UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

STEVEN MURPHY,

Defendant.

SEALED INDICTMENT

25 Cr.

25 CRIM 218

COUNT ONE (Healthcare Fraud)

The Grand Jury charges:

Payment of Workers' Compensation to DOC Employees

1. The New York City Department of Correction ("DOC"), like other employers in the state of New York, is required to provide workers' compensation coverage for their employees. The New York State Workers' Compensation Board (the "Board") administers New York's no-fault workers' compensation claims system, which guarantees medical care and cash benefits to people who are injured at work, including DOC employees. Payments made to DOC employees are paid from the New York City Treasury.

2. From at least on or about June 27, 2016, through at least on or about October 20, 2021, STEVEN MURPHY, the defendant, was a correction officer employed by the DOC and assigned to work at a prison facility located at Rikers Island in Bronx County that is operated by DOC.

Overview of the Healthcare Fraud Scheme

3. From at least on or about January 8, 2018, and through on or about September 7, 2023, STEVEN MURPHY, the defendant, engaged in a scheme to submit false and fraudulent worker's compensation claims to the Board. In total, MURPHY submitted at least seven false claims, resulting in his receipt of \$294,037.83 in compensation to which MURPHY was not entitled.

To effectuate the scheme, STEVEN MURPHY, the defendant, made false and 4.

fraudulent claims and statements. First, MURPHY falsely claimed in workers' compensation filings to the Board that he was injured while on duty at Rikers Island during incidents with incarcerated individuals requiring the use of force, and other work-related tasks. Second, following these incidents, MURPHY made repeated false and fraudulent statements to physicians and independent medical examiners ("IMEs") regarding his alleged injuries. In truth and in fact, MURPHY was not experiencing the symptoms that he represented to the Board, his physicians, or the IMEs. Rather, as evidenced from, among other things, surveillance footage, social media, and other public information, MURPHY made knowingly false claims about his injuries and symptoms.

Statutory Allegations

5. From at least on or about January 8, 2018 up to and including on or about September 7, 2023, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, STEVEN MURPHY, the defendant, knowingly and willfully executed, and attempted to execute, a scheme and artifice to defraud a health care benefit program, and to obtain, by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, money and property owned by, and under the custody and control of, a health care benefit program, in connection with the delivery of and payment for health care benefits, items, and services, to wit, MURPHY engaged in a scheme to defraud New York City's no fault workers' compensation program by making materially false statements and claims for workers' compensation awards to which MURPHY was not entitled.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1347.)

COUNT TWO (Mail Fraud)

The Grand Jury further charges:

6. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.

2

7. From at least on or about January 8, 2018, and through on or about September 7, 2023, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, STEVEN MURPHY, the defendant, knowingly, having devised and intending to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and for obtaining money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice and attempting so to do, placed in a post office and authorized depository for mail matter, matters and things to be sent and delivered by the Postal Service, and deposited and caused to be deposited matters and things to be sent and delivered by private and commercial interstate carriers, and took and received therefrom, such matters and things, and knowingly caused to be delivered by mail and such carriers according to the directions thereon, and at the places at which they were directed to be delivered by the person to whom they were addressed, such matters and things, to wit, MURPHY obtained fraudulent worker's compensations awards that had been transmitted through the United States mail.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1341 and 2.)

<u>COUNT THREE</u> (False Statements Relating to Healthcare Matters)

The Grand Jury further charges:

8. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.

9. On or about January 27, 2021 in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, STEVEN MURPHY, the defendant, knowingly and willfully made materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements and representations, in connection with the payment for health care benefits, items and services involving a healthcare benefit program, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 24(b), to wit, MURPHY falsely stated to his physician that he experienced "constant" pain, a "loss of mobility" in his left elbow, and experienced "difficulty with activities of daily living including standing, walking...lifting, [and] carrying..." in connection with payments from New York City's no-fault workers' compensation program.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1035(a)(2).)

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION

10. As a result of committing the offenses alleged in Counts One, Two, and Three of this Indictment, STEVEN MURPHY, the defendant, shall forfeit to the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(7), any and all property, real and personal, that constitutes or is derived, directly or indirectly, from gross proceeds traceable to the commission of said offenses, including but not limited to a sum of money in United States currency representing the amount of proceeds traceable to the commission of said offenses that the defendant personally obtained.

Substitute Assets Provision

11. If any of the above described forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:

- (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- (b) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third person;
- (c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court;
- (d) has been substantially diminished in value; or
- (e) has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty;

it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 982, and Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of said defendant up to the value of the above forfeitable property described above.

> (Title 18, United States Code, Section 982; and Title 21, United States Code, Section 853.)

FOREPERSON

JAY CLAYTON United States Attorney