

CTAS 2013 Supporting Materials

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About the U.S. Department of Justice

The Coordinated Tribal Assistance Solicitation includes multiple funding opportunities from the below listed components of the U.S. Department of Justice listed components of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA)

BJA supports law enforcement, courts, corrections, treatment, victim services, technology, and prevention initiatives that strengthen the nation's criminal justice system. BJA provides leadership, services, and funding to America's communities by:

- Emphasizing local control.
- Building relationships in the field.
- Provide training and technical assistance in support of efforts to prevent crime, drug abuse, and violence at the national, state, local, and Tribal levels.
- Developing collaborations and partnerships.
- Promoting capacity building through planning.
- Streamlining the administration of grants.
- Increasing training and technical assistance.
- Creating accountability of projects.
- Encouraging innovation.
- Communicating the value of justice efforts to decision makers at every level.

Additional information regarding BJA can be found at www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA.

Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS)

The COPS Office assists law enforcement agencies in enhancing public safety through the implementation of community policing strategies in jurisdictions of all sizes across the country. Community policing represents a shift from more traditional law enforcement in that it focuses on prevention of crime and the fear of crime on a local basis. COPS provides funding to state, local, and Tribal law enforcement agencies and other public and private entities to hire and train community policing professionals, acquire and deploy cutting-edge crime-fighting technologies, and develop and test innovative policing strategies.

The COPS Office accomplishes its mission by:

- Creating innovative programs that respond directly to the emerging needs of state, local, and Tribal law enforcement to shift law enforcement's focus to preventing, rather than reacting to, crime and disorder within their communities.
- Developing state-of-the-art training and technical assistance to enhance law enforcement officers' problem-solving and community interaction skills.

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- Promoting collaboration between law enforcement and community members to develop innovative initiatives to prevent crime.
- Providing responsive, cost-effective service delivery to our grantees to ensure success in advancing community policing strategies within their communities.

Additional information regarding the COPS Office can be found at www.cops.usdoj.gov.

Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP)

OJJDP provides national leadership, coordination, and resources to prevent and respond to juvenile delinquency and victimization. OJJDP supports states and communities in their efforts to develop and implement effective and coordinated prevention and intervention programs and to improve the juvenile justice system so that it protects public safety, holds offenders accountable, and provides treatment and rehabilitative services tailored to the needs of juveniles and their families.

OJJDP accomplishes its mission by supporting states, local communities, and Tribal jurisdictions in their efforts to develop and implement effective programs for juveniles. The Office strives to strengthen the juvenile justice system's efforts to protect public safety, hold offenders accountable, and provide services that address the needs of youth and their families. Under the leadership of its Administrator and through its components, OJJDP sponsors research, program, and training initiatives; develops priorities and goals and sets policies to guide federal juvenile justice issues; disseminates information about juvenile justice issues; and awards funds to states to support local programming.

Additional information regarding OJJDP can be found at www.ojjdp.ncjrs.gov.

Office on Violence Against Women (OVW)

OVW provides national leadership in developing the nation's capacity to reduce violence against women through the implementation of the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). OVW administers financial and technical assistance to communities across the country that are developing programs, policies, and practices aimed at ending domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. By forging state, local, and Tribal partnerships among police, prosecutors, victim advocates, health care providers, faith leaders, and others, OVW grant programs help provide victims with the protection and services they need to pursue safe and healthy lives, while simultaneously enabling communities to hold offenders accountable for their violence.

Additional information regarding OVW can be found at www.ovw.usdoj.gov.

Office for Victims of Crime (OVC)

OVC oversees diverse programs that benefit victims of crime. OVC provides substantial funding to state victim assistance and compensation programs—the lifeline services that help victims to heal. The agency supports trainings designed to educate criminal justice and allied professionals regarding the rights and needs of crime victims. OVC also sponsors an annual event in April to commemorate National Crime Victims Rights Week (NCVRW). The Office for Victims of Crime is committed to enhancing the Nation's capacity to assist crime victims and to providing leadership in changing attitudes, policies, and practices to promote justice and healing for all victims of crime. OVC's Five Global Challenges from the Field include:

- To enact and enforce consistent, fundamental rights for crime victims.
- To provide crime victims with access to comprehensive, quality services.
- To integrate crime victims' issues into all levels of the nation's educational system.
- To support, improve, and replicate promising practices in victims' rights and services.
- To ensure that the voices of crime victims play a central role in the nation's response to violence.

Additional information regarding OVC can found at www.ojp.usdoj.gov/ovc.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

BJA: Bureau of Justice Assistance

COPS: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services

CTAS: Coordinated Tribal Assistance Solicitation

DOJ: Department of Justice

DV/SA: Domestic Violence/Sexual Assault

FAQs: Frequently Asked Questions

GMS: Grants Management System

IASAP: Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Program

N/A: Not Applicable

OJJDP: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

OJP: Office of Justice Programs

OVC: Office for Victims of Crime

OVW: Office on Violence Against Women

TA: Technical Assistance

TLOA: Tribal Law and Order Act

T &TA: Training and Technical Assistance

TYP: Tribal Youth Program

U.S. Department of Justice Fiscal Year 2013 - Coordinated Tribal Assistance Solicitation December 2012 Table of Statutory Authorities Listed by Purpose Area

Purpose Area	Authority
1. Public safety and community policing (COPS)	Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 3796dd et seq., as amended; Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, Title I, Part Q, Public Law 103-322
2. Comprehensive Tribal Justice Systems Strategic Planning	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2012, Division B, Title II, Public Law 112-55, 125 Stat. 552, 616, pursuant to Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2013, Public Law 112-175
3. Justice systems, and alcohol and substance abuse (BJA)	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2012, Division B, Title II, Public Law 112-55, 125 Stat. 552, 616, pursuant to Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2013, Public Law 112-175
4. Corrections and correctional alternatives (BJA)	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2012, Division B, Title II, Public Law 112-55, 125 Stat. 552, 616, pursuant to Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2013, Public Law 112-175
5. Tribal Sexual Assault Services Program (OVW)	Violence Against Women Act of 1994, Title IV, Section 41601, 42 U.S.C. 14043g
6. Violence Against Women Tribal Governments Program (OVW)	Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, Title I, Part T, Section 2015, Public Law 90-351, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 3796gg-10
7. Children's Justice Act Partnerships for Indian Communities (OVC)	Victims of Crime Act of 1984, Title II, Chapter XIV, Section 1402, Public Law 98-473, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 10601(g)
8. Comprehensive Tribal Victim Assistance Program (OVC)	Victims of Crime Act of 1984, Title II, Chapter XIV, Section 1404, Public Law 98-473, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 10603(c)(1)(B)

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9. Juvenile justice (OJJDP)	Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, Title I, Part R, Section 1801A, Public Law 90-351, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 3796ee-1
10. Tribal youth program (OJJDP)	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2012, Division B, Title II, Public Law 112-55, 125 Stat. 552, 617, pursuant to Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2013, Public Law 112-175