		FILED CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT 12/13/2021]		
1	TRACY & MELVICON	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY: VM DEPUTY			
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2					
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11	Attorneys for Plaintiff UNITED STATES OF AMERICA				
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
13	FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
14	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	No. CR 2:21-CR-00572-FMO			
15	Plaintiff,	PLEA AGREEMENT FOR DEFENDANT			
16	ν.	DAVID F. ALEXANDER			
17	DAVID F. ALEXANDER,				
18	Defendant.				
19					
20	1. This constitutes the pl	.ea agreement between defendant DA	VID		
21	F. ALEXANDER ("defendant") and th	e United States Attorney's Office	C.		
22	for the Central District of California (the "USAO") in the above-				
23	captioned case. This agreement i	s limited to the USAO and cannot			
24	bind any other federal, state, local, or foreign prosecuting,				
25	enforcement, administrative, or regulatory authorities.				
26	DEFENDANT'S OBLIGATIONS				
27	2. Defendant agrees to:				
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a. At the earliest opportunity requested by the USAO and
provided by the Court, appear and plead guilty to the single-count
information in the form attached to this agreement as Exhibit A or a
substantially similar form, which charges defendant with making false
statements in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1001(a)(2).

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b. Not contest facts agreed to in this agreement.

7 c. Abide by all agreements regarding sentencing contained8 in this agreement.

9 d. Appear for all court appearances, surrender as ordered 10 for service of sentence, obey all conditions of any bond, and obey 11 any other ongoing court order in this matter.

e. Not commit any crime; however, offenses that would be excluded for sentencing purposes under United States Sentencing Guidelines ("U.S.S.G." or "Sentencing Guidelines") § 4A1.2(c) are not within the scope of this agreement.

16 f. Be truthful at all times with the United States
17 Probation and Pretrial Services Office and the Court.

g. Pay the applicable special assessment at or before the
time of sentencing unless defendant has demonstrated a lack of
ability to pay such assessments.

h. Give up the right to indictment by a grand jury.
<u>THE USAO'S OBLIGATIONS</u>
3. The USAO agrees to:

a. Not contest facts agreed to in this agreement.
b. Abide by all agreements regarding sentencing contained

26 in this agreement.

c. Except for criminal tax violations (including
 conspiracy to commit such violations chargeable under 18 U.S.C.

1 § 371), not further criminally prosecute defendant for conduct 2 described in the agreed-to factual basis set forth in Attachment A. 3 Defendant understands that the USAO is free to criminally prosecute 4 defendant for any other unlawful past conduct or any unlawful conduct 5 that occurs after the date of this agreement. Defendant agrees that at the time of sentencing the Court may consider the uncharged 6 7 conduct in determining the applicable Sentencing Guidelines range, the propriety and extent of any departure from that range, and the 8 9 sentence to be imposed after consideration of the Sentencing Guidelines and all other relevant factors under 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). 10

d. At the time of sentencing, provided that defendant demonstrates an acceptance of responsibility for the offense up to and including the time of sentencing, recommend a two-level reduction in the applicable Sentencing Guidelines offense level, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1, and recommend and, if necessary, move for an additional one-level reduction if available under that section.

NATURE OF THE OFFENSE

4. Defendant understands that for defendant to be guilty of
the crime charged in the single-count information, that is, making
false statements in violation of Title 18, United States Code,
Section 1001(a)(2), the following must be true:

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a. The defendant made a false statement;

b. The statement was made in a matter within thejurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

25 c. The defendant acted willfully; that is, the defendant 26 acted deliberately and with knowledge both that the statement was 27 untrue and that his conduct was unlawful; and

d. The statement was material to the activities or decisions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; that is, it had a natural tendency to influence, or was capable of influencing, the agency's decisions or activities.

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PENALTIES

5. Defendant understands that the statutory maximum sentence that the Court can impose for a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001(a)(2), is: five years' imprisonment; a three-year period of supervised release; a fine of \$250,000 or twice the gross gain or gross loss resulting from the offense, whichever is greatest; and a mandatory special assessment of \$100.

Defendant understands that supervised release is a period 12 6. of time following imprisonment during which defendant will be subject 13 to various restrictions and requirements. Defendant understands that 14 15 if defendant violates one or more of the conditions of any supervised 16 release imposed, defendant may be returned to prison for all or part of the term of supervised release authorized by statute for the 17 offense that resulted in the term of supervised release, which could 18 result in defendant serving a total term of imprisonment greater than 19 20 the statutory maximum stated above.

