

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION
OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

TON Q. LEE

AND

PO KAM CHAN

Claim No. CU -6209

Decision No. CU 4387

Under the International Claims Settlement
Act of 1949, as amended

Represented by Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba

Counsel for Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba:

Shapiro, Fried and Weil

By Herbert S. Shapiro, Esq.

PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, was presented by TON Q. LEE and his wife, PO KAM CHAN, and is based upon the asserted loss sustained in connection with the ownership of common stock interest in Cia. Azucarera Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba.

In our decision entitled the Claim of Ruth Anna Haskew (Claim No. CU-0849), which we incorporate herein by reference, we held that the properties owned by the Vertientes-Camaguey Sugar Company were nationalized or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba on August 6, 1960, and that this type of claim is compensable to an American national under the facts and conditions set forth therein. We need not again detail here the reasons or the method used in determining the value per Vertientes share of \$46.3946..

On the basis of evidence in the record in the instant case, the Commission finds that these claimants come within the terms of the Haskew decision; that they were American nationals at the requisite times; that they have been the joint owners of 400 shares of stock in the Cia. Azucarera

Vertientes-Camaguey de Cuba since prior to August 6, 1960, and that they suffered a loss in the amount of \$18,557.84 in connection therewith within the meaning of Title V of the Act.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

On the basis of evidence of record, the Commission also finds that claimants acquired 200 shares of Vertientes stock by purchase of 100 shares on February 16, 1961, and 100 shares on November 9, 1962, for the consideration of \$400.00 and \$250.00, respectively.

Under the provisions of Section 504(a) of the Act, a claimant is required to establish that the claim for any loss has been continuously owned by a national or nationals of the United States from the date of loss to the date of filing with the Commission. The loss in connection with Vertientes occurred on August 6, 1960. In similar cases, claimants have been unable to obtain information or evidence to establish the nationality of the owner of the securities on the date of loss, and to establish continuous United States ownership of the securities until the date on which claimant acquired them.

Evidence of record before the Commission discloses that securities of the type subject of this claim were almost entirely owned and traded by persons or firms having addresses in the United States. The Commission has considered whether an inference may be justified that the claimed securities were continuously owned by a national or nationals of the United States from the date of loss to the date on which purchased by the claimants and, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, has concluded that the securities were continuously so owned. (See Claim of the Executors of the Estate of Julius S. Wikler, Deceased, Claim No. CU-2571.)

Section 507 of the Act provides, as to assignment of claims, that

(b) The amount determined to be due on any claim of an assignee who acquires the same by purchase shall not exceed (or, in the case of any such acquisition subsequent to the date of the determination, shall not be deemed to have exceeded) the amount of the actual consideration paid by such assignee, or in case of successive assignments of a claim by any assignee.

The Commission finds that claimants as assignees by purchase, acquired the claim for the loss sustained by the assignor of the claimed securities, but under the limitations provided in Section 507 of the Act (supra), are limited to \$400.00 plus \$250.00 or \$650.00, the actual consideration paid for these 200 shares.

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement (see Claim of Lisle Corporation, Claim No. CU-0644).

The Commission concludes, however, that the amount of loss sustained by claimants herein shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from the dates below, to the date on which provisions are made for settlement of the claim:

<u>FROM</u>	<u>ON</u>
August 6, 1960	\$18,557.84
February 16, 1961	400.00
November 9, 1962	<u>250.00</u>
	\$19,207.84

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CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

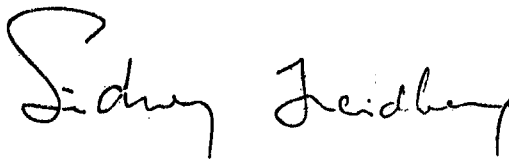
The Commission certifies that TON Q. LEE and PO KAM CHAN jointly suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Nineteen Thousand Two Hundred Seven Dollars and Eighty-four Cents (\$19,207.84) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the aforesaid dates to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,
and entered as the Proposed
Decision of the Commission

7 JAN 1970



Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner



Sidney Freidberg, Commissioner

NOTICE TO TREASURY: The above-referenced securities may not have been submitted to the Commission or if submitted, may have been returned; accordingly, no payment should be made until claimants establish retention of the securities for the loss here certified.

The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g), as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)

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