registration periods from 180 days to 18 months for applicants who do not currently have TPS under the TPS designations for Venezuela, Syria, and Burma, as specified in this notice. This extension to 18 months is the same time period of the TPS designation itself, allowing an individual to apply as an initial applicant any time during the 18month designation periods for these three countries. However, applicants should be aware that the ability to file a late initial TPS application may not be available during any potential subsequent extensions of these designations, so individuals desiring TPS should take action to apply during this 18-month initial registration period in order to ensure that they do not miss the opportunity to obtain TPS. These initial registration period extensions apply to the following Federal Register notices:

Designation of Venezuela for Temporary Protected Status and Implementation of Employment Authorization for Venezuelans Covered by Deferred Enforced Departure (86 FR 13574): <sup>2</sup> The 18-month registration period to apply for TPS now runs from March 9, 2021, through September 9, 2022. See also corrections to Venezuela notice below.

Extension and Redesignation of Syria for Temporary Protected Status (86 FR 14946): The 18-month registration period for initial applications under the redesignation of TPS for Syria now runs from March 19, 2021, through September 30, 2022.

Designation of Burma (Myanmar) for Temporary Protected Status (86 FR 28132): The 18-month registration period now runs from May 25, 2021, through November 25, 2022.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

- Andria Strano, Acting Chief, Humanitarian Affairs Division, Office of Policy and Strategy, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security, by mail at 5900 Capital Gateway Drive, Camp Springs, MD 20746, or by phone at 800–375– 5283.
- For further information on TPS, please visit the USCIS TPS web page at www.uscis.gov/tps.
- If you have additional questions about TPS, please visit *uscis.gov/tools*. Our online virtual assistant, Emma, can answer many of your questions and point you to additional information on our website. If you are unable to find your answers there, you may also call our U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) Contact Center at 800–375–5283 (TTY 800–767–1833).
- Applicants seeking information about the status of their individual cases may check Case Status Online, available on the USCIS website at www.uscis.gov, or call the USCIS Contact Center at 800–375–5283 (TTY 800–767–1833).
- Further information will also be available at local USCIS offices upon publication of this notice.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Table of Abbreviations**

DHS—U.S. Department of Homeland Security

EAD—Employment Authorization Document Form I–765—Application for Employment Authorization

Form I–821—Application for Temporary Protected Status

Government—U.S. Government

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The 60-day re-registration period (March 19, 2021, through May 18, 2021) for existing TPS beneficiaries under TPS Syria is not changing. *See* 86 FR 14946 (Mar. 19, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A **Federal Register** notice was published on March 24, 2021, correcting defects in the original notice of Designation of Venezuela for Temporary Protected Status and Implementation of Employment Authorization for Venezuelans Covered by Deferred Enforced Departure. *See* 86 FR 15694. This notice provides further corrections.

INA—Immigration and Nationality Act
 Secretary—Secretary of Homeland Security
 TPS—Temporary Protected Status
 TTY—Text Telephone
 USCIS—U.S. Citizenship and Immigration
 Services

# Background on Temporary Protected Status (TPS)

- TPS is a temporary immigration status granted to eligible nationals of a country designated for TPS under the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) or to eligible persons without nationality who last habitually resided in the designated country.
- During the TPS designation period, TPS beneficiaries are eligible to remain in the United States, may not be removed, are employment authorized, and may obtain Employment Authorization Documents (EADs), so long as they continue to meet the requirements of TPS.
- TPS beneficiaries may also apply for travel authorization as a matter of discretion.
- To qualify for TPS, beneficiaries must meet the eligibility standards at INA section 244(c)(1)–(2), 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(1)–(2).
- When the Secretary of Homeland Security (Secretary) terminates a country's TPS designation, beneficiaries return to one of the following:
- O The same immigration status or category that they maintained before TPS, if any (unless that status or category has since expired or been terminated); or
- Any other lawfully obtained immigration status or category they received while registered for TPS, as long as it is still valid on the date TPS terminates.

# Purpose of This Action

Through this **Federal Register** notice, DHS is extending the initial registration periods from 180 days to 18 months for initial applicants (that is, individuals who do not currently have TPS) under the TPS designations for Venezuela, Syria, and Burma, as specified in this notice. The initial registration periods will now run for the entire 18-month period of the TPS designations for Venezuela and Burma, and for the entire 18-month period of TPS redesignation for Syria. This will allow individuals to submit an initial application for TPS and an application for employment authorization documentation (if desired), during the relevant country's TPS designation or redesignation.

