1	United States Department of Justice		
2	Civil Rights Division Employment Litigation Section		
3	950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20530		
4	Telephone (202) 514-8138 Facsimile (202) 514-1005		
5	Email joseph.sperber@usdoj.gov	COLIDE OF CHAM	
6	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF GUAM TERRITORY OF GUAM		
7	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff,		
8	V.	CIVIL CASE NUMBER 1:21-CV-0022	
9	UNITED STATES TERRITORY OF GUAM,		
10	and,	CIVIL COMPLAINT	
11	THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM RETIREMENT FUND,		
12	Defendants.		
13	Plaintiff United States of America ("United States"), by the undersigned attorneys, make		
14	the following averments:		
15	1. This civil action is brought on beh	alf of the United States to enforce the	
16	provisions of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994, 38		
17	U.S.C. §§ 4301-4333 ("USERRA"). As set forth below, Defendants, the Territory of Guam		
18	("Guam") and the Government of Guam Retirement Fund ("GRF") (collectively "Defendants"),		
19	violated USERRA by refusing to credit Guam em	aployees on active military duty with credited	
20	service towards retirement for any time they were	e using donated leave from Guam while on	
21	active duty military service. Defendants' policy,	which directly violates USERRA's provision	
22	that servicemembers are entitled to credited servi	ce towards retirement with their civilian	
23	employer for time deployed, denied at least five -	- and potentially many more – servicemembers	
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proper retirement and pension credit that, if not rectified, will slash their retirement benefits for 1 the rest of their lives. 2 JURISDICTION AND VENUE 3 2. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 4 38 U.S.C. § 4323(b). Additionally, the Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because 5 events giving rise to this lawsuit occurred in this judicial district. 6 3. Venue is proper in this district under 38 U.S.C. § 4323(c)(1) because Guam and 7 the GRF are entities of the Territory of Guam, which are located in, and do business within, this 8 judicial district. 9 **DEFENDANTS** 10 4. Guam provides and manages government services for the Territory, such as law 11 enforcement; firefighting; education; and social services. Guam pays salary or wages for work 12 13 performed and has control over employment opportunities. As such, Guam is an "employer" within the meaning of 38 U.S.C. § 4303(4)(A) and is subject to suit by the United States under 14 38 U.S.C. § 4323. 15 5. The GRF manages retirement plans for the Territory and is responsible for 16 payment of retirement annuities and other benefits to retired Guam employees and their families. 17 Because the GRF is obligated by Guam to provide pension benefits, it is an "employer" within 18 19 the meaning of 38 U.S.C. § 4303(4)(C) and is also subject to suit by the United States under 38 U.S.C. § 4323. 20 21 22 23 24 25

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FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

GUAM PROVIDES ITS EMPLOYEES PENSION BENEFITS

- 6. Guam offers and the GRF administers several retirement plans, including at least two defined benefit retirement plans.
- 7. For employees of Guam who receive a pension benefit as part of their employment, Guam makes pension contributions to the GRF on behalf of the employee.
- 8. Under GRF's defined benefit retirement plans, an employee contributes a portion of their wages into the GRF and the contributing employer contributes money into the GRF on behalf of the employee. A Guam employee's retirement pension benefit is based, in part, on these amounts contributed by the employee and the employer.
- 9. A Guam employee's retirement pension benefit is also based, in part, on the employee's age at retirement and credited service as an employee of Guam.
- 10. Credited service, or service credit, is the amount of time that counts toward an employee's pension benefit.
- 11. The GRF calculates service credit based on a calendar year. To receive a year of service credit, the employee must earn a minimum of nine months of creditable service in the calendar year. Employees with less than nine months of creditable service in a calendar year receive credit for the number of months earned.

GUAM ADMINISTERS A LEAVE SHARING PROGRAM

- 12. By statute, Guam provides a leave sharing program for its employees. 4 G.C.A. § 4109.2, et seq.
- 13. The leave sharing program allows employees to voluntarily transfer a portion of their sick or annual leave to a leave bank.

