

SUMMARY OF GENERAL PROVISIONS
General Provisions—Department of Justice

Table 1 displays the Title II General Provisions for the Department of Justice contained in the FY 2014 President's Budget. The FY 2014 language is compared below to the FY 2013 enacted Title II General Provisions (P.L. 113-6). New language proposed for 2014 is italicized and underlined, and 2013 enacted language proposed for deletion is bracketed.

Table 2 provides explanations related to select Title II General Provisions contained in the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2013, which are not continued in FY 2014.

Table 1
FY 2014 PROPOSED TITLE II GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section Number	New? Yes/No	Description
201	No	In addition to amounts otherwise made available in this title for official reception and representation expenses, a total of not to exceed \$50,000 from funds appropriated to the Department of Justice in this title shall be available to the Attorney General for official reception and representation expenses.
202	No	None of the funds appropriated by this title shall be available to pay for an abortion, except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term, or in the case of rape: <i>Provided</i> , That should this prohibition be declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, this section shall be null and void.
203	No	None of the funds appropriated under this title shall be used to require any person to perform, or facilitate in any way the performance of, any abortion.
204	No	Nothing in the preceding section shall remove the obligation of the Director of the Bureau of Prisons to provide escort services necessary for a female inmate to receive such service outside the Federal facility: <i>Provided</i> , That nothing in this section in any way diminishes the effect of section 203 intended to address the philosophical beliefs of individual employees of the Bureau of Prisons.
205	No	Not to exceed 5 percent of any appropriation made available for the current fiscal year for the Department of Justice in this Act may be transferred between such appropriations, but no such appropriation, except as otherwise specifically provided, shall be increased by more than 10 percent by any such transfers: <i>Provided</i> , That any transfer pursuant to this section shall be treated as a reprogramming of funds under section [505] <u>504</u> of this Act and shall not be available for obligation except in compliance with the procedures set forth in that section.
206	Amended	[The Attorney General is authorized to extend through September 30, 2013, the Personnel Management Demonstration Project transferred to the Attorney General pursuant to section 1115 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, Public Law 107-296 (28 U.S.C. 599B) without limitation on the number of employees or the positions covered.] <u><i>Funds appropriated by this or any other Act under the heading "Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, Salaries and Expenses" shall be available for retention pay for any employee who would otherwise be subject to a reduction in pay upon the termination of the Bureau's Personnel Management Demonstration Project (as transferred to the Attorney General by section 1115 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, Public Law 107-296 (28 U.S.C. 599B)). Such retention pay shall comply with section 5363 of title 5, United States Code, and related</i></u>

		<u>Office of Personnel Management regulations, except as provided in this section. Such retention pay shall be paid at the employee's rate of pay immediately prior to the termination of the demonstration project and shall not be subject to the limitation set forth in section 5304(g)(1) of title 5, United States Code, and related regulations. The rate of pay of any employee receiving retention pay pursuant to this provision shall be increased at the time of any increase in the maximum rate of basic pay payable for the grade of the employee's position by 50 percent of the dollar amount of each such increase, except that an employee's retained rate of basic pay shall not be so increased if both (a) the employee's retained rate of basic pay immediately prior to the time of such increase exceeds the limitation set forth in section 5304(g)(1) of title 5, United States Code, and related regulations, and (b) the employee's increased rate of pay would exceed the maximum rate of basic pay payable for the employee's position.</u>
207	No	None of the funds made available to the Department of Justice in this Act may be used for the purpose of transporting an individual who is a prisoner pursuant to conviction for crime under State or Federal law and is classified as a maximum or high security prisoner, other than to a prison or other facility certified by the Federal Bureau of Prisons as appropriately secure for housing such a prisoner.
208	No	(a) None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used by Federal prisons to purchase cable television services, to rent or purchase videocassettes, videocassette recorders, or other audiovisual or electronic equipment used primarily for recreational purposes. (b) The preceding sentence does not preclude the renting, maintenance, or purchase of audiovisual or electronic equipment for inmate training, religious, or educational programs.
209	No	None of the funds made available under this title shall be obligated or expended for any new or enhanced information technology program having total estimated development costs in excess of \$100,000,000, unless the Deputy Attorney General and the investment review board certify to the Committees on Appropriations that the information technology program has appropriate program management controls and contractor oversight mechanisms in place, and that the program is compatible with the enterprise architecture of the Department of Justice.
210	No	The notification thresholds and procedures set forth in section [505] <u>504</u> of this Act shall apply to deviations from the amounts designated for specific activities in this Act and accompanying statement, and to any use of deobligated balances of funds provided under this title in previous years.
211	No	None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to plan for, begin, continue, finish, process, or approve a public-private competition under the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76 or any successor administrative regulation, directive, or policy for work performed by employees of the Bureau of Prisons or of Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated.
212	No	At the discretion of the Attorney General, and in addition to any amounts that otherwise may be available (or authorized to be made available) by law, with respect to funds appropriated by this title under the headings "Research, Evaluation, and Statistics", "State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance", and "Juvenile Justice Programs"— (1) Up to [3] <u>5</u> percent of funds made available to the Office of Justice Programs for grant or reimbursement programs may be used by such Office to provide training and technical assistance; [and] (2) Up to 2 percent of funds made available for grant or reimbursement programs under such headings, except for amounts appropriated specifically for research, evaluation, or statistical programs administered by the National Institute of Justice and the Bureau of