DHS is extending the registration period for a number of reasons. In general, individuals must be given an initial registration period of no less than

180 days to register for TPS, but the Secretary has discretion to provide for a longer registration period. See 8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(1)(A)(iv). Historically, the length of the initial registration period has varied. Compare 66 FR 14214 (March 9, 2001) (18 months initial registration period for applicants under TPS designation for El Salvador) with 80 FR 36346 (June 24, 2015) (180-day initial registration period for applicants under TPS designation for Nepal). In recent years, this period has most typically been limited to the statutory minimum of 180 days, although later extensions of the initial registration period have also been announced for some countries. See, e.g., 81 FR 4051 (Jan. 25, 2016) (setting 180-day initial registration period during extension and redesignation of South Sudan for TPS); 78 FR 1866 (Jan. 9, 2013) (setting 180day initial registration period during extension and redesignation of Sudan for TPS); 75 FR 39957 (July 13, 2010) (extending previously announced initial 180-day registration period for Haiti TPS applicants to allow more time for individuals to apply). After reevaluating the initial 180-day registration periods announced for TPS under the new designations for Venezuela and Burma and the redesignation of Syria, DHS has determined that it will provide the full 18 months of these designations for applicants to file their initial Form I-821 and Form I–765 to obtain an EAD, if desired. Limiting the initial registration period to 180 days may place a burden on applicants who are unable to timely file but would otherwise be eligible for a grant of TPS. In addition, permitting registration throughout the entirety of the designation period could reduce the operational burden on USCIS, as incoming applications may be spread out over a longer period of time. This extended registration period is in keeping with the humanitarian purpose of TPS and will better advance the goal of ensuring "the Federal Government eliminates . . . barriers that prevent immigrants from accessing government services available to them." See Executive Order 14012, Restoring Faith in Our Legal Immigration Systems and Strengthening Integration and Inclusion Efforts for New Americans, 86 FR 8277 (Feb. 5, 2021).

In addition, through this Federal Register notice, DHS is making corrections to the Federal Register notice regarding Venezuela's TPS designation that was published on March 9, 2021, at 86 FR 13574. USCIS is correcting the second paragraph of the section titled "Required Application"

Forms and Application Fees To Register for TPS" to correct the end date of the EAD validity period noted in that section from "September 7, 2021" to "September 9, 2022." USCIS is also correcting the section titled "Refiling a TPS Registration Application After Receiving a Denial of a Fee Waiver Request" in order to remove erroneous references to a "good cause" exception to late filings for initial TPS applicants under the Venezuela designation.<sup>3</sup>

### Corrections

In FR Doc. 2021–04951, beginning on page 13574, in the **Federal Register** of March 9, 2021, make the following corrections:

- 1. On page 13578, the sentence indicating "Although not required to do so, if you want to obtain an EAD valid through September 7, 2021, you must file an Application for Employment Authorization (Form I–765) and pay the Form I–765 fee (or submit a Request for a Fee Waiver (Form I–912))" is corrected to read as follows: "Although not required to do so, if you want to obtain an EAD valid through September 9, 2022, you must file an Application for Employment Authorization (Form I–765) and pay the Form I–765 fee or request a fee waiver".
- 2. On page 13578, the heading "Refiling a TPS Registration Application After Receiving a Denial of a Fee Waiver Request" is corrected to read as follows: "Refiling a TPS Registration Application after Receiving Notice that USCIS Did Not Grant the Fee Waiver Request".
- 3. On page 13578, the first paragraph under the heading that currently reads "Refiling a TPS Registration Application After Receiving a Denial of a Fee Waiver Request" is struck and replaced with the following correction:

"You should file as soon as possible so USCIS can process your application and issue an EAD promptly, if you requested one. If USCIS does not grant your fee waiver request related to your initial TPS application, you must refile your Form I–821 for TPS, along with the required fees, by September 9, 2022 to continue seeking initial TPS. If USCIS does not grant your fee waiver request, you may also refile your Form I–765, with fee, either with your Form I–821 or at a later time as long as it is within the period that Venezuela is designated for TPS. For more information on late

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See 8 CFR 244.2(f) and (g) (noting requirements for consideration of late initial TPS registration applications). A "good cause" exception to late filings is applicable only to persons re-registering for TPS as per INA § 244(c)(3)(C), not to initial registrants.

initial registration, visit the USCIS TPS web page at uscis.gov/tps.'

#### Alejandro N. Mayorkas,

Secretary, U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. 2021-16611 Filed 8-3-21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-97-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

# Office of the Secretary

**[XXXD5198NI DS61100000** DNINR0000.000000 DX61104]

### Notice To Reopen the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Public Advisory Committee Call for Nominations

**AGENCY:** Office of the Secretary, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice to reopen a call for nominations.

**SUMMARY:** A request for nominations was published by the Department of the Interior in the Federal Register on April 29, 2021, for specific positions on the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Public Advisory Committee (Committee). This Committee advises the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council (Trustee Council) on decisions related to the planning, evaluation, funds allocation, and conduct of injury assessment and restoration activities related to the T/V Exxon Valdez oil spill of March 1989.

