In the Supreme Court of the United States

SANTIAGO ALEJANDRO DIAZ-ESPARZA, PETITIONER

v

JEFFERSON B. SESSIONS III, ATTORNEY GENERAL

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RESPONDENT

NOEL J. FRANCISCO Solicitor General Counsel of Record Department of Justice Washington, D.C. 20530-0001 SupremeCtBriefs@usdoj.gov (202) 514-2217

In the Supreme Court of the United States

No. 17-820

SANTIAGO ALEJANDRO DIAZ-ESPARZA, PETITIONER

v.

JEFFERSON B. SESSIONS III, ATTORNEY GENERAL

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RESPONDENT

Petitioner contends (Pet. i, 3-6) that the definition of a "crime of violence" in 18 U.S.C. 16(b), as incorporated into the provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*, governing an alien's removal from the United States, is unconstitutionally vague. The question petitioner presents is also currently pending before this Court in *Sessions* v. *Dimaya*, No. 15-1498 (reargued Oct. 2, 2017). Because the proper disposition of the petition for a writ of certiorari may be affected by the Court's resolution of *Dimaya*, the petition should be held pending the decision in *Dimaya* and then disposed of as appropriate in light of that decision.*

Respectfully submitted.

NOEL J. FRANCISCO Solicitor General

February 2018

^{*} The government waives any further response to the petition unless this Court requests otherwise.