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**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF UTAH**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

GERARDO AURELIO ITURBIDE,

Defendant.

**UNITED STATES' MOTION FOR
DETENTION**

Case No. 4:26-cr-00020-AMA-PK

- ☐ The United States is not seeking detention.
- ☐ Detention is not at issue because this is an immigration reentry case where the defendant has opted to participate in the fast track program, which includes agreeing to detention for the pendency of this case.
- ☒ The United States moves for detention based on current information. The United States' positions in this preliminary pleading could change after reviewing the Pretrial Report or learning of additional evidence. The United States reserves the right to assert positions even if the boxes next to those positions are not checked below, raise additional arguments, and file additional pleadings in support of detention. The United States' motion for detention is:
- ☒ Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) because defendant is charged with:
- ☐ (A) a crime of violence (*see* 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4)), a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591 (sex trafficking of children), or an offense under § 2332b(g)(5)(B)

(specific enumerated crimes) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; **or**

- ☐ **(B)** an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; **or**
- ☐ **(C)** an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); **or**
- ☐ **(D)** any felony if the defendant has been convicted of two or more offenses described in (a) through (c) above, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in (a) through (c) above if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; **or**
- ☒ **(E)** any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves: **(i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession or use of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250;**

OR

☐ Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2) because the case involves:

- ☐ **(A)** a serious risk the defendant will flee; **or**
- ☐ **(B)** a serious risk the defendant will obstruct or attempt to obstruct justice, or threaten, injure, intimidate, attempt to threaten, injure or intimidate a prospective witness or juror.

Procedure

The defendant may seek a continuance of the detention hearing of up to five days, and the United States may seek a continuance of up to three days. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f). During any such continuance, the defendant shall be detained. *Id.* The rules concerning the admissibility of evidence do not apply at the detention hearing. *Id.* The United States has the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community or by a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. *Id.*; *United States v. Cisneros*, 328 F.3d 610, 616 (10th Cir. 2003).

Rebuttable Presumption

- ☒ A rebuttable presumption applies and the defendant bears the burden to produce some

credible evidence to rebut this presumption. The United States acknowledges that it retains the burden of persuasion. The statutory presumption applies:

- ☐ Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (*previous violator*): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because:
 - (A) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; **and**
 - (B) the defendant committed that offense while on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; **and**
 - (C) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for that, whichever is later.
- ☒ Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (*narcotics, firearm, other offenses*): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
 - ☐ (A) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
 - ☐ (B) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
 - ☐ (C) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 or more is prescribed;
 - ☐ (D) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; **or**
 - ☒ (E) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), **2252A(a)(2)**, 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.

Factors to Be Considered

The United States may present arguments, proffer evidence, or provide testimony at the scheduled detention hearing supporting the detention of the defendant including,

but not limited to:

- ☒ The nature and circumstances of the offense charged, including whether the offense is a crime of violence, a violation of section 1591, a Federal crime of terrorism, or involves a minor victim or a controlled substance, firearm or destructive device. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(1)).
- ☒ The weight of evidence against the defendant. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(2)).
- ☒ The history and characteristics of the defendant including the defendant's character, physical and mental condition, family ties, employment, financial resources, length of residence in the community, community ties, past conduct, history relating to drug or alcohol abuse, criminal history and record concerning court proceedings. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(3)(A)).
- ☐ Whether, at time of the current offense or arrest, the defendant was on probation, parole, or other release pending trial, sentencing, appeal, or completion of sentence for an offense under Federal, State, or local law. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(3)(B)).
- ☒ The nature and seriousness of danger to any person or to the community that would be posed by the defendant's release. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(4)).
- ☒ The defendant's lack of legal status in the United States. The defendant's legal status is:
- ☒ How the defendant would be subject to removal or deportation after serving a period of incarceration.
- ☒ The defendant's significant family or other ties outside of the United States.
- ☐ The defendant's use of aliases or false documents.
- ☐ The defendant's prior attempts to evade law enforcement.
- ☒ How the defendant's proposed residence, employment, or proposed treatment programs have not been verified.
- ☐ The defendant's prior failures to appear for court proceedings.
- ☒ Other reasons including:

The government respectfully asserts, by a preponderance of the evidence, there are no condition or combination of conditions that will reasonably assure Mr. Stewart's appearance as required and that there is clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.

On November 23, 2025, a 17-year-old female (JUVENILE 1) called 911 to report that she had just been raped and that one of her friends, a 16-year-old female (JUVENILE 2) was being raped at that time in a hotel room Hurricane, UT, by an unknown Hispanic adult male. JUVENILE 1 had left the hotel after the alleged rape with a third juvenile female (JUVENILE 3), crossed the street to a different hotel, and made the 911 call using a phone of one of the night attendant's at that hotel.

When an officer arrived at the hotel room, JUVENILE 3, who had returned to check on JUVENILE 2, pushed the door open from the outside allowing the officer to see into the hotel room where he observed a Hispanic male in the act of sexually abusing JUVENILE 2. The Hispanic male was arrested and identified as 24-year-old Gerardo Aurelio ITURBIDE. Officers seized ITURBIDE's phone. It was later determined that ITURBIDE is in the United States illegally.

The girls told officers that they had run away from a Residential Treatment Center in Washington County, UT where they each lived temporarily away from their families. The Center is specifically for adolescent females between the ages of 12 and 17 that have a history of abuse, disorders, addictions, and/or behavioral issues. They left the facility on foot, spent the night walking as far as they could make it, and eventually were dropped off the next day at or near a gas station in Hurricane, UT by a concerned citizen that offered them a ride. While they were at the gas station, ITURBIDE, who had walked from his nearby residence to the gas station to purchase beer, engaged with the three girls in conversation about drinking the beer together. Ultimately, he had a friend take them all to a hotel nearby where ITURBIDE paid for a hotel room. The three girls and ITURBIDE spent some time in the hotel room drinking beer until, at a certain point, ITURBIDE apparently raped JUVENILE 1 and JUVENILE 2 separately.

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Investigators obtained a search warrant for ITURBIDE's phone and found two separate videos that were sent, in a WhatsApp conversation with another WhatsApp user, of ITURBIDE sexually abusing JUVENILE 1. In the WhatsApp conversation, ITURBIDE encouraged the friend to come to the hotel room.

He should not be allowed out of custody because, with these facts there are no conditions or combination of conditions that will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community and, given the weight of the penalty he is facing, he is a significant risk of non-appearance if released.

Victim Notification

☒ The victim, or victim's parent/guardian, in this matter has been notified pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3771.

DATED this 11th day of March, 2026.

MELISSA HOLYOAK
UNITED STATES ATTORNEY



BRADY WILSON
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