**DATES:** The nomination period for the notice published on April 29, 2021, at 86 FR 22703, is reopened. Nominations for the vacant positions are due September 3, 2021.

**ADDRESSES:** A complete nomination package should be submitted by hard copy or via email to Shiway Wang, Acting Executive Director, Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee Council, 4230 University Drive, Suite 220, Anchorage, Alaska, 99508-4650, or at shiway.wang@alaska.gov. Also please copy Linda Kilbourne, Administrative Manager, on any email correspondence at linda.kilbourne@alaska.gov.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Philip Johnson, Department of the Interior, Office of Environmental Policy

and Compliance, telephone number: (907) 786–3914; email: philip\_johnson@ ios.doi.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Committee was created pursuant to Paragraph V.A.4 of the Memorandum of Agreement and Consent Decree entered into by the United States of America and the State of Alaska on August 27, 1991, and approved by the United States District Court for the District of Alaska in settlement of United States of

America v. State of Alaska, Civil Action No. A91-081 CV. The Committee advises the Trustee Council on matters relating to decisions on injury assessment, restoration activities, or other use of natural resource damage recoveries obtained by the government. The Trustee Council consists of representatives of the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, and Alaska Department of

The Committee consists of 10 members to reflect balanced representation from each of the following principal interests: Aquaculture/mariculture, commercial tourism, conservation/environmental. recreation, subsistence use, commercial fishing, native landownership, sport hunting/fishing, science/technology, and public-at-large.

We are soliciting nominations for seven positions that represent aquaculture/mariculture, commercial fishing, commercial tourism, recreation, Native landownership, subsistence, and public-at-large interests. The Committee members will be selected and appointed by the Secretary of the Interior to serve a two-vear term.

Nominations for membership may be submitted by any source. Nominations should include a résumé providing an adequate description of the nominee's qualifications, including information that would enable the Department of the Interior to make an informed decision regarding meeting the membership requirements of the Committee and permit the Department of the Interior to contact a potential member.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. appendix 2.

#### Philip Johnson,

Regional Environmental Officer, Office of Environmental Policy and Compliance. [FR Doc. 2021-16571 Filed 8-3-21: 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4334-63-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

#### Office of the Secretary

**[XXXD5198NI DS61100000** DNINR0000.000000 DX61104]

# **Notice of Teleconference Meeting of** the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Public **Advisory Committee**

**AGENCY:** Office of the Secretary, Interior. **ACTION:** Meeting notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the Department of the Interior, Office of the Secretary, is announcing that the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill (EVOS) Trustee Council's Public Advisory Committee (PAC) will meet by video teleconference as noted below.

DATES: The virtual meeting will be held on September 28-29, 2021, beginning at 9:30 a.m. to 12 p.m. and 2 to 4 p.m. Alaska Time (AKT) for both days.

**ADDRESSES:** The meeting will be virtual only using the Zoom meeting platform. To view a tutorial on how to join a Zoom meeting, please go to https:// support.zoom.us/hc/en-us/articles/ 201362193-How-Do-I-Join-A-Meeting-. The video feature will be turned off for all attendees except for the EVOS PAC, Trustee Council staff, presenters, and speakers during public comment to limit bandwidth use and maximize connectivity during the meeting. Please remain muted until you are called upon to speak.

Connect to meeting using Zoom link (video and audio):

https://zoom.us/j/93034091186?pwd=  $\hat{M}WNsVFdBN\hat{l}lveWhqSS8$ xUFhwTTdGQT09 Meeting ID: 930 3409 1186 Passcode: 672577

Follow the prompts; you will be asked if you would like to join audio with internet (your device microphone/ speaker) or use a telephone (follow the prompts accordingly).

Connect to the meeting via telephone (audio only, no video):

Dial any of the following numbers:

(253) 215-8782

(669) 900-6833

 $(346)\ 248-7799$ 

(312) 626-6799

(929) 205-6099

(301) 715-8592

Enter the Meeting ID 930 3409 1186#; there is no participant code, and use \*6

Please check the EVOS Trustee Council website for updates regarding the virtual meeting at www.evostc.state.ak.us/.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: $\mathrm{Dr.}$ Philip Johnson, Department of the

Interior, Office of Environmental Policy and Compliance, telephone number: (907) 786–3914; email: philip\_johnson@ ios.doi.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The EVOS PAC was created pursuant to Paragraph V.A.4 of the Memorandum of Agreement and Consent Decree entered into by the United States of America and the State of Alaska on August 27, 1991, and approved by the United States District Court for the District of Alaska in settlement of United States of