UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

CRIMINAL NO. 20-80

v.

SECTION: "I"

HENRY RANDLE

* *

FACTUAL BASIS

Should this matter have gone to trial, the government would have proved through the introduction of reliable testimony and admissible tangible exhibits, including documentary evidence, the following to support the allegations charged by the government in Count 1 of the Indictment now pending against the defendant, **HENRY RANDLE**, charging him with a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371, namely, conspiracy to commit mail fraud. The Defendant, along with his co-conspirators and others, beginning at a time unknown and continuing through the present, in the Eastern District of Louisiana, and elsewhere, conspired to commit mail fraud in connection with two staged accidents that occurred on May 17, 2017.

If this case had proceeded to trial, witnesses would testify that, on or about May 16, 2017, Co-Conspirator C asked Troy Smith ("Smith") if he was interested in participating in a staged automobile accident in New Orleans, Louisiana, the next day, and Smith responded affirmatively. Witnesses would testify that Smith recruited Bernell Gale ("Gale") and Smith's family member, Passenger A¹ to be in the staged accident, and that Co-Conspirator C recruited Marvel Francois ("Francois").

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¹ Passenger A died in an unrelated auto accident on or about July 22, 2018.

At trial, the government would present text messages showing that, on or about May 16, 2017, Co-Conspirator A contacted Damien Labeaud ("Labeaud") to arrange for Labeaud to help stage two automobile accidents the next day. Labeaud was known as a "slammer," or an individual who drove vehicles and intentionally collided with 18-wheeler tractor-trailers in order to stage accidents. Phone records show that Labeaud then contacted Mario Solomon ("Solomon"), to arrange for Solomon to serve as a "spotter," or an individual who would follow Labeaud in a separate vehicle and would pick up Labeaud after the staged accidents in order to flee the scene and evade detection.

Prior to May 17, 2017, HENRY RANDLE ("RANDLE") agreed to participate in a staged automobile accident with a tractor-trailer in order to obtain money through fraud. The morning of May 17, 2017, Co-Conspirator C instructed Dakota Diggs ("D. Diggs") to get into a white 2004 Ford F-150 truck belonging to Co-Conspirator C ("Ford F-150") to go to New Orleans. RANDLE and Ryan Wheaten ("Wheaten") also got into the Ford F-150. RANDLE, Wheaten, and D. Diggs then travelled together from RANDLE's house in Gibson, Louisiana to a parking lot in New Orleans, Louisiana. Other individuals, including Co-Conspirator A, Co-Conspirator C, and Tanya Givens also travelled from RANDLE's house to New Orleans in a separate car. During the drive, RANDLE, Wheaten, and D. Diggs discussed their plan to participate in a staged automobile accident that day. Co-Conspirator C provided instructions by phone about what RANDLE, Wheaten, and D. Diggs should do. Co-Conspirator C told RANDLE, Wheaten, and D. Diggs that, if asked, they should say that they were going to New Orleans to drop off D. Diggs at the bus station.

Witnesses would testify that Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A traveled from the area of Houma/Gibson, Louisiana, to the same parking lot that morning, in New Orleans, Louisiana.

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The Government would present evidence that Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A traveled in a blue 2007 Dodge Durango ("Durango") that belonged to Francois' son. Labeaud and Solomon went to the same parking lot in a silver Chevrolet Silverado pick-up truck ("Silverado").

Phone records evidence that, on the morning of May 17, 2017, prior to the accidents, Attorney A called Co-Conspirator A four times. Co-Conspirator A also texted Labeaud to provide status updates regarding Co-Conspirator A's travel from the area of Gibson, Louisiana, to New Orleans, Louisiana. Phone records also show that Francois and Co-Conspirator A exchanged phone calls on May 17, 2017, both in the morning and at night.

Labeaud planned to stage a car accident first with the Ford F-150 and then stage a car accident with the Durango. RANDLE, Wheaten, and D. Diggs went along with the plan to allow Labeaud to drive the Ford F-150. RANDLE, Wheaten, and D. Diggs remained in the Ford F-150 while Labeaud drove around looking for a tractor-trailer to collide with. The Government would present evidence that Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A followed the Ford-F-150 in the Durango. Surveillance footage from a nearby building captures a 2006 Freightliner tractor-trailer merging onto US Highway 90, followed by a blue Dodge Durango, a white Ford-F-150, and a silver Chevrolet Silverado.

