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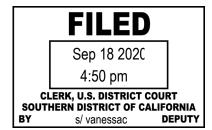
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#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

## SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

November 2019 Grand Jury

| Case No. '20 CR2887 WQH

Plaintiff,

V.

ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. (1), ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. (2),

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Defendants.

## $\underline{I}$ $\underline{N}$ $\underline{D}$ $\underline{I}$ $\underline{C}$ $\underline{T}$ $\underline{M}$ $\underline{E}$ $\underline{N}$ $\underline{T}$

Title 18, U.S.C., Sec. 371 Conspiracy To Commit Health Care
Fraud, Pay Unlawful Remunerations,
and Make False Statements;
Title 18, U.S.C., Sec. 1347 Health Care Fraud; Title 42,
U.S.C., Sec. 1320a-7b(b)(2) Payment of Illegal Remunerations;
Title 18, U.S.C., Sec. 1001 False Statement Within
Jurisdiction of Government;
Title 18, U.S.C., Sec. 982(a)(7) Criminal Forfeiture

The grand jury charges, at all times material:

## INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS

# The Medicare Program

1. The Medicare program ("Medicare") was established under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. Medicare was a federal health care program providing benefits to persons who are sixty-five years of age or older, or disabled. Medicare was administered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS"), a federal agency under the United States Department of Health and Human Services. Individuals who receive benefits under Medicare were referred to as

VHC:nlv(1):San Diego:9/18/20

"beneficiaries." Medicare was a health care benefit program as defined by 18 U.S.C. \$ 24(b).

- 2. Medicare had four parts: hospital insurance (Part A), medical insurance (Part B), Medicare Advantage (Part C), and prescription drug benefits (Part D). Medicare Part B helped pay the cost of physician services, medical equipment and supplies, and other health services and supplies not paid by Part A. Specifically, Medicare Part B covered medically necessary physician office services, including the ordering of durable medical equipment ("DME") such as arm, leg, back, and neck braces.
- 3. CMS contracted with various entities to carry out aspects of its administration of Medicare. CMS used Medicare Administrative Contractors ("MACs") to receive and process claims based on region and type of claim. The MACs for DME were Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC and CGS Administrators, LLC.

### PROVIDER ENROLLMENT

- 4. Providers could apply for enrollment in the Medicare program by completing and submitting a form called a "CMS 855A." The CMS 855A required providers to supply information including ownership interest by any entity or individual with "direct or direct ownership of, a partnership interest in, and/or managing control," where "managing control" included persons who had "operational or managerial control over the provider, or conducts the day-to-day operations of the provider."
- 5. The CMS 855A notified applicants of the criminal and civil penalties for falsifying information, and required applicants to sign a certification binding them to "all of the requirements in the Certification Statement," and to "immediately" notify the Medicare

contractor if any information furnished on the application was not true, correct, or complete, and of any future changes to the information.

- 6. The Certification Statement required the applicant to abide by the Medicare laws, regulations and program instructions, and warned that payment of a claim by Medicare was conditioned upon the claim and underlying transaction complying with Medicare laws, regulations, and program instructions ("including, but not limited to, the Federal anti-kickback statute and the Stark law"). The Certification Statement further required the applicant to agree that he/she would not knowingly present or cause to be presented a false or fraudulent claim for payment by Medicare, and would not submit claims with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard of their truth or falsity.
- 7. Enrolled providers were provided with online access to Medicare manuals and services bulletins describing proper billing procedures and billing rules and regulations.

#### MEDICARE REQUIREMENTS FOR ORTHOTHICS

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- 8. To be paid by Medicare, a service or an item must have been reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member.
- 9. The DME MACs developed local coverage determinations ("LCDs") for some covered orthotic braces, including back and knee braces. The LCDs outlined the conditions under which DME MACs would pay suppliers for those braces.
- 10. LCD L33318 outlined the following requirements for knee braces:
  - A knee orthosis, with an adjustable flexion and extension joint that provides both medial-lateral and rotation control (L1843, L1845, L1851, L1852), is covered if the beneficiary has had recent injury to or a surgical procedure on the knee(s).

