



Bureau of Justice Grants (BJG)

FY 2027 Budget Request At A Glance

FY 2026 Enacted - Discretionary:	\$4,384.8 million (890 positions)
FY 2027 Budget Request - Discretionary:	\$3,056.8 million (876 positions)
Program Change/Tech Adj. - Discretionary:	-\$1,328.0 million (-30.3%)
FY 2026 Enacted - Mandatory:	\$2,159.0 million
FY 2027 Budget Request - Mandatory:	\$2,111.0 million
Program Change/Tech Adj. - Mandatory:	-\$48.0 million (-2.2%)

Mission:

As part of its reorganization plan, the Department plans to consolidate the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS), the Office of Justice Programs (OJP), and the Office on Violence Against Women (OVW) into a single grants component named the Bureau of Justice Grants (BJG).

Organization:

The Bureau of Justice Grants is headed by an Assistant Attorney General (AAG), who will be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. The AAG oversees the programs currently in COPS, OJP, and OVW. Additionally, the AAG oversees grants operations and management.

Resources:

The FY 2027 budget request for BJJG totals \$3.057 billion in discretionary funding, \$1.328 billion (or 30.3 percent) below the FY 2026 enacted level. The BJJG also requests \$2.111 billion in mandatory funding, which is \$48.0 million (or 2.2 percent) below the FY 2026 Enacted level. The FY 2027 Budget request includes \$196.0 million for the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) Program and transfers it from the Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP) to the OJP. These amounts are the sum of the FY 2027 budget requests for COPS, OJP, and OVW. The sum of the Management and Administration budgets for COPS, OJP, and OVW in the FY 2027 Budget is \$331.8 million.

Personnel:

The BJJG's direct positions for FY 2027 total 876 positions, which is the sum of direct positions for COPS, OJP, and OVW.

FY 2027 Strategy:

The Department's reorganization of COPS, OJP, and OVW into a single, consolidated grants component has multiple goals that will empower COPS, OJP, and OVW to provide more funding and more support to their constituencies, by increasing efficiencies and increasing access to the broader universe of Departmental grant funds. The consolidation will create process and cost efficiencies and improve partnerships with State, local, Tribal, and other community stakeholders.

The BJJG aims to improve services to the field and decrease grantee burden in accessing the Department's grants; reduce bureaucracy, create efficiencies, and reduce administrative costs; use these efficiencies to increase the amount of funding that is awarded to grantees; and create a single point of contact in DOJ for all grant matters, through the BJJG's Assistant Attorney General.

The Department's consolidation plans have already led to opportunities to make the grants application process less burdensome for grantees. COPS, OJP, and OVW are collaborating to create a single Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) template that is expected to be used for all Departmental grants, and they are reviewing if consolidation of NOFOs is possible so that an applicant can apply for multiple grants through a single application. In addition, COPS, OJP, and OVW are streamlining grant management processes such that all three organizations will utilize a uniform grant review and administration framework. The Department also expects that consolidation of administration services will generate potential cost efficiencies, which will allow more funding to be awarded to grantees.

COPS, OJP, and OVW each have important constituencies and provide vital funding to communities. Through this consolidation, each program office in the BJJG will maintain their branding. This reorganization prioritizes grants to law enforcement, victims of domestic violence, and other community stakeholders by using efficiencies to increase the grant funding available to these communities.

FY 2027 Program Changes:

The FY 2027 budget proposal includes \$348.6 million in discretionary program increases and \$1.677 billion in discretionary program decreases, of which \$939.4 million was from Congressionally-directed spending.

The COPS, OJP, and OVW information on the following pages provide detailed information on Program Changes for each organization.



Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS)

FY 2027 Budget Request At A Glance

FY 2026 Full-Year – Discretionary:	\$800.0 million (81 positions; 6 attorneys)
FY 2027 Budget Request – Discretionary:	\$303.2 million (81 positions; 6 attorneys)
Program Change/Tech Adj. – Discretionary:	-\$496.8 million (0 positions)

Mission:

The mission of COPS is to advance public safety through the practice of community policing. Community policing is common sense policing that prioritizes preventing criminal and disorderly behavior and the resulting fear by proactively addressing the root causes, rather than simply responding to crimes once they have been committed. Community policing also promotes the use of operational strategies and the development of mutually beneficial relationships between law enforcement and the communities served. By earning community trust and partnering with the community as stakeholders in their own safety, law enforcement can better understand and address the community's needs and the factors that contribute to crime.

Organization:

The COPS Office is headed by a Director, who is appointed by the Attorney General, and is based in Washington, DC. The COPS Office was established in 1994 to assist law enforcement agencies in enhancing public safety through the implementation of community policing strategies.

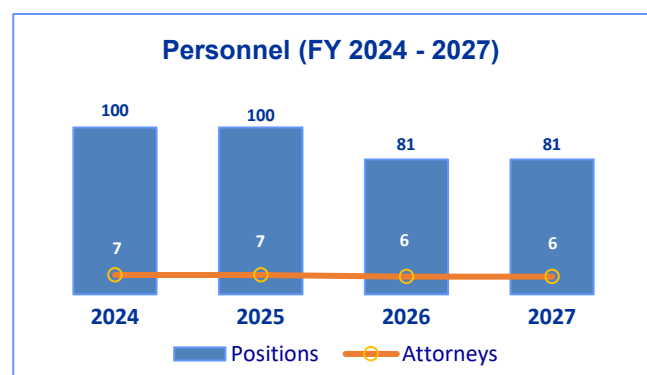
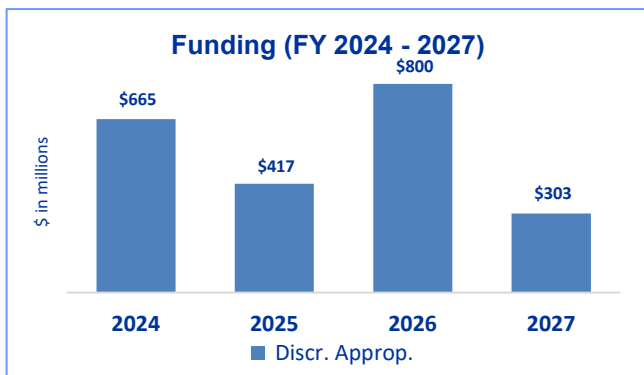
As part of its reorganization plan, the Department of Justice's grant components, including COPS, the Office on Violence Against Women (OVW), and the Office of Justice Programs (OJP), will consolidate into one component to create process and cost efficiencies and improve partnerships with State, local, Tribal, and other community stakeholders.

Resources:

The FY 2027 discretionary budget request for COPS totals \$303.2 million, which is a \$ 496.8 million, or 62.1 percent, decrease below the FY 2026 Enacted.

Personnel:

COPS' authorized staffing for FY 2027 totals 81 discretionary positions and is the same as FY 2026 Enacted.



FY 2027 Strategy:

COPS remains steadfast to support state and local law enforcement and the Department's priorities to make America safe. COPS is committed to supporting law enforcement in their aims to provide effective services in crime prevention, intervention, and response. Not only does the COPS Office hire and train state and local law enforcement, it also provides programs and resources to help increase the operational effectiveness of law enforcement agencies and strengthen the community's trust and confidence in those sworn to protect and serve.

To advance this mission, COPS develops training and technical assistance aimed at improving law enforcement officers' problem-solving and community interaction skills. It promotes collaboration between law enforcement and community members to develop innovative crime prevention initiatives and provides cost-effective service delivery to grantees supporting community policing.

COPS also partners with law enforcement experts and academics to develop and produce informational materials. These materials highlight current and new law enforcement issues and successful community policing strategies used by law enforcement departments nationwide in response to address crime and disorder problems.

In FY 2027, the COPS Office will fulfill its mission of advancing public safety through community policing by:

- Providing federal funds directly to state and local law enforcement to hire career law enforcement officers and improve officer recruitment, hiring and retention; uplift the image of the law enforcement profession; investigate, disrupt, and prevent crime and violence; enhance immigration and border security; detect and investigate human trafficking; investigate and prevent child exploitation; improve school safety, prevent and investigate domestic terrorism; dismantle gangs and organized crime; investigate and interrupt opioids and drug markets; prevent homelessness and squatting; and investigate and disrupt cybercrime and fraud. Grants provided under the CHP aim to support the hiring of sworn law enforcement personnel nationwide, while continuing to uplift this heroic profession.
- Continuing oversight and coordination of the National Blue Alert Network, which promotes rapid sharing of information with law enforcement, media and the public about violent offenders who have killed or seriously injured, or pose an imminent threat to law enforcement, and when an officer is missing in connection with their official duties.
- Advancing the work of the national Officer Safety and Wellness (OSW) Group. This group unites representatives from law enforcement, Federal agencies, and the research community to focus on a critical aspect of public safety. Semi-annual meetings of the OSW Group emphasize critical officer safety issues, leading to reports which highlight the latest research and best practices in various safety and wellness topics.

- Promoting improved public safety outcomes by infusing community policing core principles in all grant programs, and acting on evidence that they advance public safety.
- Supporting innovative programs that respond directly to the emerging needs of state, local, and tribal law enforcement for research-based guidance on the most effective ways to prevent and address crime and disorder within their communities.
- Providing responsive, cost-effective customer service delivery to grantees to ensure success in implementing community-policing strategies within their communities.

The COPS Management and Administration (M&A) budget provides resources for staffing, rent, telecommunications, information technology, infrastructure, and contractual goods and services. The FY 2027 Budget requests \$29.6 million for COPS MA&. The COPS staffing level for FY 2027 totals 81 positions, which is equal to the FY 2026 Enacted level.

FY 2027 Program Changes:

The FY 2027 budget proposal includes \$5.6 million in program increases and \$505.9 million in program decreases.

Program Increases:

COPS Hiring:

The Budget provides a total of \$256.2 million for the CHP appropriation, which is a net increase of \$3.1 million from FY 2026 Enacted.

COPS Hiring Grants (CHP) (\$164.2 million) – This funding will advance efforts to Make America Safe Again and help to reduce crime through a professional law enforcement with increased capacity to protect and serve communities both large and rural.

Tribal Resources Grant Program (\$34 million):

The Budget request includes an increase of \$2.0 million over the 2026 enacted level.. The main goal of Tribal Resources Grant Programs is to support the tribal community in addressing their public safety.

Preparing for Active Shooter Situations (PASS) Police ACT (\$12 million):

The Budget requests a small increase of \$0.5 million above the FY 2026 Enacted. The overarching goal of PASS is to increase the survivability of active shooter and other hostile events through evidence-based multi-disciplinary training for law enforcement officers and other public safety-first responders that focuses on response integration, improvements to critical decision making, and the execution of appropriate judgment during critical events.

Program Decreases:

The FY 2027 President's Budget request includes several decreases and program eliminations to redirect funding to higher priority areas and reduce costs to the U.S. taxpayer. These changes total -\$505.9 million and include:

- Anti-Methamphetamine Task Forces (-\$13.5 million) (elimination)
- Anti-Heroin Task Forces (-\$34.5 million) (elimination)
- STOP School Violence (-\$18.0 million) (reduction)
- Community Policing Development (-\$18.0 million) (elimination)
- De-escalation Training (-\$15.0 million) (elimination)
- Collaborative Reform (-\$5.5 million) (elimination),
- -\$401.4 million in one-time congressionally directed projects.

The budget also includes a cancellation of prior year balances of \$15.0 million.



Office of Justice Programs (OJP)

FY 2027 Budget Request At A Glance

FY 2026 Enacted - Discretionary:	\$2,864.8 million (719 positions)
FY 2027 Budget Request - Discretionary:	\$2,214.6 million (719 positions)
Program Change/Tech Adj. - Discretionary:	-\$650.2 million (-22.7%)
FY 2026 Enacted - Mandatory:	\$2,159.0 million
FY 2027 Budget Request - Mandatory:	\$2,111.0 million
Program Change/Tech Adj. - Mandatory:	-\$48.0 million (-2.2%)

Mission:

The OJP provides federal leadership, funding, and other critical resources to directly support law enforcement, combat violent crime, protect American children, provide services to American crime victims, and address public safety challenges, including human trafficking and the opioid crisis.

Resources:

The FY 2027 Budget request for the OJP totals \$2.215 billion in discretionary funding, \$650.2 million (or 22.7 percent) below the FY 2026 Enacted level. The OJP also requests \$2.111 billion in mandatory funding, which is \$48.0 million (or 2.2 percent) below the FY 2026 Enacted level. The FY 2027 Budget request includes \$196.0 million for the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) Program and transfers it from the Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP) to the OJP.

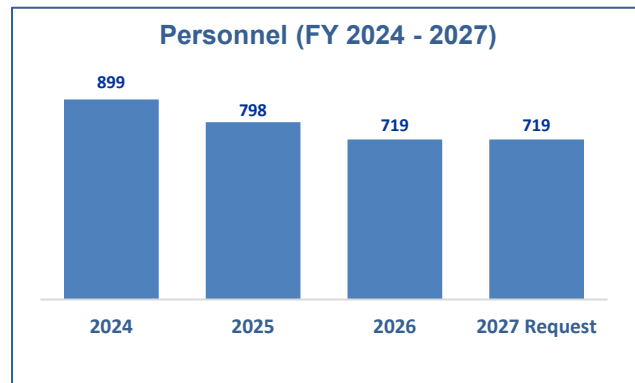
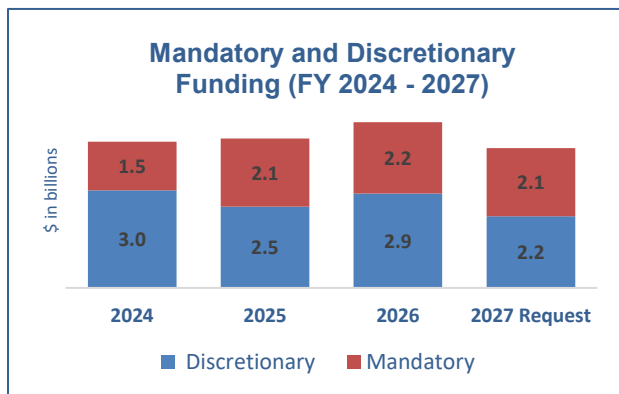
Organization:

The OJP is headed by a Director who sets programmatic priorities for the agency and ensures the goals of the Administration and the Department are supported. The OJP has six program offices headed by presidential appointees: the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA), the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS), the National Institute of Justice (NIJ), the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), the Office for Victims of Crime (OVC), and the Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking (SMART).

As part of its reorganization plan, the Department of Justice's grant components, including the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS), the Office on Violence Against Women (OVW), and the OJP will consolidate into one component to create process and cost efficiencies and improve partnerships with State, local, Tribal, and other community stakeholders.

Personnel:

The OJP's direct authorized positions for FY 2027 total 719 positions, which is equal to the FY 2026 Enacted level.



FY 2027 Strategy:

The OJP provides federal leadership, funding, and other critical resources to directly support law enforcement, combat violent crime, protect American children, provide services to American crime victims, and address public safety challenges, including human trafficking and the opioid crisis.

Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

The Research, Evaluation, and Statistics appropriation supports objective and rigorous scientific research, evaluation, and collection and dissemination of statistical data to inform efforts that promote public safety and advance justice. The information and technologies developed through OJP's research and statistical programs improve the efficiency and effectiveness of criminal and juvenile justice systems and programs at all levels of government. This appropriation account funds the work of the NIJ and the BJS. The FY 2027 Budget requests \$55.0 million for this appropriation, which is equal to the FY 2026 Enacted level.

Research, Evaluation, and Statistics Set-Aside

The Research, Evaluation, and Statistics set-aside will provide up to \$49.2 million to support research and statistical programs. This discretionary funding set-aside is an important source of funding that allows the BJS to develop and enhance fundamental statistical systems to monitor the criminal justice system and the NIJ to support research and evaluation designed to identify best practices within the criminal and juvenile justice systems. The FY 2027 Budget request for this set-aside is 2.5 percent of grant funding, an increase over FY 2026 Enacted level of 2.0 percent.

State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance

The State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance appropriation funds numerous programs that establish and build on partnerships with State, local, and Tribal governments responsible for the majority of the Nation's day-to-day crime prevention and control activities. These programs support law enforcement efforts to reduce and prevent violent crime; improve law enforcement officer safety and wellness; address drug-related crime and substance use; supporting victims of trafficking and sexual assault, and better coordinating law enforcement efforts at all levels of government. For FY 2027, the Budget requests \$100.0 million for the Model City Initiative (MCI) to support DOJ's ongoing efforts to combat violent crime, and provide technology, equipment, staffing, and support to MCI task forces; sustained funding levels for Victims of Trafficking; and eliminates restrictive carveouts under Byrne-JAG. Overall, the FY 2027 Budget requests \$1.619 billion for the State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance appropriation, which is \$781.2 million below the FY 2026 Enacted level.

Juvenile Justice Programs

The Juvenile Justice Programs appropriation supports State, local, tribal, and community efforts to prevent juvenile delinquency and crime and assist children who

have been victimized by crime and child abuse. These programs also help states and communities improve their juvenile justice systems in ways that protect public safety, hold youth involved in the justice system accountable, and provide appropriate reentry services for youth returning to their communities after detention in secure correctional facilities. For FY 2027, the Budget requests a \$3.0 million increase for the Missing and Exploited Children's Program to protect American children and help return missing children back to the security of their homes and families. The FY 2027 Budget proposes \$310.0 million for Juvenile Justice Programs, which is \$65.0 million below the FY 2026 Enacted level.

High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program (HIDTA)

The FY 2027 Budget continues the FY 2026 proposal to transfer the management of the HIDTA Program from the ONDCP to the OJP at a level of \$196.0 million to improve coordination with the Department's other drug enforcement efforts. The HIDTA program was established by the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, as amended, to provide assistance to Federal, State, local, and tribal law enforcement entities operating in those areas most adversely affected by drug trafficking. The program provides resources to Federal, State, local, and tribal agencies to carry out activities that address the specific drug threats of each HIDTA region.

OJP – Management and Administration

The OJP's Management and Administration (M&A) budget funds the costs associated with accomplishing the OJP's mission and ensuring sound stewardship of the OJP's grant programs. The M&A budget provides resources for staffing, rent, telecommunications, information technology, infrastructure, and contractual goods and services. The FY 2027 Budget requests \$272.8 million. OJP's staffing level for FY 2027 totals 719 positions, which is equal to the FY 2026 Enacted level.

Mandatory Programs

The OJP also has three key mandatory programs to reduce crime, obtain justice for victims, and enforce Federal law.

Crime Victims Fund (CVF): The CVF provides formula grants to States and territories to support crime victims' compensation and assistance in all 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, as well as over 11,000 local victim assistance programs throughout the Nation. CVF funding also supports training, technical assistance, and demonstration grants designed to improve the capabilities and capacity of victim service providers. The FY 2027 Budget requests a CVF obligation limitation of \$1.9 billion, which is \$50.0 million below the FY 2026 Enacted level.

Public Safety Officers' Benefits Program (PSOB): The FY 2027 Budget requests \$204.0 million in mandatory funding for the PSOB Death Benefits Program, which is \$2.0 million above the FY 2026 Enacted level. The FY 2027 Budget also includes \$34.8 million in discretionary funding to support the PSOB Disability Benefits and Educational Assistance

Programs, which is equal to the FY 2026 Enacted level. The PSOB programs provide benefits to survivors of public safety officers killed or fatally injured in the line of duty and to public safety officers permanently disabled by injuries suffered in the line of duty.

Domestic Victims of Trafficking Fund: The FY 2027 Budget requests \$7.0 million in mandatory funding for this program, which is funded by assessments on non-indigent persons convicted of certain offenses involving sexual abuse or human trafficking. The request equals the FY 2026 Enacted level, and the funding supports programs to assist trafficking victims. In FY 2027, the Department assumes \$2.0 million in collections and a \$5.0 million transfer from the Department of Health and Human Services.

Program Changes:

New Discretionary Programs—The FY 2027 Budget requests \$100.0 million for the Model City Initiative.

Discretionary Program Increases—The FY 2027 Budget proposes increases to several programs, including:

- Project Safe Neighborhoods (+\$7.0 million)
- Second Chance Act Programs (+\$6.0 million)
- Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (+\$5.0 million)
- Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program (+\$5.0 million)
- DNA Analysis and Capacity Program (+\$5.0 million)
- Victims of Trafficking Programs (+\$4.5 million)
- Rural Law Enforcement Violent Crime Initiative (+\$4.0 million)
- Other Federal, State, and Local Forensic Activities (+\$4.0 million)
- National Criminal Records History Improvement Program (NCHIP) (+\$4.0 million)
- Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and Substance Use Program (COSSUP) (+\$4.0 million)
- Drug Court Program (+\$3.0 million)
- Missing and Exploited Children (+\$3.0 million)
- Missing Person and Unidentified Remains Program - Jennifer's Law (+\$2.0 million)
- Sexual Assault Kit Initiative (SAKI) (+\$1.5 million)
- Paul Coverdell Grants (+\$1.5 million)
- Post-Conviction DNA Testing (+\$1.0 million)
- NICS Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) (+\$1.0 million)
- VALOR Initiative (+\$0.5 million)
- Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Implementation Grant Program (+\$0.5 million)
- Missing Americans Alert Program (Kevin and Avonte's Law) (+\$0.5 million)
- Improving Juvenile Indigent Defense (+\$0.5 million)

Discretionary Program Decreases—The FY 2027 Budget proposes decreases to several programs, including:

- Youth Mentoring Program (-\$62.0 million)
- STOP School Violence Act Grant Programs (-\$7.0 million)
- Tribal Youth Program (-\$6.0 million)
- Court Appointed Special Advocate (CASA)

Program (-\$5.0 million)

- Opioid-Affected Youth Initiative (-\$3.0 million)
- Economic, High-tech, White Collar and Internet Crime Prevention (-\$2.7 million)
- Daniel Anderl Act Judicial Security program (-\$2.5 million)
- Victims of Child Abuse Act (VOCAA) program (-\$2.0 million)
- Veterans Treatment Courts (-\$2.0 million)
- Adam Walsh Act (AWA) (-\$1.0 million), and moving the National Sex Offender Public Website (NSOPW) from a carveout of the AWA to a standalone State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance line

Discretionary Program Eliminations—The FY 2027 Budget proposes eliminations of several programs, including:

