

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION  
OF THE UNITED STATES  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

BESSIE M. MARCUS

Claim No. CU-1752

Decision No. CU-254

Under the International Claims Settlement  
Act of 1949, as amended

ORDER AND AMENDED PROPOSED DECISION

By Proposed Decision dated September 6, 1967, the Commission denied this claim for the reason that claimant had failed to establish ownership of rights and interests in property by a national of the United States which was nationalized, expropriated or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba. Thereafter, claimant submitted additional information and evidence. Upon consideration of this matter, it is

ORDERED that the Proposed Decision be and the same is hereby amended as follows:

On the basis of the evidence of record, the Commission finds that claimant, BESSIE M. MARCUS, has been a national of the United States since January 25, 1915, the date of her naturalization.

The Commission further finds that claimant is, and since prior to October 13, 1960, has been the owner of one bond, in the original face amount of \$1,000.00, issued by the Cuba Railroad Company, and known as "First Lien and Refunding Bond, Series A, 4%, due June 30, 1970" issued under an Indenture of March 10, 1922 and a Supplemental Indenture dated July 1, 1952, with the First National City Bank of New York as Successor Trustee. The bond in question is numbered TRM 964.

The Cuba Railroad Company, by Indenture dated March 10, 1922, and Supplemental Indentures dated June 2, 1926 and July 1, 1952, issued Dollar bonds secured by mortgage upon the real property of the Company.

By the Supplemental Indenture of July 1, 1952, the bonds were re-issued as 4% bonds, due June 30, 1970. As of 1952, the outstanding principal balance on each \$1,000.00 bond was \$635.00, with interest at 4% per annum to be paid on the principal balance.

The Cuba Railroad Company, incorporated in the State of New Jersey, was wholly-owned by Consolidated Railroads of Cuba (Ferrocarriles Consolidados de Cuba), a Cuban corporation. The Cuba Railroad Company thus would not qualify as a national of the United States under Section 502(1) of the Act which defines the term "national of the United States" as including "(B) a corporation or other legal entity which is organized under the laws of the United States, or of any State, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, if natural persons who are citizens of the United States own, directly or indirectly 50 per centum or more of the outstanding capital stock or other beneficial interest of such corporation or entity."

The record discloses that the last payment of interest on the bonds was made on December 1, 1958. The properties of the Cuba Railroad Company were listed as nationalized in Cuban Law 890, published in the Cuban Official Gazette on October 13, 1960. Claimant's bond, therefore, represented a debt which was a charge upon nationalized property, as defined in Section 502(3) of the Act.

The Commission concludes that as a result of the nationalization of the properties of the Cuba Railroad Company, claimant suffered a loss in connection with her bond within the meaning of Title V of the Act. (See Claim of Albert I. Harris, Claim No. CU-2398,)

The Commission finds that the total amount of the unpaid indebtedness on the bond of the claimant was \$682.56, including the principal amount of \$635.00 on the bond, and the interest due on it from December 1, 1958 through October 13, 1960, in the amount of \$47.56.

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act

of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement. (See Claim of Lisle Corporation, Claim No. CU-0644.)

Accordingly, the Commission concludes that the amount of loss sustained by the claimant shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from October 13, 1960, the date of loss, to the date on which provisions are made for settlement thereof.

It will be noted that the total amount of loss found herein is in excess of the amount asserted by claimant. However, in determining the amount of loss sustained, the Commission is not bound by any greater or lesser amounts which may be asserted by the claimant as the extent thereof.

CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that BESSIE M. MARCUS suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Six Hundred Eighty-Two Dollars and Fifty-Six Cents (\$682.56) with interest at 6% per annum from October 13, 1960 to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,  
and entered as the Amended  
Proposed Decision of the Commission

APR 10 1968

*Leonard v. B. Sutton*

Leonard v. B. Sutton, Chairman

*Theodore Jaffe*

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Amended Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)

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The statute does not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payments of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE TO TREASURY DEPARTMENT: The above-listed certificates and/or bonds may have been returned to claimant and no payment should be made until they are resubmitted.

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OF THE UNITED STATES  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

BESSIE MARCUS

Under the International Claims Settlement  
Act of 1949, as amended

Claim No. CU - 1752

Decision No. CU 254

PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, filed under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of \$600.00, was presented by BESSIE MARCUS and is based upon the asserted loss of one bond issued by the Cuban Railroad. Claimant stated that she has been a national of the United States since her marriage in 1908.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964) 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

The Regulations of the Commission provide:

The claimant shall be the moving party and shall have the burden of proof on all issues involved in the determination of his claim. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. §531.6(d) (Supp. 1967).)

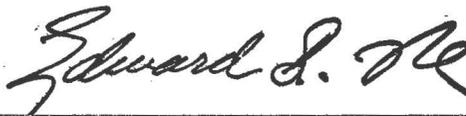
Claimant contended that she owned a bond of the Cuban Railroad Company and that she sustained a loss to her interest therein by virtue of Reform Law 447 of the Cuban Government. By Commission letter of June 2, 1967, claimant was advised as to the type of evidence proper for submission to establish this claim under the Act. No reply was received to this letter. On July 14, 1967, claimant was invited to submit any evidence available to her within 45 days from that date, and she was informed, that, absent such evidence, it might become necessary to determine the claim on the basis of the existing record. No evidence has since been submitted.

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The Commission finds that claimant has not met the burden of proof in that she has failed to establish ownership of rights and interests in property by a national of the United States which was nationalized, expropriated or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba. Thus, the Commission is constrained to deny this claim and it is hereby denied. The Commission deems it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of the claim.

Dated at Washington, D. C.,  
and entered as the Proposed  
Decision of the Commission

SEP 6 1967



Edward D. Re, Chairman



Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner



LaVern R. Dilweg, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5 (e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)