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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

WESTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

MASUD SARSHAR,

Defendant.

No. CR 1 CR 16 00527

INFORMATION

[18 U.S.C. § 371: conspiracy to defraud the United States; 26 U.S.C. § 7212(a): corruptly endeavoring to obstruct or impede the due administration of the internal revenue laws]

The United States Attorney charges:

COUNT ONE

[18 U.S.C. § 371]

At all times relevant to this Information:

INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS Α.

- Defendant MASUD SARSHAR resided within the Central District of California and was a legal permanent resident or a citizen of the United States.
 - Defendant SARSHAR owned and operated Apparel Limited, Inc.,

a California corporation that designed, manufactured, and sold clothing and other apparel.

- 3. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") was an agency of the United States Department of Treasury responsible for administering and enforcing the tax laws of the United States and collecting the taxes owed to the Treasury of the United States by its citizens.
- 4. United States citizens, resident aliens, and legal permanent residents had an obligation to report the following information to the IRS on Form 1040, Schedule B, Part III, Line 7a, by checking a "Yes" or "No" box: "At any time during [the calendar year], did you have an interest in or a signature or other authority over a financial account in a foreign country, such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account?" If the answer to Line 7a was "Yes," then Line 7b required the taxpayer to enter the name of the foreign country in which the financial account was located.
- 5. United States citizens, resident aliens, and legal permanent residents had an obligation to report all income earned from foreign financial accounts on their tax returns and pay the taxes due on that income.
- 6. United States citizens, resident aliens, and legal permanent residents who had a financial interest in, or signature authority over, one or more financial accounts in a foreign country with an aggregate value of more than \$10,000 at any time during a

particular year were required to file with the Department of the Treasury a Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Accounts on Form TD F 90-22.1 ("FBAR"). Generally, the FBAR for the applicable year was due by June 30 of the following year.

- 7. An "undeclared account" was a bank or financial account maintained in a foreign country that was not reported to the United States government on a tax return or on an FBAR.
- 8. A back-to-back loan was a mechanism by which a foreign accountholder received a "loan" in the United States, which was collateralized by his undeclared account. This allowed an owner of an undeclared account to enjoy the economic benefits of the funds in his undeclared account without directly repatriating the funds or creating a paper trail that could potentially disclose the existence of the undeclared account to U.S. authorities.
- 9. Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi Le-Israel B.M. ("Bank Leumi") had branches worldwide, including in the United States.
 - 10. Israeli Bank B had branches throughout Israel.
- 11. On or about May 10, 1993, Defendant SARSHAR opened an account with Israeli Bank A's Balfour branch.
- 12. On or about November 29, 2007, Defendant SARSHAR opened three separate accounts at Bank Leumi.
- 13. Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi each assigned a relationship manager ("RM") to Defendant SARSHAR. Both RM1 from Israeli Bank A and RM2 from Bank Leumi were based in Israel but frequently traveled

to the United States to meet with Defendant SARSHAR.

- 14. Executive 1 was the manager of the Global Private Banking Center at Israeli Bank A from approximately 2007 until 2013.
- 15. On or about November 30, 2011, Defendant SARSHAR opened an account with Israeli Bank B.
- 16. At no time did Defendant SARSHAR report the existence of his foreign bank accounts to the United States.
- 17. On or about August 25, 2006, Israeli Bank A filled out a "Know Your Customer" form, where it reported that "income from business" was the origin of the funds deposited by Defendant SARSHAR into his undeclared account at Israeli Bank A.
- 18. In or around March 2010, the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") became law. FATCA imposes reporting requirements on foreign financial institutions with respect to accounts those institutions maintain for U.S. persons.

B. OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY

19. From in or about 1993 through in or about January 2012, in the Central District of California and elsewhere, defendant MASUD SARSHAR, together with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, knowingly and intentionally combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed to defraud the United States by impeding, impairing, obstructing, and defeating the lawful governmental functions of a government agency, namely the IRS, by deceitful and dishonest means.

C. MANNER AND MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY

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The object of the conspiracy was carried out, and to be carried out, in substance, as follows:

- 20. Defendant SARSHAR, with the assistance of RM1 and RM2, opened and maintained undeclared foreign accounts at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi, none of which defendant SARSHAR disclosed to the United States on his Form 1040s or FBARs.
- 21. In an effort to assist defendant SARSHAR in concealing his undeclared foreign accounts from the United States, RM1 and RM2 caused*Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi to hold defendant SARSHAR'S mail, and instead, carried those bank statements with them when they visited defendant SARSHAR in the United States.
- 22. In an effort to further assist defendant SARSHAR in concealing his undeclared foreign accounts, RM1 and RM2 offered various financial products, which allowed defendant SARSHAR to access his funds from his undeclared foreign accounts without creating a paper trail in the United States.