21 7. Defendant understands that, by pleading guilty, defendant may be giving up valuable government benefits and valuable civic 22 23 rights, such as the right to vote, the right to possess a firearm, 24 the right to hold office, and the right to serve on a jury. Defendant understands that he is pleading guilty to a felony and that it is a 25 26 federal crime for a convicted felon to possess a firearm or ammunition. Defendant understands that the conviction in this case 27 28 may also subject defendant to various other collateral consequences,

1 including but not limited to revocation of probation, parole, or 2 supervised release in another case and suspension or revocation of a 3 professional license. Defendant understands that unanticipated 4 collateral consequences will not serve as grounds to withdraw 5 defendant's guilty plea.

8. Defendant understands that, if defendant is not a United 6 7 States citizen, the felony conviction in this case may subject defendant to: removal, also known as deportation, which may, under 8 some circumstances, be mandatory; denial of citizenship; and denial 9 of admission to the United States in the future. The Court cannot, 10 and defendant's attorney also may not be able to, advise defendant 11 fully regarding the immigration consequences of the felony conviction 12 in this case. Defendant understands that unexpected immigration 13 consequences will not serve as grounds to withdraw defendant's guilty 14 15 plea.

FACTUAL BASIS

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Defendant admits that defendant is, in fact, guilty of the 17 9. offense to which defendant is agreeing to plead guilty. Defendant 18 and the USAO agree to the statement of facts provided in Attachment A 19 hereto and agree that this statement of facts is sufficient to 20 21 support a plea of guilty to the charge described in this agreement and to establish the Sentencing Guidelines factors set forth in 22 23 paragraph 11 below but is not meant to be a complete recitation of 24 all facts relevant to the underlying criminal conduct or all facts 25 known to either party that relate to that conduct.

SENTENCING FACTORS

27 10. Defendant understands that in determining defendant's28 sentence the Court is required to calculate the applicable Sentencing

1 Guidelines range and to consider that range, possible departures under the Sentencing Guidelines, and the other sentencing factors set 2 forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). Defendant understands that the 3 Sentencing Guidelines are advisory only, that defendant cannot have 4 any expectation of receiving a sentence within the calculated 5 6 Sentencing Guidelines range, and that after considering the Sentencing Guidelines and the other § 3553(a) factors, the Court will 7 be free to exercise its discretion to impose any sentence it finds 8 appropriate up to the maximum set by statute for the crime of 9 conviction. 10

11 11. Defendant and the USAO agree to the following applicable 12 Sentencing Guidelines factors:

Base Offense Lèvel: 14 [U.S.S.G. §§ 2C1.1(a)(1); 2B1.1(c)(3)]

Defendant and the USAO reserve the right to argue that additional specific offense characteristics, adjustments, and departures under the Sentencing Guidelines are appropriate. In particular, the USAO reserves the right to argue for applicability of enhancements pursuant to U.S.S.G. §§ 2C1.1(b)(3) and 3C1.1, and the parties reserve the right to argue for the appropriate enhancement pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2B1.1(b)(1).

12. Defendant understands that there is no agreement as todefendant's criminal history or criminal history category.

13. Defendant and the USAO reserve the right to argue for a sentence outside the sentencing range established by the Sentencing Guidelines based on the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(6), and (a)(7).

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1	WAIVER OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS		
2	14. Defendant understands that by pleading guilty, defendant		
3	gives up the following rights:		
4	a. The right to persist in a plea of not guilty.		
5	b. The right to a speedy and public trial by jury.		
6	c. The right to be represented by counsel and if		
7	necessary have the Court appoint counsel at trial. Defendant		
8	understands, however, that, defendant retains the right to be		
9	represented by counsel and if necessary have the Court appoint		
10	counsel at every other stage of the proceeding.		
11	d. The right to be presumed innocent and to have the		
12	burden of proof placed on the government to prove defendant guilty		
13	beyond a reasonable doubt.		
14	e. The right to confront and cross-examine witnesses		
15	against defendant.		
16	f. The right to testify and to present evidence in		
17	opposition to the charges, including the right to compel the		
18	attendance of witnesses to testify.		
19	g. The right not to be compelled to testify, and, if		
20	defendant chose not to testify or present evidence, to have that		
21	choice not be used against defendant.		
22	h. Any and all rights to pursue any affirmative defenses,		
23	Fourth Amendment or Fifth Amendment claims, and other pretrial		
24	motions that have been filed or could be filed.		
25	WAIVER OF RETURN OF DIGITAL DATA		
26	15. Understanding that the government has in its possession		
27	digital devices and/or digital media seized from defendant, defendant		
28	waives any right to the return of digital data contained on those		
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1 digital devices and/or digital media and agrees that if any of these 2 digital devices and/or digital media are returned to defendant, the 3 government may delete all digital data from those digital devices 4 and/or digital media before they are returned to defendant.