The Ford F-150 Accident

Phone records show that, at approximately 1:01 P.M., Solomon texted Labeaud, "Watch that white truck on the right hand side." **RANDLE** heard Labeaud say, "Hold on." All passengers were awake, alert, and braced for impact. Labeaud, while driving the Ford F-150 on Calliope Street, then intentionally sped up and collided with a 2006 Freightliner tractor-trailer operated by Stevie B's Trucking that was merging onto US Highway 90 Eastbound. Labeaud exited the Ford F-150 after the collision. **RANDLE** got into the driver's seat of the Ford F-150 to make it appear

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An NOPD officer arrived at the scene. Following Co-Conspirator C's instructions, D. Diggs stated that she was injured, but declined to go to the hospital. NOPD dash camera footage captures **RANDLE** falsely reporting that he was the driver of the F-150, and that the tractor-trailer had struck the F-150.

Phone records show that **RANDLE** called Co-Conspirator A and Co-Conspirator C later that afternoon, and that Wheaten called Co-Conspirator A that afternoon.

After the accident, Co-Conspirator C directed **RANDLE**, Wheaten, and D. Diggs to go to Attorney A's office. **RANDLE**, Wheaten, and D. Diggs went to Attorney A's office, where Co-Conspirator A and Co-Conspirator C were waiting. **RANDLE** Wheaten, and D. Diggs initially hired Attorney A to represent them in connection with the staged accident. **RANDLE** received "client advances on settlement" from Attorney A, in the form of checks in the approximate amounts of \$800.00 on or about May 19, 2017, and \$750.00 on or about November 14, 2017. D. Diggs received "client advances on settlement" from Attorney A, in the form of checks in the approximate amounts of \$300.00 on or about May 17, 2017, and \$300.00 on or about June 2, 2017.

Attorneys A and B referred **RANDLE** and Wheaten to doctors and healthcare providers for medical treatment. Co-Conspirator A and Co-Conspirator C brought D. Diggs to a chiropractor in Atlanta and instructed D. Diggs to injure herself prior to appointments.

RANDLE and D. Diggs subsequently switched to different attorneys. On or about March 28, 2018, Attorney D filed a Petition for Damages in the Civil District Court for the Parish of

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Orleans ("CDC") on behalf of D. Diggs ("D. Diggs Lawsuit"). On or about May 17, 2018, Attorneys A and B filed a Petition for Damages in CDC on behalf of Wheaten ("Wheaten Lawsuit"), and a Petition for Damages was filed in CDC on behalf of RANDLE ("Randle Lawsuit"). All three petitions were personal injury lawsuits seeking damages from Stevie B's Trucking, National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, PA ("NUFIC"), and Truck Driver B in connection with the May 17, 2017 staged accident involving the Ford F-150. The allegations in these lawsuits were false in that they did not contain information about how Labeaud intentionally caused the May 17, 2017 accident between the Ford F-150 and the 2006 Freightliner tractor-trailer. Furthermore, these lawsuits falsely alleged that RANDLE had been the driver of the Ford F-150 during the accident and omitted material information about how the passengers had agreed to stage the accident with Labeaud.

On or about August 2, 2017, D. Diggs received a check in the approximate amount of \$200.00 from the law firm of Attorneys C, D, and E, with the memo "advance." On or about May 31, 2018, the Wheaten Lawsuit and the Randle Lawsuit were consolidated into one lawsuit in CDC ("Wheaten/Randle Lawsuit"). On or about September 3, 2018, Attorney D sent an email to counsel for Stevie B's Trucking, NUFIC, and Truck Driver B containing a settlement demand on behalf of D. Diggs, demanding approximately \$25,000.00 in settlement. On or about September 7, 2018, RANDLE provided false testimony in a deposition about the May 17, 2017 accident. Specifically, RANDLE testified that he was the driver of the Ford F-150 at the time of the accident, and that the tractor-trailer had collided with the Ford-F-150.

At trial, the Government would present evidence that the loss amount associated with the D. Diggs Lawsuit and the Randall/Wheaten Lawsuits was approximately \$10,000.00, which was paid on behalf of D. Diggs for the D. Diggs Lawsuit. Specifically, on or about January 17, 2019,

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Counsel for Stevie B's Trucking, NUFIC, and Truck Driver B mailed an envelope via USPS to the law firm of Attorneys C, D, and E, **** Canal Street, New Orleans, LA 70119, containing a check in the amount of approximately \$5,000.00 for D. Diggs. Additionally, on or about February 25, 2019, a settlement check for D. Diggs in the amount of approximately \$5,000.00 was deposited in an account for the law firm of Attorneys C, D, and E by **RANDLE**'s insurance company, Financial Indemnity Company.

