

**FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION  
OF THE UNITED STATES  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579**

In the Matter of the Claim of	}	
	}	
(b) (6)	}	Claim No. GUAM-1243
	}	
	}	Decision No. GUAM-3645
Under the Guam World War II Loyalty Recognition	}	
Act, Title XVII, Public Law 114-328	}	
	}	

**PROPOSED DECISION**

Claimant brings this claim under the Guam World War II Loyalty Recognition Act for the death of Jose Pangelinan (the “decendent”) as a result of the occupation of Guam by Imperial Japanese military forces during World War II.<sup>1</sup> Sections 1704 and 1705 of the Act authorize the Commission to award compensation to survivors of a “compensable Guam decendent,” defined as “a resident of Guam who died as a result of the attack and occupation of Guam by Imperial Japanese military forces, or incident to the liberation of Guam by United States military forces, and whose death would have been compensable under the Guam Meritorious Claims Act of 1945 (Public Law 79-224) if a timely claim had been filed under the terms of such Act.”<sup>2</sup> To be eligible for an award as the survivor of a “compensable Guam decendent,” a claimant must establish that he or she is a spouse or child of the decendent who was living on the date of the Act’s enactment, December 23, 2016, or in the case of a decendent who had no spouse or child living on the date of enactment, a parent living as of that date.<sup>3</sup>

The Commission finds, based on the evidence of record, including affidavits included with

---

<sup>1</sup> Guam World War II Loyalty Recognition Act, Pub. L. 114-328, tit. XVII, 130 Stat. 2642 (2016) (“GLRA” or “Act”).

<sup>2</sup> *Id.* § 1704(c)(1).

<sup>3</sup> *See id.* § 1704(b)(1)-(5).

Claimant's claim forms and public records from the Social Security Administration and other sources, that the decedent is a "compensable Guam decedent" and that Claimant is the child of the decedent who was living on December 23, 2016. Claimant's sworn statements are consistent with the public record and evidence in other claims filed in this claims program, which show that many Guamanians were killed as a result of the invasion, occupation, and liberation of Guam during World War II.<sup>4</sup> Section 1705(b)(9) of the GLRA provides that the Commission "shall treat a claim that is accompanied by an affidavit of an individual that attests to all material facts required for establishing the eligibility of such individual for payment . . . as establishing a prima facie case of the eligibility of the individual for such payment without the need for further documentation, except as the Commission may otherwise require."<sup>5</sup> In the absence of rebutting evidence, Claimant's sworn statements averring the circumstances of the decedent's death and Claimant's relation to the decedent are sufficient, under the statutorily promulgated standards, to establish Claimant's eligibility for compensation.<sup>6</sup>

Section 1704(a)(2) of the Act provides for a single \$25,000 payment for distribution to the survivors of a "compensable Guam decedent" according to the order of priority set forth in Section 1704(b).<sup>7</sup> Because the decedent did not have a surviving spouse as of the date of enactment, Section 1704(b)(3) directs the Commission to make the payment "to [the decedent's] children, to be divided among such children to the greatest extent possible into equal shares."<sup>8</sup> Thus, as the only surviving child of the decedent eligible for payment, Claimant is entitled to the entire \$25,000 payment.

Pursuant to the GLRA, the Commission is required to deduct, from a payment made to a

---

<sup>4</sup> See Claim No. GUAM-3258, Claim No. GUAM-3796, Decision No. GUAM-3347, at 4-5.

<sup>5</sup> Guam World War II Loyalty Recognition Act § 1705(b)(9).

<sup>6</sup> See Claim No. GUAM-3258, Claim No. GUAM-3796, Decision No. GUAM-3347, at 7-10.

<sup>7</sup> See Guam World War II Loyalty Recognition Act § 1704(b)(1)-(4).

<sup>8</sup> *Id.* § 1704(b)(3).

compensable Guam survivor, amounts paid to such survivor under the Guam Meritorious Claims Act of 1945, Public Law 79-224,<sup>9</sup> before the date of the enactment of the GLRA.<sup>10</sup> The evidence in the record, however, establishes either that the United States government did not provide Claimant with compensation under the 1945 Act, or that the payment that Claimant received has already been deducted from the award that the Commission has issued in Claimant's claim as a "compensable Guam victim." Therefore, no deduction in payment will be made from Claimant's award.

In summary, Claimant is entitled to an award of \$25,000.00. This amount constitutes the entirety of the compensation to which Claimant is entitled under the GLRA.<sup>11</sup> The Commission hereby enters the following award, which will be certified to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment under Section 1705 of the GLRA.<sup>12</sup>

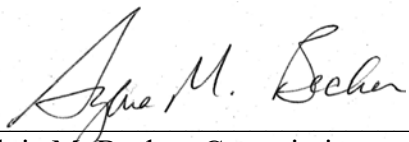
AWARD

Claimant is entitled to an award in the amount of \$25,000.00.

Dated at Washington, DC, January 13, 2022  
and entered as the Proposed Decision  
of the Commission.

**This decision was entered as the  
Commission's Final Decision on**

**February 18, 2022**

  
Sylvia M. Becker, Commissioner

  
Patrick Hovakimian, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, any objections must be filed within 15 days of delivery of this Proposed Decision. Absent objection, this decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after delivery, unless the Commission otherwise orders. FCSC Regulations, 45 C.F.R. §§ 509.5 (e), (g), 510.3 (2020).

<sup>9</sup> See An Act: For the relief of the residents of Guam through the settlement of meritorious claims, ch. 483, Pub. L. 79-224, 59 Stat. 582 (1945).

<sup>10</sup> See Guam World War II Loyalty Recognition Act § 1705(b)(4).

<sup>11</sup> Under the GLRA, interest is not available on payments made by the Commission under Section 1704. *Id.* § 1705(b)(5).

<sup>12</sup> *Id.* § 1705(b)(8).