- Knee orthoses L1832, L1833, L1843, L1845, L1851 and L1852 are also covered for a beneficiary who is ambulatory and has knee instability due to certain specified conditions.
- For codes L1832, L1833, L1843, L1845, L1850, L1851 and L1852, knee instability must be documented by examination of the beneficiary and objective description of joint laxity (e.g., varus/valgus instability, anterior/posterior Drawer test).
- 11. Claims for L1832, L1833, L1843, L1845, L1850, L1851 or L1852 would be denied as not reasonable and necessary when the beneficiary did not meet the above criteria for coverage. For example, they would be denied if only pain or a subjective description of joint instability was documented.
- 12. LCD L33790 outlined the following requirements for back braces: A spinal orthosis is covered when it is ordered for one of the following indications:
  - To reduce pain by restricting mobility of the trunk; or
  - To facilitate healing following an injury to the spine or related soft tissues; or
  - To facilitate healing following a surgical procedure on the spine or related soft tissue; or
  - To otherwise support weak spinal muscles and/or deformed spine.
- 13. If a spinal orthosis was provided and the coverage criteria was not met, the item would be denied as not medically necessary.

# PA Healthcare and Universal Medical Solutions

# PA Healthcare

- 14. According to California Secretary of State records, PA Healthcare was incorporated in California on December 22, 2014.
- 15. Defendant ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. ("BELL SR") worked at PA Healthcare starting no later than some time in 2015, and continued working at PA Healthcare until at least some time in 2016. During that time, PA Healthcare expanded its business from supplying retail pharmaceuticals to supplying DME to primarily Medicare beneficiaries.

ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. ("BELL JR") worked at PA Healthcare for approximately 8 months.

- 16. On or about February 11, 2016, a Medicare enrollment application was submitted for PA Healthcare to become a DME supplier for Medicare beneficiaries. The application listed BELL SR as the company's Division General Manger.
- 17. about September 21, 2016, PA Healthcare received notification from a Medicare contractor stating that PA Healthcare was in violation of Medicare supplier standards by billing Medicare for orthotic items shipped to various states without having the proper state licenses, and for failing to update its 855A enrollment form to reflect the additional states. On October 6, 2016, BELL SR responded on behalf of PA Healthcare stating that they were a new DME company "with no prior experience completing Medicare paperwork" and that the company had hired a "consultant" but somewhere in the application process there had been a "breakdown in communication causing this compliance On January 17, 2017, BELL SR reported that PA Healthcare had identified "four other billing errors" related to out-of-state patients, but explained that PA Healthcare had been in a "growth stage," blamed the billing errors on a "new employee," and reassured the Medicare contractor that PA Healthcare had a "system in place" to prevent those mistakes.
- 18. Effective August 22, 2018, Medicare suspended PA Healthcare. UMS 1 and 2  $\,$
- 19. According to California Secretary of State records, Universal Medical Solutions filed as a limited liability corporation on May 23, 2016. A Statement of Information filed on April 19, 2017, listed BELL JR as its manager. In an updated Statement of Information dated

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July 6, 2018, BELL SR was listed as a manager, and the company's Chief Executive Officer was listed as BELL JR.

- 20. On or about June 2, 2017, a Medicare enrollment application was submitted for Universal Medical Solutions to become a DME supplier to Medicare beneficiaries. The application listed BELL JR as the company's president and owner. Despite the requirement that the application report any ownership interest by any entity or individual with "direct or indirect ownership of, a partnership interest in, and/or managing control," where "managing control" included persons who had "operational or managerial control over the provider, or conducts the day-to-day operations of the provider," BELL SR was not listed anywhere on the Medicare enrollment application for Universal Medical Solutions. BELL JR signed the application, certifying that all statements on the application were true and correct, and agreeing to be responsible for the truth of all claims submitted by Universal Medical Solutions to Medicare.
- 21. On or about November 7, 2017, a second Medicare enrollment application was submitted for Universal Medical Solutions to become a DME supplier to Medicare beneficiaries operating out of a second location. The businesses became known as "UMS 1" and "UMS 2" (together, "UMS Entities"). The application listed BELL JR as UMS 2's president and owner. Despite the requirement that the application report any ownership interest by any entity or individual with "direct or indirect ownership of, a partnership interest in, and/or managing control," where "managing control" included persons who had "operational or managerial control over the provider, or conducts the day-to-day operations of the provider," BELL SR was not listed anywhere on the Medicare enrollment application for UMS 2. BELL JR signed the application, certifying that

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all statements on the application were true and correct, and agreeing to be responsible for the truth of all claims submitted by Universal Medical Solutions to Medicare.

#### Count 1

Conspiracy to Commit Health Care Fraud and Pay Unlawful Remuneration
18 U.S.C. § 371

- 22. Paragraphs 1 through 21 of the Introductory Allegations of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference.
- 23. Beginning no later than May 23, 2016, and continuing through at least April 9, 2019, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendants ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. and ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. conspired with each other and with others known and unknown to the grand jury, to knowingly, willfully, and intentionally agree to commit the following offenses against the United States:
  - a. To knowingly and willfully, with the intent to defraud, execute a material scheme to defraud Medicare, a health care benefit program affecting commerce, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 24(b), and to obtain, by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, promises, and omissions and concealments of material facts, money and property owned by, and under the custody and control of, Medicare, in connection with the delivery of and payment for health care benefits, items, and services, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1347;
  - b. knowingly, willfully, Τo and intentionally pay remuneration directly and indirectly, overtly and covertly, in cash and in kind, to induce persons to refer individuals to Defendants' DMEcompanies for the

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furnishing and arranging for the furnishing of durable medical equipment, payment for which was made in whole and in part under a federal health care program, namely, Medicare, in violation of 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b(b)(2)(A) and (B); and

knowingly and willfully make materially C. Τо false, fictitious and fraudulent statements in a matter within the jurisdiction of the executive branch of the Government United States, in violation 18 U.S.C. § 1001.

## Purpose of the Conspiracy

It was the object of the conspiracy for the defendants and their co-conspirators to unlawfully enrich themselves by paying for referrals of Medicare beneficiaries, then submitting fraudulent claims to Medicare, a federal health care benefit program, for DME prescribed to those Medicare beneficiaries, while concealing from Medicare the material facts that the prescriptions were signed by physicians who: had no legitimate doctor-patient relationship with the beneficiary; had not conducted a legitimate medical evaluation of the beneficiary; had not impartially determined that the beneficiary actually needed the DME; and were paid kickbacks for each prescription the doctor signed.

# Manner and Means of the Conspiracy

- 25. The manners and means by which the defendants and their coconspirators sought to accomplish the objects of the conspiracy included the following:
  - It was a part of the conspiracy that BELL SR worked at a. PA Healthcare with C.B., and learned how to obtain

Medicare beneficiaries as DME customers, supply DME to them, and bill Medicare for DME products.

- b. It was a part of the conspiracy that while BELL SR was operating PA Healthcare DME's business with C.B., BELL SR and BELL JR decided to create their own DME supply company, UMS 1, in 2017.
- billing to Medicare and avoid scrutiny that would come from submitting too many claims under one DME company, BELL SR and BELL JR created UMS 2, and operated it in the same fashion as UMS 1.
- d. It was a part of the conspiracy that BELL JR signed the Medicare enrollment application for UMS 1, and intentionally concealed from Medicare that BELL SR (who had been associated with PA Healthcare), was involved in UMS 1, even though the application required BELL SR to be identified, given his level of involvement in managing and operating the company.
- e. It was a part of the conspiracy that BELL SR, despite the representation to Medicare in the enrollment application for UMS 1, was a co-owner, investor, and had managing control in UMS 1.
- f. It was a part of the conspiracy that, to obtain customers for their DME products, primarily orthotics such as back, shoulder, wrist, and knee braces, BELL SR and BELL JR purchased "completed doctors' orders" from various vendors, paying a fee that corresponded to the number of DME products prescribed in each doctor's order. These

 vendors (sometimes called "marketers") included, among others, Pantheon Concepts HLK, Chronos Strategies HLK, America LLC, REMN, and US Care Associates.

- g. It was a part of the conspiracy that the defendants paid marketers for "completed doctors' orders" that consisted of a Medicare beneficiary's name, personal information, Medicare number, and a signed doctor's order prescribing one or more DME products for that beneficiary under the guise of "telemedicine" all of which enabled the UMS Entities to bill Medicare for the beneficiary's DME, and rendered the per-product payment to the marketer an unlawful kickback.
- h. It was a part of the conspiracy that BELL SR and BELL JR then submitted and caused to be submitted claims to Medicare and other insurers for the DME for those beneficiaries, falsely representing that the claims complied with all laws and Medicare regulations, including the anti-kickback provisions, when in fact BELL SR and BELL JR had paid kickbacks to obtain the referral of those beneficiaries to the UMS Entities for DME.
- i. It was a part of the conspiracy that the claims submitted and caused to be submitted by BELL SR and BELL JR were false and fraudulent for the further reason that they concealed the true ownership and control by BELL SR in the UMS Entities.
- j. It was a part of the conspiracy that the claims submitted and caused to be submitted by BELL SR and BELL JR falsely represented that the claims were for DME that was

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medically necessary for the beneficiary, when in fact the DME was recommended by a physician who had no valid doctor-patient relationship with the beneficiary, and had not conducted an appropriate physical examination and exercised independent medical judgment to determine whether the DME was medically necessary for the beneficiary.

- k. It was a part of the conspiracy that to disguise their fraudulent kickback scheme, BELL SR and BELL JR and their co-conspirators entered into sham "marketing" agreements and other contracts that concealed the per-product fees BELL SR and BELL JR paid to purchase the completed doctors' orders.
- 1. It was a further part of the conspiracy that BELL SR and BELL JR perpetuated their business model to increase their own profits by providing funds and the necessary contacts and introductions to set up other DME companies, and encouraging those DME companies to pay unlawful kickbacks by purchasing completed doctors' orders all so that BELL SR and BELL JR could obtain a "revenue share", that is, a portion of the payments that those other DME companies received from Medicare.
- m. It was a further part of the conspiracy that BELL SR and BELL JR continued to pay per-product kickbacks and rejected the suggestion to convert to a flat-fee agreement that would comply with the federal anti-kickback statute.

- n. It was a further part of the conspiracy that, when interviewed by federal agents in April 2019 about the UMS Entities, BELL JR lied to perpetuate the lies told in the enrollment application to Medicare that he signed on June 2, 2017, to conceal his and his father's involvement in paying unlawful kickbacks, and to mislead the agents as to the identity and involvement of other co-conspirators.
- o. Using the above manners and means, among others, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted and caused to be submitted over \$49 million in claims to Medicare, Veteran's Affairs, TRICARE, and Medi-Cal for DME procured through the payment of bribes and kickbacks and the making of false and fraudulent representations to Medicare and other insurers.
- 26. In furtherance of the conspiracy, the following overt acts were committed by defendants and others in the Southern District of California and elsewhere:
  - a. On or about June 2, 2017, BELL JR signed a Medicare enrollment application identifying himself as the President and Owner of UMS 1, and intentionally omitted any reference to BELL SR, to deceive Medicare.
  - b. On or about March 26, 2018, in the Southern District of California, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted, and caused to be submitted, claims by UMS 1 to Medicare, in the total amount of \$3,310.83, for a back brace, right shoulder brace, and right ankle brace for Medicare beneficiary Ismael P., for which BELL SR and BELL JR paid a \$350 per

product kickback to America LLC, a vendor of "completed
doctor's orders."

- C. On or about March 26, 2018, in the Southern District of California, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted, and caused to be submitted, a claim by UMS 1 to Medicare, in the amount of \$1,356.89, for a back brace for Medicare beneficiary Agnes O., for which BELL SR and BELL JR paid a \$350 per product kickback to America LLC, a vendor of "completed doctor's orders."
- d. On or about April 27, 2018, in the Southern District of California, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted, and caused to be submitted, a claim by UMS 1 to Medicare, in the amount of \$4,573.63, for a back brace, left and right knee braces, right shoulder brace, and two suspension sleeves for Medicare beneficiary Lillie H., for which BELL SR and BELL JR paid a \$350 per product kickback to America LLC, a vendor of "completed doctor's orders."
- e. On or about April 27, 2018, in the Southern District of California, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted, and caused to be submitted, a claim by UMS 1 to Medicare, in the amount of \$4,573.63, for a back brace, left and right knee braces, right shoulder brace, and two suspension sleeves for Medicare beneficiary Ricky T., for which BELL SR and BELL JR paid a \$350 per product kickback to America LLC, a vendor of "completed doctor's orders."
- f. On or about May 25, 2018, in the Southern District of California, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted, and caused to be submitted, a claim by UMS 1 to Medicare, in the amount

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- of \$4,573, for a back brace, left and right knee braces, right shoulder brace, and two suspension sleeves for Medicare beneficiary Salvatore P., for which BELL SR and BELL JR paid a \$350 per product kickback to America LLC, a vendor of "completed doctor's orders."
- On or about May 25, 2018, in the Southern District of q. California, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted, and caused to be submitted, a claim by UMS 2 to Medicare, in the amount of \$1,356.89, for a back brace for Medicare beneficiary Dorothea B., for which BELL SR and BELL JR paid a \$350 product kickback to America LLC, a vendor of "completed doctor's orders."
- On or about June 21, 2018, in the Southern District of h. California, BELL SR and BELL JR submitted, and caused to be submitted, a claim by UMS 2 to Medicare, in the amount of \$2,298.89, for a back brace, and left and right wrist braces, for Medicare beneficiary Michael R., for which BELL SR and BELL JR paid a \$350 per product kickback to America LLC, a vendor of "completed doctor's orders."
- On September 20, 2018, BELL SR contacted a DME consultant i. to ask if "it would cause a problem with Medicare" if he "started by getting 300 leads in one week," billing Medicare for those, waiting for payment from Medicare, and then "doing the same thing again."
- In or about February 2019, BELL SR and BELL JR chose to j. continue with per-product kickback deal, with a sham marketing agreement which "mask[ed] what is going on," and rejected the suggestion by a marketer to switch to a

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flat-fee contract that would comply with the antikickback statute.

- k. On or about April 9, 2019, BELL JR falsely informed federal agents that he had never heard of PA Healthcare.
- 1. On or about April 9, 2019, BELL JR falsely informed federal agents that he and his father created Universal Medical Solutions "from the ground up," and that his father had no prior experience in DME.
- m. On or about April 9, 2019, BELL JR falsely informed federal agents that he ran the day-to-day operations of Universal Medical Solutions.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.

## Counts 2 through 8

Health Care Fraud (18 U.S.C. § 1347)

- 27. Paragraphs 1 through 21 of the Introductory Allegations of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference.
- 28. Beginning no later than May 23, 2016, and continuing through at least April 9, 2019, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendants ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. and ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. knowingly and willfully devised and intended to devise a material scheme and artifice to defraud Medicare, a health care benefit program affecting commerce, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 24(b), and to obtain by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, money and property owned by, and under the custody and control of, Medicare, in connection with the delivery of, and payment for, health care benefits and services.

- 29. Paragraphs 24 through 26 of this Indictment are realleged and incorporated by reference as more fully describing the defendants' scheme to defraud.
- 30. On or about the dates set forth below, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendants ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. and ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. knowingly and willfully executed the scheme to defraud described above by submitting, and causing to be submitted, a claim for reimbursement from Medicare, for the following beneficiaries, for the following DME items, in the following amounts, with each claim constituting a separate count:

Count	Date	Beneficiary	DME Items	Claim Amount
2	3/26/18	Agnes M.	Back brace	\$1,356.89
3	3/26/18	Ismael P.	Left ankle brace, right ankle brace, back brace, right shoulder brace	\$3,310.83
4	4/27/18	Ricky T.	Back brace, left knee brace, right knee brace, right shoulder brace, 2 suspension sleeves	\$4,573.63
5	4/27/18	Lillie H.	Back brace, left knee brace, right knee brace, right shoulder brace, 2 suspension sleeves	\$4,573.63
6	5/25/18	Salvatore P.	Back brace, left knee brace, right knee brace, right shoulder brace, 2 suspension sleeves	\$4,573.63
7	5/25/18	Dorothea B.	Back brace	\$1,356.89
8	6/21/18	Michael R.	Back brace, left wrist brace, right wrist brace	\$2,298.89

# Counts 9 through 30

Payment of Illegal Remuneration (42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7b(b)(2)(A))

31. Paragraphs 1 through 21 of the Introductory Allegations of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference.

32. Beginning no later than May 23, 2016, and continuing through at least April 9, 2019, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendants ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. and ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. did knowingly and willfully offer to pay and did pay remuneration directly and indirectly, overtly and covertly, in cash and in kind, to persons to induce them to refer individuals to UMS 1 and UMS 2 for the furnishing and arranging for the furnishing of durable medical equipment, payment for which was made in whole and in part under a federal health care program, namely, Medicare, each payment forming a separate count:

Count	Date	Payee	Amount
9	12/15/17	Chronos Strategies	\$31,500.00
10	12/15/17	Pantheon Concepts	\$12,904.00
11	3/12/18	America LLC	\$28,520.00
12	3/22/18	Chronos Strategies	\$31,500.00
13	3/22/18	Pantheon Concepts	\$17,704.00
14	5/2/18	America LLC	\$42,845.00
15	5/8/18	America LLC	\$38,770.00
. 16	6/1/18	America LLC	\$15,540.00
17	7/3/18	Chronos Strategies	\$21,000.00
18	7/3/18	Pantheon Concepts	\$8,640.00
19	7/9/18	America LLC	\$7,535.00
20	7/9/18	America LLC	\$10,500.00
21	7/19/18	US Care Associates	\$25,000.00
22	7/18/18	Chronos Strategies	\$21,000.00
23	7/18/18	Pantheon Concepts	\$8,640.00

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Count	Date	Payee	Amount
24	9/12/18	US Care Associates	\$25,000.00
25	10/30/18	REMN Management	\$75,000.00
26	11/1/18	REMN Management	\$100,000.00
27	12/28/18	US Care Associates	\$25,000.00
28	1/7/19	REMN Management	\$100,000.00
29	1/28/19	REMN Management	\$100,000.00
30	3/29/19	US Care Associates	\$25,000.00

All in violation of Title 42, U.S.C. Section 1320a-7b(b)(2)(A).

## Count 31

False Statement Within Jurisdiction of Government (18 U.S.C. § 1001)

33. On or about June 2, 2017, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendant ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR., in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Centers for Medicare Services, a department and agency of the United States, did knowingly and willfully material false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and representations, in that he completed a Medicare enrollment application for Universal Medical Solutions, which required that he disclose any ownership interest by any entity or individual with "direct or indirect ownership of, a partnership interest in, and/or managing control" in the company, where "managing control" included persons who had "operational or managerial control over" the company, or conducted "the day-to-day operations of" the company, and signed a Certification Statement certifying that the information in the application was true, correct, and complete, whereas in truth and fact, as defendant then and there

well knew, that statement and representation was false, fictitious and fraudulent when made, in that he deliberately omitted naming his father, Anthony Duane Bell, Sr., in the application, although his father had an ownership interest in Universal Medical Solutions and had operational and managerial control over Universal Medical Solutions; in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.

Count 32

False Statement Within Jurisdiction of Government (18 U.S.C. § 1001)

34. On or about April 9, 2019, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendant ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI"), a department and agency of the United States, did knowingly and willfully make a materially false, fictitious and fraudulent statement, in that defendant informed FBI Special Agent T. Townsend that he had never heard of a company called "PA Healthcare," whereas in truth and fact, as defendant then and there well knew, that statement and representation was false, fictitious and fraudulent when made; in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.

# Count 33

False Statement Within Jurisdiction of Government (18 U.S.C. § 1001)

35. On or about April 9, 2019, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendant ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI"), a department and agency of the United States, did knowingly and willfully make a materially false, fictitious and fraudulent statement, in that defendant informed FBI Special Agent T. Townsend that defendant's father

had never worked at a durable medical equipment company before working at Universal Medical Solutions, whereas in truth and fact, as defendant then and there well knew, that statement and representation was false, fictitious and fraudulent when made; in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.

## Count 34

False Statement Within Jurisdiction of Government

(18 U.S.C. § 1001)

36. On or about April 9, 2019, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendant ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI"), a department and agency of the United States, did knowingly and willfully make a materially false, fictitious and fraudulent statement, in that defendant informed FBI Special Agent T. Townsend that defendant and his father had started Universal Medical Solutions "from the ground up," whereas in truth and fact, as defendant then and there well knew, that statement and representation was false, fictitious and fraudulent when made; in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.

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## Count 35

False Statement Within Jurisdiction of Government (18 U.S.C. § 1001)

37. On or about April 9, 2019, within the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendant ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. in a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI"), a department and agency of the United States, did knowingly and willfully make a materially false, fictitious and fraudulent statement, in that defendant informed FBI Special Agent T. Townsend that defendant ran the "day to day operations" at Universal Medical Solutions, whereas in truth

and fact, as defendant then and there well knew, that statement and representation was false, fictitious and fraudulent when made; in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.

#### Forfeiture Notice

(18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(7))

- 38. Paragraphs 1 through 21 of the Introductory Allegations of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference for the purpose of alleging forfeiture.
- 39. Upon conviction of any of the felony offenses alleged in Counts 1 through 30 of this Indictment and pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(7), and Rule 32.2, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, defendants ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. and ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. shall forfeit to the United States any property, real or personal, that constitutes or is derived, directly or indirectly, from gross proceeds traceable to the commission of the offense, including, but not limited to:
  - a. \$536,422.59 in funds from Acct # 6278570285 held in the name of Universal Medical Solutions LLC at Wells Fargo bank;
  - b. \$269,952.56 in funds from Acct # 6278570293 held in the name of Universal Medical Solutions LLC at Wells Fargo bank;
  - d. Real property located at 5034 Bluff Place, El Cajon, California 92020 including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, more particularly described as:

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APN: 493-400-57-00

PARCEL A:

 PARCEL 4 OF PARCEL MAP NO. 1155, FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY, DECEMBER 14, 1972, IN THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, BEING A PORTION OF TRACT "A" OF RANCHO EL CAJON, AND BEING IN SECTION 14, TOWNSHIP 16 SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST, SAN BERNARDINO MERIDIAN.

PARCEL B:

PARCEL C:

AN EASEMENT AND RIGHT OF WAY FOR GENERAL ROAD PURPOSES OVER THE SOUTH 20 FEET OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LAND:

THAT PORTION OF LOT "A" OF THE RANCHO EL CAJON, BEING ALSO A PORTION OF SECTION 14, TOWNSHIP 16 SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST, SAN BERNARDINO MERIDIAN, IN THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT ON THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID SECTION 14, DISTANT THEREON SOUTH 89° 17' EAST, 653 FEET FROM THE QUARTER CORNER OF THAT SAID SOUTH LINE OF SAID SECTION 14; THENCE SOUTH 89° 17' EAST ALONG THE SAID SOUTH LINE OF SAID SECTION 14,210 FEET; THENCE NORTH 0° 06' WEST PARALLEL WITH THAT LINE OF THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 14,550 FEET TO THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF THE LAND CONVEYED TO ROBERT LIVESEY AND LETHA M. LIVESEY, BY DEED DATED MARCH 1, 1927, RECORDED IN BOOK 1340, PAGE 124 OF DEEDS, RECORDS OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY; THENCE NORTH 89° 17' WEST ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF THE LAND SO CONVEYED TO SAID LIVESEY, 210 FEET TO THE SOUTHWEST COMER OF SAID LIVESEYS' LAND; THENCE SOUTH 0°

AN EASEMENT AND RIGHT OF WAY FOR INGRESS AND EGRESS OVER

THE WEST 30 FEET OF LOT 35 OF HORIZON HILLS ESTATES UNIT NO. 1, IN THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

ACCORDING TO MAP THEREOF NO. 3658, FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY, JUNE 5, 1957.

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40. If, as a result of any act or omission of defendants ANTHONY DUANE BELL, SR. and ANTHONY DUANE BELL, JR. any of the above-described forfeited property, cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;

06' EAST, 550 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third person; has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court; has been substantially diminished in value; or has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty, it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), made applicable herein by Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(b), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendants up to the value of the property described above subject to forfeiture.

All pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(7).

DATED: September 18, 2020.

Attorney

A TRUE BILL:

Foreperson

ROBERT S. BREWER, JR. United States Attorney

VALERIE H. CH

Assistant U.S.

BLANCA QUINTERC

Assistant U.S. Attorney

|| <sub>B</sub>,

By: