FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

In the Matter of the Claim of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Claim No.CU-4914

Decision No.CU -1518

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

AMENDED PROPOSED DECISION

On April 10, 1968, the Commission issued its Proposed Decision denying this claim for failure of proof. Claimant thereafter submitted additional evidence and information in support of this claim. The matter having been reconsidered, it is

ORDERED that the Proposed Decision of the Commission be, and the same is amended to read as follows:

Section 502(1)(B) of the Act defines the term "National of the United States" as a corporation or other legal entity which is organized under the laws of the United States, or of any State, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, if natural persons who are citizens of the United States own, directly or indirectly, 50 per centum or more of the outstanding capital stock or other beneficial interest of such corporation or entity.

An officer of the claimant corporation has certified that the claimant was organized in the State of Nebraska and that all times between January 1879 and presentation of this claim on September 7, 1967, more than 50% of the outstanding capital stock of the claimant has been owned by United States nationals. The Commission holds that claimant is a national of the United States within the meaning of Section 502(1) (B) of the Act.

Claimant states that 100% of its outstanding stock is held by nationals of the United States.

On the basis of evidence of record, the Commission finds that claimant is, and since prior to October 13, 1960, has been the owner of five bonds in the original face amount of \$1000.00 each, issued by the Cuba Northern Railways Company and known as "First Mortgage Gold Bonds, 4%, due June 30, 1970" (originally First Mortgage Gold Bonds, 5-1/2%, due June 1, 1942) issued under an Indenture of July 1, 1927, with the First National City Bank of New York as Trustee. The bonds in question are Nos. TRM744 through 748, inclusive.

The record discloses that Cuban Northern Railways Company and Cuba Railroad Company were owned by Consolidated Railroads of Cuba (Ferrocarriles Consolidados de Cuba). They were listed as nationalized by Cuban Law 890, published in the Cuban Official Gazette on October 13, 1960. Consolidated Railroads and Cuban Northern Railways were organized under the laws of Cuba and neither qualifies as a corporate "National of the United States" defined under Section 502(1)(B) of the Act as a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the United States, or any State, the District of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, whose ownership is vested to the extent of 50 per centum or more in natural persons who are citizens of the United States. (See Claim of Kramer, Marx, Greenlee and Backus, Claim No. CU-0105, 25 FCSC Semiann. Rep. 62 /July-Dec. 1966/

Therefore, claimant is entitled to file these claims based upon the bonds in question which represent debts of nationalized enterprises within the purview of Section 502(3) of the Act. (See Claim of Kentucky Home Mutual Life Insurance Company, Claim No. CU-1339, and Claim of Joseph Gans, Claim No. CU-1720.)

The record in this claim discloses that, prior to 1951, claimant was the owner of Cuban Northern Railways Company 5-1/2% Gold Bonds due June 1, 1942.

The record reflects that on April 4, 1933, Cuba declared a moratorium on mortgage indebtedness, which was later extended to June, 1942. On June 4, 1940 a new Cuban Constitution was adopted, having certain "Transitory Provisions" which extended the maturity date on mortgage indebtedness in excess of \$800,000 to June 30, 1970 and provided for interest at 1% and amortization by certain annual installments.

In 1952, pursuant to a "Plan for Readjustment of Bonded Debt of the Company", claimant surrendered its 5-1/2% Gold Bonds and received, in exchange, five First Mortgage Gold Bonds, 4%, due June 30, 1970. The interest on these bonds was payable on June 1, and December 1 of each year. The last payment of interest on bonds was made on December 1, 1958.

Evidence of record establishes that the subject bonds had an outstanding principal balance of \$635.00 on October 13, 1960, the date of loss.

The Commission therefore finds that the amount of the unpaid indebtedness on claimant's bonds on October 13, 1960, the date of loss, was \$3,412.80, including the principal amounts of \$635.00 on each bond, and the interest due on each of the five bonds in the amount of \$47.56 for the period December 1, 1958 to October 13, 1960.

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims

Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement.

(See Claim of Lisle Corporation, Claim No. CU-0644).

Accordingly, the Commission concludes that the amount of loss sustained by claimant shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from October 13, 1960, the date of loss, to the date on which provisions are made for settlement thereof.

It will be noted that the total amount of loss found herein is in excess of the amount asserted by claimant. However, in determining the

amount of loss sustained, the Commission is not bound by any lesser or greater amounts which may be asserted by claimant\as the extent thereof.

CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Friend, Nebraska suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended in the amount of Three Thousand Four Hundred Twelve Dollars and Eighty Cents (\$3,412.80) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from October 13, 1960 to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Amended Proposed Decision of the Commission

24 JUL 1968

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

Sidney Freidberg, Commissioner

NOTICE TO TREASURY: The above-referenced securities may not have been submitted to the Commission or if submitted, may have been returned; accordingly, no payment should be made until claimant establishes retention of the securities or the loss here certified.

The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Amended Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Re., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g), as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967),

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In the Matter of the Claim of

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Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, filed under Title V of the Internatinal Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of \$3,175.00, was presented by THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Friend, Nebraska, and is based upon the asserted loss of an interest in bonds of the Cuba Northern Railways Company.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949

[78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat.

988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

The Regulations of the Commission provide:

The claimant shall be the moving party and shall have the burden of proof on all issues involved in the determination of his claim. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. §531.6(d) (Supp. 1967).)

An officer of the claimant corporation has certified that the claimant was organized in the State of Nebraska and that at all times between January 1879 and presentation of this claim on December 26, 1967 more than 50% of the outstanding capital stock of the claimant has been owned by United States nationals. The Commission holds that claimant is a national of the United States within the meaning of Section 502(1)(b) of the Act.

Claimant asserts the loss of interests in bonds of the Cuba Northern Railways Company; however, no documentary evidence was submitted in support of the claim. Accordingly, by Commission letter of September 28, 1967, claimant was advised as to the type of evidence proper for submission to establish this claim under the Act. Thereafter, by letter of October 13, 1967, the Commission made aditional suggestions to claimant concerning the submission of supporting evidence in this matter. In response to this letter, claimant submitted a letter and a certified statement of one of its officers.

On January 9, 1968, claimant was invited to submit any evidence available to it within 45 days from that date, and claimant was informed that, absent

such evidence it might become necessary to determine the claim on the basis of the existing record. No evidence has since been submitted.

The Commission finds that claimant has not met the burden of proof in that it has failed to establish ownership of rights and interests in property which was nationalized, expropriated or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba. Accordingly, this claim is denied. The Commission deems it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of the claim.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

APR 10 1968

Leonard v. B. Sutton, Chairman

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Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)