D. Overt Acts

- 23. On or about May 10, 1993, defendant SARSHAR opened an account with Israeli Bank A's Balfour branch.
- 24. On or about August 25, 2006, defendant SARSAR instructed Israeli Bank A to hold his mail at the branch rather than mail his bank statements to the United States.
- 25. On or about September 11, 2006, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A

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approximately \$206,469 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2006 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2006 Form 1040.

- 26. On or about October 23, 2006, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$396,205 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2006 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2006 Form 1040.
- 27. On or about November 24, 2006, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$308,632 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2006 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2006 Form 1040.
- 28. On or about January 16, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$138,422.04 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 29. On or about February 23, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A

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 approximately \$235,490.06 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.

- 30. On or about February 23, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$396,887.24 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 31. On or about March 28, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$177,833.72 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 32. On or about March 28, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$189,234.15 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 33. On or about July 19, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$687,118.88 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form

1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.

- 34. On or about December 6, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$1,835,091.14 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 35. On or about December 11, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$879,449 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 36. On or about December 17, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$832,900 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 37. On or about December 20, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$963,000 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.

- 38. On or about December 21, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$962,118 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 39. On or about December 24, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$969,303 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 40. On or about December 27, 2007, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$710,477 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2007 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2007 Form 1040.
- 41. On or about June 19, 2008, defendant SARSHAR reaffirmed his election to have Israeli Bank A hold his mail at the branch, a service for which Israeli Bank A charged a fee.
- 42. On or about June 30, 2008, defendant SARSHAR filed and caused to be filed a false FBAR for calendar year 2007, wherein he failed to report the bank accounts that he held at Israeli Bank A and

Bank Leumi, which both contained well in excess of the \$10,000 minimum filing requirement.

- 43. On or about August 5, 2008, defendant SARSHAR obtained a back-to-back loan from Bank Leumi USA in the amount of \$10 million, which was collateralized by defendant SARSHAR's undeclared accounts at Bank Leumi.
- 44. On or about August 21, 2008, defendant SARSHAR filed and caused to be filed a false FBAR for calendar year 2006, wherein he failed to report the bank account that he held at Israeli Bank A, which contained well in excess of the \$10,000 minimum filing requirement.
- 45. On or about September 3, 2008, defendant SARSHAR filed a false and fraudulent Form 1040 for tax year 2007, on which he omitted approximately \$513,003.80 in interest income from Israeli Bank A and approximately \$12,996.55 in interest income from Bank Leumi.
- 46. On or about October 10, 2008, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$955,351 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2008 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2008 Form 1040.
- 47. On or about October 15, 2008, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$967,111 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2008 Form 1120S

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into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$905,371 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2008 Form 1120S

On or about October 15, 2008, defendant SARSHAR received

and from his total income when he filed his 2008 Form 1040.

and from his total income when he filed his 2008 Form 1040.

On or about February 6, 2009, Executive 1 at Israeli Bank A approved a guarantee to Bank Leumi in the amount of \$10 million at the request of defendant SARSHAR. The guarantee issued by Israeli Bank A was fully collateralized by defendant SARSHAR's undeclared account at Israeli Bank A.

On or about April 20, 2009, defendant SARSHAR filed a false and fraudulent amended U.S. Individual Income Tax Return (Form 1040X) for 2007, where he again omitted approximately \$513,003.80 in interest income from Israeli Bank A and approximately \$12,996.55 in interest income from Bank Leumi.

- On or about July 15, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$950,480.40 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.
- 52. On or about July 21, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$999,451 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this

income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.

- 53. On or about August 4, 2009, defendant SARSHAR renewed his \$10 million back-to-back loan with Bank Leumi USA, which was still collateralized by his undeclared accounts at Bank Leumi. In addition, defendant SARSHAR obtained an additional \$9 million back-to-back loan with Bank Leumi USA, which was also collateralized by his undeclared accounts at Bank Leumi.
- 54. On or about August 12, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$377,617.91 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.
- 55. On or about August 21, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$954,351 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.
- 56. On or about August 26, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$964,122 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.

- 57. On or about August 28, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Israeli Bank A approximately \$873,991 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.
- 58. On or about September 14, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$919,071.40 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.
- 59. On or about October 21, 2009, defendant SARSHAR filed a false and fraudulent Form 1040 for tax year 2008, on which he omitted approximately \$355,668.90 in interest income from Israeli Bank A and approximately \$366,270.12 in interest income from Bank Leumi.
- 60. On or about October 27, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$895,551.40 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.
- 61. On or about November 4, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$896,531.40 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form

1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.