WAIVER OF APPEAL OF CONVICTION

6 16. Defendant understands that, with the exception of an appeal 7 based on a claim that defendant's guilty plea was involuntary, by 8 pleading guilty defendant is waiving and giving up any right to appeal defendant's conviction on the offense to which defendant is 9 10 pleading guilty. Defendant understands that this waiver includes, but is not limited to, arguments that the statute to which defendant 11 is pleading guilty is unconstitutional, and any and all claims that 12 13 the statement of facts provided herein is insufficient to support defendant's plea of guilty. 14

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LIMITED MUTUAL WAIVER OF APPEAL OF SENTENCE AND COLLATERAL ATTACK

16 17. Defendant agrees that, provided the Court imposes a total term of imprisonment on the count of conviction of no more than the 17 statutory maximum of five years, defendant gives up the right to 18 appeal all of the following: (a) the procedures and calculations used 19 to determine and impose any portion of the sentence; (b) the term of 20 21 imprisonment imposed by the Court; (c) the fine imposed by the Court, provided it is within the statutory maximum; (d) to the extent 22 permitted by law, the constitutionality or legality of defendant's 23 sentence, provided it is within the statutory maximum; (e) the term 24 of probation or supervised release imposed by the Court, provided it 25 26 is within the statutory maximum; and (f) any of the following conditions of probation or supervised release imposed by the Court: 27 28 the conditions set forth in Second Amended General Order 20-04 of

1 this Court; the drug testing conditions mandated by 18 U.S.C. 2 \$\$ 3563(a)(5) and 3583(d); and the alcohol and drug use conditions 3 authorized by 18 U.S.C. \$ 3563(b)(7).

4 18. Defendant also gives up any right to bring a post-5 conviction collateral attack on the conviction or sentence, except a 6 post-conviction collateral attack based on a claim of ineffective 7 assistance of counsel, a claim of newly discovered evidence, or an explicitly retroactive change in the applicable Sentencing 8 Guidelines, sentencing statutes, or statutes of conviction. 9 Defendant understands that this waiver includes, but is not limited 10 to, arguments that the statute to which defendant is pleading guilty 11 is unconstitutional, and any and all claims that the statement of 12 facts provided herein is insufficient to support defendant's plea of 13 14 quilty.

15 19. The USAO agrees that, provided all portions of the sentence 16 are at the statutory maximum of five years specified above, the USAO 17 gives up its right to appeal any portion of the sentence.

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RESULT OF WITHDRAWAL OF GUILTY PLEA

Defendant agrees that if, after entering a guilty plea 19 20. pursuant to this agreement, defendant seeks to withdraw and succeeds 20 in withdrawing defendant's guilty plea on any basis other than a 21 claim and finding that entry into this plea agreement was 22 23 involuntary, then (a) the USAO will be relieved of all of its obligations under this agreement; and (b) should the USAO choose to 24 pursue any charge that was either dismissed or not filed as a result 25 of this agreement, then (i) any applicable statute of limitations 26 will be tolled between the date of defendant's signing of this 27 agreement and the filing commencing any such action; and 28

(ii) defendant waives and gives up all defenses based on the statute of limitations, any claim of pre-indictment delay, or any speedy trial claim with respect to any such action, except to the extent that such defenses existed as of the date of defendant's signing this agreement.

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RESULT OF VACATUR, REVERSAL OR SET-ASIDE

21. Defendant agrees that if the count of conviction is vacated, reversed, or set aside, both the USAO and defendant will be released from all their obligations under this agreement.

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EFFECTIVE DATE OF AGREEMENT

11 22. This agreement is effective upon signature and execution of 12 all required certifications by defendant, defendant's counsel, and an 13 Assistant United States Attorney.

BREACH OF AGREEMENT

Defendant agrees that if defendant, at any time after the 15 23. signature of this agreement and execution of all required 16 certifications by defendant, defendant's counsel, and an Assistant 17 United States Attorney, knowingly violates or fails to perform any of 18 defendant's obligations under this agreement ("a breach"), the USAO 19 may declare this agreement breached. All of defendant's obligations 20 are material, a single breach of this agreement is sufficient for the 21 USAO to declare a breach, and defendant shall not be deemed to have 22 23 cured a breach without the express agreement of the USAO in writing. If the USAO declares this agreement breached, and the Court finds 24 such a breach to have occurred, then: (a) if defendant has previously 25 entered a guilty plea pursuant to this agreement, defendant will not 26 be able to withdraw the guilty plea, and (b) the USAO will be 27 relieved of all its obligations under this agreement. 28

24. Following the Court's finding of a knowing breach of this agreement by defendant, should the USAO choose to pursue any charge that was either dismissed or not filed as a result of this agreement, then:

Defendant agrees that any applicable statute of a. limitations is tolled between the date of defendant's signing of this 7 agreement and the filing commencing any such action.

Defendant waives and gives up all defenses based on 8 b. the statute of limitations, any claim of pre-indictment delay, or any 9 speedy trial claim with respect to any such action, except to the 10 extent that such defenses existed as of the date of defendant's 11 12 signing this agreement.