		<p>Justice Statistics, shall be transferred to and merged with funds provided to the National Institute of Justice and the Bureau of Justice Statistics, to be used by them for research, evaluation or statistical purposes, without regard to the authorizations for such grant or reimbursement programs[, and of such amounts, \$1,300,000 shall be transferred to the Bureau of Prisons for Federal inmate research and evaluation purposes.]; <u>and</u></p> <p><u>(3) 7 percent of funds made available for grant or reimbursement programs: (1) under the heading "State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance"; or (2) under the headings "Research, Evaluation, and Statistics" and "Juvenile Justice Programs", to be transferred to and merged with funds made available under the heading "State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance", shall be available for tribal criminal justice assistance without regard to the authorizations for such grant or reimbursement programs.</u></p>
213	No	<p>The Attorney General may, upon request by a grantee and based upon a determination of fiscal hardship, waive the requirements of sections 2976(g)(1), 2978(e)(1) and (2), and 2904 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797w(g)(1), 3797w-2(e)(1) and (2), 3797q-3) <u>and section 6(c)(3) of the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (42 U.S.C. 15605(c)(3))</u> with respect to funds appropriated in this or any other Act making appropriations for fiscal years 2010 through [2012] 2013 for Adult and Juvenile Offender State and Local Reentry Demonstration Projects and State, Tribal, and Local Reentry Courts authorized under part FF of title I of such Act of 1968, and the Prosecution Drug Treatment Alternatives to Prison Program authorized under part CC of such Act of 1968, <u>and Grants to Protect Inmates and Safeguard Communities under such Act of 2003.</u></p>
214	No	<p>Notwithstanding any other provision of law, section 20109(a), in subtitle A of title II of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13709(a)), shall not apply to amounts made available by this or any other Act.</p>
215	Yes ¹	<p><u>Of the unobligated balances from prior year appropriations for the Office of Justice Programs, \$47,000,000 are hereby permanently cancelled: Provided, That no amounts may be cancelled from amounts that were designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget or the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.</u></p>
216	Yes ²	<p><u>Notwithstanding any other provision of law, amounts deposited or available in the Fund established under section 1402 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10601) in any fiscal year in excess of \$800,000,000 shall not be available for obligation in this fiscal year: Provided, That, notwithstanding section 1402(d) of such Act of 1984, of the amounts available from the Fund for obligation, the following amounts shall be available without fiscal year limitation to the Director of the Office for Victims of Crime: \$25,000,000 for supplemental victims' services and other victim-related programs and initiatives, \$20,000,000 for tribal assistance for victims of violence, and \$10,000,000 for victims of trafficking grants focused on domestic victims: Provided, That up to 2 percent of funds may be made available to the National Institute of Justice and the Bureau of Justice Statistics, to be used by them for research, evaluation or statistical purposes related to crime victims and related programs.</u></p>

¹ The FY 2014 Budget proposes to move OJP's cancellation language to Title II; in the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Appropriations Act, 2013, the OJP rescission is found in Section 526.

