

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION
OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

ALBERTINA DIAZ

Claim No. CU-1181

Decision No. CU-277

Under the International Claims Settlement
Act of 1949, as amended

Appeal and objections from a Proposed Decision entered on September 20, 1967. No oral hearing requested.

Hearing on the Record held on December 14, 1967.

FINAL DECISION

By Proposed Decision entered on September 20, 1967, this claim based upon the loss of furniture, jewelry and clothing was denied for claimant's failure to meet the burden of proof.

Claimant objected to the Proposed Decision but has at no time submitted evidence to establish her claim.

Full consideration having been given to claimant's objection, it is

ORDERED that the Proposed Decision be and it hereby is affirmed

Dated at Washington, D. C.,
and entered as the Final
Decision of the Commission

20 DEC 1967

Edward D. Re

Edward D. Re, Chairman

Theodore Jaffe

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

LaVern R. Dilweg

LaVern R. Dilweg, Commissioner

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Claim No. CU-1181

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PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, filed under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of \$2,500.00, was presented by ALBERTINA DIAZ and is based upon the asserted loss of furniture, jewelry and clothing. Claimant stated that she has been a national of the United States since her birth in San Juan, Puerto Rico on February 26, 1914.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964) 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

The Regulations of the Commission provide:

The claimant shall be the moving party and shall have the burden of proof on all issues involved in the determination of his claim. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. §531.6(d) (Supp. 1967).)

Claimant asserts she owned furniture, jewelry and clothing which were confiscated by the Government of Cuba. Claimant, however, has submitted no documentary evidence in support of her claim. By Commission letter of June 6, 1967, claimant was advised as to the type of evidence proper for submission to establish this claim under the Act.

On July 13, 1967, claimant was invited to submit any evidence available to her within 45 days from that date, and she was informed, that, absent such evidence, it might become necessary to determine the claim on the basis of the existing record. Claimant has not responded to the correspondence of the Commission and other than a copy of claimant's birth certificate no evidence has been submitted to establish the losses claimed.

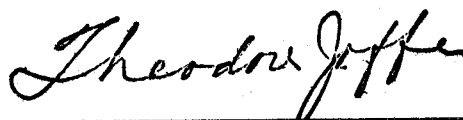
The Commission finds that claimant has not met the burden of proof in that she has failed to establish ownership of rights and interests in property which was nationalized, expropriated or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba. Thus, the Commission is constrained to deny this claim and it is hereby denied. The Commission deems it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of the claim.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,
and entered as the Proposed
Decision of the Commission

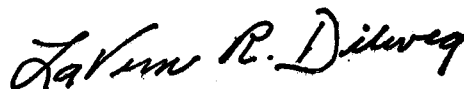
SEP 20 1967



Edward D. Re, Chairman



Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner



LaVern R. Dilweg, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)