13 c. Defendant agrees that: (i) any statements made by defendant, under oath, at the guilty plea hearing (if such a hearing 14 occurred prior to the breach); (ii) the agreed to factual basis 15 statement in this agreement; and (iii) any evidence derived from such 16 statements, shall be admissible against defendant in any such action 17 against defendant, and defendant waives and gives up any claim under 18 the United States Constitution, any statute, Rule 410 of the Federal 19 Rules of Evidence, Rule 11(f) of the Federal Rules of Criminal 20 21 Procedure, or any other federal rule, that the statements or any 22 evidence derived from the statements should be suppressed or are 23 inadmissible.

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COURT AND UNITED STATES PROBATION AND PRETRIAL SERVICES OFFICE NOT PARTIES

Defendant understands that the Court and the United States 26 25. Probation and Pretrial Services Office are not parties to this 27 agreement and need not accept any of the USAO's sentencing 28

recommendations or the parties' agreements to facts or sentencing
 factors.

3 26. Defendant understands that both defendant and the USAO are 4 free to: (a) supplement the facts by supplying relevant information to the United States Probation and Pretrial Services Office and the 5 Court, (b) correct any and all factual misstatements relating to the 6 7 Court's Sentencing Guidelines calculations and determination of sentence, and (c) argue on appeal and collateral review that the 8 Court's Sentencing Guidelines calculations and the sentence it 9 chooses to impose are not error, although each party agrees to 10 11 maintain its view that the calculations in paragraph 11 are consistent with the facts of this case. While this paragraph permits 12 both the USAO and defendant to submit full and complete factual 13 information to the United States Probation and Pretrial Services 14 Office and the Court, even if that factual information may be viewed 15 16 as inconsistent with the facts agreed to in this agreement, this 17 paragraph does not affect defendant's and the USAO's obligations not to contest the facts agreed to in this agreement. 18

27. Defendant understands that even if the Court ignores any 19 sentencing recommendation, finds facts or reaches conclusions 20 21 different from those agreed to, and/or imposes any sentence up to the 22 maximum established by statute, defendant cannot, for that reason, 23 withdraw defendant's guilty plea, and defendant will remain bound to 24 fulfill all defendant's obligations under this agreement. Defendant 25 understands that no one -- not the prosecutor, defendant's attorney, 26 or the Court -- can make a binding prediction or promise regarding 27 the sentence defendant will receive, except that it will be within the statutory maximum. 28

1	NO ADDITIONAL AGREEMENTS		
2	28. Defendant understands that, except as set forth herein,		
3	there are no promises, understandings, or agreements between the USAO		
4	and defendant or defendant's attorney, and that no additional		
5	promise, understanding, or agreement may be entered into unless in a		
6	writing signed by all parties or on the record in court.		
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1	PLEA AGREEMENT PART OF THE GUILTY PLEA HEARING		
2	29. The parties agree that this agreement will be considered		
3	part of the record of defendant's guilty plea hearing as if the		
4	entire agreement had been read into the record of the proceeding.		
5	AGREED AND ACCEPTED		
6	UNITED STATES ATTORNEY'S OFFICE		
7	FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
8	TRACY L. WILKISON United States Attorney		
9	Onited States Actorney		
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11	MELISSA MILLS Assistant United States Attorney		
12	11/29/2021		
13	DAVID F. ALEXANDER Date Defendant		
14	1/29/21		
15	Attorney for Defendant DAVID F. Date		
16	ALEXANDER		
17	CERTIFICATION OF DEFENDANT		
18	I have read this agreement in its entirety. I have had enough		
19	time to review and consider this agreement, and I have carefully and		
20	thoroughly discussed every part of it with my attorney. I understand		
21	the terms of this agreement, and I voluntarily agree to those terms.		
22	I have discussed the evidence with my attorney, and my attorney has		
23	advised me of my rights, of possible pretrial motions that might be		
24	filed, of possible defenses that might be asserted either prior to or		
25	at trial, of the sentencing factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a),		
26	of relevant Sentencing Guidelines provisions, and of the consequences		
27	of entering into this agreement. No promises, inducements, or		
28	representations of any kind have been made to me other than those		
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contained in this agreement. No one has threatened or forced me in any way to enter into this agreement. I am satisfied with the representation of my attorney in this matter, and I am pleading guilty because I am guilty of the charge and wish to take advantage of the promises set forth in this agreement, and not for any other

DAVID F. ALEXANDER Defendant

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CERTIFICATION OF DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY

1/29/2021 Date

11 I am DAVID F. ALEXANDER's attorney. I have carefully and 12 thoroughly discussed every part of this agreement with my client. 13 Further, I have fully advised my client of his rights, of possible 14 pretrial motions that might be filed, of possible defenses that might 15 be asserted either prior to or at trial, of the sentencing factors 16 set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a), of relevant Sentencing Guidelines 17 provisions, and of the consequences of entering into this agreement. To my knowledge: no promises, inducements, or representations of any 18 kind have been made to my client other than those contained in this 19 20 agreement; no one has threatened or forced my client in any way to 21 enter into this agreement; my client's decision to enter into this agreement is an informed and voluntary one; and the factual basis set 22 forth in this agreement is sufficient to support my client's entry of 23 24 a quilty plea pursuant to this agreement.

