

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION
OF THE UNITED STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

DOLORES OVIEDO

Under the International Claims Settlement
Act of 1949, as amended

Claim No. CU -1472

Decision No. CU 213

Counsel for claimant:

David Schwartz, Esq.

PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, was presented by DOLORES OVIEDO for an unknown amount, based upon the asserted ownership and loss of personalty. Claimant states that she has been a national of the United States since her naturalization in the United States on December 29, 1949.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

The claim is based on a package in a depository in Cuba, the package being said to contain various items of jewelry.

However, the property was placed in the custody of a private depository as distinguished from a deposit made in a bank existing under and subject to the laws of the Government of Cuba.

There is no evidence of record that this property has been taken by the Government of Cuba nor has any Cuban law been cited as affecting this property. It is clear, therefore, that the record in this case does not establish that the property upon which this claim is based has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Accordingly, for the reasons stated above, this claim is denied.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,
and entered as the Proposed
Decision of the Commission

AUG 23 1967

CLASSIFICATION

Edward D. Re
Edward D. Re, Chairman

Theodore Jaffe
Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

LaVern R. Dilweg
LaVern R. Dilweg, Commissioner

This is a true and correct copy of the decision
of the Commission which was entered as the final
decision on 25 SEP 1967

Francis Matthews
Clerk of the Commission

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)