

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION  
OF THE UNITED STATES  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

HARRY GLENN STANGLAND,  
EXECUTOR OF THE ESTATE OF  
HARRY STANGLAND, DECEASED

Claim No. CU -5998

Decision No. CU 4092

Under the International Claims Settlement  
Act of 1949, as amended

Represented by Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba

Counsel for Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba:

Shapiro, Fried and Weil  
By Herbert S. Shapiro, Esq.

PROPOSED DECISION

Eva M. Stangland, now deceased, who owned a stock interest in the Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba, asserted a claim under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, against the Government of Cuba because of its nationalization of said Company.

Eva M. Stangland died on January 8, 1967, and pursuant to a Decree of the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles, the entire estate of the deceased was assigned to Harry Stangland, surviving spouse. Harry Stangland having died testate, Letters Testamentary issued to HARRY GLENN STANGLAND, who is substituted as claimant herein.

In our decision entitled the Claim of Ruth Anna Haskew (Claim No. CU-0849 which we incorporate herein by reference), we held that the properties owned by the Company were nationalized or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba on August 6, 1960, and that this type of claim is compensable to an American national under the facts and conditions set forth therein. We need not again detail here the reasons or the method used in determining the value per share of \$46.3946.

On the basis of evidence in the record in the instant case, the Commission finds that the late Eva M. Stangland came within the terms of the Haskew decision; that she was an American national at the requisite times; that she

had been the owner of 25 shares of stock in the Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba since prior to August 6, 1960; that she suffered a loss in the amount of \$1,159.87 within the meaning of Title V of the Act; and that HARRY GLENN STANGLAND, EXECUTOR OF THE ESTATE OF HARRY STANGLAND, DECEASED, has succeeded thereto. Further, the Commission finds that the amount of loss sustained shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from August 6, 1960, the date of loss, to the date on which provisions are made for the settlement thereof. (See Haskew, supra.)

CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that HARRY GLENN STANGLAND, EXECUTOR OF THE ESTATE OF HARRY STANGLAND, DECEASED, succeeded to a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of One Thousand One Hundred Fifty-nine Dollars and Eighty-seven Cents (\$1,159.87) with interest at 6% per annum from August 6, 1960 to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,  
and entered as the Proposed  
Decision of the Commission

OCT 21 1969

*Leonard v. B. Sutton*

Leonard v. B. Sutton, Chairman

*Theodore Jaffe*

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

*Sidney Freidberg*

Sidney Freidberg, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. §531.5(e) and (g), as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 [1967].)

The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE TO TREASURY: The above-referenced securities may not have been submitted to the Commission or if submitted, may have been returned; accordingly, no payment should be made until claimant establishes retention of the securities for the loss here certified.