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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

October 2016 Grand Jury

CR No. 17 CR 0 0 3 9 4

[18 U.S.C. § 1347: Health Care Fraud; 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i): Money Laundering; 18 U.S.C. § 2: Aiding and Abetting and Causing an Act to be Done; 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C), 982(a)(7), 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1): Criminal Forfeiture]

INDICTMENT

The Grand Jury charges:

COUNTS ONE THROUGH EIGHT

[18 U.S.C. §§ 1347, 2]

A. INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

GUIQIONG XIAO GUDMUNDSEN,

aka "Kimi Gudmundsen,"

Defendants.

v.

SUZANA CORTEZ, and

GLADYS PEREZ,

Plaintiff,

1. At all relevant times, defendant GUIQIONG XIAO GUDMUNDSEN, also known as "Kimi Gudmundsen" ("defendant GUDMUNDSEN"), was a resident of Anaheim, California, within the Central District of California.

- 2. At all relevant times, defendant GUDMUNDSEN owned, operated, and controlled Healthy Life Acupuncture Center, Inc. ("HLAC"), a California corporation, which was located at two sites, one in Los Angeles County and the other in Riverside County, within the Central District of California.
- 3. From in or about March 2010 through at least in or about December 2015, defendant SUZANA CORTEZ ("defendant CORTEZ") was an employee of HLAC.
- 4. At all relevant times, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation ("Amtrak") operated public train services throughout the United States, including within the Central District of California.
- 5. At all relevant times, Amtrak maintained a health care benefit program ("Amtrak health care plan"), which insured participating Amtrak employees who paid premiums through monthly payroll deductions ("Amtrak health care plan participants").
- 6. At all relevant times, defendant GLADYS PEREZ ("defendant PEREZ") was an employee of Amtrak and an Amtrak health care plan participant.
- 7. The Amtrak health care plan reimbursed providers of medical services, including physicians and medical clinics (collectively "providers"), that treated Amtrak health care plan participants.
- 8. The Amtrak health care plan required providers to submit claim forms in order to receive reimbursement for medical services provided to Amtrak health care participants. Among other information, providers were required to include in the claim forms:

 (i) the Amtrak health care plan participant's name and ID Number;

 (ii) the type of service provided (identified by a standardized procedure code number known as a CPT Code); (iii) the date the

service was provided; (iv) the charge for the service; (v) the diagnosis (identified by a standardized diagnostic code number, known as the ICD-9 Diagnosis Code); and (vi) the provider's name and/or identification number.

- 9. The Amtrak health care plan paid only medically necessary claims for patients covered under the health care plan. The plan did not cover claims relating to injuries incurred at work and claims for services performed by an unlicensed provider or a provider who was operating outside of the scope of the provider's license. The plan covered claims covered by another insurance plan only in limited circumstances and, in any event, required that any claims submitted to another insurance plan be disclosed to the Amtrak health care plan.
- 10. To encourage patients to receive cost-effective and only medically necessary treatments, the Amtrak health care plan required participants to make payments toward their own health care in the form of co-insurance, co-payments, and deductibles.
- 11. From on or about January 1, 2008 through on or about December 31, 2012, United Healthcare was the administrator of the Amtrak health care plan and processed claims for the plan. From on or about January 1, 2013 to at least December 2015, Aetna, Inc. processed claims for Amtrak's health care plan.

B. THE SCHEME TO DEFRAUD

12. Beginning in or about January 2008, and continuing until at least in or about December 2015, in Los Angeles and Riverside Counties, within the Central District of California, defendants GUDMUNDSEN, CORTEZ, and PEREZ, together with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, knowingly, willfully, and with the intent to

defraud, executed and attempted to execute a scheme and artifice:

(1) to defraud a health care benefit program, namely, the Amtrak
health care plan, as to material matters in connection with the
delivery of and payment for health care benefits, items, and
services; and (2) to obtain, by means of material false and
fraudulent pretenses and representations and the concealment of
material facts, in connection with the delivery of and payment for
health care benefits, items, and services, money under the custody
and control of the Amtrak health care plan.

- 13. The fraudulent scheme operated, in substance, in the following manner:
- a. Defendant GUDMUNDSEN marketed HLAC to Amtrak health care plan participants.
- b. Defendants GUDMUNDSEN and CORTEZ billed and caused to be billed the Amtrak health care plan for services, including, but not limited to, acupuncture, when those services were not performed or were performed by an unlicensed provider.
- c. Defendants GUDMUNDSEN and CORTEZ billed and caused to be billed the Amtrak health care plan for treatment for work-related injuries when the Amtrak health care plan did not cover treatment for such injuries.
- d. Defendant GUDMUNDSEN billed and caused to be billed the Amtrak health care plan for services which were also billed to other insurance plans without disclosing that fact to the Amtrak health care plan.
- e. Defendants GUDMUNDSEN, CORTEZ, and PEREZ, billed, caused to be billed, and aided and abetted the billing of the Amtrak health care plan for services provided to non-Amtrak health care plan

participants by billing under the name of an Amtrak health care plan participant.

- f. Defendants GUDMUNDSEN and CORTEZ billed and caused to be billed Amtrak health care plan participants as new patients when they were otherwise established patients, thus billing the plan at a higher rate.
- g. Defendants GUDMUNDSEN and CORTEZ regularly waived copayments, co-insurance, and deductibles for Amtrak health care plan participants.
- h. As a result of the claims submitted and caused to be submitted by defendants GUDMUNDSEN, CORTEZ, and PEREZ, HLAC received payment from the Amtrak health care plan for false and fraudulent claims, and the payments were deposited into bank accounts in the name of HLAC, over which defendant GUDMUNDSEN had control.

C. EXECUTIONS OF THE FRAUDULENT SCHEME

14. On or about the following dates, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, the following defendants, together with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, knowingly and willfully executed and attempted to execute the fraudulent scheme described above, by submitting and causing to be submitted to the Amtrak health care plan the following false and fraudulent claims:

1	COUNT	DEFENDANT (S)	DATE CLAIM	CLAIM
2			SUBMITTED	
3	ONE	GUDMUNDSEN	07/24/2012	Claim number 380059833501 for
4				\$185.00 for acupuncture, infrared therapy, and manual
5				therapy provided on or about
6				July 20, 2012 to Amtrak health care plan participant R.S.,
7				which claim falsely indicated it did not relate to a car accident
8				and was not covered by another insurance plan when in fact the
9				claim related to a car accident and was billed to another
10				insurance plan.
11	TWO	GUDMUNDSEN	08/30/2012	Claim number 384085770101 for
12				\$235.00 for acupuncture, infrared therapy, and manual
13				therapy provided on or about August 29, 2012 to Amtrak health
14				care plan participant R.S., which claim falsely indicated
15				that it did not relate to a car accident and was not covered by
16				another insurance plan when in fact the claim related to a car
17				accident and was billed to another insurance plan.
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19	THREE	GUDMUNDSEN PEREZ	10/10/2012	Claim number 388562881801 for \$85.00 for manual therapy and
20				infrared therapy provided on or about October 2, 2012 to Amtrak
21				health care plan participant
22				R.C., the daughter of defendant PEREZ, when no such services
23				were provided to R.C.
24	FOUR	GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ	11/19/2012	Claim number 392983662901 for \$85.00 for manual therapy and
25		PEREZ		infrared services provided on or
26				about September 20, 2012 to defendant PEREZ when no such
27				services were provided to defendant PEREZ.
28				

COUNT	DEFENDANT(S)	DATE CLAIM SUBMITTED	CLAIM
		505111116	
FIVE	GUDMUNDSEN	01/11/2013	Claim number EWFA4QBKQ00 for \$150.00 for a new patient office
	CORTEZ		visit provided to Amtrak health
			care plan participant T.P. on or about January 11, 2013 when T.P.
:			was already an established patient.
CTV	CHOMINDCEN	01/20/2012	Claim number E5AA402D200 for
PIX	CORTEZ	01/30/2013	\$150.00 for a new patient office
			visit provided to Amtrak health care plan participant S.A. on or
			about January 17, 2013 when S.A. was already an established
	,		patient.
SEVEN	GUDMUNDSEN	06/05/2013	Claim number EC347LD3400 for
	CORTEZ		\$150.00 for acupuncture provided on or about April 17, 2013 to
			Amtrak health care plan participant J.J. when no
			acupuncture was provided to J.J. and when no co-payment or
			deductible was collected from
			J.J.
EIGHT	GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ	06/05/2013	Claim number ECAA7MMZK00 for \$150.00 for acupuncture provided
			on or about April 19, 2013 to Amtrak health care plan
			participant J.J. when no acupuncture was provided to J.J.
			and when no co-payment or
			deductible was collected from J.J.
	SIX	FIVE GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ SIX GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ SEVEN GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ	FIVE GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ SIX GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ SEVEN GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ SEVEN GUDMUNDSEN CORTEZ EIGHT GUDMUNDSEN 06/05/2013

COUNTS NINE THROUGH ELEVEN

[18 U.S.C. \S \$ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i), 2]

- 15. The Grand Jury hereby repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 14 of this Indictment as if fully set forth herein.
- 16. On or about September 18, 2006, defendant GUIQIONG XIAO GUDMUNDSEN, also known as "Kimi Gudmundsen" ("defendant GUDMUNDSEN"), opened a bank account ending in 7502 at East West Bank, a federally-insured financial institution, in the name of Healthy Life Acupuncture Center, Inc. ("HLAC Account 7502"). Defendant GUDMUNDSEN and a relative were the only persons with signature authority over HLAC Account 7502.
- 17. On or about March 8, 2011, defendant GUDMUNDSEN opened a bank account ending in 4158 at East West Bank, a federally-insured financial institution, in the name of a second relative ("Personal Account 4158"). At the time of account opening, defendant GUDMUNDSEN was appointed attorney-in-fact for the account, which gave her control over the account.
- 18. On or about March 15, 2011, defendant GUDMUNDSEN opened a bank account ending in 6451 at East West Bank, a federally-insured financial institution, in the name of a third relative ("Personal Account 6451"). At the time of account opening, defendant GUDMUNDSEN was appointed attorney-in-fact for the account, which gave her control over the account.
- 19. On or about September 22, 2011, defendant GUDMUNDSEN opened a bank account ending in 5728 at Bank of America, a federally-insured financial institution, in the name of Healthy Life Acupuncture Center, Inc. ("HLAC Account 5728"). Defendant GUDMUNDSEN was the only person with signature authority over HLAC Account 5728.

20. On or about December 29, 2011, defendant GUDMUNDSEN opened a bank account ending in 5708 at Bank of America, a federally-insured financial institution, in the name of Lee Chiropractic, Inc. ("Lee Account 5708"). Defendant GUDMUNDSEN was the only person with signature authority over Lee Account 5708.

21. On or about the following dates, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant GUDMUNDSEN, knowing that the property involved in each of the following financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, conducted and willfully caused others to conduct the following financial transactions affecting interstate commerce, which transactions in fact involved the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, namely, health care fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1347, knowing that each of the transactions was designed in whole and in part to conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of such specified unlawful activity:

COUNT	DATE	FINANCIAL TRANSACTION
NINE	12/11/2012	Deposit of a check in the amount of \$35,000 drawn on HLAC Account 5728 into Lee Account 5708.
TEN	05/08/2013	Deposit of a check in the amount of \$5,000 drawn on HLAC Account 5728 into Personal Account 6451.
ELEVEN	01/06/2014	Deposit of a check in the amount of \$14,999 drawn on HLAC Account 7502 into Personal Account 4158.

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION ONE

[18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C), 982(a)(7); 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c)]

- 22. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 32.2, notice is hereby given to defendants GUIQIONG XIAO GUDMUNDSEN, also known as "Kimi Gudmundsen" ("GUDMUNDSEN"), SUZANA CORTEZ ("CORTEZ"), and GLADYS PEREZ ("PEREZ") that the United States will seek forfeiture as part of any sentence in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C), Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), and Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(7), in the event of any defendant's conviction under any of Counts One through Eight of this Indictment.
- 23. Defendants GUDMUNDSEN, CORTEZ and/or PEREZ shall forfeit to the United States the following property:
- a. All right, title, and interest in any and all property, real or personal, that constitutes or is derived, directly or indirectly, from the gross proceeds traceable to the commission of any of the offenses in Counts One through Eight of this Indictment.
- b. To the extent any of the above-listed property is not available for forfeiture, the government will seek a judgment for a sum of money equal to the total value of the property described in subparagraph 23(a) above. If more than one defendant is found guilty on any of Counts One through Eight, each defendant found guilty shall be jointly and severally liable for the entire amount forfeited pursuant to that Count.
- 24. Pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), and Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(b), defendants GUDMUNDSEN,

CORTEZ, and PEREZ shall forfeit substitute property, up to the total value of the property described in the preceding paragraph, if, as a result of any act or omission of defendants GUDMUNDSEN, CORTEZ and/or PEREZ, the property described in the preceding paragraph, or any portion thereof: (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence; (b) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with a third party; (c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court; (d) has been substantially diminished in value; or (e) has been commingled with other property that cannot be divided without difficulty.

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION TWO

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[18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1)]

- 25. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 32.2, notice is hereby given to defendant GUIQIONG XIAO GUDMUNDSEN, also known as "Kimi Gudmundsen" ("GUDMUNDSEN"), that the United States will seek forfeiture as part of any sentence in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(1) in the event of defendant's conviction under any of Counts Nine through Eleven of this Indictment.
- Defendant GUDMUNDSEN shall forfeit to the United States the following property:
- All right, title, and interest in any and all property, real or personal, involved in any offense set forth in any of Counts Nine through Eleven of this Indictment, and any property traceable to such property, including all monies or other property that was the subject of, or other property that was used in any manner or part to facilitate the commission of any violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956, including, but not limited to:
- Real Property Located in Moreno Valley, i. California, with Assessor Parcel Number 256-461-002-6; and
- ii. \$32,090.00 in U.S. Currency seized on or about December 8, 2015.
- To the extent any of the above-listed property is not available for forfeiture, the government will seek a judgment for a sum of money equal to the total value of the property described in subparagraph 26(a) above.
- Pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p) and Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(b)(2), the defendant

shall forfeit substitute property, if, by any act or omission of the defendant, the property described in the preceding paragraph, or any portion thereof, cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence; has been transferred, sold to, or deposited with a third party; has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court; has been substantially diminished in value; or has been commingled with other property that cannot be divided without difficulty.

A TRUE BILL

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Foreperson

Acting United States Attorney

SANDRA R. BROWN

LAWRENCE S. MIDDLETON
Assistant United States Attorney

Chief, Criminal Division

GEORGE S. CARDONA
Assistant United States Attorney
Chief, Major Frauds Section

JILL T. FEENEY Assistant United States Attorney Deputy Chief, Major Frauds Section

POONAM G. KUMAR Assistant United States Attorney Major Frauds Section