The Durango Accident

At trial, the Government would present evidence that on May 17, 2017, after observing the Ford F-150 accident, Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A agreed to allow Labeaud to drive the Durango. Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A remained in the Durango. Labeaud drove the Durango to locate another vehicle to collide with. Just before 2:00 P.M., while driving on Chickasaw Street in New Orleans, Labeaud intentionally collided with a 2017 Peterbilt tractor-trailer operated by Tennessee Commercial Warehouse, Inc. ("TCW"), which was turning onto Louisa Street. Labeaud exited the Durango after the collision. Francois got behind the wheel of the Durango to make it appear that Francois was driving the vehicle at the time of the staged accident. Labeaud instructed the passengers to state that they were stopped at the stop sign when the collision occurred. The Government would present evidence at trial that Labeaud was picked up by Solomon in the Silverado, and as he was leaving, Labeaud shouted at the driver of the tractor-trailer, in sum and substance, "Didn't you see the car at the stop sign?"

9-1-1 recordings capture Francois contacting the NOPD and falsely reporting that a tractortrailer had struck her vehicle. Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A waited several hours for NOPD to arrive at the scene of the accident. NOPD body camera footage shows that, when an

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NOPD officer arrived, Francois falsely stated that she had been driving the Durango and that the tractor-trailer had struck her vehicle.

After making the false police report, Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A retained Attorney A. Francois told Attorney A that they were not sure who to say was driving, because Francois insured the Durango, but Smith had a CDL license. Attorney A responded that it did not matter who they listed as the driver, because the tractor-trailer's insurance would take care of the damages. During the meeting, Attorney A asked Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A if they were injured in the accident. Smith, Gale, Francois, and Passenger A all replied that they were not injured or hurt in the accident. Attorney A then explained that their recovery would depend on the amount and type of medical treatment they received. Attorney A said if someone elected to have surgery, he or she could expect to receive a much greater settlement. Smith, Gale, and Francois, elected not to have surgery. Attorney A referred Gale and Smith to a chiropractor, and referred Francois to a pain specialist.

On or about March 1, 2018, Attorney A's law partner, Attorney B, mailed an envelope via the United States Postal Service ("USPS") from Louisiana to Gallagher Basset [sic], P.O. Box 2934, Clinton, Iowa 52733, containing a settlement demand on behalf of Gale. On or about May 17, 2018, Attorney A filed a Petition for Damages in CDC, on behalf of Smith, Gale, and Passenger A ("Smith Lawsuit"). The Smith Lawsuit was a personal injury lawsuit seeking damages from TCW, Zurich American Insurance Company ("Zurich"), GoAuto Insurance Company ("GoAuto"), Francois, and Truck Driver C in connection with the May 17, 2017 staged accident involving the Durango. That same day, a Petition for Damages was also filed on behalf of Francois in the CDC ("Francois Lawsuit"). The Francois Lawsuit was a personal injury lawsuit seeking

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damages from TCW, Zurich, and Truck Driver C in connection with the May 17, 2017 staged accident involving the Durango.

On or about June 5, 2018, Attorney B mailed a copy of the Smith Lawsuit via the USPS from New Orleans, Louisiana, to Truck Driver A in Jackson, Mississippi. On or about July 12, 2018, Attorney B signed an affidavit of service, notarized by Attorney A, and filed it in conjunction with the Smith Lawsuit. This affidavit verified that Attorney B had placed the Smith Lawsuit in the mail. The allegations in the Smith Lawsuit were false in that they did not contain information about how Labeaud intentionally caused the May 17, 2017 accident between the 2017 Peterbilt tractor-trailer and the Durango. Furthermore, the Smith Lawsuit falsely alleged that Francois had been the driver of the Durango during the accident and omitted material information about how the Defendant had agreed to stage the accident with Labeaud. No settlement funds were paid in connection with the Smith Lawsuit or the Francois Lawsuit.

In sum, the Government's evidence would prove the defendant, **HENRY RANDLE**, conspired to commit mail fraud by causing the mailing of a settlement payment for the D. Diggs Lawsuit, which sought monetary damages premised on falsehoods in connection with the May 17, 2017 staged automobile accident.

Limited Nature of Factual Basis

This proffer of evidence is not intended to constitute a complete statement of all facts known by **RANDLE**, and/or the government. Rather, it is a minimum statement of facts intended to prove the necessary factual predicate for his guilty plea. The limited purpose of this proffer is to demonstrate that there exists a sufficient legal basis for the plea of guilty to the charged offense by **RANDLE**.

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The above facts come from an investigation conducted by, and would be proven at trial by credible testimony from, *inter alia*, Special Agents and forensic examiners from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and admissible tangible exhibits in the custody of the FBI.

READ AND APPROVED:

HENRY RANDLE

Defendant

WILLIAM MURPHY DOYLE

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