² The FY 2014 Budget proposes to move the Crime Victims Fund limitation language to Title II; in the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Appropriations Act, 2013, similar language is found in Section 510.

217	No	None of the funds made available under this Act, other than for the national instant criminal background check system established under section 103 of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, may be used by a Federal law enforcement officer to facilitate the transfer of an operable firearm to an individual if the Federal law enforcement officer knows or suspects that the individual is an agent of a drug cartel, unless law enforcement personnel of the United States continuously monitor or control the firearm at all times.
218	Yes ³	<u>Of the unobligated balances from prior year appropriations available under the heading "Working Capital Fund", \$30,000,000 are hereby permanently cancelled: Provided, That no amounts may be cancelled from amounts that were designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget or the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.</u>
219	Yes	<u>Performance Partnership Pilots.</u> <u>(a) Definitions. In this section,</u> <u>(1) "Performance Partnership Pilot" (or "Pilot") is a project that seeks to identify, through a demonstration, cost-effective strategies for providing services at the state, regional, or local level that—</u> <u>(A) involve two or more Federal programs (administered by one or more Federal agencies)—</u> <u>(i) which have related policy goals, and</u> <u>(ii) at least one of which is administered (in whole or in part) by a state, local, or tribal government; and</u> <u>(B) achieve better results for regions, communities, or specific at risk populations through making better use of the budgetary resources that are available for supporting such programs.</u> <u>(2) "To improve outcomes for disconnected youth" means to increase the rate at which individuals between the ages of 14 and 24 (who are homeless, in foster care, involved in the juvenile justice system, or are neither employed nor enrolled in an educational institution) achieve success in meeting educational, employment or other key goals.</u> <u>(3) The "lead Federal administering agency" is the Federal agency, to be designated by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (from among the participating Federal agencies that have statutory responsibility for the Federal discretionary funds that will be used in a Performance Partnership Pilot) that will enter into and administer the particular Performance Partnership Agreement on behalf of that agency and the other participating Federal agencies.</u> <u>(b) Use of Discretionary Funds in Fiscal Year 2014 Appropriations Act. Federal agencies may use Federal discretionary funds, that are made available in this act or any other appropriations act providing funds for Fiscal Year 2014 and corresponding authority to enter into Performance Partnership Pilots, to carry out up to a total of 13 Performance Partnership Pilots involving up to a total of \$130,000,000 in aggregate Federal discretionary budget authority. Such Pilots shall:</u> <u>(1) be designed to improve outcomes for disconnected youth, and</u> <u>(2) involve Federal programs targeted on disconnected youth, or designed to prevent youth from disconnecting from school or work, that provide education, training and employment, and other related social services; and</u> <u>(c) Performance Partnership Agreements. Federal agencies may use Federal discretionary funds, as authorized in subsection (b), to participate in a Performance Partnership Pilot only in accordance with the terms of a Performance Partnership Agreement that--</u> <u>(1) is entered into between--</u>

³ The FY 2014 Budget proposes to move the WCF cancellation language to Title II; in the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Appropriations Act, 2013, the WCF rescission is found in Section 526.

(A) the head of the lead Federal administering agency, on behalf of all of the participating Federal agencies (subject to the head of the lead Federal administering agency having received from the heads of each of the other participating agencies their written concurrence for entering into the Agreement), and

(B) the respective representatives of all of the state, local or tribal governments that are participating in the Agreement; and

(2) specifies, at a minimum, the following information:

(A) the length of the Agreement (which shall not extend beyond September 30, 2018);

(B) the Federal programs and federally-funded services that are involved in the Pilot;

(C) the Federal discretionary funds that are being used in the Pilot (by the respective Federal account identifier, and the total amount from such account that is being used in the Pilot), and the period (or periods) of availability for obligation (by the Federal Government) of such funds;