- Byrne Discretionary Community Project Grants (-\$538.0 million)
- State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) (-\$202.5 million)
- Community-Based Violence Intervention and Prevention Initiative (-\$50.0 million)
- Tribal Assistance (-\$48.0 million; the FY 2027 Budget is requesting an up-to 7% percent set-aside for Flexible Tribal Assistance Grants in place of this program, which will provide \$135 million)
- Justice Reinvestment Initiative (-\$19.0 million)
- Matthew Shepard and James Byrd, Jr. Hate Crimes Prevention Grants Program (-\$17.0 million)
- Forensic Support for Opioid and Synthetic Drug Investigations (-\$17.0 million)
- Mentoring for Youth Affected by Substance Abuse (-\$16.5 million)
- Body Worn Camera Partnership Program (-\$15.0 million)
- Capital Litigation Improvement Grant Program (-\$11.5 million)
- Community-Based Approaches to Prevent and Address Hate Crimes (-\$9.0 million)
- Khalid Jabara and Heather Heyer NO HATE Act Program (-\$9.0 million)
- Innovations in Supervision (Smart Probation) (-\$8.0 million)
- Pay for Success (discretionary) (-\$7.5 million)
- Training to Improve Police-Based Responses to the People with Mental Illness (-\$6.0 million)
- Project Hope Opportunity Probation with Enforcement (HOPE) (-\$5.0 million)
- Elimination of the carveout for a National Center for Veterans Justice (-\$4.0 million)
- National Center for Restorative Justice (-\$3.0 million)
- Family-Based Alternative Sentencing Programs (-\$2.8 million)
- John R. Justice Loan Repayment Grant Program (-\$2.5 million)
- Economic, High-Tech, White Collar, and Internet Crime Prevention—Intellectual Property Enforcement Program (-\$2.5 million)
- Internet of Things (-\$2.0 million)
- Arts in Juvenile Justice carveout under Delinquency Prevention Programs (-\$2.0 million)
- Multidisciplinary Partnership Improvements for

Protective Orders (-\$1.0 million)

The FY 2027 President's Budget includes a \$110.0 million cancellation of unobligated balances for OJP.



Office on Violence Against Women (OVW)

FY 2027 Budget Request At A Glance

FY 2026 Enacted:	\$720.0 million (90 positions, 8 Attorneys)
Current Services Adjustments:	+\$0 million
Program Changes:	-\$181.0 million
FY 2027 Budget Request:	\$539.0 million (76 positions, 8 Attorneys)
Change From FY 2026 Enacted:	-\$181.0 million (-25.1%, -14 positions)

Mission:

The mission of the Office on Violence Against Women (OVW) is to provide Federal leadership to reduce violence against women, and to support the administration of justice for and strengthen services to all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. This is accomplished by developing and supporting the capacity of State, local, Tribal, and non-profit entities involved in responding to violence against women.

Organization:

The OVW is headed by a Director, who is appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. The Director oversees the Grants Development and Management, Tribal Affairs, Policy, Communication and Evaluation, Budget and Financial Management, and Administration Divisions. Additionally, the Director oversees front office functions. As part of its reorganization plan, the Department plans to consolidate OVW, the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, and the Office of Justice Programs into a single grants component. This consolidation will create process and cost efficiencies and improve partnerships with State, local, Tribal, and other community stakeholders.

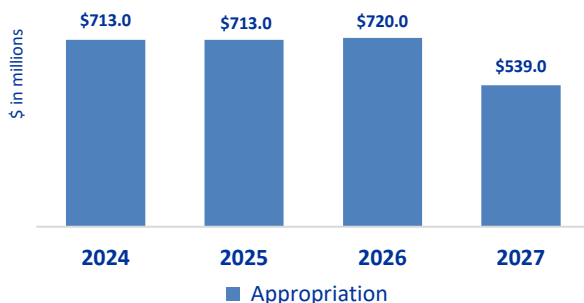
Resources:

The FY 2027 budget request for the OVW totals \$539.0 million, which is \$181.0 million or 25.1 percent below the FY 2026 Enacted.

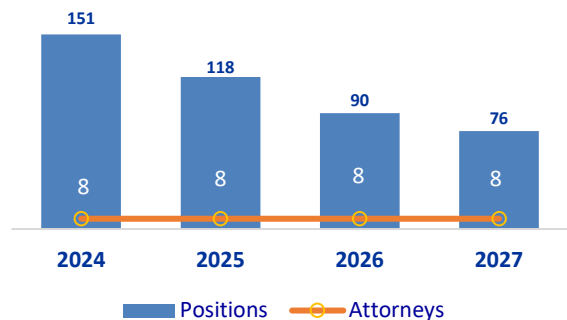
Personnel:

The OVW's direct authorized positions for FY 2027 total 76 positions, which is 14 below the FY 2026 Enacted.