- 62. On or about November 9, 2009, defendant SARSHAR received into an undeclared account that he held at Bank Leumi approximately \$852,431.40 in income from his business. Defendant SARSHAR omitted this income from the gross receipts of Apparel Limited's 2009 Form 1120S and from his total income when he filed his 2009 Form 1040.
- 63. On or about January 25, 2010, in an effort to prevent

 Defendant SARSHAR from moving funds from Israeli Bank A to Bank

 Leumi, Executive 1 approved an increase to the guarantee that Israeli

 Bank A previously issued to Bank Leumi from \$10 million to \$14.8

 million, which was fully collateralized by defendant SARSHAR's

 undeclared account at Israeli Bank A.
- 64. In or around early 2010, RM1 and RM2 advised defendant SARSHAR, in order to conceal his undeclared accounts from the United States, to obtain Iranian and Israeli passports to avoid being "flagged" as an American by their respective banks' compliance departments for reporting purposes.
- 65. On or about June 22, 2010, defendant SARSHAR filed and caused to be filed a false FBAR for calendar year 2009, wherein he failed to report the bank accounts that he held at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi.
- 66. On or about September 20, 2010, defendant SARSHAR filed a false and fraudulent Form 1040 for tax year 2009, on which he omitted approximately \$468,315 in interest income from Israeli Bank A and

approximately \$158,192.03 in interest income from Bank Leumi.

- 67. On or about December 15, 2010, at the suggestion of RM1 and RM2, defendant SARSHAR acquired an Iranian passport for the purpose of concealing the accounts that he held at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi.
- 68. On or about May 2, 2011, at the suggestion of RM1 and RM2, defendant SARSHAR acquired an Israeli passport for the purposes of concealing the accounts that he held at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi from the United States.
- 69. On or about June 15, 2011, defendant SARSHAR filed and caused to be filed a false FBAR for calendar year 2010, wherein he failed to report the bank accounts that he held at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi, which both contained well in excess of the \$10,000 minimum filing requirement.
- 70. On or about October 19, 2011, defendant SARSHAR filed a false and fraudulent Form 1040 for tax year 2010, on which he omitted approximately \$225,290.70 in interest income from Israeli Bank A and approximately \$206,462.35 in interest income from Bank Leumi.
- 71. On or about December 5, 2011, at the direction of RM1 and RM2 and with the assistance of RM1, defendant SARSHAR transferred the remaining funds from his undeclared account at Israeli Bank A to an undeclared account that he created at Israeli Bank B.
- 72. On or about June 24, 2012, defendant SARSHAR filed and caused to be filed a false FBAR for calendar year 2011, wherein he

failed to report the bank accounts that he held at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi, which both contained well in excess of the \$10,000 minimum filing requirement.

73. On or about October 15, 2012, defendant SARSHAR filed a false and fraudulent Form 1040 for tax year 2011, on which he omitted approximately \$66,584.90 in interest income from Israeli Bank A and approximately \$173,513.24 in interest income from Bank Leumi.

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[26 U.S.C. § 7212(a)]

- 74. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 18 and 23 through 73 are realleged and incorporated by reference as if set out in full herein.
- From in or about 1993 through in or around the end of 2012 in the Central District of California and elsewhere, defendant MASUD SARSHAR corruptly obstructed and impeded, and endeavored to obstruct and impede, the due administration of the internal revenue laws of the United States by, among other things: (1) maintaining, since at least 1993, undeclared foreign financial accounts held in his own name and those of entities; (2) diverting millions of dollars of Apparel Limited's gross receipts into undeclared accounts in his name at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi; (3) filing and causing to be filed fraudulent IRS Forms 1040 for 2006 through 2011, wherein defendant SARSHAR omitted the aforementioned diverted income and interest income that he received from Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi; (4) filing and causing to be filed fraudulent FBARs for 2006, 2007, 2009, 2010, and 2011, which failed to disclose the accounts defendant SARSHAR maintained at Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi; (5) accessing and using his undeclared foreign funds through obtaining at least two back-to-back loans from Bank Leumi, which, in part, he collateralized by a standby letter of credit issued by Israeli Bank A; (6) obtaining Iranian and Israeli passports for the sole purpose of evading U.S. reporting requirements with respect to foreign financial accounts;

(7) transferring funds to Israeli Bank B after being "flagged" as an American by Israeli Bank A and Bank Leumi; (8) repatriating his funds, with the assistance of another, to make them appear as loans to Apparel Limited from a foreign entity.

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