(D) the non-Federal funds that are involved in the Pilot, by source (which can include private funds as well as governmental funds) and by amount;

(E) the state, local, or tribal programs that are involved in the Pilot;

(F) the populations to be served by the Pilot;

(G) the cost-effective Federal oversight procedures that will be used for the purpose of maintaining the necessary level of accountability for the use of the Federal discretionary funds;

(H) the cost-effective State, local or tribal oversight procedures that will be used for the purpose of maintaining the necessary level of accountability for the use of the Federal discretionary funds;

(I) the outcome (or outcomes) that the Pilot is designed to achieve;

(J) the appropriate, reliable, and objective outcome-measurement methodology that the Federal Government and the participating state, local, or tribal governments will use, in carrying out the Pilot, to determine whether the Pilot is achieving, and has achieved, the specified outcomes that the Pilot is designed to achieve; and

(K) in cases where, during the course of the Pilot, it is determined that the Pilot is not achieving the specified outcomes that it is designed to achieve,

(i) the consequences that will result from such deficiencies with respect to the Federal discretionary funds that are being used in the Pilot, and

(ii) the corrective actions that will be taken in order to increase the likelihood that the Pilot, upon completion, will have achieved such specified outcomes.

(d) Agency Head Determinations. A Federal agency may participate in a Performance Partnership Pilot (including by providing Federal discretionary funds that have been appropriated to such agency) only upon the written determination by the head of such agency that the agency's participation in such Pilot--

(1) will not result in denying or restricting the eligibility of any individual for any of the services that (in whole or in part) are funded by the agency's programs and Federal discretionary funds that are involved in the Pilot, and

(2) based on the best available information, will not otherwise adversely affect vulnerable populations that are the recipients of such services. In making this determination, the head of the agency may take into consideration the other Federal discretionary funds that will be used in the Pilot as well as any non-Federal funds (including from private sources as well as governmental sources) that will be used in the Pilot.

(e) Transfer Authority. For the purpose of carrying out the Pilot in accordance with the Performance Partnership Agreement, and subject to the written approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the head of each participating Federal agency may transfer Federal discretionary funds that are being used in the Pilot to an account of the lead Federal administering agency that includes Federal discretionary funds that are being used in the Pilot. Subject to the waiver authority under subsection (g), such transferred funds shall remain available for the same purposes for which such funds were originally appropriated: Provided, That such transferred funds shall remain available for obligation by the Federal Government until the expiration of those Federal discretionary funds (which are

being used in the Pilot) that have the longest period of availability, except that any such transferred funds shall not remain available beyond September 30, 2018.

(f) Waiver Authority. In connection with a Federal agency's participation in a Performance Partnership Pilot, and subject to the other provisions of this section (including subsection (e)), the head of the Federal agency to which the Federal discretionary funds were appropriated may waive (in whole or in part) the application, solely to such discretionary funds that are being used in the Pilot, of any statutory, regulatory, or administrative requirement that such agency head--

(1) is otherwise authorized to waive (in accordance with the terms and conditions of such other authority), and

(2) is not otherwise authorized to waive, provided that in such case the agency head, prior to granting the waiver, shall--

(A) not waive any requirement related to nondiscrimination, wage and labor standards, or allocation of funds to State and substate levels;

(B) issue a written determination with respect to such discretionary funds that the granting of such waiver for purposes of the Pilot--

(i) is consistent with both--

(I) the statutory purposes of the Federal program for which such discretionary funds were appropriated, and

(II) the other provisions of this section, including the written determination by the agency head issued under subsection (e);

(ii) is necessary to achieve the outcomes of the Pilot as specified in the Partnership Performance Agreement, and is no broader in scope than is necessary to achieve such outcomes; and (iii) will result in either--

(I) realizing efficiencies by simplifying reporting burdens or reducing administrative barriers with respect to such discretionary funds, or

(II) increasing the ability of individuals to obtain access to services that are provided by such discretionary funds; and

(C) provide at least 60 days advance written notice to the Committees on Appropriations and other committees of jurisdiction in the House of Representatives and the Senate.

Table 2
FY 2013 GENERAL PROVISIONS NOT CONTINUED IN FY 2014 – Title II

Section Number Included in the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2013 (P.L. 113-6)	Explanation for Why General Provision is No Longer Necessary
207	This language is not necessary. Section 1151(c) of the DOJ Reauthorization Act of 2005 (P.L. 109-162) made these authorities permanent.
213	This provision impinges on the ability of the Attorney General to manage Department of Justice resources, and should be deleted.
218	This provision impinges on the ability of the Attorney General to manage Department of Justice resources, and should be deleted.

General Provisions—Title V

Table 3 displays the Title V General Provisions applicable and relevant to the Department of Justice contained in the FY 2014 President’s Budget. The FY 2014 language is compared below to the FY 2013 enacted Title V General Provisions, which is the most recent enacted full-year appropriation for the Department of Justice. New language proposed for 2014 is italicized and underlined, and 2013 enacted language proposed for deletion is bracketed.

Table 4 provides explanations related to select Justice-related items in the FY 2013 Title V General Provisions that are not continued in FY 2014.

Table 3
FY 2014 PROPOSED TITLE V GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section Number	New? Yes/No	Description
501	No	No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.
502	No	The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.
503	No	If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the remainder of the Act and the application of each provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.
504	No	<p>[(a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), none of the funds provided under this Act, n] <u>None</u> of the funds provided under this Act, or provided under previous appropriations Acts to the agencies funded by this Act that remain available for obligation or expenditure in fiscal year [2013] <u>2014</u>, or provided from any accounts in the Treasury of the United States derived by the collection of fees available to the agencies funded by this Act, shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds that: (1) creates or initiates a new program, project or activity; (2) eliminates a program, project or activity; (3) increases funds or personnel by any means for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted; (4) relocates an office or employees; (5) reorganizes [or renames] offices, programs or activities; (6) contracts out or privatizes any functions or activities presently performed by Federal employees; (7) augments existing programs, projects or activities in excess of [\$500,000] <u>\$1,000,000</u> or 10 percent, whichever is less, or reduces by 10 percent funding for any program, project or activity, or numbers of personnel by 10 percent; or (8) results from any general savings, including savings from a reduction in personnel, which would result in a change in existing programs, projects or activities as approved by Congress; unless the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations are notified 15 days in advance of such reprogramming of funds.</p> <p>[(b) None of the funds provided under this Act to any agency of the Department of Justice, or provided under previous appropriations Acts to any agency of the Department of Justice that remain available for obligation or expenditure in fiscal year 2013, or provided from any accounts in the Treasury of the United States derived by the collection of fees available to the agencies funded by this Act, shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds that: (1) creates or initiates a new program, project or activity; (2) eliminates a program, project or activity; (3) increases funds or personnel by any means</p>

		<p>for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted; (4) relocates an office or employees; (5) reorganizes or renames offices, programs or activities; (6) contracts out or privatizes any functions or activities presently performed by Federal employees; (7) augments existing programs, projects or activities in excess of \$500,000 or 10 percent, whichever is less, or reduces by 10 percent funding for any program, project or activity, or numbers of personnel by 10 percent; or (8) results from any general savings, including savings from a reduction in personnel, which would result in a change in existing programs, projects or activities as approved by Congress; unless the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations are notified 45 days in advance of such reprogramming of funds.</p> <p>(c) Subsection (b) of this section shall sunset on September 30, 2013.]</p>
505	No	<p>(a) If it has been finally determined by a court or Federal agency that any person intentionally affixed a label bearing a "Made in America" inscription, or any inscription with the same meaning, to any product sold in or shipped to the United States that is not made in the United States, the person shall be ineligible to receive any contract or subcontract made with funds made available in this Act, pursuant to the debarment, suspension, and ineligibility procedures described in sections 9.400 through 9.409 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations.</p> <p>(b)(1) To the extent practicable, with respect to authorized purchases of promotional items, funds made available by this Act shall be used to purchase items that are manufactured, produced, or assembled in the United States, its territories or possessions.</p> <p>(2) The term "promotional items" has the meaning given the term in OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, Item (1)(f)(3).</p>
506	No	<p>Any costs incurred by a department or agency funded under this Act resulting from, or to prevent, personnel actions taken in response to funding reductions included in this Act shall be absorbed within the total budgetary resources available to such department or agency: <i>Provided</i>, That the authority to transfer funds between appropriations accounts as may be necessary to carry out this section is provided in addition to authorities included elsewhere in this Act: <i>Provided further</i>, That use of funds to carry out this section shall be treated as a reprogramming of funds under section [505] <u>504</u> of this Act and shall not be available for obligation or expenditure except in compliance with the procedures set forth in that section.</p>
507	No	<p>None of the funds provided by this Act shall be available to promote the sale or export of tobacco or tobacco products[, or to seek the reduction or removal by any foreign country of restrictions on the marketing of tobacco or tobacco products, except for restrictions which are not applied equally to all tobacco or tobacco products of the same type].</p>
508	No	<p>[Hereafter, none]<u>None</u> of the funds appropriated pursuant to this Act or any other provision of law may be used for—</p> <p>(1) the implementation of any tax or fee in connection with the implementation of subsection 922(t) of title 18, United States Code; and</p> <p>(2) any system to implement subsection 922(t) of title 18, United States Code, that does not require and result in the destruction of any identifying information submitted by or on behalf of any person who has been determined not to be prohibited from possessing or receiving a firearm no more than 24 hours after the system advises a Federal firearms licensee that possession or receipt of a firearm by the prospective transferee would not violate subsection (g) or (n) of section 922 of title 18, United States Code, or State law.</p>
509	No	<p>None of the funds made available to the Department of Justice in this Act may be used to discriminate against or denigrate the religious or moral beliefs of students who participate in programs for which financial assistance is provided from those funds, or of the parents or legal guardians of such students.</p>

510	No	<p>(a) Tracing studies conducted by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives are released without adequate disclaimers regarding the limitations of the data.</p> <p>(b) The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives shall include in all such data releases, language similar to the following that would make clear that trace data cannot be used to draw broad conclusions about firearms-related crime:</p> <p>(1) Firearm traces are designed to assist law enforcement authorities in conducting investigations by tracking the sale and possession of specific firearms. Law enforcement agencies may request firearms traces for any reason, and those reasons are not necessarily reported to the Federal Government. Not all firearms used in crime are traced and not all firearms traced are used in crime.</p> <p>(2) Firearms selected for tracing are not chosen for purposes of determining which types, makes, or models of firearms are used for illicit purposes. The firearms selected do not constitute a random sample and should not be considered representative of the larger universe of all firearms used by criminals, or any subset of that universe. Firearms are normally traced to the first retail seller, and sources reported for firearms traced do not necessarily represent the sources or methods by which firearms in general are acquired for use in crime.</p>
511	No	None of the funds made available in this Act shall be used in any way whatsoever to support or justify the use of torture by any official or contract employee of the United States Government.
512	No	None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to authorize or issue a national security letter in contravention of any of the following laws authorizing the Federal Bureau of Investigation to issue national security letters: The Right to Financial Privacy Act; The Electronic Communications Privacy Act; The Fair Credit Reporting Act; The National Security Act of 1947; USA PATRIOT Act; and the laws amended by these Acts.
513	No	If at any time during any quarter, the program manager of a project within the jurisdiction of the Departments of Commerce or Justice, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, or the National Science Foundation totaling more than [\$75,000,000] <u>\$250,000,000</u> has reasonable cause to believe that the total program cost has increased by [10] <u>15</u> percent, the program manager shall immediately inform the respective Secretary, Administrator, or Director. The Secretary, Administrator, or Director shall notify the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations within 30 days in writing of such increase, and shall include in such notice: the date on which such determination was made; a statement of the reasons for such increases; the action taken and proposed to be taken to control future cost growth of the project; changes made in the performance or schedule milestones and the degree to which such changes have contributed to the increase in total program costs or procurement costs; new estimates of the total project or procurement costs; and a statement validating that the project's management structure is adequate to control total project or procurement costs.
514	No	Funds appropriated by this Act, or made available by the transfer of funds in this Act, for intelligence or intelligence related activities are deemed to be specifically authorized by the Congress for purposes of section 504 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 414) during fiscal year [2013] <u>2014</u> until the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for fiscal year [2013] <u>2014</u> .
515	No	None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used to enter into a contract in an amount greater than \$5,000,000 or to award a grant in excess of such amount unless the prospective contractor or grantee certifies in writing to the agency awarding the contract or grant that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the contractor or grantee has filed all Federal tax returns required during the three years preceding the certification, has not been convicted of a criminal offense under the Internal Revenue

		Code of 1986, and has not, more than 90 days prior to certification, been notified of any unpaid Federal tax assessment for which the liability remains unsatisfied, unless the assessment is the subject of an installment agreement or offer in compromise that has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service and is not in default, or the assessment is the subject of a non-frivolous administrative or judicial proceeding.
516	No	None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to purchase first class or premium airline travel in contravention of sections 301–10.122 through 301–10.124 of title 41 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
517	No	None of the funds made available under this Act may be distributed to the Association of Community Organizations for Reform Now (ACORN) or its subsidiaries.
518	No	To the extent practicable, funds made available in this Act should be used to purchase light bulbs that are “Energy Star” qualified or have the “Federal Energy Management Program” designation.
519	No	The Departments of Commerce and Justice, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the National Science Foundation shall submit spending plans, signed by the respective department or agency head, to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate within [45] <u>60</u> days after the date of enactment of this Act.
520	No	(a) None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network blocks the viewing, downloading, and exchanging of pornography. (b) Nothing in subsection (a) shall limit the use of funds necessary for any Federal, State, tribal, or local law enforcement agency or any other entity carrying out criminal investigations, prosecution, or adjudication activities.

Table 4
FY 2013 GENERAL PROVISIONS NOT CONTINUED IN FY 2014—Title V

Section Number Included in the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2013	Explanation for Why General Provision is No Longer Necessary
501	This provision limits agency discretion in using funds.
507	Requires the Department of Justice to provide a quarterly accounting of cumulative unobligated balances. This information is provided at the request of the Committee, and does not need to be in statute.
510	This provision is moved to Title II, Section 216, in the FY 2014 budget.
512	This provision is not necessary to restrict transfers – any transfer requires specific legislative authority.
513	This provision limits agency discretion in using funds.

515	Requires the Inspector General to conduct an audit of grants or contracts appropriated in this Act within 180 days of audit initiation and every 180 days afterwards until audit is complete. While this information will be provided as requested, the Department does not support this requirement as a General Provision.
516	This provision limits agency discretion in using funds.
518	The Department recommends deletion, consistent with the FY 2014 President's Budget. However, this legislative provision is not administered by ATF but rather by the Office of Defense Trade Controls at the Department of State.
519	This provision has been included in the CJS language since 2005 and prohibits ATF from denying import applications seeking to import U.S. origin curio or relic firearms. This provision limits the President's discretion in administering foreign policy, and should be deleted.
520	This provision limits agency discretion in using funds.
524	Requires agency websites to provide a link to their Office of Inspector General, and a mechanism for public reporting of waste, fraud and abuse. Like many other agencies, the Justice Department is already in compliance with this General Provision.
526	This provision identifies one-time rescissions in FY 2013. The Department of Justice rescission proposals for FY 2014 are included under the appropriate component's appropriations language or in Title II.
529	This provision limits agency discretion in using funds and is unnecessary in light of our efforts to limit conference attendance.
530	This provision limits the President's discretion regarding the disposition of detainees at Guantanamo Bay Naval Base.
531	This provision limits the President's discretion regarding the construction, acquisition or modification of any facility for the detention or imprisonment of individuals located at Guantanamo Bay.
534	This provision is administratively burdensome.
538	This provision limits agency discretion in using funds and in the performance of its regulatory oversight duties.
540	This provision was replaced by a similar government-wide provision.
541	This provision was replaced by a similar government-wide provision.