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JOHNSON, J.

WK/ABS:DJ F. #2017R02269

TISCIONE, M.J.

U.S. DISTRICT COURT E.D.M.Y. JUN 1 8 2018 ★ BROOKLYN OFFICE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK - \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ X

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

- against -

HAROLD BENDELSTEIN,

Defendant.

\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ X

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES:

#### INTRODUCTION

At all times relevant to this Indictment, unless otherwise indicated:

I. Background

> A. The Medicare and Medicaid Programs

The Medicare program ("Medicare") was a federal health care program 1. providing benefits to persons who were at least 65 years old or disabled. Medicare was administered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS"), a federal agency under the United States Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"). Individuals who received benefits under Medicare were referred to as Medicare "beneficiaries."

The New York State Medicaid program ("Medicaid") was a federal and 2. state health care program providing benefits to individuals and families who met specified financial and other eligibility requirements, and certain other individuals who lacked adequate resources to pay for medical care. CMS was responsible for overseeing the Medicaid program in participating states, including New York. Individuals who received benefits under Medicaid

(T. 18, U.S.C., §§ 287, 982(a)(7), 982(b)(1), 1347, 2 and 3551 et seq.; T. 21, U.S.C., § 853(p))

were similarly referred to as Medicaid "beneficiaries." Medicaid managed care plans contracted with Medicaid for a set payment per member per month for providing Medicaid health benefits to Medicaid beneficiaries.

3. Medicare and Medicaid were each a "health care benefit program," as defined by Title 18, United States Code, Section 24(b).

4. Medicare was divided into multiple parts. In particular, Medicare Part B covered the costs of physicians' services and outpatient care. Generally, Medicare Part B covered these costs only when, among other requirements, the services were actually rendered.

5. Medicaid covered the costs of medical services and products ranging from routine preventive medical care for children to institutional care for the elderly and disabled. Among the specific medical services and products covered by Medicaid were physicians' services and outpatient care. Generally, Medicaid covered these costs only when, among other requirements, the services were actually rendered.

6. In order to bill Medicare and Medicaid for the cost of treating Medicare and Medicaid beneficiaries and providing related benefits, items and services, medical providers and suppliers were required to apply for and receive a provider identification number ("PIN") or provider transaction access number ("PTAN") from each program. The PIN/PTAN allowed medical providers and suppliers to submit bills, known as claims, to Medicare and Medicaid to obtain reimbursement for the cost of treatment and related health care benefits, items and services that they had supplied and provided to beneficiaries.

7. A medical provider was required to be enrolled in Medicare and Medicaid in order to submit claims. In order to enroll in the Medicare program, a medical provider was required to enter into an agreement with CMS in which the provider agreed to comply with all

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applicable statutory, regulatory and program requirements for reimbursement from Medicare. By signing the Medicare enrollment application, the provider certified that the provider understood that payment of a claim was conditioned on the claim and the underlying transaction complying with Medicare regulations, Medicare program instructions, and the law, and on the provider's compliance with all applicable conditions of participation in Medicare. A similar agreement was required of medical providers enrolled in the Medicaid program and Medicaid managed care plans.

8. Medical providers and suppliers were authorized to submit claims to Medicare and Medicaid only for services that were actually rendered.

9. To receive reimbursement from Medicare for covered services and items, medical providers were required to submit claims, either electronically or in writing, through Forms CMS-1500 or Forms UB-92. To receive reimbursement from Medicaid for covered services, medical providers were required to submit claims, either electronically or in writing, through New York State eMedNY-150003 Claim Forms. Each claim form required the medical provider to identify, among other information, the medical provider submitting the claim, the medical provider rendering the service, the referring physician, the patient and the services rendered. Each claim form required the provider to certify, among other things, that the services were not induced by kickbacks, were rendered to the patient and were medically necessary.

10. Providers submitted claims to Medicare, Medicaid and Medicaid managed care plans by using billing codes, also called current procedural terminology or "CPT" codes, which specifically identified the medical services provided to beneficiaries.