Funding (FY 2024 - 2027)



Personnel (FY 2024 - 2027)



FY 2027 Strategy:

The OVW was created specifically to implement the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (VAWA) and subsequent legislation.

In recognition of the severity of the crimes associated with domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, Congress passed VAWA as part of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994. VAWA is a comprehensive legislative package designed to end violence against women and was reauthorized most recently in 2022. Its legislative history indicates that Congress seeks to remedy the legacy of laws and social norms that justified violence against women.

VAWA has led to significant improvements in how the issue of violence against women is addressed. VAWA strengthens criminal and civil justice systems and has been successful by funding effective interventions such as legal assistance, protection order enforcement, and access to medical forensic examinations. It supports coordinated community responses to domestic violence, sexual assault, dating violence, and stalking, and increases the availability of services for victims of these crimes. It encourages jurisdictions to bring together criminal justice and victim services professionals to enhance public safety. By working together, a system can be created to keep victims safe and hold offenders accountable.

The OVW is committed to supporting projects that meaningfully address the needs of all survivors, improve access to justice, hold offenders accountable, and make communities safer.

FY 2027 Program Changes:

The FY 2027 budget proposal includes \$1.0 million in program increases and \$182.0 million in program decreases.

Program Increases:

Tribal Special Assistant U.S. Attorneys (SAUSA): \$500,000

These funds will enable more Tribes and United States Attorneys' Offices across Indian country to prosecute cases that might otherwise have fallen through the cracks, improve collaboration between federal law enforcement, prosecutors, and Tribes, strengthen Tribal justice responses, respond to important needs raised by the Not Invisible Act Commission, and ensure the appropriate handling of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking cases in Indian country. Current services are \$4.5 million for a total of \$5.0 million.

Rape Survivor Child Custody Act Program: \$500,000

With the increase in funding, OVW will encourage states with compliant laws to apply for this enhancement to Services, Training, Officers, Prosecutors (STOP) Program and Sexual Assault Services Program (SASP) awards. Current services are \$1.5 million for a total of \$2.0 million.

Program Decreases:

Management and Administration: The Administration proposes to consolidate the grant components in order to maximize efficiencies across the Department. This consolidation effort includes reducing OVW to 76 personnel, 14 below the FY 2026 level. OVW's management and administration is requested at \$29.4 million, a \$6.4 million decrease below FY 2026.

In addition, the FY 2027 President's Budget includes \$182.0 million in grant decreases below the FY 2026 Enacted level to realign VAWA funding with its original core mission while saving taxpayer resources. These decreases include:

- Abby Honold Program (-\$5.0 million);
- Access to Sexual Assault Nurses Exams (-\$12.0 million);
- Consolidated Youth Oriented Programming (-\$11.0 million);
- Culturally Specific Services (-\$10.0 million);
- Disabilities Program (-\$5.5 million);
- Elder Program (-\$3.0 million);
- Financial Assistance to Victims Program (-\$3.0 million);
- Grants to Support Families in the Justice System (-\$1.0 million);
- Improving Criminal Justice Responses Program (-\$5.5 million);

- LGBT Specific Services (-\$1.0 million);
- Legal Assistance Program (-\$15.0 million);
- Local Law Enforcement Grants for Enforcement of Cybercrime Against Individuals (\$-5.0 million);
- NIJ Research on Violence Against Indian Women (-\$1.0 million);
- Restorative Practices (-\$14.0 million); Rural Program (-\$0.5 million);
- STOP Program (-\$67.0 million); Sexual Assault Services Program (-\$1.0 million);
- Special Tribal Criminal Jurisdiction (-\$4.5 million);
- Transitional Housing (-\$11.0 million);
- Underserved Populations Program (-\$4.5 million); Research & Eval. Violence Against Women (NIJ) (-\$1.5 million).

The FY 2027 President's Budget includes a \$20.0 million cancellation of unobligated balances for OVW.