Cabarrus and Rowan Counties are in south central North Carolina where the primary employer had been a textile plant owned by a company named Piloxtex. In July of 2003, the company went bankrupt and the plant was closed resulting in 4,300 individuals in the two counties losing their jobs. Forty-two percent of the individuals in the two counties have a relative who was affected by the layoff. This closing came at a time when the entire area was depressed. One-year later 75 percent of the individuals are still unemployed and are facing the loss of their medical benefits either because their benefit period is up or they can no longer pay the large premium involved. The community shows signs of stress as incidences of domestic violence are up over 40 percent and child welfare cases are up over 40 percent as well.

A recent informal survey conducted by the Community Service Center serving Cabarrus and Rowan Counties indicate that the most unmet need is for mental health and substance abuse services. Yet these are individuals who have not had to depend on public service systems their entire life and would be reticent to approach such services even if desperately needed.

This grant is to design and implement community education, prevention, intervention and short term mental health and substance abuse and family treatment services and supports and to work in collaboration with a project steering committee and community partners to provide direct concerted outreach efforts and facilitate the involvement of those in need of such services.

Only the North Carolina Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services is eligible for funding under this announcement because it is the State of North Carolina that is responsible for the provision of mental health and substance abuse services in the State which it does through regional offices. The regional office that would carry out the responsibilities of the grant would be the Piedmont Behavioral Healthcare. Giving the grant to the State of North Carolina will ensure that the services under this grant are integrated into the existing system of care and is coordinated with other State programs relating to primary health care, education, social services, juvenile services, child welfare, etc.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Ronald Manderscheid, SAMHSA/CMHS, 5600 Fishers Lane, Suite 15C04, Rockville, Maryland 20857; telephone: (301) 443–3343; e-mail: rmanders@samhsa.gov.


Margaret Gilliam, Acting Associate Administrator for Policy, Planning and Budget.

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Border and Transportation Security; Notice to Nonimmigrant Aliens Subject To Be Enrolled in the United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology System (US–VISIT)

AGENCY: Border and Transportation Security Directorate, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has established the United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology Program (US–VISIT), an integrated, automated entry-exit system that records the arrival and departure of aliens; verifies aliens’ identities; and authenticates aliens’ travel documents through comparison of biometric identifiers. On January 5, 2004, DHS published a Notice in the Federal Register at 69 FR 482 designating 115 airports and 14 sea ports for inclusion in the US–VISIT program. US–VISIT was implemented at 115 airports and 14 sea ports on January 5, 2004 by Notice published in the Federal Register at 69 FR 482. In addition, pilot programs have been established at 15 air or sea ports to collect biometric information from certain aliens upon their departure from the United States.

This Notice identifies six new ports of entry for inclusion in the US–VISIT program at air and sea ports. This Notice also deletes two ports of entry that were inadvertently included in the January 5, 2004 Notice identifying air and sea ports of entry under US–VISIT. Further, this Notice deletes two ports that were included inadvertently in the exit pilot programs announced on August 3, 2004 at 69 FR 46556, replacing those ports with two airports to maintain the full number of fifteen exit pilot programs.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This Notice is effective August 20, 2004.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

What Is US–VISIT?

DHS established US–VISIT in accordance with several Congressional mandates requiring that DHS create an integrated, automated entry-exit system that records the arrival and departure of aliens; verifies aliens’ identities; and authenticates aliens’ travel documents through comparison of biometric identifiers. US–VISIT is part of a continuum of security measures that begins overseas when a person applies for a visa to travel to the United States and continues on through entry and exit at U.S. air and seaports and, eventually, at land border crossings. The US–VISIT program enhances the security of U.S. citizens and visitors by verifying the identity of aliens traveling into or departing from the United States. At the same time, the program facilitates legitimate travel and trade by leveraging technology and the evolving use of biometrics to expedite processing at U.S. borders.

The goals of the program are to:

• Enhance the security of U.S. citizens and visitors
• Facilitate legitimate travel and trade
• Ensure the integrity of the immigration system
• Safeguard the personal privacy of visitors

On January 5, 2004, DHS published an interim rule in the Federal Register at 69 FR 468 implementing the first phase of US–VISIT at air and sea ports of entry in the United States. The January 5, 2004 interim rule authorized the Secretary of DHS to:

• Require nonimmigrant aliens seeking admission pursuant to a nonimmigrant visa at an air or sea port of entry designated by Notice in the Federal Register to provide fingerprints, photograph(s), or other specified biometric identifiers at time of application for admission or at time of departure; and
• Establish pilot programs at up to fifteen air or sea ports of entry, designated through Notice in the Federal Register, through which the Secretary of DHS may require an alien admitted pursuant to a nonimmigrant visa who departs the United States from a designated air or sea port of entry to provide fingerprints, photograph(s), or other specified biometric identifiers, documentation of his or her immigration status in the United States, and such other evidence as may be requested to determine the alien’s identity and whether he or she has properly maintained his or her status while in the United States.