11. CPT code 69020 was defined as an "incision of the external ear, drainage external auditory canal, abscess."

### B. <u>The Defendant</u>

12. The defendant HAROLD BENDELSTEIN was a medical doctor whose practice area was otolaryngology.<sup>1</sup> BENDELSTEIN had offices located at 2000 Kings Highway, Brooklyn, New York; 870 Central Avenue, Far Rockaway, New York; and 222 Rockaway Turnpike, Lawrence, New York. Additionally, BENDELSTEIN treated patients at several assisted living facilities in Brooklyn and Queens, New York. BENDELSTEIN was enrolled as an individual practitioner with Medicare beginning in at least 2011 and with Medicaid beginning in at least 2012.

### II. The Fraudulent Scheme

13. Between approximately January 2014 and February 2018, the defendant HAROLD BENDELSTEIN, together with others, agreed to execute and executed a scheme to enrich himself and others, as follows:

(a) by submitting and causing to be submitted claims to Medicare, Medicaid managed care plans and other health care benefit programs, which claims misrepresented the services in fact performed; and

(b) by submitting and causing to be submitted claims to Medicare, Medicaid managed care plans and other health care benefit programs for services that were not in fact rendered.

14. In or about and between January 2014 and February 2018, the defendant HAROLD BENDELSTEIN, together with others, submitted and caused to be submitted approximately \$585,000 in claims to Medicare, Medicaid, Medicaid managed care plans and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Otolaryngologists are physicians trained in the medical and surgical management and treatment of patients with diseases and disorders of the ear, nose, throat (ENT), and related structures of the head and neck. They are commonly referred to as ENT physicians.

other health care benefit programs using CPT code 69020 for incision procedures on the external ear purportedly performed on Medicare and Medicaid beneficiaries, and was paid approximately \$200,000 on those claims.

## COUNT ONE (Health Care Fraud)

15. The allegations contained in paragraphs one through 14 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth in this paragraph.

16. In or about and between January 2014 and February 2018, both dates being approximate and inclusive, within the Eastern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendant HAROLD BENDELSTEIN, together with others, did knowingly and willfully execute and attempt to execute a scheme and artifice to defraud one or more health care benefit programs, as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 24(b), to wit: Medicare and Medicaid, and to obtain, by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, money and property owned by, and under the custody and control of, Medicare and Medicaid, in connection with the delivery of and payment for health care benefits, items and services.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1347, 2 and 3551 et seq.)

### COUNTS TWO AND THREE (False Claims)

17. The allegations contained in paragraphs one through 14 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth in this paragraph.

18. On or about the dates identified below, within the Eastern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendant HAROLD BENDELSTEIN, together with others, did knowingly and intentionally make and present the claims set forth below upon and against a

department and agency of the United States, to wit: the United States Department of Health and Human Services, knowing such claims to be false, fictitious and fraudulent:

Count	Date of Service	Beneficiary	Claim Number	Amount Billed	Amount Paid
TWO	November 30, 2016	Individual-1,whose identity is known to the Grand Jury	****34650	\$500	\$281.97
THREE	December 6, 2017	Individual-2, whose identity is known to the Grand Jury	****74560	\$500	\$215.82

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 287, 2 and 3551 et seq.)

# **CRIMINAL FORFEITURE ALLEGATION**

19. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendant that, upon his conviction of any of the offenses charged herein, the government will seek forfeiture in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(7), which requires any person convicted of a federal health care offense to forfeit property, real or personal, that constitutes, or is derived directly or indirectly from, gross proceeds traceable to the commission of such offense.

20. If any of the above-described forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:

- (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- (b) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
- (c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- (d) has been substantially diminished in value; or
- (e) has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided

without difficulty;

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it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 18, United States Code, Sections 982(b)(1), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendant up to the value of the forfeitable property described in this forfeiture allegation.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 982(a)(7) and 982(b)(1); Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p))

# A TRUE BILL

FOREPERSON

**RICHARD P. DONOGHUE** UNITED STATES ATTORNEY EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SANDRA MOSER

ACTING CHIEF, FRAUD SECTION CRIMINAL DIVISION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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