- Employees who have exhausted their sick leave, annual leave, and compensatory time may draw donated leave from the leave bank to remain in paid-leave status rather than leave-without-pay status, for up to 90 days per year. 4 G.C.A. § 4109.2(b)(4).
- Guam and the GRF do not give employees credited service for those periods of time employees use donated leave.
- In some instances, Guam contributed to an employee's retirement account and withheld the employee's contribution from the employee's wages for periods the employee used donated leave while performing military service. In those cases, the GRF refunded the contributions (and discredited that service) when it learned of them.

GUAM'S ADMINISTRATION OF ITS LEAVE SHARING PROGRAM DENIES SERVICEMEMBERS A PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTEED BY USERRA

- In 2020, five current or former Guam employees filed USERRA complaints with the United States Department of Labor's Veterans' Employment and Training Service ("VETS"), alleging that Defendants' application of their leave sharing program violated the employees' USERRA rights.
- Jesse Cruz ("Cruz") joined the Guam Fire Department in October 1992 and the Guam Air National Guard Reserves in May 2001.
 - Cruz is a member of the GRF's defined benefit plan.
- For parts of 2010 and 2012, Cruz was deployed on active military duty with the National Guard. Following each deployment, Cruz was honorably discharged by the military and reemployed by Guam.
- Cruz used donated leave from Guam's leave sharing program while deployed on active military duty on several occasions, including at least between February and June 2012.

account for these periods. Defendants' treatment of those periods that San Nicolas used donated leave as uncredited time essentially resulted in breaks-in-service with the employer.

- 31. As a result of Defendants' not crediting San Nicolas for the time he used donated leave while on active military duty, San Nicolas accumulated less credited service time, has a reduced retirement account, and will draw a lower pension annuity for the rest of his life. When San Nicolas prepared to retire in 2018, Defendants informed San Nicolas that he must continue to work for an additional period of time to qualify for full retirement benefits.
- 32. Alan Torre ("Torre") joined the Guam Fire Department in October 1992 and retired in September 2020.
 - 33. Torre is a member of the GRF's defined benefit plan.
- 34. Torre was a member of the National Guard from June 2000 to September 2009, and he was deployed on active military duty several times during his career with Guam, including, as relevant to this complaint, from January 2007 to September 2008. After each deployment, Torre was honorably discharged by the military and reemployed by Guam.
- 35. While on active military duty from around March 17, 2007 through December 8, 2007, Torre used donated leave from Guam's leave sharing program.
- 36. Defendants did not give Torre credited service for the time in 2007 he used donated leave while on active military duty. Guam did not contribute to Torre's GRF retirement fund for this period. Defendants' treatment of the period that Torre used donated leave as uncredited time essentially resulted in a break-in-service with the employer.
- 37. As a result of Defendants' not crediting Torre for the time he used donated leave while on active military duty, Torre accumulated less credited service time, has a reduced retirement fund, and will draw a lower pension annuity for the rest of his life.

- 46. Between October 2001 and December 2020, Guzman was deployed on active military duty numerous times. Following each deployment, Guzman was honorably discharged by the military and reemployed by Guam.
- 47. For portions of his active military service, Guzman used donated leave from Guam's leave sharing program.
- 48. Defendants did not give Guzman credited service for the time he used donated leave while on active military duty. Guam did not contribute to Guzman's GRF retirement fund for these periods. Defendants' treatment of the times that Guzman used donated leave as uncredited time essentially resulted in breaks-in-service with the employer.
- 49. As a result of Defendants' not crediting Guzman for the time he used donated leave while on active military duty, Guzman will accumulate less credited service time, will have a reduced retirement account, and will draw a lower pension annuity for the rest of his life.
- 50. Upon information and belief, there are other current or former Guam employees who will use (or have used) donated leave while deployed on military duty, who will not receive (or have not received) credited service for those periods, who will not receive (or have not received) contributions by Guam into their GRF retirement, who will be treated (or were treated) as having breaks-in-service with the employer, and who will suffer (or are suffering) reduced pension annuities as a result.
- 51. Upon information and belief, Guam will continue to refuse to make contributions to the GRF for individuals who use donated leave while on active duty in the military.
- 52. Upon information and belief, Guam and the GRF will continue to deny service credit for individuals who use donated leave while on active duty in the military, and will continue to treat these employees as having breaks-in-service with the employer.

53. Had any of these affected employees opted to take leave without pay while on active military duty, rather than availing themselves of the leave transfer program, Defendants would have credited those periods as service toward their retirements and not treated those periods as breaks-in-service.

CLAIM FOR RELIEF

- 54. The United States repeats and incorporates the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 2-53.
- 55. USERRA provides that a qualified servicemember who is reemployed by his or her civilian employer "shall be treated as not having incurred a break in service with the employer or employers maintaining [an employee pension benefit plan]." 38 U.S.C. § 4318(a)(2)(A). "Each period served by a person in the uniformed services shall, upon reemployment under this chapter, be deemed to constitute service with the employer or employers maintaining the [pension benefit] plan for the purpose of determining the nonforfeitability of the person's accrued benefits and for the purpose of determining the accrual of benefits under the plan." 38 U.S.C. § 4318(a)(2)(B).
- 56. USERRA "supersedes any State law (including any local law or ordinance), contract, agreement, policy, plan, practice, or other matter that reduces, limits, or eliminates in any manner any right or benefit provided by [USERRA]." 38 U.S.C. § 4302(b).
- 57. USERRA provides that when the statute uses the word "State" it includes Guam and the GRF. Specifically, USERRA regulations state:

State means each of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and other territories of the United States (including the agencies and

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- 58. Defendants violated USERRA Section 4318 by treating employees using donated leave while on active military duty as having breaks-in-service, and by failing to properly treat employees' periods of military leave while using donated leave as "service" with the employer for purposes of determining service credit and determining pension benefits.
- 59. Guam violated USERRA Section 4318(b)(1) when it failed or refused to make its employer contributions to the GRF on behalf of employees while serving in the military and using donated leave.
- 60. Defendants' violations have caused and will continue to cause these employees to suffer reduced pension annuities that, left unchecked, will negatively impact them for the rest of their lives.
- 61. Defendants' reliance on its statute creating the leave sharing program is unavailing. That statute is superseded by USERRA because it effectively reduces a right or benefit of USERRA by illegally disqualifying service with the employer.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the United States prays that the Court enter judgment against Guam and the GRF and, further, that the Court:

- A. declare that Guam and the GRF violated USERRA Section 4318(a)(2)(B) by failing to properly treat servicemembers' periods of military leave while using donated leave as "service" with the employer for purposes of the accrual of retirement benefits;
- B. declare that Guam violated USERRA Section 4318(b)(1) to the extent it failed to make contributions to the GRF on behalf of employees serving in the military while using donated leave;

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1	J. enjoin Guam and the GRF from refusing to properly treat servicemembers'		
2	periods of military leave while on leave bank leave as "service" with the employer for purposes		
3	of the accrual of benefits;		
4	K. enjoin Guam from refusing to make contributions to the GRF on behalf of		
5	employees serving in the military; and,		
6	L. grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.		
7	Respectfully submitted, this 31st day of August 2021.		
8		KRIS	ΓEN CLARKE
9			ant Attorney General Rights Division
10		KARI Chief	EN D. WOODARD
11			
12	By:		Joseph J. Sperber IV P. BUCHKO
13		· ·	Bar No. 452745) y Chief
14			PH J. SPERBER IV Bar No. 2662526)
		Trial A	Attorney
15			OARRYL JENKINS Attorney
16		(D.C.	Bar No. 1724928)
17			Department of Justice
18		Emplo	Rights Division byment Litigation Section
19			ennsylvania Avenue, NW Building, Room 9-1136
20		150 M	Street, N.E. ngton, DC 20530
		Telepl	none: (202) 514-8138
21			nile: (202) 514-1005 l: joseph.sperber@usdoj.gov
22			
23			
24			

1	
2	SHAWN N. ANDERSON United States Attorney
3	MIKEL SCHWAB (Guam Bar No. 87007)
4	Chief, Civil Division
5	U.S. Attorney's Office for the Districts of Guan and the Northern Mariana Islands
6	Sirena Plaza 108 Hernan Cortez, Suite 500
7	Hagåtña, GU 96910 Telephone: (671) 472-7332
8	Email: Mikel.Schwab@usdoj.gov
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