## FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WASHINGTON, DC 20579

In the Matter of the Claim of

PELIVAN SAKO AZIZAJ

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Claim No. ALB-312

Decision No. ALB-281

## PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Albania is based upon the alleged confiscation of real and personal property located in Vezhdanisht, District of Vlore.

As a preliminary matter, the commission notes that this claim was received by the Commission after the expiration of the Commission's filing deadline of December 29, 1995. The Commission nevertheless has decided to accept the claim for consideration.

Under section 4(a) of Title I of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 ("ICSA"), as amended, the Commission has jurisdiction to

receive, examine, adjudicate, and render final decisions with respect to claims of . . . nationals of the United States included within the terms of . . . any claims agreement on and after March 10, 1954, concluded between the Government of the United States and a foreign government (exclusive of governments against which the United States declared the

existence of a state of war during World War II) . . . providing for the settlement and discharge of claims of . . . nationals of the United States against a foreign government, arising out of the nationalization or other taking of property, by the agreement of the Government of the United States to accept from that government a sum in en bloc settlement thereof.

22 U.S.C. 1623(a) (1994).

The Governments of the United States and Albania concluded an agreement for en bloc settlement of claims of United States nationals against Albania on March 10, 1995. Agreement Between the Government of the United States and the Government of the Republic of Albania on the Settlement of Certain Outstanding Claims, March 10, 1995 (entered into force April 18, 1995) ("Settlement Agreement"). Claims covered by the Settlement Agreement are

the claims of United States nationals (including natural and juridical persons) against Albania arising from any nationalization, expropriation, intervention, or other taking of, or measures affecting, property of nationals of the United States prior to the date of this agreement[.]

Settlement Agreement, Article 1(a).

As the basis of his claim, the claimant in this case has stated that in 1946 the Albanian government confiscated 10.6 hectares of agricultual land, 6 hectares of pasture land, 92 olive trees, a one-story house with four rooms, and two two-story shops and all of their furnishings. According to the claimant, the property

was first owned by his brother, Aziz Sako Azizaj, an Albanian national who acquired U.S. nationality by naturalization in 1956, and then by himself.

By letter dated January 7, 1997, the Commission advised the claimant that, in order to qualify for compensation under the Settlement Agreement, the property at issue must have been owned by a United States national at the time the property was taken. Claimant was also advised that the claim for the loss of property must have been continuously held by one or more United States nationals from the date of the confiscation until April 18, 1995, the effective date of the Settlement Agreement. There has been no response from the claimant.

The ICSA mandates that the Commission decide claims in accordance with, inter alia, "[t]he applicable principles of international law." ICSA section 4(a)(2), 22 U.S.C. 1623(a)(2). It is a well-established principle of international law, which this Commission has applied without exception, that a claim may be found compensable only if the property which is the subject of the claim was owned by a national of the United States when the property was expropriated or otherwise taken. See, e.g., Claim of EUGENIA D. STUPNIKOV Against Yugoslavia, Claim No. Y-2-0071, Decision No. Y-2-0003 (1967); Claim of ILONA CZIKE Against Hungary, Claim No. HUNG-2-0784, Decision No.

HUNG-2-191 (1976); Claim of JOSEPH REISS Against the German Democratic Republic, Claim No. G-2853, Decision No. G-2499 (1981); Claim of TRANG KIM Against Vietnam, Claim No. V-0014, Decision No. V-0001 (1982). This principle has also been recognized by the courts of the United States. See, e.g., Haas v. Humphrey, 246 F.2d 682 (D.C. Cir. 1957), cert. denied 355 U.S. 854 (1957).

The Commission finds that there is no evidence that the property at issue in this claim was owned by a national of the United States at the time it was assertedly taken by the Albanian government. Accordingly, while the Commission sympathizes with the claimant for the loss of his family's property, it must conclude that his claim is not compensable under the terms of the Settlement Agreement. The claim therefore must be and is hereby denied.\*

Even if the claimant were to produce evidence to satisfy the nationality requirement, his claim may still be barred from favorable consideration by the residency requirement of the Settlement Agreement, which limits the Commission's jurisdiction over the claims of dual nationals to those cases where the owner of the claim either (1) was domiciled in the United States on April 18, 1995 (the effective date of the Settlement Agreement), or (2) was domiciled in the United States for at least half the period of time between the date the property was expropriated and April 18, 1995.

The Commission finds it unnecessary to make determinations with respect

to other elements of this claim.

Dated at Washington, DC and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission.

FEB 2 4 1997

M. James

Richard T. White, Commissioner

This decision was entered as the Commission's

Final Decision on MAY 0 6 1997

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, any objections must be filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision. Absent objection, this decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. FCSC Regulations, 45 C.F.R. 531.5 (e) and (g) (1995).