On January 5, 2004, DHS published a Notice in the Federal Register at 69 FR...
482, designating 115 airports and 14 sea
ports for the collection of biometric data
from certain aliens upon arrival to the
United States under the US–VISIT
program. Since January 5, 2004, aliens
applying for admission pursuant to a
nonimmigrant visa at any of the
designated arrival air and sea ports have
been required to submit fingerprints and
photographs. The January 5, 2004
Notice also identified the Baltimore-
Washington International Airport and
Miami Seaport as ports designated
under the exit pilot programs for the
collection of biometric information from
aliens departing from the United States.

On August 3, 2004, DHS published a
Notice in the Federal Register at 69 FR
46556 designating thirteen additional
ports for implementation of US–VISIT
exit pilot programs. The Notice listed all
15 ports authorized to establish exit
pilot programs under 8 CFR 215.8(a)(1).

What Does This Notice Do?

First, this Notice adds six ports of
entry to the list of ports of entry
designated under the US–VISIT program
under the January 5, 2004 Notice. These
six ports of entry are: Albany
International Airport, New York; St.
Petersburg/Clearwater International
Airport, Florida; Port Everglades
seaport, Florida; Andrews Air Force
Base, Maryland; New York City seaport,
New York; and Port Canaveral, Terminal
10, Florida. These ports are being added
as they were originally intended to be
part of the initial list of designated ports
Port Everglades, as a suboffice of the
Miami seaport, has been collecting US–
VISIT data since January, but DHS
wishes to clarify all specific physical
ports that are part of the US–VISIT
program.

Second, this Notice eliminates two
ports of entry that were erroneously
listed in the January 5, 2004 Notice.
Alfred Whitted Airport in St.
Petersburg, Florida and the seaport in
Jacksonville, Florida are deleted from the
list of air and seaports collecting
information under US–VISIT. US–VISIT
was never deployed at either of these
two ports.

Third, this Notice eliminates Agana
International Airport (Agana, Guam)
and McCarren International Airport (Las
Vegas, Nevada) from the list of the
fifteen ports designated for
implementation of exit pilot programs
under US–VISIT. These two airports
were included inadvertently in the
August 3, 2004 Notice. US–VISIT exit
pilot programs have not been deployed
to these two airports. In their place, this
Notice adds Seattle/Tacoma
International Airport (Washington) and
Ft. Lauderdale/Hollywood Airport
(Florida) to the list of ports included in
the US–VISIT exit pilot programs.

The updated, complete lists of all
ports of entry designated under US–
VISIT are identified below.

DHS deletes one air and one sea port
of entry from the list of ports published
on January 5, 2004 at 69 FR 482.

The following ports are no longer
designated for US–VISIT inspection at
time of alien arrival under 8 CFR
235.1(d)(1): St. Petersburg, Florida
(Alfred Whitted Airport); Jacksonville,
Florida (sea port).

DHS deletes two air ports of entry from
the list of ports published on August 3, 2004 at 69 FR 46566.

The following ports are no longer
designated for US–VISIT inspection at
time of alien departure under 8 CFR
215.8: Agana, Guam (Agana
International Airport); Las Vegas,
Nevada (McCarren International
Airport).

DHS hereby designates the following
ports of entry for inclusion in US–VISIT
for the collection of information at the
time of alien arrival pursuant to 8 CFR
235.1(d)(1):

Airports

Agana, Guam (Agana International
Airport)
Aguadilla, Puerto Rico (Rafael
Hernandez Airport)
Albuquerque, New Mexico
(Albuquerque International Airport)
Anchorage, Alaska (Anchorage
International Airport)
Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland
Albany, New York (Albany International
Airport)
Aruba (Pre-Flight Inspection)
Atlanta, Georgia (William B. Hartsfield
International Airport)
Austin, Texas (Austin Bergstrom
International Airport)
Baltimore, Maryland (Baltimore/
Washington International Airport)
Bangor, Maine (Bangor International
Airport)
Bellingham, Washington (Bellingham
International Airport)
Boston, Massachusetts (General Edward
Lawrence Logan International
Airport)
Brownsville, Texas (Brownsville/South
Padre Island Airport)
Buffalo, New York (Greater Buffalo
International Airport)
Calgary, Canada (Pre-Flight Inspection)
Chantilly, Virginia (Washington Dulles
International Airport)
Charleston, South Carolina (Charleston
International Airport)
Charlotte, North Carolina (Charlotte/
Douglas International Airport)
Chicago, Illinois (Chicago Midway
Airport)
Chicago, Illinois (Chicago O’Hare
International Airport)
Cincinnati, Ohio (Cincinnati/Northern
Kentucky International Airport)
Cleveland, Ohio (Cleveland Hopkins
International Airport)
Columbus, Ohio (Rickenbacker
International Airport)
Columbus, Ohio (Port Columbus
International Airport)
Dallas/Fort Worth, Texas (Dallas/Fort
Worth International Airport)
Del Rio, Texas (Del Rio International
Airport)
Denver, Colorado (Denver International
Airport)
Detroit, Michigan (Detroit Metropolitan
Wayne County Airport)
Dover/Cheswold, Delaware (Delaware
Airpark)
Dublin, Ireland (Pre-Flight Inspection)
Edmonton, Canada (Pre-Flight
Inspection)
El Paso, Texas (El Paso International
Airport)
Erie, Pennsylvania (Erie International
Airport)
Fairbanks, Alaska (Fairbanks
International Airport)
Fajardo, Puerto Rico (Diego Jimenez
Torres Airport)
Fort Lauderdale, Florida (Fort
Lauderdale Executive Airport)
Fort Lauderdale, Florida (Fort
Lauderdale/Hollywood International
Airport)
Fort Myers, Florida (Fort Myers
International Airport)
Freeport, Bahamas (Pre-Flight
Inspection)
Greenville, South Carolina (Donaldson
Center Airport)
Hamilton, Bermuda (Pre-Flight
Inspection)
Hartford/Springfield, Connecticut
(Bradley International Airport)
Honolulu, Hawaii (Honolulu
International Airport)
Houston, Texas (Houston International
Airport)
Indianapolis, Indiana (Indianapolis
International Airport)
International Falls, Minnesota (Falls
International Airport)
Isla Grande, Puerto Rico (Isla Grande
Airport)
Jacksonville, Florida (Jacksonville
International Airport)
Juneau, Alaska (Juneau International
Airport)
Kansas City, Kansas (Kansas City
International Airport)
Kenmore, Washington (Kenmore Air
Harbor)
Key West, Florida (Key West
International Airport)
King County, Washington (King County
International Airport)
Kona, Hawaii (Kona International
Airport)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City/State and Airport Name</th>
<th>City/State and Airport Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Laredo, Texas (Laredo International Airport and Laredo Private Airport)</td>
<td>Salt Lake City, Utah (Salt Lake City International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Las Vegas, Nevada (McCarren International Airport)</td>
<td>San Antonio, Texas (San Antonio International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Los Angeles, California (Los Angeles International Airport)</td>
<td>San Diego, California (San Diego International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Manchester, New Hampshire (Manchester Airport)</td>
<td>San Francisco, California (San Francisco International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mayaguez, Puerto Rico (Eugenio Maria de Hostos Airport)</td>
<td>San Jose, California (San Jose International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>McAllen, Texas (McAllen Miller International Airport)</td>
<td>San Juan, Puerto Rico (Luis Munoz Marin International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Memphis, Tennessee (Memphis International Airport)</td>
<td>Sandusky, Ohio (Griffing Sandusky Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miami, Florida (Kendall/Tamiami Executive Airport)</td>
<td>Sarasota/Bradenton, Florida (Sarasota-Bradenton International Airport)</td>
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<td>Miami, Florida (Miami International Airport)</td>
<td>Seattle, Washington (Seattle/Tacoma International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Milwaukee, Wisconsin (General Mitchell International Airport)</td>
<td>Shannon, Ireland (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minneapolis/St. Paul, Minnesota (Montreal, Canada (Pre-Flight Inspection))</td>
<td>Spokane, Washington (Spokane International Airport)</td>
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<td>Nashville, Tennessee (Nashville International Airport)</td>
<td>St. Croix, Virgin Island (Alexander Hamilton International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nassau, Bahamas (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
<td>St. Louis, Missouri (St. Louis International Airport)</td>
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<td>New Orleans, Louisiana (New Orleans International Airport)</td>
<td>St. Lucie, Florida (St. Lucie County International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>New York, New York (John F. Kennedy International Airport)</td>
<td>St. Petersburg, Florida (St. Petersburg-Clearwater International Airport)</td>
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<td>Newark, New Jersey (Newark International Airport)</td>
<td>St. Thomas, Virgin Island (Cyril E. King International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Norfolk, Virginia (Norfolk International Airport and Norfolk Naval Air Station)</td>
<td>Tampa, Florida (Tampa International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oakland, California (Metropolitan Oakland International Airport)</td>
<td>Teterboro, New Jersey (Teterboro Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ontario, California (Ontario International Airport)</td>
<td>Toronto, Canada (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Opa Locka/Miami, Florida (Opa Locka Airport)</td>
<td>Tucson, Arizona (Tucson International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Orlando, Florida (Orlando International Airport)</td>
<td>Vancouver, Canada (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Orlando/Sanford, Florida (Orlando/Sanford Airport)</td>
<td>Victoria, Canada (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ottawa, Canada (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
<td>West Palm Beach, Florida (Palm Beach International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Philadelphia International Airport)</td>
<td>Wilmington, North Carolina (Wilmington International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phoenix, Arizona (Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport)</td>
<td>Winnipeg, Canada (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico (Pre-Flight Inspection)</td>
<td>Yuma, Arizona (Yuma International Airport)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Port Canaveral, Florida (Port Canaveral, Florida Terminal 10)</td>
<td>Seaports</td>
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<tr>
<td>Portland, Oregon (Portland International Airport)</td>
<td>Long Beach, California</td>
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<tr>
<td>Portsmouth, New Hampshire (Pease International Tradeport Airport)</td>
<td>Miami, Florida</td>
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<tr>
<td>Providence, Rhode Island (Theodore Francis Green State Airport)</td>
<td>New York City</td>
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<tr>
<td>Raleigh/Durham, North Carolina (Raleigh/Durham International Airport)</td>
<td>Port Everglades, Florida</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reno, Arizona (Reno/Tahoe International Airport)</td>
<td>Port Canaveral, Florida</td>
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<tr>
<td>Richmond, Virginia (Richmond International Airport)</td>
<td>Port Canaveral, Florida (Terminal 10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sacramento, California (Sacramento International Airport)</td>
<td>San Juan, Puerto Rico</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHS hereby designates the following ports of entry for inclusion in US–VISIT for the collection of information at the time of departure pursuant to 8 CFR 215.8.</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Airports

- Baltimore, MD (Baltimore/Washington International Airport)
- Newark, New Jersey (Newark International Airport)
- Atlanta, Georgia (William B. Hartsfield International Airport)
- Chicago, Illinois (O’Hare International Airport)
- Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Philadelphia International Airport)
- Dallas/Fort Worth, Texas (Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport)
- Detroit, Michigan (Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County Airport)
- San Juan, Puerto Rico (Luis Muñoz Marin International Airport)
- Phoenix, Arizona (Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport)
- San Francisco, California (San Francisco International Airport)
- Seattle, Washington (Seattle/Tacoma International Airport)
- Ft. Lauderdale, Florida (Ft. Lauderdale/Hollywood International Airport)
- Denver, Colorado (Denver International Airport)

#### The US–VISIT System Is Maintained Consistent With Privacy and Due Process Principles

As discussed in the January 5, 2004 interim rule, US–VISIT records will be protected consistent with all applicable privacy laws, regulations and US–VISIT’s Privacy Policy dated January 16, 2004, which can be found at 69 FR 2608. Those seeking additional information, including nonimmigrant aliens who wish to contest or seek a change of their records, should direct a written request to the US–VISIT Program Office at the following address: Steve Yonkers, Privacy Officer, US–VISIT, Border and Transportation Security, Department of Homeland Security, Washington, DC 20528. Phone (202) 927-5036. Please see the US VISIT Privacy policy online at USVISITPrivacy@DHS.GOV.

The request should include the requestor’s full name, current address and date of birth, and a detailed explanation of the change sought. If the matter cannot be resolved by the Privacy Officer, further appeal for resolution may be made to the DHS Privacy Officer at the following address: Nuala O’Connor Kelly, Chief Privacy Officer, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Washington, DC 20528, telephone (202) 282-8000, facsimile (202) 772-5036. Please see the January 5, 2004 interim rule at 69 FR 468 for more information about the US–VISIT privacy policy.
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

[USCG–2004–18840]

Merchant Marine Personnel Advisory Committee

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Notice of meetings.

SUMMARY: The Merchant Marine Personnel Advisory Committee (MERPAC) and its working groups will meet to discuss various issues relating to the training and fitness of merchant marine personnel. MERPAC advises the Secretary of Homeland Security on matters relating to the training, qualifications, licensing, and certification of seamen serving in the U.S. merchant marine. All meetings will be open to the public.

DATES: MERPAC will meet on Monday, September 20, 2004, from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m. and on Tuesday, September 21, 2004, from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m. These meetings may adjourn early if all business is finished. Requests to make oral presentations should reach the Coast Guard on or before September 6, 2004. Written material and requests to have a copy of your material distributed to each member of the committee or subcommittee should reach the Coast Guard on or before September 6, 2004.

ADDRESSES: MERPAC will meet on both days in the Atherton Halau of the Bishop Museum, 1525 Bernice St., Honolulu, HI 96817. Further directions regarding the location of the Bishop Museum may be obtained by contacting (808) 323-3318. Send written material and requests to make oral presentations to Mr. Mark Gould, Commandant (G–MSO–1), U.S. Coast Guard Headquarters, 2100 Second Street SW., Washington, DC 20593–0001. This notice is available on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For questions on this notice, contact Mr. Mark C. Gould, Assistant to the Executive Director, telephone (202) 267–6890, fax (202) 267–4570, or e-mail mgould@comdt.uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice of these meetings is given under the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. App. 2 (Pub. L. 92–463, 86 Stat. 770, as amended).

Agenda of Meeting on September 20, 2004

The full committee will meet to discuss the objectives for the meeting. The committee will then break up into the following working groups as necessary: Task statement 30, concerning utilizing military sea service for STCW certifications; Task statement 36, concerning recommendations on a training program for officers in charge of an engineering watch coming up through the hawsepipie; Task statement 40, concerning methods to determine the date at which a mariner established competency in Basic Safety Training in light of National Maritime Policy Letter 12–01; Task statement 43, concerning recommendations on a training and assessment program for able-bodied seamen on sea-going vessels in preparation for discussions of this issue at the Subcommittee on Standards of Training and Watchkeeping at the International Maritime Organization; and Task statement 46, review of the draft Navigation and Vessel Inspection Circular concerning the medical standards applicable to merchant mariners. These task statements may be viewed at the MERPAC website at http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-m/advisory/merpac/merpac.htm.

New working groups may be formed to address issues proposed by the Coast Guard, MERPAC members, or the public. At the end of the day, the working groups will make a report to the full committee on what has been accomplished in their meetings. No action will be taken on these reports on this date.

Agenda of Meeting on September 21, 2004

The agenda comprises the following:

(1) Introduction.

(2) Working Groups’ Reports

(a) Task Statement 30, concerning Utilizing military sea service for STCW certifications.

(b) Task Statement 36, concerning Recommendations on a training program for officers in charge of an engineering watch coming up through the hawsepipie.

(c) Task statement 40, concerning Qualifications in Basic Safety Training.

(d) Task Statement 43, concerning Recommendations on a training and assessment program for able-bodied seamen on sea-going vessels.

(e) Task Statement 46, concerning Review of the draft Navigation and Vessel Inspection Circular concerning the medical standards applicable to merchant mariners.

(f) Other task statements which may have been adopted for discussion and action.

(3) Other items to be discussed:

(a) Standing Committee—Prevention Through People.

(b) Briefings concerning on-going projects of interest to MERPAC.

(c) Other items brought up for discussion by the committee or the public.

Procedural

Both meetings are open to the public. Please note that the meetings may adjourn early if all business is finished. At the Chair’s discretion, members of the public may make oral presentations during the meetings. If you would like to make an oral presentation at a meeting, please notify Mr. Mark Gould no later than September 6, 2004. Written material for distribution at a meeting should reach the Coast Guard no later than September 6, 2004. If you would like a copy of your material distributed to each member of the committee or subcommittee in advance of the meeting, please submit 25 copies to Mr. Gould no later than September 6, 2004.

Information on Services for Individuals with Disabilities

For information on facilities or services for individuals with disabilities or to request special assistance at the meetings, contact Mr. Gould as soon as possible.


Howard L. Hime,

Acting Director of Standards, Marine Safety, Security and Environmental Protection.

[FR Doc. 04–19159 Filed 8–19–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[DOcket No. FR–4901–N–34]

Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This Notice identifies unutilized, underutilized, excess, and surplus Federal property reviewed by HUD for suitability for possible use to assist the homeless.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathy Barruss, Department of Housing...