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26 NINA MARINO Attorney for Defendant DAVID F. 27 ALEXANDER

ATTACHMENT A

FACTUAL BASIS

BACKGROUND I.

The Los Angeles Department of Water and Power ("LADWP") is 1. the largest municipal utility in the United States. At all relevant times, LADWP received federal funds and benefits in excess of \$10,000 7 annually.

8 From May 29, 2017, until February 25, 2019, defendant DAVID 2. 9 F. ALEXANDER was the Chief Information Security Officer of LADWP. 10 From February 25, 2019, until on or about August 12, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER was the Chief Cyber Risk Officer of LADWP. In both 11 12 capacities, defendant ALEXANDER reported directly to the Chief 13 Administrative Officer of LADWP, who reported directly to the LADWP 14 General Manager. At all relevant times, defendant ALEXANDER was an 15 agent of LADWP and a public official.

16 3. Starting around 2017, defendant ALEXANDER developed a 17 professional relationship with Paul O. Paradis, a New York lawyer 18 who, among other things, represented LADWP as counsel in a lawsuit 19 against PricewaterhouseCoopers over a dispute regarding LADWP's 20 faulty billing system. Paradis also had a company known as Aventador 21 Utility Solutions, LLC ("Aventador"), which performed remediation work on the faulty billing system, as well as certain cybersecurity-22 23 related work for LADWP, pursuant to a \$30 million contract with 24 LADWP.

25 In or around March 2019, Paradis purportedly sold Aventador 4. 26 to an employee, and Aventador officially changed its name to Ardent 27 Cyber Solutions, LLC ("Ardent"). Paradis was to have no financial 28 interest in, or control over, Aventador and its successor, Ardent.

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At all relevant times, the Southern California Public Power 5. Authority ("SCPPA") was a collective group of eleven municipal utilities that included LADWP. At the request of a member utility, SCPPA had the ability to facilitate joint service contracts.

II. THE AVENTADOR/ARDENT BRIBERY SCHEME

A.

Defendant ALEXANDER Manipulates Two Bidding Processes to Help Secure LADWP Contracts for Paradis's Aventador/Ardent

The SCPPA Request for Proposal Process 1.

On February 8, 2019, SCPPA issued a Request for Proposal 6. ("RFP") for a cybersecurity services contract (the "SCPPA RFP") at the request of LADWP's then-General Manager, David Wright. Defendant ALEXANDER, who was the Vice-Chair of the SCPPA Cyber Security Working Group, was the primary drafter of the SCPPA RFP. The SCPPA RFP solicited proposals from vendors to provide cybersecurity services in eleven defined areas. The SCPPA RFP contemplated that multiple vendors would be awarded a cybersecurity services contract with SCPPA under a master agreement, under which individual member utilities, like LADWP, could independently engage a vendor's services.

Defendant ALEXANDER was one of four members of the scoring 7. committee for the SCPPA RFP, which was responsible for conducting a preliminary review and assessment of the proposals submitted in response to the SCPPA RFP and then presenting its scores and recommendations to the SCPPA Cybersecurity Working Group.

Defendant ALEXANDER knew and understood that the SCPPA RFP 8. process was intended to be a competitive, neutral, and transparent process in order to ensure the integrity of the cybersecurity bench. Defendant ALEXANDER, however, manipulated the SCPPA RFP process with the goal of securing future cybersecurity work for Aventador. After

Defendant's initials:

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Aventador became Ardent, defendant ALEXANDER sought to secure future work for Ardent. Defendant ALEXANDER should have known, and knew no later than July 16, 2019, that Paradis was supposed to have no role in or involvement with Aventador or Ardent. Nonetheless, defendant ALEXANDER knew and understood that Paradis was actually serving as the principal of Ardent, including by pursuing the cybersecurity services contract for Ardent through the SCPPA RFP.

9. Between late February 2019 and April 2019, defendant 8 ALEXANDER used his position and influence as the LADWP Chief Cyber 9 Risk Officer and the Vice-Chair of the SCPPA Cyber Security Working 10 Group to manipulate the SCPPA RFP process, including by influencing 11 the composition of the scoring committee to include individuals whom 12 he could persuade to rank Ardent favorably and by sharing his scores 13 14 for the SCPPA proposals with other members of the committee in an 15 effort to persuade them to score Ardent favorably.

16 10. On April 5, 2019, the SCPPA Cybersecurity Working Group
17 informed Ardent that it would recommend Ardent for the SCPPA
18 contract.

19 11. On April 5, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER met with Paradis at a 20 restaurant in Los Angeles. During this meeting, defendant ALEXANDER 21 told Paradis that he had used the SCPPA bidding process to get 22 LADWP's "desired outcome," that is, a contract with Ardent, but in a 23 manner that falsely appeared "completely transparent." Defendant 24 ALEXANDER boasted that he was the one who had secured the contract 25 for Ardent, informing Paradis, "that was me driving it."

26 12. On April 18, 2019, the SCPPA Board approved a multi-award
27 contract for Ardent and two other vendors valued at a total of

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1 approximately \$17,000,000.

13. Shortly after SCPPA awarded the contracts, the City
instructed LADWP to re-bid the contracts through the standard LADWP
procurement process (the "LADWP RFP"), instead of through SCPPA. In
the interim, the LADWP Board of Commissioners approved short-term
"bridge" contracts for Ardent and the other two vendors.

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2. The LADWP RFP Process

14. On June 17, 2019, LADWP issued the LADWP RFP for the award 8 of a three-year, \$82.5 million Cybersecurity Consulting Services 9 contract, with a submission deadline of July 10, 2019. Defendant 10 ALEXANDER knew and understood that state and local laws and 11 regulations required the LADWP RFP process to be a fully competitive, 12 neutral, and transparent process in order to ensure fair competition 13 amongst the vendors and to ensure that LADWP acquired the services of 14 a qualified vendor that satisfied its requisite criteria. 15

16 15. Defendant ALEXANDER was one of seven members of the 17 evaluation committee that was responsible for reviewing the proposals 18 submitted in response to the LADWP RFP. All evaluators, including 19 defendant ALEXANDER, signed a sworn nondisclosure agreement that they 20 would not discuss their scoring on the proposals with anyone.

16. In late May 2019, before the LADWP RFP was issued, defendant ALEXANDER began his efforts to also manipulate the LADWP RFP process to favor Ardent. Defendant ALEXANDER was one of the drafters of the anticipated LADWP RFP, and he shared drafts of the LADWP RFP with Paradis and solicited Paradis's edits. By these actions, defendant ALEXANDER intended to craft and crafted the LADWP RFP to correspond with Ardent's specific strengths and to improve

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1 Ardent's odds of being awarded the contract.

2 17. After the LADWP RFP was issued, between in or around June 3 and July 2019, defendant ALEXANDER worked closely with Paradis to 4 help him improve Ardent's proposal for submission, including by 5 reviewing and editing drafts of Ardent's proposal.

6 18. On July 10, 2019, Paradis caused Ardent to submit its
7 proposal to the LADWP RFP. In total, over a dozen vendors submitted
8 proposals for the LADWP RFP.

19. Defendant ALEXANDER also undertook efforts to influence the 9 other members of the evaluation committee to rate Ardent favorably, 10 11 notwithstanding the sworn nondisclosure agreement. For example, on July 9, 2019, the day before the submission deadline for proposals 12 13 for the LADWP RFP, defendant ALEXANDER told Paradis, via text message, that he would "handle" another individual on the evaluation 14 15 committee because he believed that he and the other individual could work well together "toward our desired goals." In response, Paradis 16 asked if defendant ALEXANDER was confident that the individual would 17 "cooperate with you and rank Ardent with a very high overall score." 18 Defendant ALEXANDER responded, "Very " 19

20 20. On July 9, 2019, Paradis told defendant ALEXANDER, via text 21 message, that after he submitted the Ardent proposal, "it will be up 22 to you to 'manage' the evaluators the same way you did for the SCPAA 23 [sic] process so that we get the correct result... (c) [winking face 24 emoji]." Defendant ALEXANDER responded via text message, "I know my 25 job (crying-laughing emoji]."

26 21. On July 12, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER told Paradis, via
27 text message, about the required sworn nondisclosure agreement.

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Defendant's initials: 以

Defendant ALEXANDER remarked that this requirement "seriously limits me," which was a reference to his planned efforts to influence the other evaluators to rate Ardent favorably. Paradis responded that he was not concerned about defendant ALEXANDER being "limited" because, as defendant ALEXANDER had told Paradis earlier, defendant ALEXANDER "know[s] his job."

22. On July 15, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER, via text message, advised Paradis that he had provided two of the evaluators with "'cliff notes' on my proposal thoughts."

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B. Defendant ALEXANDER Seeks Employment at Ardent from Paradis, and Paradis Agrees to Hire Him

23. On July 16, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER met with Paradis for 12 13 lunch at a restaurant in Los Angeles. During this meeting, defendant ALEXANDER again told Paradis that he and the other evaluators for the 14 LADWP RFP had been required to sign an agreement attesting that they 15 would not speak to each another about their scores for the LADWP RFP 16 responses. Defendant ALEXANDER explained that, notwithstanding this 17 signed agreement, he had provided his score sheet to two other 18 evaluators in order to influence them to give Ardent a high score. 19 Defendant ALEXANDER stated that he was working to speak with other 20 21 evaluators for the same purpose. Paradis thanked defendant ALEXANDER 22 for his help securing the LADWP RFP for Ardent.

23 24. During this same lunch meeting, Paradis asked defendant
24 ALEXANDER what his future employment plans were. Defendant ALEXANDER
25 responded that he was considering multiple options outside of LADWP
26 and informed Paradis that he was interested in working at Ardent as
27 its business manager. Defendant ALEXANDER and Paradis discussed this

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proposed job, including the general scope of job responsibilities for 1 2 defendant ALEXANDER, the future location and growth of Ardent, and 3 Ardent's "platinum-level" health insurance benefits. Defendant 4 ALEXANDER and Paradis also discussed a prospective start date of September 1, 2019. At Paradis's suggestion, defendant ALEXANDER 5 agreed to create a written job description of defendant ALEXANDER's 6 7 intended role at Ardent, along with his terms and conditions for the job. Defendant ALEXANDER told Paradis that he needed to confirm the 8 terms of his retirement package from LADWP, since the contemplated 9 Ardent start date would require him to leave LADWP two years before 10 11 reaching the retirement age.

25. Near the end of the lunch meeting, defendant ALEXANDER told 12 13 Paradis that he would make sure that the LADWP RFP evaluation for Ardent "stays in order," meaning that he would continue his efforts 14 to improperly influence the LADWP RFP process in Ardent's favor. 15 Defendant ALEXANDER told Paradis that he would need to remain at 16 LADWP at least until he had secured the LADWP contract for Ardent. 17 Accordingly, defendant ALEXANDER told Paradis that he could not start 18 on September 1, 2019, and that he would need to stay at LADWP until 19 at least October 2019. Paradis agreed. 20

21 26. After the lunch meeting, defendant ALEXANDER, via text 22 message, asked Paradis who Ardent employed as its Chief Financial 23 Officer. Paradis responded that it was someone he had known for over 24 12 years and inquired why defendant ALEXANDER was asking. Defendant 25 ALEXANDER replied that he was "scoping" his role and responsibilities 26 "for my new job." Paradis responded via text message that defendant 27 ALEXANDER's job duties "will be what we discussed, namely operations

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and business management." Defendant ALEXANDER stated, "So I am 1 thinking essentially a Chief Administrative Officer," to which Paradis replied, "I agree completely."

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Defendant ALEXANDER Guarantees Future Task Orders for Ardent in Return for Additional Compensation from Paradis

27. On July 17, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER, via text message, told Paradis that he had "[j]ust finished my conversation with the retirement group. Not good at all. We need to talk to discuss options, when you have a chance."

28. Later that same day, defendant ALEXANDER and Paradis met at 10 a coffee shop in Los Angeles. During the meeting, defendant 11 ALEXANDER and Paradis discussed the following: 12

Defendant ALEXANDER relayed to Paradis that he had 13 a. learned from an LADWP retirement analyst that if he retired before 14 the age of 55, he would lose what amounted to \$60,000 a year "for 30 15 years" or "for the rest of [his] life." During his conversation with 16 Paradis, defendant ALEXANDER repeatedly referred to the retirement 17 penalty as a loss of \$60,000 a year over 30 years, or "for the rest 18 of [his] life." 19

Paradis responded that the retirement penalty was 20 b. "easily handled," but that if Paradis was going to "guarantee" 21 additional compensation to make up for defendant ALEXANDER's loss in 22 23 LADWP retirement income, defendant ALEXANDER would also need to "guarantee certain things." In exchange for the additional 24 25 compensation, defendant ALEXANDER told Paradis that he while he 26 remained at LADWP, he could provide certain guarantees to Paradis and 27 Ardent in the form of future task orders from LADWP that assigned

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1 specific work for which Ardent could be compensated.

c. Specifically, as the Chief Cyber Risk Officer at
LADWP, defendant ALEXANDER communicated to Paradis that he could
procure task orders for Ardent's cybersecurity work under the
anticipated LADWP contract. Defendant ALEXANDER calculated for
Paradis the amount of money defendant ALEXANDER could allocate in a
task order to Ardent. Defendant ALEXANDER stated that he could also
guarantee Ardent task orders for cybersecurity training.

9 d. Defendant ALEXANDER told Paradis that he could
10 "guarantee" Ardent a total of \$10,500,000 to \$11,500,000 in task
11 orders in two specified sectors. Additionally, defendant ALEXANDER
12 stated that he could help to push work towards Ardent in a third
13 sector, namely remediation.

e. Defendant ALEXANDER and Paradis discussed the need for
defendant ALEXANDER to stay on longer at LADWP to deliver on these
guarantees. In exchange for defendant ALEXANDER's agreement to stay
at LADWP to secure the promised task orders to Ardent, Paradis
offered to pay a bonus for the period of time defendant ALEXANDER
stayed on at LADWP "from our deal on." Defendant ALEXANDER agreed
and commented that the payment amounted to a "signing bonus."

f. Near the end of their meeting, defendant ALEXANDER confided that he would tell no one about his corrupt arrangement with Paradis, stating that "[a]s far as what I do and when I can execute against that contract is between you, me, and the wall." Defendant ALEXANDER added that "[his] wife is not even going to know. She has to be able to attest."

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29. By his actions, defendant ALEXANDER solicited and agreed to

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accept from Paradis a future job as the Chief Administrative Officer 1 2 of Ardent, a to-be-determined executive-level annual salary, a sign-3 on bonus, and recompense for his early retirement penalty from LADWP. 4 Defendant ALEXANDER did so intending to be influenced and rewarded in 5 connection with his ongoing assistance in securing the award of a multi-million dollar LADWP contract to Ardent and use of his position 6 7 to guarantee over \$10,000,000 in future task orders for Ardent under 8 the anticipated LADWP contract.

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D. Defendant ALEXANDER Asks for a Secret Ardent E-Mail Address and Laptop to Communicate with Paradis and to Secretly Perform Work for Ardent

30. Following his meeting with Paradis on July 17, 2019, and consistent with their illegal arrangement, defendant ALEXANDER continued his efforts to manipulate the LADWP RFP process in Ardent's favor.

Defendant ALEXANDER also began advising Paradis more 15 31. broadly about business plans for Ardent, consistent with their secret 16 agreement for defendant ALEXANDER to be the Chief Administrative 17 Officer for Ardent. For example, on July 18, 2019, defendant 18 ALEXANDER told Paradis via text message that, "we need to build some 19 artwork and [collateral] for our RFPs, going forward." On that same 20 day, defendant ALEXANDER provided Paradis with information about 21 another SCPPA RFP in which Paradis had indicated an interest in 22 applying for Ardent and advised Paradis that it was such a small 23 amount that it was not worth it "for us to even fucking bother." 24

25 32. During a phone call on July 18, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER 26 asked Paradis for a secret e-mail account with Ardent that did not 27 have his name on it. Paradis responded that he could provide the

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requested e-mail address, as well as a laptop, for defendant ALEXANDER's use. Defendant ALEXANDER agreed that an Ardent-issued laptop would be helpful so that he could "do all that work with no evidence anywhere else" and because "if anything happens, I just give you the laptop back and it's lock, stock, and barrel, and I don't have anything anywhere else." Paradis agreed to drop off the laptop for defendant ALEXANDER the following day.

33. On July 19, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER, via text message,
asked Paradis if he was still planning to deliver the Ardent-issued
laptop that day. On a phone call that same day, defendant ALEXANDER
and Paradis agreed on a secret e-email address of

12 "FrancesW@ardent.com."

III. Defendant ALEXANDER's Lies to the FBI

14 34. On July 22, 2019, the Federal Bureau of Investigation
15 ("FBI") executed search warrants at LADWP as part of its ongoing
16 investigation into LADWP and the Los Angeles City Attorney's Office.

17 35. On July 24, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER participated in a 18 voluntary interview with the FBI. During that interview, defendant 19 ALEXANDER falsely stated that he had declined any employment 20 opportunity with Ardent and that he had not expected any compensation 21 from Paradis.

36. Defendant ALEXANDER knowingly, willfully, and deliberately made these materially false statements and representations to the FBI during the July 24, 2019 interview knowing that these statements and representations were untrue and that his conduct was unlawful.
Defendant ALEXANDER's false statements were made in a matter within the jurisdiction of the FBI and were material to the activities and

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1 decisions of the FBI.

37. On July 26, 2019, defendant ALEXANDER participated in
another voluntary interview with the FBI. During that interview,
defendant ALEXANDER falsely stated that he had declined any
employment opportunity with Ardent and that he had never provided any
guarantees to Ardent or to Paradis.

7 38. Defendant ALEXANDER knowingly, willfully, and deliberately 8 made these materially false statements and representations to the FBI 9 during the July 26, 2019 interview knowing that these statements and 10 representations were untrue and that his conduct was unlawful. 11 Defendant ALEXANDER's false statements were made in a matter within 12 the jurisdiction of the FBI and were material to the activities and 13 decisions of the FBI.

Defendant's initials: